



# **python-telegram-bot Documentation**

*Release 20.0a0*

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## REFERENCE

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# python-telegram-bot

We have made you a wrapper you can't refuse

We have a vibrant community of developers helping each other in our [Telegram group](#). Join us!

*Stay tuned for library updates and new releases on our [Telegram Channel](#).*

This library provides a pure Python, asynchronous interface for the [Telegram Bot API](#). It's compatible with Python versions **3.7+**.

In addition to the pure API implementation, this library features a number of high-level classes to make the development of bots easy and straightforward. These classes are contained in the `telegram.ext` submodule.

A pure API implementation *without* `telegram.ext` is available as the standalone package `python-telegram-bot-raw`. [See here for details](#).



**NOTE**

Installing both `python-telegram-bot` and `python-telegram-bot-raw` in conjunction will result in undesired side-effects, so only install *one* of both.



## TELEGRAM API SUPPORT

All types and methods of the Telegram Bot API **6.0** are supported.



## INSTALLING

You can install or upgrade `python-telegram-bot` via

```
$ pip install python-telegram-bot --upgrade
```

To install a pre-release, use the `--pre` flag in addition.

You can also install `python-telegram-bot` from source, though this is usually not necessary.

```
$ git clone https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot
$ cd python-telegram-bot
$ python setup.py install
```

### 3.1 Dependencies & Their Versions

`python-telegram-bot` tries to use as few 3rd party dependencies as possible. However, for some features using a 3rd party library is more sane than implementing the functionality again. The dependencies are:

- `httpx ~= 0.22.0` for `telegram.request.HTTPXRequest`, the default networking backend
- `tornado ~= 6.1` for `telegram.ext.Updater.start_webhook`
- `cachetools ~= 5.0.0` for `telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache`
- `APScheduler ~= 3.9.1` for `telegram.ext.JobQueue`

`python-telegram-bot` is most useful when used along with additional libraries. To minimize dependency conflicts, we try to be liberal in terms of version requirements on the dependencies. On the other hand, we have to ensure stability of `python-telegram-bot`, which is why we do apply version bounds. If you encounter dependency conflicts due to these bounds, feel free to reach out.

### 3.2 Optional Dependencies

PTB can be installed with optional dependencies:

- `pip install python-telegram-bot[passport]` installs the `cryptography>=3.0` library. Use this, if you want to use Telegram Passport related functionality.
- `pip install python-telegram-bot[json]` installs the `ujson>=4.0.0` library. It will then be used for JSON de- & encoding, which can bring speed up compared to the standard `json` library.
- `pip install python-telegram-bot[socks]` installs `httpx[socks]`. Use this, if you want to work behind a Socks5 server.



## **QUICK START**

Our Wiki contains an [Introduction to the API](#) explaining how the pure Bot API can be accessed via `python-telegram-bot`. Moreover, the [Tutorial: Your first Bot](#) gives an introduction on how chatbots can be easily programmed with the help of the `telegram.ext` module.



## RESOURCES

- The [package documentation](#) is the technical reference for `python-telegram-bot`. It contains descriptions of all available classes, modules, methods and arguments.
- The [wiki](#) is home to number of more elaborate introductions of the different features of `python-telegram-bot` and other useful resources that go beyond the technical documentation.
- Our [examples directory](#) contains several examples that showcase the different features of both the Bot API and `python-telegram-bot`. Even if it is not your approach for learning, please take a look at `echobot.py`. It is the de facto base for most of the bots out there. The code for these examples is released to the public domain, so you can start by grabbing the code and building on top of it.
- The [official Telegram Bot API documentation](#) is of course always worth a read.



## GETTING HELP

If the resources mentioned above don't answer your questions or simply overwhelm you, there are several ways of getting help.

1. We have a vibrant community of developers helping each other in our [Telegram group](#). Join us! Asking a question here is often the quickest way to get a pointer in the right direction.
2. Ask questions by opening [a discussion](#).
3. You can even ask for help on Stack Overflow using the [python-telegram-bot tag](#).



## CONCURRENCY

Since v20.0, `python-telegram-bot` is built on top of Python's `asyncio` module. Because `asyncio` is in general single-threaded, `python-telegram-bot` does currently not aim to be thread-safe. Noteworthy parts of `python-telegram-bot`'s API that are likely to cause issues (e.g. race conditions) when used in a multi-threaded setting include:

- `telegram.ext.Application/Updater.update_queue`
- `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.check/handle_update`
- `telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache`
- `telegram.ext.BasePersistence`
- all classes in the `telegram.ext.filters` module that allow to add/remove allowed users/chats at runtime



## CONTRIBUTING

Contributions of all sizes are welcome. Please review our [contribution guidelines](#) to get started. You can also help by [reporting bugs](#) or [feature requests](#).



## **DONATING**

Occasionally we are asked if we accept donations to support the development. While we appreciate the thought, maintaining PTB is our hobby, and we have almost no running costs for it. We therefore have nothing set up to accept donations. If you still want to donate, we kindly ask you to donate to another open source project/initiative of your choice instead.



## LICENSE

You may copy, distribute and modify the software provided that modifications are described and licensed for free under [LGPL-3](#). Derivatives works (including modifications or anything statically linked to the library) can only be redistributed under LGPL-3, but applications that use the library don't have to be.

## 10.1 telegram package

### 10.1.1 telegram.Animation

**class** telegram.**Animation**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: *telegram.TelegramObject*

This object represents an animation file (GIF or H.264/MPEG-4 AVC video without sound).

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *file\_unique\_id* is equal.

#### Parameters

- *file\_id* (*str*) – Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- *file\_unique\_id* (*str*) – Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- *width* (*int*) – Video width as defined by sender.
- *height* (*int*) – Video height as defined by sender.
- *duration* (*int*) – Duration of the video in seconds as defined by sender.
- *thumb* (*telegram.PhotoSize*, optional) – Animation thumbnail as defined by sender.
- *file\_name* (*str*, optional) – Original animation filename as defined by sender.
- *mime\_type* (*str*, optional) – MIME type of the file as defined by sender.
- *file\_size* (*int*, optional) – File size in bytes.
- *bot* (*telegram.Bot*, optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.
- *\*\*kwargs* (*dict*) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### **file\_id**

File identifier.

Type *str*

#### **file\_unique\_id**

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

Type *str*

**width**

Video width as defined by sender.

Type `int`

**height**

Video height as defined by sender.

Type `int`

**duration**

Duration of the video in seconds as defined by sender.

Type `int`

**thumb**

Optional. Animation thumbnail as defined by sender.

Type `telegram.PhotoSize`

**file\_name**

Optional. Original animation filename as defined by sender.

Type `str`

**mime\_type**

Optional. MIME type of the file as defined by sender.

Type `str`

**file\_size**

Optional. File size in bytes.

Type `int`

**bot**

Optional. The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type `telegram.Bot`

**classmethod `de_json(data, bot)`**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

**async `get_file(read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)`**

Convenience wrapper over `telegram.Bot.get_file`

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.get_file()`.

Returns `telegram.File`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

## 10.1.2 telegram.Audio

**class `telegram.Audio(*args, **kwargs)`**

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents an audio file to be treated as music by the Telegram clients.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `file_unique_id` is equal.

**Parameters**

- **`file_id (str)`** – Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.

- **`file_unique_id`** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- **`duration`** (`int`) – Duration of the audio in seconds as defined by sender.
- **`performer`** (`str`, optional) – Performer of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.
- **`title`** (`str`, optional) – Title of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.
- **`file_name`** (`str`, optional) – Original filename as defined by sender.
- **`mime_type`** (`str`, optional) – MIME type of the file as defined by sender.
- **`file_size`** (`int`, optional) – File size in bytes.
- **`thumb`** (`telegram.PhotoSize`, optional) – Thumbnail of the album cover to which the music file belongs.
- **`bot`** (`telegram.Bot`, optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.
- **`**kwargs`** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**file\_id**

Identifier for this file.

Type `str`

**file\_unique\_id**

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

Type `str`

**duration**

Duration of the audio in seconds.

Type `int`

**performer**

Optional. Performer of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.

Type `str`

**title**

Optional. Title of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.

Type `str`

**file\_name**

Optional. Original filename as defined by sender.

Type `str`

**mime\_type**

Optional. MIME type of the file as defined by sender.

Type `str`

**file\_size**

Optional. File size in bytes.

Type `int`

**thumb**

Optional. Thumbnail of the album cover to which the music file belongs.

Type `telegram.PhotoSize`

**bot**

Optional. The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type `telegram.Bot`

**classmethod** `de_json(data, bot)`

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

**async** `get_file(read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)`

Convenience wrapper over `telegram.Bot.get_file`

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.get_file()`.

Returns `telegram.File`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

### 10.1.3 telegram.Bot

**class** `telegram.Bot(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`, `contextlib.AbstractAsyncContextManager`

This object represents a Telegram Bot.

Instances of this class can be used as asyncio context managers, where

```
async with bot:
    # code
```

is roughly equivalent to

```
try:
    await bot.initialize()
    # code
finally:
    await request_object.shutdown()
```

---

#### Note:

- Most bot methods have the argument `api_kwargs` which allows passing arbitrary keywords to the Telegram API. This can be used to access new features of the API before they are incorporated into PTB. However, this is not guaranteed to work, i.e. it will fail for passing files.
  - Bots should not be serialized since if you for e.g. change the bots token, then your serialized instance will not reflect that change. Trying to pickle a bot instance will raise `pickle.PicklingError`.
- 

New in version 13.2: Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `bot` is equal.

Changed in version 20.0:

- Removed the deprecated methods `kick_chat_member`, `kickChatMember`, `get_chat_members_count` and `getChatMembersCount`.
- Removed the deprecated property `commands`.
- Removed the deprecated `defaults` parameter. If you want to use `telegram.ext.Defaults`, please use the subclass `telegram.ext.ExtBot` instead.
- Attempting to pickle a bot instance will now raise `pickle.PicklingError`.

#### Parameters

- **token** (*str*) – Bot’s unique authentication token.
- **base\_url** (*str*, optional) – Telegram Bot API service URL.
- **base\_file\_url** (*str*, optional) – Telegram Bot API file URL.
- **request** (*telegram.request.BaseRequest*, optional) – Pre initialized *telegram.request.BaseRequest* instances. Will be used for all bot methods *except* for *get\_updates()*. If not passed, an instance of *telegram.request.HTTPXRequest* will be used.
- **get\_updates\_request** (*telegram.request.BaseRequest*, optional) – Pre initialized *telegram.request.BaseRequest* instances. Will be used exclusively for *get\_updates()*. If not passed, an instance of *telegram.request.HTTPXRequest* will be used.
- **private\_key** (*bytes*, optional) – Private key for decryption of telegram passport data.
- **private\_key\_password** (*bytes*, optional) – Password for above private key.

|                           |                                                       |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>send_animation()</i>   | Used for sending animations                           |
| <i>send_audio()</i>       | Used for sending audio files                          |
| <i>send_chat_action()</i> | Used for sending chat actions                         |
| <i>send_contact()</i>     | Used for sending contacts                             |
| <i>send_dice()</i>        | Used for sending dice messages                        |
| <i>send_document()</i>    | Used for sending documents                            |
| <i>send_game()</i>        | Used for sending a game                               |
| <i>send_invoice()</i>     | Used for sending an invoice                           |
| <i>send_location()</i>    | Used for sending location                             |
| <i>send_media_group()</i> | Used for sending media grouped together               |
| <i>send_message()</i>     | Used for sending text messages                        |
| <i>send_photo()</i>       | Used for sending photos                               |
| <i>send_poll()</i>        | Used for sending polls                                |
| <i>send_sticker()</i>     | Used for sending stickers                             |
| <i>send_venue()</i>       | Used for sending venue locations.                     |
| <i>send_video()</i>       | Used for sending videos                               |
| <i>send_video_note()</i>  | Used for sending video notes                          |
| <i>send_voice()</i>       | Used for sending voice messages                       |
| <i>copy_message()</i>     | Used for copying the contents of an arbitrary message |
| <i>forward_message()</i>  | Used for forwarding messages                          |

|                                     |                                                         |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>answer_callback_query()</i>      | Used for answering the callback query                   |
| <i>answer_inline_query()</i>        | Used for answering the inline query                     |
| <i>answer_pre_checkout_query()</i>  | Used for answering a pre checkout query                 |
| <i>answer_shipping_query()</i>      | Used for answering a shipping query                     |
| <i>answer_web_app_query()</i>       | Used for answering a web app query                      |
| <i>edit_message_caption()</i>       | Used for editing captions                               |
| <i>edit_message_media()</i>         | Used for editing the media on messages                  |
| <i>edit_message_live_location()</i> | Used for editing the location in live location messages |
| <i>edit_message_reply_markup()</i>  | Used for editing the reply markup on messages           |
| <i>edit_message_text()</i>          | Used for editing text messages                          |
| <i>stop_poll()</i>                  | Used for stopping the running poll                      |
| <i>delete_message()</i>             | Used for deleting messages.                             |

|                            |                                           |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| <i>ban_chat_member()</i>   | Used for banning a member from the chat   |
| <i>unban_chat_member()</i> | Used for unbanning a member from the chat |

continues on next page

Table 1 – continued from previous page

|                                                  |                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>ban_chat_sender</code>                     | Used for banning a channel in a channel or supergroup                           |
| <code>unban_chat_sender</code>                   | Used for unbanning a channel in a channel or supergroup                         |
| <code>restrict_chat_member</code>                | Used for restricting a chat member                                              |
| <code>promote_chat_member</code>                 | Used for promoting a chat member                                                |
| <code>set_chat_administrator_custom_title</code> | Used for assigning a custom admin title to an admin                             |
| <code>set_chat_permissions</code>                | Used for setting the permissions of a chat                                      |
| <code>export_chat_invite_link</code>             | Used for creating a new primary invite link for a chat                          |
| <code>create_chat_invite_link</code>             | Used for creating an additional invite link for a chat                          |
| <code>edit_chat_invite_link</code>               | Used for editing a non-primary invite link                                      |
| <code>revoke_chat_invite_link</code>             | Used for revoking an invite link created by the bot                             |
| <code>approve_chat_join_request</code>           | Used for approving a chat join request                                          |
| <code>decline_chat_join_request</code>           | Used for declining a chat join request                                          |
| <code>set_chat_photo</code>                      | Used for setting a photo to a chat                                              |
| <code>delete_chat_photo</code>                   | Used for deleting a chat photo                                                  |
| <code>set_chat_title</code>                      | Used for setting a chat title                                                   |
| <code>set_chat_description</code>                | Used for setting the description of a chat                                      |
| <code>pin_chat_message</code>                    | Used for pinning a message                                                      |
| <code>unpin_chat_message</code>                  | Used for unpinning a message                                                    |
| <code>unpin_all_chat_messages</code>             | Used for unpinning all pinned chat messages                                     |
| <code>get_user_profile_photos</code>             | Used for obtaining user's profile pictures                                      |
| <code>get_chat()</code>                          | Used for getting information about a chat                                       |
| <code>get_chat_administrators</code>             | Used for getting the list of admins in a chat                                   |
| <code>get_chat_member_count</code>               | Used for getting the number of members in a chat                                |
| <code>get_chat_member</code>                     | Used for getting a member of a chat                                             |
| <code>set_my_commands</code>                     | Used for setting the list of commands                                           |
| <code>delete_my_commands</code>                  | Used for deleting the list of commands                                          |
| <code>get_my_commands</code>                     | Used for obtaining the list of commands                                         |
| <code>get_my_default_administrator_rights</code> | Used for obtaining the default administrator rights for the bot                 |
| <code>set_my_default_administrator_rights</code> | Used for setting the default administrator rights for the bot                   |
| <code>get_chat_menu_button</code>                | Used for obtaining the menu button of a private chat or the default menu button |
| <code>set_chat_menu_button</code>                | Used for setting the menu button of a private chat or the default menu button   |
| <code>leave_chat()</code>                        | Used for leaving a chat                                                         |

|                                        |                                                 |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| <code>add_sticker_to_set</code>        | Used for adding a sticker to a set              |
| <code>delete_sticker_from_set</code>   | Used for deleting a sticker from a set          |
| <code>create_new_sticker_set</code>    | Used for creating a new sticker set             |
| <code>set_chat_sticker_set</code>      | Used for setting a sticker set                  |
| <code>delete_chat_sticker_set</code>   | Used for deleting the set sticker set           |
| <code>set_sticker_position</code>      | Used for moving a sticker's position in the set |
| <code>set_sticker_set_thumbnail</code> | Used for setting the thumbnail of a sticker set |
| <code>get_sticker_set</code>           | Used for getting a sticker set                  |
| <code>upload_sticker_file</code>       | Used for uploading a sticker file               |

|                                   |                                       |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <code>get_game_high_scores</code> | Used for getting the game high scores |
| <code>set_game_score</code>       | Used for setting the game score       |

|                               |                                               |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| <code>get_updates()</code>    | Used for getting updates using long polling   |
| <code>get_webhook_info</code> | Used for getting current webhook status       |
| <code>set_webhook()</code>    | Used for setting a webhook to receive updates |
| <code>delete_webhook()</code> | Used for removing webhook integration         |

|                         |                                                                         |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>close()</code>    | Used for closing server instance when switching to another local server |
| <code>log_out()</code>  | Used for logging out from cloud Bot API server                          |
| <code>get_file()</code> | Used for getting basic info about a file                                |
| <code>get_me()</code>   | Used for getting basic information about the bot                        |

|                                          |                                                                   |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>bot</code>                         | The user instance of the bot as returned by <code>get_me()</code> |
| <code>can_join_groups</code>             | Whether the bot can join groups                                   |
| <code>can_read_all_group_messages</code> | Whether the bot can read all incoming group messages              |
| <code>id</code>                          | The user id of the bot                                            |
| <code>name</code>                        | The username of the bot, with leading @                           |
| <code>first_name</code>                  | The first name of the bot                                         |
| <code>last_name</code>                   | The last name of the bot                                          |
| <code>username</code>                    | The username of the bot, without leading @                        |
| <code>link</code>                        | The t.me link of the bot                                          |
| <code>supports_inline_queries</code>     | Whether the bot supports inline queries                           |

```
async addStickerToSet(user_id, name, emojis, png_sticker=None, mask_position=None,
                      read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None,
                      pool_timeout=None, tgs_sticker=None, api_kwargs=None,
                      webm_sticker=None)
```

Alias for `add_sticker_to_set()`

```
async add_sticker_to_set(user_id, name, emojis, png_sticker=None, mask_position=None,
                        read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None,
                        pool_timeout=None, tgs_sticker=None, api_kwargs=None,
                        webm_sticker=None)
```

Use this method to add a new sticker to a set created by the bot. You **must** use exactly one of the fields `png_sticker`, `tgs_sticker` or `webm_sticker`. Animated stickers can be added to animated sticker sets and only to them. Animated sticker sets can have up to 50 stickers. Static sticker sets can have up to 120 stickers.

**Warning:** As of API 4.7 `png_sticker` is an optional argument and therefore the order of the arguments had to be changed. Use keyword arguments to make sure that the arguments are passed correctly.

**Note:** The `png_sticker` and `tgs_sticker` argument can be either a `file_id`, an URL or a file from disk `open(filename, 'rb')`

### Parameters

- `user_id` (`int`) – User identifier of created sticker set owner.
- `name` (`str`) – Sticker set name.
- `png_sticker` (`str` | `file object` | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path`, optional) – **PNG** image with the sticker, must be up to 512 kilobytes in size, dimensions must not exceed 512px, and either width or height must be exactly 512px. Pass a `file_id` as a String to send a file that already exists on the Telegram servers, pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one using multipart/form-data.  
Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.
- `tgs_sticker` (`str` | `file object` | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path`, optional) – **TGS** animation with the sticker, uploaded using multipart/form-data. See <https://core.telegram.org/stickers#animated-sticker-requirements> for technical requirements.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **`webm_sticker`** (`str` | file object | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path`, optional) – WEBM video with the sticker, uploaded using multipart/form-data. See <https://core.telegram.org/stickers#video-sticker-requirements> for technical requirements.

New in version 13.11.

- **`emojis`** (`str`) – One or more emoji corresponding to the sticker.
- **`mask_position`** (`telegram.MaskPosition`, optional) – Position where the mask should be placed on faces.
- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`pool_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`api_kwargs`** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async answerCallbackQuery(callback_query_id, text=None, show_alert=False, url=None,
                           cache_time=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                           connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `answer_callback_query()`

```
async answerInlineQuery(inline_query_id, results, cache_time=300, is_personal=None,
                        next_offset=None, switch_pm_text=None, switch_pm_parameter=None,
                        read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                        pool_timeout=None, current_offset=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `answer_inline_query()`

```
async answerPreCheckoutQuery(pre_checkout_query_id, ok, error_message=None,
                              read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                              pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `answer_pre_checkout_query()`

```
async answerShippingQuery(shipping_query_id, ok, shipping_options=None, error_message=None,
                           read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                           pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `answer_shipping_query()`

```
async answerWebAppQuery(web_app_query_id, result, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                        connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `answer_web_app_query()`

```
async answer_callback_query(callback_query_id, text=None, show_alert=False, url=None,
                             cache_time=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                             connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to send answers to callback queries sent from inline keyboards. The answer will be displayed to the user as a notification at the top of the chat screen or as an alert. Alternatively,

the user can be redirected to the specified Game URL. For this option to work, you must first create a game for your bot via [@BotFather](#) and accept the terms. Otherwise, you may use links like `t.me/your_bot?start=XXXX` that open your bot with a parameter.

#### Parameters

- **`callback_query_id`** (`str`) – Unique identifier for the query to be answered.
- **`text`** (`str`, optional) – Text of the notification. If not specified, nothing will be shown to the user, 0-200 characters.
- **`show_alert`** (`bool`, optional) – If `True`, an alert will be shown by the client instead of a notification at the top of the chat screen. Defaults to `False`.
- **`url`** (`str`, optional) – URL that will be opened by the user's client. If you have created a Game and accepted the conditions via [@BotFather](#), specify the URL that opens your game - note that this will only work if the query comes from a callback game button. Otherwise, you may use links like `t.me/your_bot?start=XXXX` that open your bot with a parameter.
- **`cache_time`** (`int`, optional) – The maximum amount of time in seconds that the result of the callback query may be cached client-side. Defaults to 0.
- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`pool_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`api_kwargs`** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** `bool` On success, `True` is returned.

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async answer_inline_query(inline_query_id, results, cache_time=300, is_personal=None,
                          next_offset=None, switch_pm_text=None, switch_pm_parameter=None,
                          read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                          pool_timeout=None, current_offset=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to send answers to an inline query. No more than 50 results per query are allowed.

**Warning:** In most use cases `current_offset` should not be passed manually. Instead of calling this method directly, use the shortcut `telegram.InlineQuery.answer()` with `telegram.InlineQuery.answer.auto_pagination` set to `True`, which will take care of passing the correct value.

#### Parameters

- **`inline_query_id`** (`str`) – Unique identifier for the answered query.
- **`results`** (`List[telegram.InlineQueryResult]` | Callable) – A list of results for the inline query. In case `current_offset` is passed, `results` may also be a callable that accepts the current page index starting from 0. It must return either a list of `telegram.InlineQueryResult` instances or `None` if there are no more results.
- **`cache_time`** (`int`, optional) – The maximum amount of time in seconds that the result of the inline query may be cached on the server. Defaults to 300.

- **`is_personal`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if results may be cached on the server side only for the user that sent the query. By default, results may be returned to any user who sends the same query.
- **`next_offset`** (`str`, optional) – Pass the offset that a client should send in the next query with the same text to receive more results. Pass an empty string if there are no more results or if you don't support pagination. Offset length can't exceed 64 bytes.
- **`switch_pm_text`** (`str`, optional) – If passed, clients will display a button with specified text that switches the user to a private chat with the bot and sends the bot a start message with the parameter `switch_pm_parameter`.
- **`switch_pm_parameter`** (`str`, optional) – Deep-linking parameter for the `/start` message sent to the bot when user presses the switch button. 1-64 characters, only A-Z, a-z, 0-9, `_` and `-` are allowed.
- **`current_offset`** (`str`, optional) – The `telegram.InlineQuery.offset` of the inline query to answer. If passed, PTB will automatically take care of the pagination for you, i.e. pass the correct `next_offset` and truncate the results list/get the results from the callable you passed.
- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`pool_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`api_kwargs`** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

---

### Example

An inline bot that sends YouTube videos can ask the user to connect the bot to their YouTube account to adapt search results accordingly. To do this, it displays a 'Connect your YouTube account' button above the results, or even before showing any. The user presses the button, switches to a private chat with the bot and, in doing so, passes a start parameter that instructs the bot to return an oauth link. Once done, the bot can offer a `switch_inline` button so that the user can easily return to the chat where they wanted to use the bot's inline capabilities.

---

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async answer_pre_checkout_query(pre_checkout_query_id, ok, error_message=None,
                                read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                                connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                                api_kwargs=None)
```

Once the user has confirmed their payment and shipping details, the Bot API sends the final confirmation in the form of an `telegram.Update` with the field `telegram.Update.pre_checkout_query`. Use this method to respond to such pre-checkout queries.

---

**Note:** The Bot API must receive an answer within 10 seconds after the pre-checkout query was sent.

---

### Parameters

- **`pre_checkout_query_id`** (`str`) – Unique identifier for the query to be answered.
- **`ok`** (`bool`) – Specify `True` if everything is alright (goods are available, etc.) and the bot is ready to proceed with the order. Use `False` if there are any problems.
- **`error_message`** (`str`, optional) – Required if `ok` is `False`. Error message in human readable form that explains the reason for failure to proceed with the checkout (e.g. “Sorry, somebody just bought the last of our amazing black T-shirts while you were busy filling out your payment details. Please choose a different color or garment!”). Telegram will display this message to the user.
- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`pool_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`api_kwargs`** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async def answer_shipping_query(shipping_query_id, ok, shipping_options=None,
                               error_message=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                               connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

If you sent an invoice requesting a shipping address and the parameter `is_flexible` was specified, the Bot API will send an `telegram.Update` with a `telegram.Update.shipping_query` field to the bot. Use this method to reply to shipping queries.

### Parameters

- **`shipping_query_id`** (`str`) – Unique identifier for the query to be answered.
- **`ok`** (`bool`) – Specify `True` if delivery to the specified address is possible and `False` if there are any problems (for example, if delivery to the specified address is not possible).
- **`shipping_options`** (`List[telegram.ShippingOption]`) – Required if `ok` is `True`. An array of available shipping options.
- **`error_message`** (`str`, optional) – Required if `ok` is `False`. Error message in human readable form that explains why it is impossible to complete the order (e.g. “Sorry, delivery to your desired address is unavailable”). Telegram will display this message to the user.
- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`pool_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async** `answer_web_app_query(web_app_query_id, result, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)`

Use this method to set the result of an interaction with a Web App and send a corresponding message on behalf of the user to the chat from which the query originated.

New in version 20.0.

#### Parameters

- **web\_app\_query\_id** (*str*) – Unique identifier for the query to be answered.
- **result** (`telegram.InlineQueryResult`) – An object describing the message to be sent.
- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, a sent `telegram.SentWebAppMessage` is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.SentWebAppMessage`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async** `approveChatJoinRequest(chat_id, user_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)`

Alias for `approve_chat_join_request()`

**async** `approve_chat_join_request(chat_id, user_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)`

Use this method to approve a chat join request.

The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the `telegram.ChatPermissions.can_invite_users` administrator right.

New in version 13.8.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (*int* | *str*) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **user\_id** (*int*) – Unique identifier of the target user.
- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async banChatMember(chat_id, user_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                    connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, until_date=None,
                    api_kwargs=None, revoke_messages=None)
```

Alias for `ban_chat_member()`

```
async banChatSenderChat(chat_id, sender_chat_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                       connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `ban_chat_sender_chat()`

```
async ban_chat_member(chat_id, user_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                    connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, until_date=None,
                    api_kwargs=None, revoke_messages=None)
```

Use this method to ban a user from a group, supergroup or a channel. In the case of supergroups and channels, the user will not be able to return to the group on their own using invite links, etc., unless unbanned first. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

New in version 13.7.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target group or username of the target supergroup or channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **user\_id** (int) – Unique identifier of the target user.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **until\_date** (int | `datetime.datetime`, optional) – Date when the user will be unbanned, unix time. If user is banned for more than 366 days or less than 30 seconds from the current time they are considered to be banned forever. Applied for supergroups and channels only. For timezone naive `datetime.datetime` objects, the default timezone of the bot will be used.
- **revoke\_messages** (bool, optional) – Pass `True` to delete all messages from the chat for the user that is being removed. If `False`, the user will be able to see messages in the group that were sent before the user was removed. Always `True` for supergroups and channels.

New in version 13.4.

- `api_kwargs` (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async** `ban_chat_sender_chat` (`chat_id`, `sender_chat_id`, `read_timeout=None`, `write_timeout=None`, `connect_timeout=None`, `pool_timeout=None`, `api_kwargs=None`)

Use this method to ban a channel chat in a supergroup or a channel. Until the chat is unbanned, the owner of the banned chat won't be able to send messages on behalf of **any of their channels**. The bot must be an administrator in the supergroup or channel for this to work and must have the appropriate administrator rights.

New in version 13.9.

#### Parameters

- `chat_id` (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target group or username of the target supergroup or channel (in the format @channelusername).
- `sender_chat_id` (`int`) – Unique identifier of the target sender chat.
- `read_timeout` (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `write_timeout` (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `connect_timeout` (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `pool_timeout` (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `api_kwargs` (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

#### property bot

User instance for the bot as returned by `get_me()`.

**Warning:** This value is the cached return value of `get_me()`. If the bots profile is changed during runtime, this value won't reflect the changes until `get_me()` is called again.

**See also:**

`initialize()`

**Type** `telegram.User`

#### property can\_join\_groups

Bot's `telegram.User.can_join_groups` attribute. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of `bot`.

**Type** `bool`

**property can\_read\_all\_group\_messages**

Bot's `telegram.User.can_read_all_group_messages` attribute. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of `bot`.

Type `bool`

**async** `close(read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None)`

Use this method to close the bot instance before moving it from one local server to another. You need to delete the webhook before calling this method to ensure that the bot isn't launched again after server restart. The method will return error 429 in the first 10 minutes after the bot is launched.

**Parameters**

- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

**Returns** On success

**Return type** `True`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async** `copyMessage(chat_id, from_chat_id, message_id, caption=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, protect_content=None)`

Alias for `copy_message()`

**async** `copy_message(chat_id, from_chat_id, message_id, caption=None, parse_mode=None, caption_entities=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, protect_content=None)`

Use this method to copy messages of any kind. Service messages and invoice messages can't be copied. The method is analogous to the method `forward_message()`, but the copied message doesn't have a link to the original message.

**Parameters**

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **from\_chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the chat where the original message was sent (or channel username in the format `@channelusername`).
- **message\_id** (`int`) – Message identifier in the chat specified in `from_chat_id`.
- **caption** (`str`, optional) – New caption for media, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing. If not specified, the original caption is kept.
- **parse\_mode** (`str`, optional) – Mode for parsing entities in the new caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (`List[telegram.MessageEntity]`, optional) – List of special entities that appear in the new caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.

- **`disable_notification`** (`bool`, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **`protect_content`** (`bool`, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **`reply_to_message_id`** (`int`, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **`allow_sending_without_reply`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **`reply_markup`** (`InlineKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardRemove` | `ForceReply`, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`pool_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`api_kwargs`** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success

**Return type** `telegram.MessageId`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async createChatInviteLink(chat_id, expire_date=None, member_limit=None, read_timeout=None,
                           write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                           api_kwargs=None, name=None, creates_join_request=None)
```

Alias for `create_chat_invite_link()`

```
async createNewStickerSet(user_id, name, title, emojis, png_sticker=None, contains_masks=None,
                           mask_position=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20,
                           connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, tgs_sticker=None,
                           api_kwargs=None, webm_sticker=None)
```

Alias for `create_new_sticker_set()`

```
async create_chat_invite_link(chat_id, expire_date=None, member_limit=None,
                              read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                              pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, name=None,
                              creates_join_request=None)
```

Use this method to create an additional invite link for a chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights. The link can be revoked using the method `revoke_chat_invite_link()`.

New in version 13.4.

#### Parameters

- **`chat_id`** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).

- **`expire_date`** (`int` | `datetime.datetime`, optional) – Date when the link will expire. Integer input will be interpreted as Unix timestamp. For timezone naive `datetime.datetime` objects, the default timezone of the bot will be used.
- **`member_limit`** (`int`, optional) – Maximum number of users that can be members of the chat simultaneously after joining the chat via this invite link; 1-99999.
- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`pool_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`api_kwargs`** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.
- **`name`** (`str`, optional) – Invite link name; 0-32 characters.  
New in version 13.8.
- **`creates_join_request`** (`bool`, optional) – `True`, if users joining the chat via the link need to be approved by chat administrators. If `True`, `member_limit` can't be specified.  
New in version 13.8.

Returns `telegram.ChatInviteLink`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async def create_new_sticker_set(user_id, name, title, emojis, png_sticker=None,
                                contains_masks=None, mask_position=None, read_timeout=None,
                                write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                                tgs_sticker=None, api_kwargs=None, webm_sticker=None)
```

Use this method to create new sticker set owned by a user. The bot will be able to edit the created sticker set. You must use exactly one of the fields `png_sticker`, `tgs_sticker`, or `webm_sticker`.

**Warning:** As of API 4.7 `png_sticker` is an optional argument and therefore the order of the arguments had to be changed. Use keyword arguments to make sure that the arguments are passed correctly.

---

**Note:** The `png_sticker` and `tgs_sticker` argument can be either a `file_id`, an URL or a file from disk `open(filename, 'rb')`

---

#### Parameters

- **`user_id`** (`int`) – User identifier of created sticker set owner.
- **`name`** (`str`) – Short name of sticker set, to be used in `t.me/addstickers/` URLs (e.g., animals). Can contain only english letters, digits and underscores. Must begin with a letter, can't contain consecutive underscores and must end in “\_by\_<bot username>”. <bot\_username> is case insensitive. 1-64 characters.
- **`title`** (`str`) – Sticker set title, 1-64 characters.
- **`png_sticker`** (`str` | `file object` | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path`, optional) – **PNG** image with the sticker, must be up to 512 kilobytes in size, dimensions must not exceed 512px, and

either width or height must be exactly 512px. Pass a `file_id` as a `String` to send a file that already exists on the Telegram servers, pass an HTTP URL as a `String` for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one using multipart/form-data.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **`tgs_sticker`** (`str` | file object | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path`, optional) – **TGS** animation with the sticker, uploaded using multipart/form-data. See <https://core.telegram.org/stickers#animated-sticker-requirements> for technical requirements.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **`webm_sticker`** (`str` | file object | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path`, optional) – **WEBM** video with the sticker, uploaded using multipart/form-data. See <https://core.telegram.org/stickers#video-sticker-requirements> for technical requirements.

New in version 13.11.

- **`emojis`** (`str`) – One or more emoji corresponding to the sticker.
- **`contains_masks`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if a set of mask stickers should be created.
- **`mask_position`** (`telegram.MaskPosition`, optional) – Position where the mask should be placed on faces.
- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`pool_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`api_kwargs`** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async declineChatJoinRequest(chat_id, user_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                             connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `decline_chat_join_request()`

```
async decline_chat_join_request(chat_id, user_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                               connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                               api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to decline a chat join request.

The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the `telegram.ChatPermissions.can_invite_users` administrator right.

New in version 13.8.

#### Parameters

- **`chat_id`** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **`user_id`** (`int`) – Unique identifier of the target user.

- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async deleteChatPhoto**(*chat\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Alias for `delete_chat_photo()`

**async deleteChatStickerSet**(*chat\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Alias for `delete_chat_sticker_set()`

**async deleteMessage**(*chat\_id*, *message\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Alias for `delete_message()`

**async deleteMyCommands**(*scope=None*, *language\_code=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*)

Alias for `delete_my_commands()`

**async deleteStickerFromSet**(*sticker*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Alias for `delete_sticker_from_set()`

**async deleteWebhook**(*read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *drop\_pending\_updates=None*)

Alias for `delete_webhook()`

**async delete\_chat\_photo**(*chat\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to delete a chat photo. Photos can't be changed for private chats. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** bool

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async delete_chat_sticker_set(chat_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                             connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to delete a group sticker set from a supergroup. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights. Use the field `telegram.Chat.can_set_sticker_set` optionally returned in `get_chat()` requests to check if the bot can use this method.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format `@supergroupusername`).
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** bool

```
async delete_message(chat_id, message_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                    connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to delete a message, including service messages, with the following limitations:

- A message can only be deleted if it was sent less than 48 hours ago.
- A dice message in a private chat can only be deleted if it was sent more than 24 hours ago.
- Bots can delete outgoing messages in private chats, groups, and supergroups.
- Bots can delete incoming messages in private chats.
- Bots granted `can_post_messages` permissions can delete outgoing messages in channels.
- If the bot is an administrator of a group, it can delete any message there.
- If the bot has `can_delete_messages` permission in a supergroup or a channel, it can delete any message there.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **message\_id** (int) – Identifier of the message to delete.

- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async delete_my_commands(scope=None, language_code=None, api_kwargs=None,
                        read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                        pool_timeout=None)
```

Use this method to delete the list of the bot's commands for the given scope and user language. After deletion, `higher level commands` will be shown to affected users.

New in version 13.7.

#### Parameters

- **scope** (`telegram.BotCommandScope`, optional) – An object, describing scope of users for which the commands are relevant. Defaults to `telegram.BotCommandScopeDefault`.
- **language\_code** (str, optional) – A two-letter ISO 639-1 language code. If empty, commands will be applied to all users from the given scope, for whose language there are no dedicated commands.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async delete_sticker_from_set(sticker, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                             connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to delete a sticker from a set created by the bot.

#### Parameters

- **sticker** (str) – File identifier of the sticker.

- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async delete\_webhook**(*read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None, drop\_pending\_updates=None*)

Use this method to remove webhook integration if you decide to switch back to `get_updates()`.

**Parameters**

- **drop\_pending\_updates** (bool, optional) – Pass `True` to drop all pending updates.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async editChatInviteLink**(*chat\_id, invite\_link, expire\_date=None, member\_limit=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None, name=None, creates\_join\_request=None*)

Alias for `edit_chat_invite_link()`

**async editMessageCaption**(*chat\_id=None, message\_id=None, inline\_message\_id=None, caption=None, reply\_markup=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, parse\_mode=None, api\_kwargs=None, caption\_entities=None*)

Alias for `edit_message_caption()`

**async editMessageLiveLocation**(*chat\_id=None, message\_id=None, inline\_message\_id=None, latitude=None, longitude=None, location=None, reply\_markup=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None, horizontal\_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity\_alert\_radius=None*)

Alias for `edit_message_live_location()`

```
async editMessageMedia(media, chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,
                       reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                       connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `edit_message_media()`

```
async editMessageReplyMarkup(chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,
                              reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                              connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `edit_message_reply_markup()`

```
async editMessageText(text, chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,
                      parse_mode=None, disable_web_page_preview=None, reply_markup=None,
                      read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                      pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, entities=None)
```

Alias for `edit_message_text()`

```
async edit_chat_invite_link(chat_id, invite_link, expire_date=None, member_limit=None,
                            read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                            pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, name=None,
                            creates_join_request=None)
```

Use this method to edit a non-primary invite link created by the bot. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

---

**Note:** Though not stated explicitly in the official docs, Telegram changes not only the optional parameters that are explicitly passed, but also replaces all other optional parameters to the default values. However, since not documented, this behaviour may change unbeknown to PTB.

---

New in version 13.4.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **invite\_link** (`str` | `telegram.ChatInviteLink`) – The invite link to edit.  
Changed in version 20.0: Now also accepts `telegram.ChatInviteLink` instances.
- **expire\_date** (`int` | `datetime.datetime`, optional) – Date when the link will expire. For timezone naive `datetime.datetime` objects, the default timezone of the bot will be used.
- **member\_limit** (`int`, optional) – Maximum number of users that can be members of the chat simultaneously after joining the chat via this invite link; 1-99999.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

- **name** (`str`, optional) – Invite link name; 0-32 characters.

New in version 13.8.

- **creates\_join\_request** (`bool`, optional) – `True`, if users joining the chat via the link need to be approved by chat administrators. If `True`, `member_limit` can't be specified.

New in version 13.8.

Returns `telegram.ChatInviteLink`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async edit_message_caption(chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,
                           caption=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                           write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                           parse_mode=None, api_kwargs=None, caption_entities=None)
```

Use this method to edit captions of messages.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`, optional) – Required if `inline_message_id` is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`)
- **message\_id** (`int`, optional) – Required if `inline_message_id` is not specified. Identifier of the message to edit.
- **inline\_message\_id** (`str`, optional) – Required if `chat_id` and `message_id` are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.
- **caption** (`str`, optional) – New caption of the message, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (`List[telegram.MessageEntity]`, optional) – List of special entities that appear in message text, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.
- **reply\_markup** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – An object for an inline keyboard.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited message is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async edit_message_live_location(chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,
                                latitude=None, longitude=None, location=None,
                                reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                                write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                                pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                                horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None,
                                proximity_alert_radius=None)
```

Use this method to edit live location messages sent by the bot or via the bot (for inline bots). A location can be edited until its `telegram.Location.live_period` expires or editing is explicitly disabled by a call to `stop_message_live_location()`.

---

**Note:** You can either supply a `latitude` and `longitude` or a `location`.

---

#### Parameters

- `chat_id` (`int` | `str`, optional) – Required if `inline_message_id` is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- `message_id` (`int`, optional) – Required if `inline_message_id` is not specified. Identifier of the message to edit.
- `inline_message_id` (`str`, optional) – Required if `chat_id` and `message_id` are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.
- `latitude` (`float`, optional) – Latitude of location.
- `longitude` (`float`, optional) – Longitude of location.
- `location` (`telegram.Location`, optional) – The location to send.
- `horizontal_accuracy` (`float`, optional) – The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters; 0-1500.
- `heading` (`int`, optional) – Direction in which the user is moving, in degrees. Must be between 1 and 360 if specified.
- `proximity_alert_radius` (`int`, optional) – Maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters. Must be between 1 and 360 if specified.
- `reply_markup` (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – An object for a new inline keyboard.
- `read_timeout` (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `write_timeout` (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `connect_timeout` (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `pool_timeout` (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `api_kwargs` (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited message is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

```
async edit_message_media(media, chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,
                        reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                        connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to edit animation, audio, document, photo, or video messages. If a message is part of a message album, then it can be edited only to an audio for audio albums, only to a document for document albums and to a photo or a video otherwise. When an inline message is edited, a new file can't be uploaded; use a previously uploaded file via its `file_id` or specify a URL.

#### Parameters

- **media** (*telegram.InputMedia*) – An object for a new media content of the message.
- **chat\_id** (*int* | *str*, optional) – Required if `inline_message_id` is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **message\_id** (*int*, optional) – Required if `inline_message_id` is not specified. Identifier of the message to edit.
- **inline\_message\_id** (*str*, optional) – Required if `chat_id` and `message_id` are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.
- **reply\_markup** (*telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup*, optional) – An object for an inline keyboard.
- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited *Message* is returned, otherwise *True* is returned.

**Return type** *telegram.Message*

**Raises** *telegram.error.TelegramError* –

```
async edit_message_reply_markup(chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,
                              reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                              connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                              api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to edit only the reply markup of messages sent by the bot or via the bot (for inline bots).

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (*int* | *str*, optional) – Required if `inline_message_id` is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **message\_id** (*int*, optional) – Required if `inline_message_id` is not specified. Identifier of the message to edit.
- **inline\_message\_id** (*str*, optional) – Required if `chat_id` and `message_id` are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.

- **reply\_markup** (*telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup*, optional) – An object for an inline keyboard.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited message is returned, otherwise *True* is returned.

**Return type** *telegram.Message*

**Raises** *telegram.error.TelegramError* –

```
async edit_message_text(text, chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,
                        parse_mode=None, disable_web_page_preview=None,
                        reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                        connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                        entities=None)
```

Use this method to edit text and game messages.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str, optional) – Required if *inline\_message\_id* is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername)
- **message\_id** (int, optional) – Required if *inline\_message\_id* is not specified. Identifier of the message to edit.
- **inline\_message\_id** (str, optional) – Required if *chat\_id* and *message\_id* are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.
- **text** (str) – New text of the message, 1-4096 characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (str, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in your bot's message. See the constants in *telegram.constants.ParseMode* for the available modes.
- **entities** (List[*telegram.MessageEntity*], optional) – List of special entities that appear in message text, which can be specified instead of *parse\_mode*.
- **disable\_web\_page\_preview** (bool, optional) – Disables link previews for links in this message.
- **reply\_markup** (*telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup*, optional) – An object for an inline keyboard.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.

- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited message is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async exportChatInviteLink**(chat\_id, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None)

Alias for `export_chat_invite_link()`

**async export\_chat\_invite\_link**(chat\_id, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None)

Use this method to generate a new primary invite link for a chat; any previously generated link is revoked. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

---

**Note:** Each administrator in a chat generates their own invite links. Bots can't use invite links generated by other administrators. If you want your bot to work with invite links, it will need to generate its own link using `export_chat_invite_link()` or by calling the `get_chat()` method. If your bot needs to generate a new primary invite link replacing its previous one, use `export_chat_invite_link` again.

---

**Returns** New invite link on success.

**Return type** `str`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

#### property first\_name

Bot's first name. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of `bot`.

**Type** `str`

**async forwardMessage**(chat\_id, from\_chat\_id, message\_id, disable\_notification=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None, protect\_content=None)

Alias for `forward_message()`

```
async forward_message(chat_id, from_chat_id, message_id, disable_notification=None,
                      read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                      pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to forward messages of any kind. Service messages can't be forwarded.

---

**Note:** Since the release of Bot API 5.5 it can be impossible to forward messages from some chats. Use the attributes `telegram.Message.has_protected_content` and `telegram.Chat.has_protected_content` to check this.

As a workaround, it is still possible to use `copy_message()`. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **from\_chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the chat where the original message was sent (or channel username in the format @channelusername).
- **message\_id** (`int`) – Message identifier in the chat specified in from\_chat\_id.
- **disable\_notification** (`bool`, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect\_content** (`bool`, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async getChat(chat_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
              pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `get_chat()`

```
async getChatAdministrators(chat_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                            connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `get_chat_administrators()`

```
async getChatMember(chat_id, user_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                    connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `get_chat_member()`

```
async getChatMemberCount(chat_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,  
                          connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `get_chat_member_count()`

```
async getChatMenuButton(chat_id=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,  
                        connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `get_chat_menu_button()`

```
async getFile(file_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,  
             pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `get_file()`

```
async getGameHighScores(user_id, chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,  
                        read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,  
                        pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `get_game_high_scores()`

```
async getMe(read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,  
           api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `get_me()`

```
async getMyCommands(read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,  
                   pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, scope=None, language_code=None)
```

Alias for `get_my_commands()`

```
async getMyDefaultAdministratorRights(for_channels=None, read_timeout=None,  
                                     write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,  
                                     pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `get_my_default_administrator_rights()`

```
async getStickerSet(name, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,  
                  pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `get_sticker_set()`

```
async getUpdates(offset=None, limit=100, timeout=0, read_timeout=2, write_timeout=None,  
                connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, allowed_updates=None,  
                api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `get_updates()`

```
async getUserProfilePhotos(user_id, offset=None, limit=100, read_timeout=None,  
                          write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,  
                          api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `get_user_profile_photos()`

```
async getWebhookInfo(read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,  
                   pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `get_webhook_info()`

```
async get_chat(chat_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,  
              pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to get up to date information about the chat (current name of the user for one-on-one conversations, current username of a user, group or channel, etc.).

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup or channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns `telegram.Chat`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async get_chat_administrators(chat_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                              connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to get a list of administrators in a chat.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup or channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, returns a list of `ChatMember` objects that contains information about all chat administrators except other bots. If the chat is a group or a supergroup and no administrators were appointed, only the creator will be returned.

**Return type** List[`telegram.ChatMember`]

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async get_chat_member(chat_id, user_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                     connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to get information about a member of a chat.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup or channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **user\_id** (int) – Unique identifier of the target user.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns `telegram.ChatMember`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async get\_chat\_member\_count**(*chat\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*,  
*connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to get the number of members in a chat.

New in version 13.7.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup or channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns Number of members in the chat.

Return type `int`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async get\_chat\_menu\_button**(*chat\_id=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*,  
*connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to get the current value of the bot's menu button in a private chat, or the default menu button.

See also:

`set_chat_menu_button()`, `telegram.Chat.get_menu_button()`, `telegram.User.get_menu_button()`

New in version 20.0.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int, optional) – Unique identifier for the target private chat. If not specified, default bot's menu button will be returned.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the current menu button is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.MenuButton`

**async get\_file**(*file\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to get basic info about a file and prepare it for downloading. For the moment, bots can download files of up to **20 MB** in size. The file can then be downloaded with `telegram.File.download()`. It is guaranteed that the link will be valid for at least 1 hour. When the link expires, a new one can be requested by calling `get_file` again.

---

**Note:** This function may not preserve the original file name and MIME type. You should save the file's MIME type and name (if available) when the File object is received.

---

#### Parameters

- **file\_id** (str | `telegram.Animation` | `telegram.Audio` | `telegram.ChatPhoto` | `telegram.Document` | `telegram.PhotoSize` | `telegram.Sticker` | `telegram.Video` | `telegram.VideoNote` | `telegram.Voice`) – Either the file identifier or an object that has a `file_id` attribute to get file information about.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** `telegram.File`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async get\_game\_high\_scores**(*user\_id*, *chat\_id=None*, *message\_id=None*, *inline\_message\_id=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to get data for high score tables. Will return the score of the specified user and several of their neighbors in a game.

---

**Note:** This method will currently return scores for the target user, plus two of their closest neighbors on each side. Will also return the top three users if the user and his neighbors are not among them. Please note that this behavior is subject to change.

---

#### Parameters

- **user\_id** (int) – Target user id.

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`, optional) – Required if `inline_message_id` is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat.
- **message\_id** (`int`, optional) – Required if `inline_message_id` is not specified. Identifier of the sent message.
- **inline\_message\_id** (`str`, optional) – Required if `chat_id` and `message_id` are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** `List[telegram.GameHighScore]`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async get\_me**(`read_timeout=None`, `write_timeout=None`, `connect_timeout=None`, `pool_timeout=None`, `api_kwargs=None`)

A simple method for testing your bot's auth token. Requires no parameters.

**Parameters**

- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** A `telegram.User` instance representing that bot if the credentials are valid, `None` otherwise.

**Return type** `telegram.User`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async get\_my\_commands**(`read_timeout=None`, `write_timeout=None`, `connect_timeout=None`, `pool_timeout=None`, `api_kwargs=None`, `scope=None`, `language_code=None`)

Use this method to get the current list of the bot's commands for the given scope and user language.

**Parameters**

- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.
- **scope** (`telegram.BotCommandScope`, optional) – An object, describing scope of users. Defaults to `telegram.BotCommandScopeDefault`.

New in version 13.7.

- **language\_code** (str, optional) – A two-letter ISO 639-1 language code or an empty string.

New in version 13.7.

**Returns** On success, the commands set for the bot. An empty list is returned if commands are not set.

**Return type** List[`telegram.BotCommand`]

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async get_my_default_administrator_rights(for_channels=None, read_timeout=None,
                                         write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                                         pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to get the current default administrator rights of the bot.

**See also:**

`set_my_default_administrator_rights()`

New in version 20.0.

#### Parameters

- **for\_channels** (bool, optional) – Pass `True` to get default administrator rights of the bot in channels. Otherwise, default administrator rights of the bot for groups and supergroups will be returned.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success.

**Return type** `telegram.ChatAdministratorRights`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async get_sticker_set(name, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                     pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to get a sticker set.

#### Parameters

- **name** (`str`) – Name of the sticker set.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns `telegram.StickerSet`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async get\_updates**(`offset=None`, `limit=100`, `timeout=0`, `read_timeout=2`, `write_timeout=None`, `connect_timeout=None`, `pool_timeout=None`, `allowed_updates=None`, `api_kwargs=None`)

Use this method to receive incoming updates using long polling.

#### Parameters

- **offset** (`int`, optional) – Identifier of the first update to be returned. Must be greater by one than the highest among the identifiers of previously received updates. By default, updates starting with the earliest unconfirmed update are returned. An update is considered confirmed as soon as this method is called with an offset higher than its `telegram.Update.update_id`. The negative offset can be specified to retrieve updates starting from -offset update from the end of the updates queue. All previous updates will be forgotten.
- **limit** (`int`, optional) – Limits the number of updates to be retrieved. Values between 1-100 are accepted. Defaults to 100.
- **timeout** (`int`, optional) – Timeout in seconds for long polling. Defaults to 0, i.e. usual short polling. Should be positive, short polling should be used for testing purposes only.
- **read\_timeout** (`float`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to 2. `timeout` will be added to this value.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **allowed\_updates** (`List[str]`), optional) – A list the types of updates you want your bot to receive. For example, specify ["message", "edited\_channel\_post", "callback\_query"] to only receive updates of these types. See `telegram.Update` for a complete list of available update types. Specify an empty list to receive all updates except `telegram.Update.chat_member` (default). If not specified, the previous setting will be used. Please note that this parameter doesn't affect updates created before the call to the `get_updates`, so unwanted updates may be received for a short period of time.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Note:**

1. This method will not work if an outgoing webhook is set up.
  2. In order to avoid getting duplicate updates, recalculate offset after each server response.
  3. To take full advantage of this library take a look at [telegram.ext.Updater](#)
- 

**Returns** List[[telegram.Update](#)]

**Raises** [telegram.error.TelegramError](#) –

```
async get_user_profile_photos(user_id, offset=None, limit=100, read_timeout=None,
                              write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                              api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to get a list of profile pictures for a user.

**Parameters**

- **user\_id** (int) – Unique identifier of the target user.
- **offset** (int, optional) – Sequential number of the first photo to be returned. By default, all photos are returned.
- **limit** (int, optional) – Limits the number of photos to be retrieved. Values between 1-100 are accepted. Defaults to 100.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read\\_timeout](#). Defaults to [DEFAULT\\_NONE](#).
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write\\_timeout](#). Defaults to [DEFAULT\\_NONE](#).
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect\\_timeout](#). Defaults to [DEFAULT\\_NONE](#).
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool\\_timeout](#). Defaults to [DEFAULT\\_NONE](#).
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** [telegram.UserProfilePhotos](#)

**Raises** [telegram.error.TelegramError](#) –

```
async get_webhook_info(read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                       pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to get current webhook status. Requires no parameters.

If the bot is using [get\\_updates\(\)](#), will return an object with the [telegram.WebhookInfo.url](#) field empty.

**Parameters**

- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read\\_timeout](#). Defaults to [DEFAULT\\_NONE](#).
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write\\_timeout](#). Defaults to [DEFAULT\\_NONE](#).
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect\\_timeout](#). Defaults to [DEFAULT\\_NONE](#).
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool\\_timeout](#). Defaults to [DEFAULT\\_NONE](#).

- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns `telegram.WebhookInfo`

#### property id

Unique identifier for this bot. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of `bot`.

Type `int`

#### async initialize()

Initialize resources used by this class. Currently calls `get_me()` to cache `bot` and calls `telegram.request.BaseRequest.initialize()` for the request objects used by this bot.

See also:

`shutdown()`

New in version 20.0.

#### property last\_name

Optional. Bot's last name. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of `bot`.

Type `str`

**async leaveChat**(`chat_id`, `read_timeout=None`, `write_timeout=None`, `connect_timeout=None`, `pool_timeout=None`, `api_kwargs=None`)

Alias for `leave_chat()`

**async leave\_chat**(`chat_id`, `read_timeout=None`, `write_timeout=None`, `connect_timeout=None`, `pool_timeout=None`, `api_kwargs=None`)

Use this method for your bot to leave a group, supergroup or channel.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup or channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

Returns On success, `True` is returned.

Return type `bool`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

#### property link

Convenience property. Returns the t.me link of the bot.

Type `str`

**async logOut**(`read_timeout=None`, `write_timeout=None`, `connect_timeout=None`, `pool_timeout=None`)

Alias for `log_out()`

**async log\_out**(*read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None*)

Use this method to log out from the cloud Bot API server before launching the bot locally. You *must* log out the bot before running it locally, otherwise there is no guarantee that the bot will receive updates. After a successful call, you can immediately log in on a local server, but will not be able to log in back to the cloud Bot API server for 10 minutes.

#### Parameters

- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

**Returns** On success

**Return type** `True`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

#### property name

Bot's @username. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of `bot`.

**Type** `str`

**async pinChatMessage**(*chat\_id, message\_id, disable\_notification=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Alias for `pin_chat_message()`

**async pin\_chat\_message**(*chat\_id, message\_id, disable\_notification=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to add a message to the list of pinned messages in a chat. If the chat is not a private chat, the bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the `can_pin_messages` admin right in a supergroup or `telegram.ChatMemberAdministrator.can_edit_messages` admin right in a channel.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **message\_id** (int) – Identifier of a message to pin.
- **disable\_notification** (bool, optional) – Pass `True`, if it is not necessary to send a notification to all chat members about the new pinned message. Notifications are always disabled in channels and private chats.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async promoteChatMember(chat_id, user_id, can_change_info=None, can_post_messages=None,
                        can_edit_messages=None, can_delete_messages=None,
                        can_invite_users=None, can_restrict_members=None,
                        can_pin_messages=None, can_promote_members=None,
                        read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                        pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, is_anonymous=None,
                        can_manage_chat=None, can_manage_video_chats=None)
```

Alias for `promote_chat_member()`

```
async promote_chat_member(chat_id, user_id, can_change_info=None, can_post_messages=None,
                        can_edit_messages=None, can_delete_messages=None,
                        can_invite_users=None, can_restrict_members=None,
                        can_pin_messages=None, can_promote_members=None,
                        read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                        pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, is_anonymous=None,
                        can_manage_chat=None, can_manage_video_chats=None)
```

Use this method to promote or demote a user in a supergroup or a channel. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights. Pass `False` for all boolean parameters to demote a user.

Changed in version 20.0: The argument `can_manage_voice_chats` was renamed to `can_manage_video_chats` in accordance to Bot API 6.0.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (*int* | *str*) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **user\_id** (*int*) – Unique identifier of the target user.
- **is\_anonymous** (*bool*, optional) – Pass `True`, if the administrator's presence in the chat is hidden.
- **can\_manage\_chat** (*bool*, optional) – Pass `True`, if the administrator can access the chat event log, chat statistics, message statistics in channels, see channel members, see anonymous administrators in supergroups and ignore slow mode. Implied by any other administrator privilege.

New in version 13.4.

- **can\_manage\_video\_chats** (*bool*, optional) – Pass `True`, if the administrator can manage video chats.

New in version 20.0.

- **can\_change\_info** (*bool*, optional) – Pass `True`, if the administrator can change chat title, photo and other settings.
- **can\_post\_messages** (*bool*, optional) – Pass `True`, if the administrator can create channel posts, channels only.
- **can\_edit\_messages** (*bool*, optional) – Pass `True`, if the administrator can edit messages of other users and can pin messages, channels only.
- **can\_delete\_messages** (*bool*, optional) – Pass `True`, if the administrator can delete messages of other users.

- **can\_invite\_users** (*bool*, optional) – Pass **True**, if the administrator can invite new users to the chat.
- **can\_restrict\_members** (*bool*, optional) – Pass **True**, if the administrator can restrict, ban or unban chat members.
- **can\_pin\_messages** (*bool*, optional) – Pass **True**, if the administrator can pin messages, supergroups only.
- **can\_promote\_members** (*bool*, optional) – Pass **True**, if the administrator can add new administrators with a subset of his own privileges or demote administrators that he has promoted, directly or indirectly (promoted by administrators that were appointed by him).
- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, **True** is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

#### property request

The `BaseRequest` object used by this bot.

**Warning:** Requests to the Bot API are made by the various methods of this class. This attribute should *not* be used manually.

```
async restrictChatMember(chat_id, user_id, permissions, until_date=None, read_timeout=None,
                        write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                        api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `restrict_chat_member()`

```
async restrict_chat_member(chat_id, user_id, permissions, until_date=None, read_timeout=None,
                        write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                        api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to restrict a user in a supergroup. The bot must be an administrator in the supergroup for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights. Pass **True** for all boolean parameters to lift restrictions from a user.

**See also:**

`telegram.ChatPermissions.all_permissions()`

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (*int* | *str*) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format `@supergroupusername`).
- **user\_id** (*int*) – Unique identifier of the target user.

- **`until_date`** (`int` | `datetime.datetime`, optional) – Date when restrictions will be lifted for the user, unix time. If user is restricted for more than 366 days or less than 30 seconds from the current time, they are considered to be restricted forever. For timezone naive `datetime.datetime` objects, the default timezone of the bot will be used.
- **`permissions`** (`telegram.ChatPermissions`) – An object for new user permissions.
- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`pool_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`api_kwargs`** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async revokeChatInviteLink(chat_id, invite_link, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                           connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `revoke_chat_invite_link()`

```
async revoke_chat_invite_link(chat_id, invite_link, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                              connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to revoke an invite link created by the bot. If the primary link is revoked, a new link is automatically generated. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

New in version 13.4.

#### Parameters

- **`chat_id`** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **`invite_link`** (`str` | `telegram.ChatInviteLink`) – The invite link to revoke.  
Changed in version 20.0: Now also accepts `telegram.ChatInviteLink` instances.
- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`pool_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`api_kwargs`** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** `telegram.ChatInviteLink`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async sendAnimation(chat_id, animation, duration=None, width=None, height=None, thumb=None,
                    caption=None, parse_mode=None, disable_notification=None,
                    reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                    write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                    api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                    caption_entities=None, filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_animation()`

```
async sendAudio(chat_id, audio, duration=None, performer=None, title=None, caption=None,
                disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None,
                pool_timeout=None, parse_mode=None, thumb=None, api_kwargs=None,
                allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, filename=None,
                protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_audio()`

```
async sendChatAction(chat_id, action, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                    connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `send_chat_action()`

```
async sendContact(chat_id, phone_number=None, first_name=None, last_name=None,
                  disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                  read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                  pool_timeout=None, contact=None, vcard=None, api_kwargs=None,
                  allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_contact()`

```
async sendDice(chat_id, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
               read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
               pool_timeout=None, emoji=None, api_kwargs=None,
               allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_dice()`

```
async sendDocument(chat_id, document, filename=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                   reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                   write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                   parse_mode=None, thumb=None, api_kwargs=None,
                   disable_content_type_detection=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                   caption_entities=None, protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_document()`

```
async sendGame(chat_id, game_short_name, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
               reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
               connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
               allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_game()`

```
async sendInvoice(chat_id, title, description, payload, provider_token, currency, prices,
                  start_parameter=None, photo_url=None, photo_size=None, photo_width=None,
                  photo_height=None, need_name=None, need_phone_number=None,
                  need_email=None, need_shipping_address=None, is_flexible=None,
                  disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                  provider_data=None, send_phone_number_to_provider=None,
                  send_email_to_provider=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                  connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                  allow_sending_without_reply=None, max_tip_amount=None,
                  suggested_tip_amounts=None, protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_invoice()`

```
async sendLocation(chat_id, latitude=None, longitude=None, disable_notification=None,
                    reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                    write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                    location=None, live_period=None, api_kwargs=None,
                    horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity_alert_radius=None,
                    allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_location()`

```
async sendMediaGroup(chat_id, media, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                      read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None,
                      pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                      protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_media_group()`

```
async sendMessage(chat_id, text, parse_mode=None, disable_web_page_preview=None,
                  disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                  read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                  pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                  entities=None, protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_message()`

```
async sendPhoto(chat_id, photo, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                 reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                 write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, parse_mode=None,
                 api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None,
                 filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_photo()`

```
async sendPoll(chat_id, question, options, is_anonymous=True, type=PollType.REGULAR,
               allows_multiple_answers=False, correct_option_id=None, is_closed=None,
               disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
               read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
               pool_timeout=None, explanation=None, explanation_parse_mode=None,
               open_period=None, close_date=None, api_kwargs=None,
               allow_sending_without_reply=None, explanation_entities=None,
               protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_poll()`

```
async sendSticker(chat_id, sticker, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                  reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20,
                  connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                  allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_sticker()`

```
async sendVenue(chat_id, latitude=None, longitude=None, title=None, address=None,
                 foursquare_id=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                 reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                 connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, venue=None, foursquare_type=None,
                 api_kwargs=None, google_place_id=None, google_place_type=None,
                 allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_venue()`

```
async sendVideo(chat_id, video, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                 reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                 write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, width=None,
                 height=None, parse_mode=None, supports_streaming=None, thumb=None,
                 api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None,
                 filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_video()`

```
async sendVideoNote(chat_id, video_note, duration=None, length=None, disable_notification=None,
                     reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                     write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, thumb=None,
                     api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, filename=None,
                     protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_video_note()`

```
async sendVoice(chat_id, voice, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                 reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                 write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, parse_mode=None,
                 api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None,
                 filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Alias for `send_voice()`

```
async send_animation(chat_id, animation, duration=None, width=None, height=None, thumb=None,
                      caption=None, parse_mode=None, disable_notification=None,
                      reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                      write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                      api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                      caption_entities=None, filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send animation files (GIF or H.264/MPEG-4 AVC video without sound). Bots can currently send animation files of up to **50 MB** in size, this limit may be changed in the future.

---

**Note:** `thumb` will be ignored for small files, for which Telegram can easily generate thumb nails. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **animation** (`str` | `file object` | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path` | `telegram.Animation`) – Animation to send. Pass a `file_id` as `String` to send an animation that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an `HTTP URL` as a `String` for Telegram to get an animation from the Internet, or upload a new animation using `multipart/form-data`. Lastly you can pass an existing `telegram.Animation` object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **filename** (`str`, optional) – Custom file name for the animation, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the `tempfile` module.

New in version 13.1.

- **duration** (`int`, optional) – Duration of sent animation in seconds.
- **width** (`int`, optional) – Animation width.
- **height** (`int`, optional) – Animation height.
- **thumb** (`file object` | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path`, optional) – Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in `JPEG` format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using `multipart/form-data`. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **caption** (`str`, optional) – Animation caption (may also be used when resending animations by `file_id`), 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

- **parse\_mode** (*str*, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (List[`telegram.MessageEntity`], optional) – List of special entities that appear in message text, which can be specified instead of **parse\_mode**.
- **disable\_notification** (*bool*, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect\_content** (*bool*, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.  
New in version 13.10.
- **reply\_to\_message\_id** (*int*, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **allow\_sending\_without\_reply** (*bool*, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply\_markup** (`InlineKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardRemove` | `ForceReply`, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **read\_timeout** (*float* | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `20`.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float* | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async def send_audio(chat_id, audio, duration=None, performer=None, title=None, caption=None,
                    disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                    read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None,
                    pool_timeout=None, parse_mode=None, thumb=None, api_kwargs=None,
                    allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None, filename=None,
                    protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send audio files, if you want Telegram clients to display them in the music player. Your audio must be in the .mp3 or .m4a format.

Bots can currently send audio files of up to **50 MB** in size, this limit may be changed in the future.

For sending voice messages, use the `send_voice()` method instead.

---

**Note:** The audio argument can be either a file\_id, an URL or a file from disk `open(filename, 'rb')`

---

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **audio** (`str` | file object | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path` | `telegram.Audio`) – Audio file to send. Pass a file\_id as String to send an audio file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get an audio file from the Internet, or upload a new one using multipart/form-data. Lastly you can pass an existing `telegram.Audio` object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **filename** (`str`, optional) – Custom file name for the audio, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the `tempfile` module.

New in version 13.1.

- **caption** (`str`, optional) – Audio caption, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (List[`telegram.MessageEntity`], optional) – List of special entities that appear in message text, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.
- **duration** (`int`, optional) – Duration of sent audio in seconds.
- **performer** (`str`, optional) – Performer.
- **title** (`str`, optional) – Track name.
- **disable\_notification** (`bool`, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect\_content** (`bool`, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **reply\_to\_message\_id** (`int`, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **allow\_sending\_without\_reply** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply\_markup** (`InlineKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardRemove` | `ForceReply`, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **thumb** (file object | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path`, optional) – Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to 20.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- `pool_timeout` (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `api_kwargs` (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async send_chat_action(chat_id, action, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                      connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method when you need to tell the user that something is happening on the bot's side. The status is set for 5 seconds or less (when a message arrives from your bot, Telegram clients clear its typing status). Telegram only recommends using this method when a response from the bot will take a noticeable amount of time to arrive.

#### Parameters

- `chat_id` (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- `action` (str) – Type of action to broadcast. Choose one, depending on what the user is about to receive. For convenience look at the constants in `telegram.constants.ChatAction`.
- `read_timeout` (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `write_timeout` (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `connect_timeout` (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `pool_timeout` (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `api_kwargs` (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async send_contact(chat_id, phone_number=None, first_name=None, last_name=None,
                  disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                  read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                  pool_timeout=None, contact=None, vcard=None, api_kwargs=None,
                  allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send phone contacts.

---

**Note:** You can either supply `contact` or `phone_number` and `first_name` with optionally `last_name` and optionally `vcard`.

---

#### Parameters

- `chat_id` (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- `phone_number` (str, optional) – Contact's phone number.

- **first\_name** (*str*, optional) – Contact’s first name.
- **last\_name** (*str*, optional) – Contact’s last name.
- **vcard** (*str*, optional) – Additional data about the contact in the form of a vCard, 0-2048 bytes.
- **contact** (*telegram.Contact*, optional) – The contact to send.
- **disable\_notification** (*bool*, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect\_content** (*bool*, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **reply\_to\_message\_id** (*int*, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **allow\_sending\_without\_reply** (*bool*, optional) – Pass *True*, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply\_markup** (*InlineKeyboardMarkup* | *ReplyKeyboardMarkup* | *ReplyKeyboardRemove* | *ForceReply*, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

**Return type** *telegram.Message*

**Raises** *telegram.error.TelegramError* –

```
async send_dice(chat_id, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, emoji=None, api_kwargs=None,
                allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send an animated emoji that will display a random value.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (*int* | *str*) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **emoji** (*str*, optional) – Emoji on which the dice throw animation is based. Currently, must be one of *telegram.constants.DiceEmoji*. Dice can have values 1-6 for "🎲", and "🎯", values 1-5 for "🎳" and "🎮", and values 1-64 for "🎰". Defaults to "🎲".

Changed in version 13.4: Added the "🎯" emoji.

- **disable\_notification** (*bool*, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.

- **protect\_content** (`bool`, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **reply\_to\_message\_id** (`int`, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **allow\_sending\_without\_reply** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply\_markup** (`InlineKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardRemove` | `ForceReply`, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async def send_document(chat_id, document, filename=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                        reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                        write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                        parse_mode=None, thumb=None, api_kwargs=None,
                        disable_content_type_detection=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                        caption_entities=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send general files.

Bots can currently send files of any type of up to **50 MB** in size, this limit may be changed in the future.

---

**Note:**

- The document argument can be either a file\_id, an URL or a file from disk `open(filename, 'rb')`.
  - Sending by URL will currently only work GIF, PDF & ZIP files.
- 

**Parameters**

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **document** (`str` | file object | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path` | `telegram.Document`) – File to send. Pass a file\_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one using multipart/form-data. Lastly you can pass an existing `telegram.Document` object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **filename** (*str*, optional) – Custom file name for the document, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the `tempfile` module.
- **caption** (*str*, optional) – Document caption (may also be used when resending documents by `file_id`), 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **disable\_content\_type\_detection** (*bool*, optional) – Disables automatic server-side content type detection for files uploaded using multipart/form-data.
- **parse\_mode** (*str*, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (*List[telegram.MessageEntity]*, optional) – List of special entities that appear in message text, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.
- **disable\_notification** (*bool*, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect\_content** (*bool*, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **reply\_to\_message\_id** (*int*, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **allow\_sending\_without\_reply** (*bool*, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply\_markup** (*InlineKeyboardMarkup* | *ReplyKeyboardMarkup* | *ReplyKeyboardRemove* | *ForceReply*, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **thumb** (*file object* | *bytes* | *pathlib.Path*, optional) – Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `20`.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent `Message` is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async send_game(chat_id, game_short_name, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send a game.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat.
- **game\_short\_name** (`str`) – Short name of the game, serves as the unique identifier for the game. Set up your games via [@BotFather](#).
- **disable\_notification** (`bool`, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect\_content** (`bool`, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **reply\_to\_message\_id** (`int`, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **allow\_sending\_without\_reply** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply\_markup** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – An object for a new inline keyboard. If empty, one ‘Play game\_title’ button will be shown. If not empty, the first button must launch the game.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async send_invoice(chat_id, title, description, payload, provider_token, currency, prices,
                  start_parameter=None, photo_url=None, photo_size=None, photo_width=None,
                  photo_height=None, need_name=None, need_phone_number=None,
                  need_email=None, need_shipping_address=None, is_flexible=None,
                  disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                  provider_data=None, send_phone_number_to_provider=None,
                  send_email_to_provider=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                  connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                  allow_sending_without_reply=None, max_tip_amount=None,
                  suggested_tip_amounts=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send invoices.

**Warning:** As of API 5.2 `start_parameter` is an optional argument and therefore the order of the arguments had to be changed. Use keyword arguments to make sure that the arguments are passed correctly.

Changed in version 13.5: As of Bot API 5.2, the parameter `start_parameter` is optional.

#### Parameters

- **`chat_id`** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **`title`** (`str`) – Product name, 1-32 characters.
- **`description`** (`str`) – Product description, 1-255 characters.
- **`payload`** (`str`) – Bot-defined invoice payload, 1-128 bytes. This will not be displayed to the user, use for your internal processes.
- **`provider_token`** (`str`) – Payments provider token, obtained via `@BotFather`.
- **`currency`** (`str`) – Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code.
- **`prices`** (List[`telegram.LabeledPrice`]) – Price breakdown, a list of components (e.g. product price, tax, discount, delivery cost, delivery tax, bonus, etc.).
- **`max_tip_amount`** (`int`, optional) – The maximum accepted amount for tips in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a maximum tip of US\$ 1.45 pass `max_tip_amount = 145`. See the `exp` parameter in `currencies.json`, it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies). Defaults to 0.

New in version 13.5.

- **`suggested_tip_amounts`** (List[`int`], optional) – An array of suggested amounts of tips in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). At most 4 suggested tip amounts can be specified. The suggested tip amounts must be positive, passed in a strictly increased order and must not exceed `max_tip_amount`.

New in version 13.5.

- **`start_parameter`** (`str`, optional) – Unique deep-linking parameter. If left empty, *forwarded copies* of the sent message will have a *Pay* button, allowing multiple users to pay directly from the forwarded message, using the same invoice. If non-empty, forwarded copies of the sent message will have a *URL* button with a deep link to the bot (instead of a *Pay* button), with the value used as the start parameter.

Changed in version 13.5: As of Bot API 5.2, this parameter is optional.

- **`provider_data`** (`str` | `object`, optional) – data about the invoice, which will be shared with the payment provider. A detailed description of required fields should be provided by the payment provider. When an object is passed, it will be encoded as JSON.
- **`photo_url`** (`str`, optional) – URL of the product photo for the invoice. Can be a photo of the goods or a marketing image for a service. People like it better when they see what they are paying for.
- **`photo_size`** (`str`, optional) – Photo size.
- **`photo_width`** (`int`, optional) – Photo width.
- **`photo_height`** (`int`, optional) – Photo height.
- **`need_name`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if you require the user's full name to complete the order.
- **`need_phone_number`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if you require the user's phone number to complete the order.
- **`need_email`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if you require the user's email to complete the order.
- **`need_shipping_address`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if you require the user's shipping address to complete the order.

- **`send_phone_number_to_provider`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if user's phone number should be sent to provider.
- **`send_email_to_provider`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if user's email address should be sent to provider.
- **`is_flexible`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the final price depends on the shipping method.
- **`disable_notification`** (`bool`, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **`protect_content`** (`bool`, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **`reply_to_message_id`** (`int`, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **`allow_sending_without_reply`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **`reply_markup`** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – An object for an inline keyboard. If empty, one 'Pay total price' button will be shown. If not empty, the first button must be a Pay button.
- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`pool_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`api_kwargs`** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async def send_location(chat_id, latitude=None, longitude=None, disable_notification=None,
                        reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                        write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                        location=None, live_period=None, api_kwargs=None,
                        horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity_alert_radius=None,
                        allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send point on the map.

---

**Note:** You can either supply a `latitude` and `longitude` or a `location`.

---

#### Parameters

- **`chat_id`** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **`latitude`** (`float`, optional) – Latitude of location.
- **`longitude`** (`float`, optional) – Longitude of location.

- **location** (*telegram.Location*, optional) – The location to send.
- **horizontal\_accuracy** (*int*, optional) – The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters; 0-1500.
- **live\_period** (*int*, optional) – Period in seconds for which the location will be updated, should be between 60 and 86400.
- **heading** (*int*, optional) – For live locations, a direction in which the user is moving, in degrees. Must be between 1 and 360 if specified.
- **proximity\_alert\_radius** (*int*, optional) – For live locations, a maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters. Must be between 1 and 360 if specified.
- **disable\_notification** (*bool*, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect\_content** (*bool*, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **reply\_to\_message\_id** (*int*, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **allow\_sending\_without\_reply** (*bool*, optional) – Pass *True*, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply\_markup** (*InlineKeyboardMarkup* | *ReplyKeyboardMarkup* | *ReplyKeyboardRemove* | *ForceReply*, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

**Return type** *telegram.Message*

**Raises** *telegram.error.TelegramError* –

```
async send_media_group(chat_id, media, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                       read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None,
                       pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                       allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send a group of photos or videos as an album.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (*int* | *str*) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).

- **media** (List[[telegram.InputMediaAudio](#), [telegram.InputMediaDocument](#), [telegram.InputMediaPhoto](#), [telegram.InputMediaVideo](#)]) – An array describing messages to be sent, must include 2–10 items.
- **disable\_notification** (bool, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect\_content** (bool, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.  
New in version 13.10.
- **reply\_to\_message\_id** (int, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **allow\_sending\_without\_reply** (bool, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read\\_timeout](#). Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write\\_timeout](#). Defaults to `20`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect\\_timeout](#). Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool\\_timeout](#). Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** An array of the sent Messages.

**Return type** List[[telegram.Message](#)]

**Raises** [telegram.error.TelegramError](#) –

```
async send_message(chat_id, text, parse_mode=None, disable_web_page_preview=None,
                  disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                  read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                  pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                  entities=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send text messages.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **text** (str) – Text of the message to be sent. Max `4096` characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (str) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in your bot's message. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.
- **entities** (List[[telegram.MessageEntity](#)], optional) – List of special entities that appear in message text, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).
- **disable\_web\_page\_preview** (bool, optional) – Disables link previews for links in this message.
- **disable\_notification** (bool, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.

- **protect\_content** (`bool`, optional) – Protects the contents of sent messages from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **reply\_to\_message\_id** (`int`, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **allow\_sending\_without\_reply** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply\_markup** (`InlineKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardRemove` | `ForceReply`, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent message is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async send_photo(chat_id, photo, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                 reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                 write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                 parse_mode=None, api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                 caption_entities=None, filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send photos.

---

**Note:** The photo argument can be either a `file_id`, an URL or a file from disk `open(filename, 'rb')`

---

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **photo** (`str` | `file object` | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path` | `telegram.PhotoSize`) – Photo to send. Pass a `file_id` as String to send a photo that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a photo from the Internet, or upload a new photo using multipart/form-data. Lastly you can pass an existing `telegram.PhotoSize` object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **filename** (`str`, optional) – Custom file name for the photo, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the `tempfile` module.

New in version 13.1.

- **caption** (*str*, optional) – Photo caption (may also be used when resending photos by *file\_id*), 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (*str*, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in *telegram.constants.ParseMode* for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (List[*telegram.MessageEntity*], optional) – List of special entities that appear in message text, which can be specified instead of *parse\_mode*.
- **disable\_notification** (*bool*, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect\_content** (*bool*, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **reply\_to\_message\_id** (*int*, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **allow\_sending\_without\_reply** (*bool*, optional) – Pass *True*, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply\_markup** (*InlineKeyboardMarkup* | *ReplyKeyboardMarkup* | *ReplyKeyboardRemove* | *ForceReply*, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write\_timeout*. Defaults to 20.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

**Return type** *telegram.Message*

**Raises** *telegram.error.TelegramError* –

```
async send_poll(chat_id, question, options, is_anonymous=True, type=PollType.REGULAR,
               allows_multiple_answers=False, correct_option_id=None, is_closed=None,
               disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
               read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
               pool_timeout=None, explanation=None, explanation_parse_mode=None,
               open_period=None, close_date=None, api_kwargs=None,
               allow_sending_without_reply=None, explanation_entities=None,
               protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send a native poll.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (*int* | *str*) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **question** (*str*) – Poll question, 1-300 characters.
- **options** (List[*str*]) – List of answer options, 2-10 strings 1-100 characters each.

- **is\_anonymous** (bool, optional) – True, if the poll needs to be anonymous, defaults to True.
- **type** (str, optional) – Poll type, 'quiz' or 'regular', defaults to 'regular'.
- **allows\_multiple\_answers** (bool, optional) – True, if the poll allows multiple answers, ignored for polls in quiz mode, defaults to False.
- **correct\_option\_id** (int, optional) – 0-based identifier of the correct answer option, required for polls in quiz mode.
- **explanation** (str, optional) – Text that is shown when a user chooses an incorrect answer or taps on the lamp icon in a quiz-style poll, 0-200 characters with at most 2 line feeds after entities parsing.
- **explanation\_parse\_mode** (str, optional) – Mode for parsing entities in the explanation. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **explanation\_entities** (List[`telegram.MessageEntity`], optional) – List of special entities that appear in message text, which can be specified instead of `explanation_parse_mode`.
- **open\_period** (int, optional) – Amount of time in seconds the poll will be active after creation, 5-600. Can't be used together with `close_date`.
- **close\_date** (int | `datetime.datetime`, optional) – Point in time (Unix timestamp) when the poll will be automatically closed. Must be at least 5 and no more than 600 seconds in the future. Can't be used together with `open_period`. For timezone naive `datetime.datetime` objects, the default timezone of the bot will be used.
- **is\_closed** (bool, optional) – Pass True, if the poll needs to be immediately closed. This can be useful for poll preview.
- **disable\_notification** (bool, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect\_content** (bool, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.  
New in version 13.10.
- **reply\_to\_message\_id** (int, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **allow\_sending\_without\_reply** (bool, optional) – Pass True, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply\_markup** (`InlineKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardRemove` | `ForceReply`, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type `telegram.Message`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async send_sticker(chat_id, sticker, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                  reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20,
                  connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                  allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send static `.WEBP`, animated `.TGS`, or video `.WEBM` stickers.

---

**Note:** The sticker argument can be either a file\_id, an URL or a file from disk `open(filename, 'rb')`

---

### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **sticker** (`str` | file object | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path` | `telegram.Sticker`) – Sticker to send. Pass a file\_id as String to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a `.webp` file from the Internet, or upload a new one using multipart/form-data. Lastly you can pass an existing `telegram.Sticker` object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **disable\_notification** (`bool`, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect\_content** (`bool`, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **reply\_to\_message\_id** (`int`, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **allow\_sending\_without\_reply** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply\_markup** (`InlineKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardRemove` | `ForceReply`, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to 20.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

Return type `telegram.Message`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async send_venue(chat_id, latitude=None, longitude=None, title=None, address=None,
                 foursquare_id=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                 reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                 connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, venue=None, foursquare_type=None,
                 api_kwargs=None, google_place_id=None, google_place_type=None,
                 allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send information about a venue.

---

**Note:**

- You can either supply `venue`, or `latitude`, `longitude`, `:paramref:title`` and `:paramref:address`` and optionally `foursquare_id` and `foursquare_type` or optionally `google_place_id` and `google_place_type`.
  - Foursquare details and Google Place details are mutually exclusive. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.
- 

**Parameters**

- **`chat_id`** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **`latitude`** (`float`, optional) – Latitude of venue.
- **`longitude`** (`float`, optional) – Longitude of venue.
- **`title`** (`str`, optional) – Name of the venue.
- **`address`** (`str`, optional) – Address of the venue.
- **`foursquare_id`** (`str`, optional) – Foursquare identifier of the venue.
- **`foursquare_type`** (`str`, optional) – Foursquare type of the venue, if known. (For example, “arts\_entertainment/default”, “arts\_entertainment/aquarium” or “food/icecream”.)
- **`google_place_id`** (`str`, optional) – Google Places identifier of the venue.
- **`google_place_type`** (`str`, optional) – Google Places type of the venue. (See [supported types](#).)
- **`venue`** (`telegram.Venue`, optional) – The venue to send.
- **`disable_notification`** (`bool`, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **`protect_content`** (`bool`, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.  
New in version 13.10.
- **`reply_to_message_id`** (`int`, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **`allow_sending_without_reply`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **`reply_markup`** (`InlineKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardRemove` | `ForceReply`, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async send_video(chat_id, video, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                 reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                 write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, width=None,
                 height=None, parse_mode=None, supports_streaming=None, thumb=None,
                 api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None,
                 filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send video files, Telegram clients support mp4 videos (other formats may be sent as Document).

Bots can currently send video files of up to **50 MB** in size, this limit may be changed in the future.

---

**Note:**

- The video argument can be either a file\_id, an URL or a file from disk `open(filename, 'rb')`
  - thumb will be ignored for small video files, for which Telegram can easily generate thumb nails. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.
- 

**Parameters**

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **video** (str | file object | bytes | `pathlib.Path` | `telegram.Video`) – Video file to send. Pass a file\_id as String to send an video file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get an video file from the Internet, or upload a new one using multipart/form-data. Lastly you can pass an existing `telegram.Video` object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **filename** (str, optional) – Custom file name for the video, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the `tempfile` module.

New in version 13.1.

- **duration** (int, optional) – Duration of sent video in seconds.
- **width** (int, optional) – Video width.
- **height** (int, optional) – Video height.
- **caption** (str, optional) – Video caption (may also be used when resending videos by file\_id), 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

- **parse\_mode** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (`List[telegram.MessageEntity]`, optional) – List of special entities that appear in message text, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.
- **supports\_streaming** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the uploaded video is suitable for streaming.
- **disable\_notification** (`bool`, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **protect\_content** (`bool`, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **reply\_to\_message\_id** (`int`, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **allow\_sending\_without\_reply** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply\_markup** (`InlineKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardRemove` | `ForceReply`, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **thumb** (`file object` | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path`, optional) – Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `20`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async send_video_note(chat_id, video_note, duration=None, length=None,
                      disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                      reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20,
                      connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, thumb=None,
                      api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, filename=None,
                      protect_content=None)
```

As of v.4.0, Telegram clients support rounded square mp4 videos of up to 1 minute long. Use this method to send video messages.

**Note:**

- The `video_note` argument can be either a `file_id` or a file from disk `open(filename, 'rb')`
  - `thumb` will be ignored for small video files, for which Telegram can easily generate thumb nails. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.
- 

**Parameters**

- **`chat_id`** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **`video_note`** (`str` | `file object` | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path` | `telegram.VideoNote`) – Video note to send. Pass a `file_id` as String to send a video note that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended) or upload a new video using multipart/form-data. Or you can pass an existing `telegram.VideoNote` object to send. Sending video notes by a URL is currently unsupported.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **`filename`** (`str`, optional) – Custom file name for the video note, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the `tempfile` module.

New in version 13.1.

- **`duration`** (`int`, optional) – Duration of sent video in seconds.
- **`length`** (`int`, optional) – Video width and height, i.e. diameter of the video message.
- **`disable_notification`** (`bool`, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **`protect_content`** (`bool`, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 13.10.

- **`reply_to_message_id`** (`int`, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **`allow_sending_without_reply`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **`reply_markup`** (`InlineKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardRemove` | `ForceReply`, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **`thumb`** (`file object` | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path`, optional) – Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to 20.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async send_voice(chat_id, voice, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                 reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                 write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                 parse_mode=None, api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                 caption_entities=None, filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Use this method to send audio files, if you want Telegram clients to display the file as a playable voice message. For this to work, your audio must be in an `.ogg` file encoded with OPUS (other formats may be sent as Audio or Document). Bots can currently send voice messages of up to `50 MB` in size, this limit may be changed in the future.

---

**Note:**

- The voice argument can be either a file\_id, an URL or a file from disk `open(filename, 'rb')`.
  - To use this method, the file must have the type audio/ogg and be no more than 1MB in size. 1-20MB voice notes will be sent as files.
- 

**Parameters**

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **voice** (`str` | file object | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path` | `telegram.Voice`) – Voice file to send. Pass a file\_id as String to send an voice file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get an voice file from the Internet, or upload a new one using multipart/form-data. Lastly you can pass an existing `telegram.Voice` object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **filename** (`str`, optional) – Custom file name for the voice, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the `tempfile` module.

New in version 13.1.

- **caption** (`str`, optional) – Voice message caption, 0-`1024` characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (List[`telegram.MessageEntity`], optional) – List of special entities that appear in message text, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.
- **duration** (`int`, optional) – Duration of the voice message in seconds.
- **disable\_notification** (`bool`, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.

- **protect\_content** (`bool`, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.  
New in version 13.10.
- **reply\_to\_message\_id** (`int`, optional) – If the message is a reply, ID of the original message.
- **allow\_sending\_without\_reply** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **reply\_markup** (`InlineKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardMarkup` | `ReplyKeyboardRemove` | `ForceReply`, optional) – Additional interface options. An object for an inline keyboard, custom reply keyboard, instructions to remove reply keyboard or to force a reply from the user.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `20`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the sent Message is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async setChatAdministratorCustomTitle(chat_id, user_id, custom_title, read_timeout=None,
                                     write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                                     pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `set_chat_administrator_custom_title()`

```
async setChatDescription(chat_id, description=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                        connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `set_chat_description()`

```
async setChatMenuButton(chat_id=None, menu_button=None, read_timeout=None,
                       write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                       api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `set_chat_menu_button()`

```
async setChatPermissions(chat_id, permissions, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                        connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `set_chat_permissions()`

```
async setChatPhoto(chat_id, photo, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None,
                  pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `set_chat_photo()`

```
async setChatStickerSet(chat_id, sticker_set_name, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                       connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `set_chat_sticker_set()`

```
async setChatTitle(chat_id, title, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,  
                  pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `set_chat_title()`

```
async setGameScore(user_id, score, chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,  
                  force=None, disable_edit_message=None, read_timeout=None,  
                  write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,  
                  api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `set_game_score()`

```
async setMyCommands(commands, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,  
                  pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, scope=None, language_code=None)
```

Alias for `set_my_commands()`

```
async setMyDefaultAdministratorRights(rights=None, for_channels=None, read_timeout=None,  
                                      write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,  
                                      pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `set_my_default_administrator_rights()`

```
async setPassportDataErrors(user_id, errors, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,  
                           connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `set_passport_data_errors()`

```
async setStickerPositionInSet(sticker, position, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,  
                             connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `set_sticker_position_in_set()`

```
async setStickerSetThumb(name, user_id, thumb=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,  
                        connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `set_sticker_set_thumb()`

```
async setWebhook(url, certificate=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,  
               connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, max_connections=40,  
               allowed_updates=None, api_kwargs=None, ip_address=None,  
               drop_pending_updates=None)
```

Alias for `set_webhook()`

```
async set_chat_administrator_custom_title(chat_id, user_id, custom_title, read_timeout=None,  
                                         write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,  
                                         pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to set a custom title for administrators promoted by the bot in a supergroup. The bot must be an administrator for this to work.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format `@supergroupusername`).
- **user\_id** (`int`) – Unique identifier of the target administrator.
- **custom\_title** (`str`) – New custom title for the administrator; 0-16 characters, emoji are not allowed.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async set\_chat\_description**(*chat\_id*, *description=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to change the description of a group, a supergroup or a channel. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (*int* | *str*) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **description** (*str*, optional) – New chat description, 0-255 characters.
- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async set\_chat\_menu\_button**(*chat\_id=None*, *menu\_button=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to change the bot's menu button in a private chat, or the default menu button.

**See also:**

`get_chat_menu_button()`, `telegram.Chat.set_menu_button()`, `telegram.User.set_menu_button()`

New in version 20.0.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (*int*, optional) – Unique identifier for the target private chat. If not specified, default bot's menu button will be changed
- **menu\_button** (`telegram.MenuButton`, optional) – An object for the new bot's menu button. Defaults to `telegram.MenuButtonDefault`.
- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** bool

**async set\_chat\_permissions**(chat\_id, permissions, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None)

Use this method to set default chat permissions for all members. The bot must be an administrator in the group or a supergroup for this to work and must have the `telegram.ChatMemberAdministrator.can_restrict_members` admin rights.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format `@supergroupusername`).
- **permissions** (`telegram.ChatPermissions`) – New default chat permissions.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** bool

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async set\_chat\_photo**(chat\_id, photo, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=20, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None)

Use this method to set a new profile photo for the chat.

Photos can't be changed for private chats. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **photo** (file object | bytes | `pathlib.Path`) – New chat photo.  
Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** bool

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async set\_chat\_sticker\_set**(*chat\_id*, *sticker\_set\_name*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to set a new group sticker set for a supergroup. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights. Use the field `telegram.Chat.can_set_sticker_set` optionally returned in `get_chat()` requests to check if the bot can use this method.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format `@supergroupusername`).
- **sticker\_set\_name** (str) – Name of the sticker set to be set as the group sticker set.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** bool

**async set\_chat\_title**(*chat\_id*, *title*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to change the title of a chat. Titles can't be changed for private chats. The bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the appropriate admin rights.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (int | str) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **title** (str) – New chat title, 1-255 characters.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async def set_game_score(user_id, score, chat_id=None, message_id=None, inline_message_id=None,
                        force=None, disable_edit_message=None, read_timeout=None,
                        write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                        api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to set the score of the specified user in a game message.

#### Parameters

- **user\_id** (int) – User identifier.
- **score** (int) – New score, must be non-negative.
- **force** (bool, optional) – Pass `True`, if the high score is allowed to decrease. This can be useful when fixing mistakes or banning cheaters.
- **disable\_edit\_message** (bool, optional) – Pass `True`, if the game message should not be automatically edited to include the current scoreboard.
- **chat\_id** (int | str, optional) – Required if `inline_message_id` is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat.
- **message\_id** (int, optional) – Required if `inline_message_id` is not specified. Identifier of the sent message.
- **inline\_message\_id** (str, optional) – Required if `chat_id` and `message_id` are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** The edited message. If the message is not an inline message, `True`.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` – If the new score is not greater than the user's current score in the chat and `force` is `False`.

```
async def set_my_commands(commands, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                          connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                          scope=None, language_code=None)
```

Use this method to change the list of the bot's commands. See the [Telegram docs](#) for more details about bot commands.

#### Parameters

- **commands** (List[`BotCommand` | (str, str)]) – A list of bot commands to be set as the list of the bot's commands. At most 100 commands can be specified.

- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.
- **scope** (`telegram.BotCommandScope`, optional) – An object, describing scope of users for which the commands are relevant. Defaults to `telegram.BotCommandScopeDefault`.

New in version 13.7.

- **language\_code** (str, optional) – A two-letter ISO 639-1 language code. If empty, commands will be applied to all users from the given scope, for whose language there are no dedicated commands.

New in version 13.7.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** bool

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async set_my_default_administrator_rights(rights=None, for_channels=None,
                                         read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                                         connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                                         api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to change the default administrator rights requested by the bot when it's added as an administrator to groups or channels. These rights will be suggested to users, but they are free to modify the list before adding the bot.

**See also:**

`get_my_default_administrator_rights()`

New in version 20.0.

#### Parameters

- **rights** (`telegram.ChatAdministratorRights`, optional) – A `telegram.ChatAdministratorRights` object describing new default administrator rights. If not specified, the default administrator rights will be cleared.
- **for\_channels** (bool, optional) – Pass `True` to change the default administrator rights of the bot in channels. Otherwise, the default administrator rights of the bot for groups and supergroups will be changed.
- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** Returns `True` on success.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async set\_passport\_data\_errors**(*user\_id*, *errors*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Informs a user that some of the Telegram Passport elements they provided contains errors. The user will not be able to re-submit their Passport to you until the errors are fixed (the contents of the field for which you returned the error must change).

Use this if the data submitted by the user doesn't satisfy the standards your service requires for any reason. For example, if a birthday date seems invalid, a submitted document is blurry, a scan shows evidence of tampering, etc. Supply some details in the error message to make sure the user knows how to correct the issues.

#### Parameters

- **user\_id** (*int*) – User identifier
- **errors** (*List*[`PassportElementError`]) – An array describing the errors.
- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async set\_sticker\_position\_in\_set**(*sticker*, *position*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to move a sticker in a set created by the bot to a specific position.

#### Parameters

- **sticker** (*str*) – File identifier of the sticker.
- **position** (*int*) – New sticker position in the set, zero-based.
- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async set_sticker_set_thumb(name, user_id, thumb=None, read_timeout=None,
                           write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                           api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to set the thumbnail of a sticker set. Animated thumbnails can be set for animated sticker sets only. Video thumbnails can be set only for video sticker sets only.

---

**Note:** The `thumb` can be either a `file_id`, an URL or a file from disk `open(filename, 'rb')`

---

#### Parameters

- **name** (*str*) – Sticker set name
- **user\_id** (*int*) – User identifier of created sticker set owner.
- **thumb** (*str* | *file object* | *bytes* | *pathlib.Path*, optional) – A **PNG** image with the thumbnail, must be up to 128 kilobytes in size and have width and height exactly 100px, or a **TGS** animation with the thumbnail up to 32 kilobytes in size; see <https://core.telegram.org/stickers#animated-sticker-requirements> for animated sticker technical requirements, or a **WEBM** video with the thumbnail up to 32 kilobytes in size; see <https://core.telegram.org/stickers#video-sticker-requirements> for video sticker technical requirements. Pass a `file_id` as a String to send a file that already exists on the Telegram servers, pass an HTTP URL as a String for Telegram to get a file from the Internet, or upload a new one using multipart/form-data. Animated sticker set thumbnails can't be uploaded via HTTP URL.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async set_webhook(url, certificate=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                 connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, max_connections=40,
                 allowed_updates=None, api_kwargs=None, ip_address=None,
                 drop_pending_updates=None)
```

Use this method to specify a url and receive incoming updates via an outgoing webhook. Whenever

there is an update for the bot, Telegram will send an HTTPS POST request to the specified url, containing An Update. In case of an unsuccessful request, Telegram will give up after a reasonable amount of attempts.

If you'd like to make sure that the Webhook request comes from Telegram, Telegram recommends using a secret path in the URL, e.g. <https://www.example.com/<token>>. Since nobody else knows your bot's token, you can be pretty sure it's us.

---

**Note:** The certificate argument should be a file from disk `open(filename, 'rb')`.

---

### Parameters

- **`url`** (`str`) – HTTPS url to send updates to. Use an empty string to remove webhook integration.
- **`certificate`** (`file object`) – Upload your public key certificate so that the root certificate in use can be checked. See our self-signed guide for details. (<https://goo.gl/rw7w6Y>)
- **`ip_address`** (`str`, optional) – The fixed IP address which will be used to send webhook requests instead of the IP address resolved through DNS.
- **`max_connections`** (`int`, optional) – Maximum allowed number of simultaneous HTTPS connections to the webhook for update delivery, 1-100. Defaults to 40. Use lower values to limit the load on your bot's server, and higher values to increase your bot's throughput.
- **`allowed_updates`** (`List[str]`, optional) – A list the types of updates you want your bot to receive. For example, specify ["message", "edited\_channel\_post", "callback\_query"] to only receive updates of these types. See [telegram.Update](#) for a complete list of available update types. Specify an empty list to receive all updates except [telegram.Update.chat\\_member](#) (default). If not specified, the previous setting will be used. Please note that this parameter doesn't affect updates created before the call to the `set_webhook`, so unwanted updates may be received for a short period of time.
- **`drop_pending_updates`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True` to drop all pending updates.
- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read\\_timeout](#). Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write\\_timeout](#). Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect\\_timeout](#). Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`pool_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to [telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool\\_timeout](#). Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`api_kwargs`** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

---

### Note:

1. You will not be able to receive updates using [get\\_updates\(\)](#) for long as an outgoing webhook is set up.
2. To use a self-signed certificate, you need to upload your public key certificate using certificate parameter. Please upload as `InputFile`, sending a `String` will not work.
3. Ports currently supported for Webhooks: [telegram.constants.SUPPORTED\\_WEBHOOK\\_PORTS](#).

If you're having any trouble setting up webhooks, please check out this [guide to Webhooks](#).

---

**Returns** `bool` On success, `True` is returned.

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async shutdown()**

Stop & clear resources used by this class. Currently just calls `telegram.request.BaseRequest.shutdown()` for the request objects used by this bot.

**See also:**

`initialize()`

New in version 20.0.

**async stopMessageLiveLocation**(*chat\_id=None, message\_id=None, inline\_message\_id=None, reply\_markup=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Alias for `stop_message_live_location()`

**async stopPoll**(*chat\_id, message\_id, reply\_markup=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Alias for `stop_poll()`

**async stop\_message\_live\_location**(*chat\_id=None, message\_id=None, inline\_message\_id=None, reply\_markup=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to stop updating a live location message sent by the bot or via the bot (for inline bots) before `live_period` expires.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Required if `inline_message_id` is not specified. Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **message\_id** (`int`, optional) – Required if `inline_message_id` is not specified. Identifier of the sent message with live location to stop.
- **inline\_message\_id** (`str`, optional) – Required if `chat_id` and `message_id` are not specified. Identifier of the inline message.
- **reply\_markup** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – An object for a new inline keyboard.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited message is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

Return type `telegram.Message`

```
async stop_poll(chat_id, message_id, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
               write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
               api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to stop a poll which was sent by the bot.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format `@channelusername`).
- **message\_id** (`int`) – Identifier of the original message with the poll.
- **reply\_markup** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – An object for a new message inline keyboard.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the stopped Poll is returned.

Return type `telegram.Poll`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

#### property supports\_inline\_queries

Bot's `telegram.User.supports_inline_queries` attribute. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of `bot`.

Type `bool`

#### to\_dict()

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

```
async unbanChatMember(chat_id, user_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                     connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                     only_if_banned=None)
```

Alias for `unban_chat_member()`

```
async unbanChatSenderChat(chat_id, sender_chat_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                         connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `unban_chat_sender_chat()`

```
async unban_chat_member(chat_id, user_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                       connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                       only_if_banned=None)
```

Use this method to unban a previously kicked user in a supergroup or channel.

The user will *not* return to the group or channel automatically, but will be able to join via link, etc. The bot must be an administrator for this to work. By default, this method guarantees that after the call the user is not a member of the chat, but will be able to join it. So if the user is a member of the chat they will also be *removed* from the chat. If you don't want this, use the parameter `only_if_banned`.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup or channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **user\_id** (`int`) – Unique identifier of the target user.
- **only\_if\_banned** (`bool`, optional) – Do nothing if the user is not banned.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async unban\_chat\_sender\_chat**(*chat\_id, sender\_chat\_id, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Use this method to unban a previously banned channel in a supergroup or channel. The bot must be an administrator for this to work and must have the appropriate administrator rights.

New in version 13.9.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup or channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **sender\_chat\_id** (`int`) – Unique identifier of the target sender chat.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**async unpinAllChatMessages**(*chat\_id, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Alias for `unpin_all_chat_messages()`

```
async unpinChatMessage(chat_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,  
                        pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, message_id=None)
```

Alias for `unpin_chat_message()`

```
async unpin_all_chat_messages(chat_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,  
                              connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to clear the list of pinned messages in a chat. If the chat is not a private chat, the bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the `can_pin_messages` admin right in a supergroup or `telegram.ChatMemberAdministrator.can_edit_messages` admin right in a channel.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async unpin_chat_message(chat_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,  
                          connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,  
                          message_id=None)
```

Use this method to remove a message from the list of pinned messages in a chat. If the chat is not a private chat, the bot must be an administrator in the chat for this to work and must have the `can_pin_messages` admin right in a supergroup or `telegram.ChatMemberAdministrator.can_edit_messages` admin right in a channel.

#### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `str`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target channel (in the format @channelusername).
- **message\_id** (`int`, optional) – Identifier of a message to unpin. If not specified, the most recent pinned message (by sending date) will be unpinned.
- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **api\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async uploadStickerFile(user_id, png_sticker, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20,
                        connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Alias for `upload_sticker_file()`

```
async upload_sticker_file(user_id, png_sticker, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20,
                          connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Use this method to upload a .PNG file with a sticker for later use in `create_new_sticker_set()` and `add_sticker_to_set()` methods (can be used multiple times).

---

**Note:** The `png_sticker` argument can be either a `file_id`, an URL or a file from disk `open(filename, 'rb')`

---

#### Parameters

- **`user_id`** (`int`) – User identifier of sticker file owner.
- **`png_sticker`** (`str` | `file object` | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path`) – PNG image with the sticker, must be up to 512 kilobytes in size, dimensions must not exceed 512px, and either width or height must be exactly 512px.  
Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.
- **`read_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`pool_timeout`** (`float` | `None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`api_kwargs`** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to be passed to the Telegram API.

**Returns** On success, the uploaded File is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.File`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

#### property username

Bot's username. Shortcut for the corresponding attribute of `bot`.

**Type** `str`

### 10.1.4 telegram.BotCommand

**class** telegram.**BotCommand**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a bot command.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [command](#) and [description](#) are equal.

**Parameters**

- [command](#) ([str](#)) – Text of the command; 1-32 characters. Can contain only lowercase English letters, digits and underscores.
- [description](#) ([str](#)) – Description of the command; 1-256 characters.

**command**

Text of the command.

Type [str](#)

**description**

Description of the command.

Type [str](#)

### 10.1.5 telegram.BotCommandScope

**class** telegram.**BotCommandScope**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

Base class for objects that represent the scope to which bot commands are applied. Currently, the following 7 scopes are supported:

- [telegram.BotCommandScopeDefault](#)
- [telegram.BotCommandScopeAllPrivateChats](#)
- [telegram.BotCommandScopeAllGroupChats](#)
- [telegram.BotCommandScopeAllChatAdministrators](#)
- [telegram.BotCommandScopeChat](#)
- [telegram.BotCommandScopeChatAdministrators](#)
- [telegram.BotCommandScopeChatMember](#)

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [type](#) is equal. For subclasses with additional attributes, the notion of equality is overridden.

---

**Note:** Please see the [official docs](#) on how Telegram determines which commands to display.

---

New in version 13.7.

**Parameters** [type](#) ([str](#)) – Scope type.

**type**

Scope type.

Type [str](#)

**ALL\_CHAT\_ADMINISTRATORS** = 'all\_chat\_administrators'

[telegram.constants.BotCommandScopeType.ALL\\_CHAT\\_ADMINISTRATORS](#)

```
ALL_GROUP_CHATS = 'all_group_chats'
    telegram.constants.BotCommandScopeType.ALL_GROUP_CHATS
ALL_PRIVATE_CHATS = 'all_private_chats'
    telegram.constants.BotCommandScopeType.ALL_PRIVATE_CHATS
CHAT = 'chat'
    telegram.constants.BotCommandScopeType.CHAT
CHAT_ADMINISTRATORS = 'chat_administrators'
    telegram.constants.BotCommandScopeType.CHAT_ADMINISTRATORS
CHAT_MEMBER = 'chat_member'
    telegram.constants.BotCommandScopeType.CHAT_MEMBER
DEFAULT = 'default'
    telegram.constants.BotCommandScopeType.DEFAULT
```

**classmethod** `de_json(data, bot)`

Converts JSON data to the appropriate *BotCommandScope* object, i.e. takes care of selecting the correct subclass.

**Parameters**

- *data* (Dict[str, ...]) – The JSON data.
- *bot* (*telegram.Bot*) – The bot associated with this object.

**Returns** The Telegram object.

### 10.1.6 telegram.BotCommandScopeDefault

**class** `telegram.BotCommandScopeDefault(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: *telegram.BotCommandScope*

Represents the default scope of bot commands. Default commands are used if no commands with a *narrower scope* are specified for the user.

New in version 13.7.

**type**

Scope type *'default'*.

**Type** *str*

### 10.1.7 telegram.BotCommandScopeAllPrivateChats

**class** `telegram.BotCommandScopeAllPrivateChats(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: *telegram.BotCommandScope*

Represents the scope of bot commands, covering all private chats.

New in version 13.7.

**type**

Scope type *'all\_private\_chats'*.

**Type** *str*

### 10.1.8 telegram.BotCommandScopeAllGroupChats

**class** telegram.BotCommandScopeAllGroupChats(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.BotCommandScope](#)

Represents the scope of bot commands, covering all group and supergroup chats.

New in version 13.7.

**type**

Scope type `'all_group_chats'`.

Type `str`

### 10.1.9 telegram.BotCommandScopeAllChatAdministrators

**class** telegram.BotCommandScopeAllChatAdministrators(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.BotCommandScope](#)

Represents the scope of bot commands, covering all group and supergroup chat administrators.

New in version 13.7.

**type**

Scope type `'all_chat_administrators'`.

Type `str`

### 10.1.10 telegram.BotCommandScopeChat

**class** telegram.BotCommandScopeChat(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.BotCommandScope](#)

Represents the scope of bot commands, covering a specific chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [type](#) and [chat\\_id](#) are equal.

New in version 13.7.

**Parameters** [chat\\_id](#) (`str` | `int`) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format `@supergroupusername`)

**type**

Scope type `'chat'`.

Type `str`

**chat\_id**

Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format `@supergroupusername`)

Type `str` | `int`

### 10.1.11 telegram.BotCommandScopeChatAdministrators

**class** telegram.BotCommandScopeChatAdministrators(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.BotCommandScope](#)

Represents the scope of bot commands, covering all administrators of a specific group or supergroup chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [type](#) and [chat\\_id](#) are equal.

New in version 13.7.

**Parameters** [chat\\_id](#) ([str](#) | [int](#)) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername)

**type**

Scope type '[chat\\_administrators](#)'.

**Type** [str](#)

**chat\_id**

Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername)

**Type** [str](#) | [int](#)

### 10.1.12 telegram.BotCommandScopeChatMember

**class** telegram.BotCommandScopeChatMember(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.BotCommandScope](#)

Represents the scope of bot commands, covering a specific member of a group or supergroup chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [type](#), [chat\\_id](#) and [user\\_id](#) are equal.

New in version 13.7.

**Parameters**

- [chat\\_id](#) ([str](#) | [int](#)) – Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername)
- [user\\_id](#) ([int](#)) – Unique identifier of the target user.

**type**

Scope type '[chat\\_member](#)'.

**Type** [str](#)

**chat\_id**

Unique identifier for the target chat or username of the target supergroup (in the format @supergroupusername)

**Type** [str](#) | [int](#)

**user\_id**

Unique identifier of the target user.

**Type** [int](#)

### 10.1.13 telegram.CallbackQuery

**class** telegram.CallbackQuery(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents an incoming callback query from a callback button in an inline keyboard.

If the button that originated the query was attached to a message sent by the bot, the field [message](#) will be present. If the button was attached to a message sent via the bot (in inline mode), the field [inline\\_message\\_id](#) will be present.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [id](#) is equal.

---

**Note:**

- In Python [from](#) is a reserved word use [from\\_user](#) instead.
- Exactly one of the fields [data](#) or [game\\_short\\_name](#) will be present.
- After the user presses an inline button, Telegram clients will display a progress bar until you call [answer](#). It is, therefore, necessary to react by calling [telegram.Bot.answer\\_callback\\_query](#) even if no notification to the user is needed (e.g., without specifying any of the optional parameters).
- If you're using [telegram.ext.ExtBot.arbitrary\\_callback\\_data](#), [data](#) may be an instance of [telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData](#). This will be the case, if the data associated with the button triggering the [telegram.CallbackQuery](#) was already deleted or if [data](#) was manipulated by a malicious client.

New in version 13.6.

---

#### Parameters

- [id](#) ([str](#)) – Unique identifier for this query.
- [from\\_user](#) ([telegram.User](#)) – Sender.
- [chat\\_instance](#) ([str](#)) – Global identifier, uniquely corresponding to the chat to which the message with the callback button was sent. Useful for high scores in games.
- [message](#) ([telegram.Message](#), optional) – Message with the callback button that originated the query. Note that message content and message date will not be available if the message is too old.
- [data](#) ([str](#), optional) – Data associated with the callback button. Be aware that a bad client can send arbitrary data in this field.
- [inline\\_message\\_id](#) ([str](#), optional) – Identifier of the message sent via the bot in inline mode, that originated the query.
- [game\\_short\\_name](#) ([str](#), optional) – Short name of a Game to be returned, serves as the unique identifier for the game
- [bot](#) ([telegram.Bot](#), optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.

#### [id](#)

Unique identifier for this query.

Type [str](#)

#### [from\\_user](#)

Sender.

Type [telegram.User](#)

**chat\_instance**

Global identifier, uniquely corresponding to the chat to which the message with the callback button was sent.

Type `str`

**message**

Optional. Message with the callback button that originated the query.

Type `telegram.Message`

**data**

Optional. Data associated with the callback button.

Type `str` | `object`

**inline\_message\_id**

Optional. Identifier of the message sent via the bot in inline mode, that originated the query.

Type `str`

**game\_short\_name**

Optional. Short name of a Game to be returned.

Type `str`

**bot**

The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type `telegram.Bot`, optional

**MAX\_ANSWER\_TEXT\_LENGTH = 200**

`telegram.constants.CallbackQueryLimit.ANSWER_CALLBACK_QUERY_TEXT_LENGTH`

New in version 13.2.

**async** `answer`(*text=None, show\_alert=False, url=None, cache\_time=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.answer_callback_query(update.callback_query.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.answer_callback_query()`.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async** `copy_message`(*chat\_id, caption=None, parse\_mode=None, caption\_entities=None, disable\_notification=None, reply\_to\_message\_id=None, allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None, reply\_markup=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None, protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
update.callback_query.message.copy(
    chat_id,
    from_chat_id=update.message.chat_id,
    message_id=update.message.message_id,
    *args,
    **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Message.copy()`.

**Returns** On success, returns the `MessageId` of the sent message.

**Return type** `telegram.MessageId`

**classmethod** `de_json(data, bot)`

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

**async** `delete_message(read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)`

Shortcut for:

```
update.callback_query.message.delete(*args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Message.delete()`.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async** `edit_message_caption(caption=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, parse_mode=None, api_kwargs=None, caption_entities=None)`

Shortcut for either:

```
update.callback_query.message.edit_caption(caption, *args, **kwargs)
```

or:

```
bot.edit_message_caption(caption=caption
                        inline_message_id=update.callback_query.inline_
↪message_id,
                        *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.edit_message_caption()` and `telegram.Message.edit_caption()`.

**Returns** On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited `Message` is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**async** `edit_message_live_location(latitude=None, longitude=None, location=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity_alert_radius=None)`

Shortcut for either:

```
update.callback_query.message.edit_live_location(*args, **kwargs)
```

or:

```
bot.edit_message_live_location(
    inline_message_id=update.callback_query.inline_message_id,
    *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.edit_message_live_location()` and `telegram.Message.edit_live_location()`.

**Returns** On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited `Message` is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

Return type `telegram.Message`

**async edit\_message\_media**(*media*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for either:

```
update.callback_query.message.edit_media(*args, **kwargs)
```

or:

```
bot.edit_message_media(inline_message_id=update.callback_query.inline_
↪message_id,
                        *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.edit_message_media()` and `telegram.Message.edit_media()`.

**Returns** On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited Message is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

Return type `telegram.Message`

**async edit\_message\_reply\_markup**(*reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for either:

```
update.callback_query.message.edit_reply_markup(
    reply_markup=reply_markup,
    *args,
    **kwargs
)
```

or:

```
bot.edit_message_reply_markup
    inline_message_id=update.callback_query.inline_message_id,
    reply_markup=reply_markup,
    *args,
    **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.edit_message_reply_markup()` and `telegram.Message.edit_reply_markup()`.

**Returns** On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

Return type `telegram.Message`

**async edit\_message\_text**(*text*, *parse\_mode=None*, *disable\_web\_page\_preview=None*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *entities=None*)

Shortcut for either:

```
update.callback_query.message.edit_text(text, *args, **kwargs)
```

or:

```
bot.edit_message_text(text, inline_message_id=update.callback_query.inline_
↪message_id,
                        *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.edit\\_message\\_text\(\)](#) and [telegram.Message.edit\\_text\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

**async get\_game\_high\_scores**(*user\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*,  
*connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for either:

```
update.callback_query.message.get_game_high_score(*args, **kwargs)
```

or:

```
bot.get_game_high_scores(inline_message_id=update.callback_query.inline_
↪message_id,
                        *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.get\\_game\\_high\\_scores\(\)](#) and [telegram.Message.get\\_game\\_high\\_scores\(\)](#).

**Returns** List[[telegram.GameHighScore](#)]

**async pin\_message**(*disable\_notification=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*,  
*connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
update.callback_query.message.pin(*args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Message.pin\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async set\_game\_score**(*user\_id*, *score*, *force=None*, *disable\_edit\_message=None*, *read\_timeout=None*,  
*write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*,  
*api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for either:

```
update.callback_query.message.set_game_score(*args, **kwargs)
```

or:

```
bot.set_game_score(inline_message_id=update.callback_query.inline_message_id,
                  *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.set\\_game\\_score\(\)](#) and [telegram.Message.set\\_game\\_score\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async stop_message_live_location(reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                                write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                                pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for either:

```
update.callback_query.message.stop_live_location(*args, **kwargs)
```

or:

```
bot.stop_message_live_location(
    inline_message_id=update.callback_query.inline_message_id,
    *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.stop\\_message\\_live\\_location\(\)](#) and [telegram.Message.stop\\_live\\_location\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

```
async unpin_message(read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                    pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
update.callback_query.message.unpin(*args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Message.unpin\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

### 10.1.14 telegram.Chat

```
class telegram.Chat(*args, **kwargs)
```

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `id` is equal.

Changed in version 20.0: Removed the deprecated methods `kick_member` and `get_members_count`.

#### Parameters

- **id** (`int`) – Unique identifier for this chat. This number may be greater than 32 bits and some programming languages may have difficulty/silent defects in interpreting it. But it is smaller than 52 bits, so a signed 64-bit integer or double-precision float type are safe for storing this identifier.
- **type** (`str`) – Type of chat, can be either `PRIVATE`, `GROUP`, `SUPERGROUP` or `CHANNEL`.
- **title** (`str`, optional) – Title, for supergroups, channels and group chats.
- **username** (`str`, optional) – Username, for private chats, supergroups and channels if available.
- **first\_name** (`str`, optional) – First name of the other party in a private chat.
- **last\_name** (`str`, optional) – Last name of the other party in a private chat.

- **photo** (*telegram.ChatPhoto*, optional) – Chat photo. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get\_chat()*.
- **bio** (*str*, optional) – Bio of the other party in a private chat. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get\_chat()*.
- **has\_private\_forwards** (*bool*, optional) – *True*, if privacy settings of the other party in the private chat allows to use `tg://user?id=<user_id>` links only in chats with the user. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get\_chat()*.

New in version 13.9.

- **description** (*str*, optional) – Description, for groups, supergroups and channel chats. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get\_chat()*.
- **invite\_link** (*str*, optional) – Primary invite link, for groups, supergroups and channel. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get\_chat()*.
- **pinned\_message** (*telegram.Message*, optional) – The most recent pinned message (by sending date). Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get\_chat()*.
- **permissions** (*telegram.ChatPermissions*) – Optional. Default chat member permissions, for groups and supergroups. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get\_chat()*.
- **slow\_mode\_delay** (*int*, optional) – For supergroups, the minimum allowed delay between consecutive messages sent by each unprivileged user. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get\_chat()*.
- **message\_auto\_delete\_time** (*int*, optional) – The time after which all messages sent to the chat will be automatically deleted; in seconds. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get\_chat()*.

New in version 13.4.

- **has\_protected\_content** (*bool*, optional) – *True*, if messages from the chat can't be forwarded to other chats. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get\_chat()*.

New in version 13.9.

- **bot** (*telegram.Bot*, optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.
- **sticker\_set\_name** (*str*, optional) – For supergroups, name of group sticker set. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get\_chat()*.
- **can\_set\_sticker\_set** (*bool*, optional) – *True*, if the bot can change group the sticker set. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get\_chat()*.
- **linked\_chat\_id** (*int*, optional) – Unique identifier for the linked chat, i.e. the discussion group identifier for a channel and vice versa; for supergroups and channel chats. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get\_chat()*.
- **location** (*telegram.ChatLocation*, optional) – For supergroups, the location to which the supergroup is connected. Returned only in *telegram.Bot.get\_chat()*.
- **\*\*kwargs** (*dict*) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### **id**

Unique identifier for this chat.

Type *int*

#### **type**

Type of chat.

Type *str*

#### **title**

Optional. Title, for supergroups, channels and group chats.

Type `str`

**username**

Optional. Username.

Type `str`

**first\_name**

Optional. First name of the other party in a private chat.

Type `str`

**last\_name**

Optional. Last name of the other party in a private chat.

Type `str`

**photo**

Optional. Chat photo.

Type `telegram.ChatPhoto`

**bio**

Optional. Bio of the other party in a private chat. Returned only in `telegram.Bot.get_chat()`.

Type `str`

**has\_private\_forwards**

Optional. `True`, if privacy settings of the other party in the private chat allows to use `tg://user?id=<user_id>` links only in chats with the user.

New in version 13.9.

Type `bool`

**description**

Optional. Description, for groups, supergroups and channel chats.

Type `str`

**invite\_link**

Optional. Primary invite link, for groups, supergroups and channel. Returned only in `telegram.Bot.get_chat()`.

Type `str`

**pinned\_message**

Optional. The most recent pinned message (by sending date). Returned only in `telegram.Bot.get_chat()`.

Type `telegram.Message`

**permissions**

Optional. Default chat member permissions, for groups and supergroups. Returned only in `telegram.Bot.get_chat()`.

Type `telegram.ChatPermissions`

**slow\_mode\_delay**

Optional. For supergroups, the minimum allowed delay between consecutive messages sent by each unprivileged user. Returned only in `telegram.Bot.get_chat()`.

Type `int`

**message\_auto\_delete\_time**

Optional. The time after which all messages sent to the chat will be automatically deleted; in seconds. Returned only in `telegram.Bot.get_chat()`.

New in version 13.4.

Type `int`

**has\_protected\_content**

Optional. `True`, if messages from the chat can't be forwarded to other chats.

New in version 13.9.

Type `bool`

**sticker\_set\_name**

Optional. For supergroups, name of Group sticker set.

Type `str`

**can\_set\_sticker\_set**

Optional. `True`, if the bot can change group the sticker set.

Type `bool`

**linked\_chat\_id**

Optional. Unique identifier for the linked chat, i.e. the discussion group identifier for a channel and vice versa; for supergroups and channel chats. Returned only in `telegram.Bot.get_chat()`.

Type `int`

**location**

Optional. For supergroups, the location to which the supergroup is connected. Returned only in `telegram.Bot.get_chat()`.

Type `telegram.ChatLocation`

**CHANNEL = 'channel'**

`telegram.constants.ChatType.CHANNEL`

**GROUP = 'group'**

`telegram.constants.ChatType.GROUP`

**PRIVATE = 'private'**

`telegram.constants.ChatType.PRIVATE`

**SENDER = 'sender'**

`telegram.constants.ChatType.SENDER`

New in version 13.5.

**SUPERGROUP = 'supergroup'**

`telegram.constants.ChatType.SUPERGROUP`

**async approve\_join\_request**(*user\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*,  
*connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.approve_chat_join_request(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,
↪ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.approve_chat_join_request()`.

New in version 13.8.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async ban\_chat**(*chat\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*,  
*pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.ban_chat_sender_chat(  
    sender_chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs  
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.ban_chat_sender_chat()`.

New in version 13.9.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async ban\_member**(*user\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*,  
*pool\_timeout=None*, *until\_date=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *revoke\_messages=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.ban_chat_member(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.ban_chat_member()`.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async ban\_sender\_chat**(*sender\_chat\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*,  
*connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.ban_chat_sender_chat(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,  
    **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.ban_chat_sender_chat()`.

New in version 13.9.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async copy\_message**(*chat\_id*, *message\_id*, *caption=None*, *parse\_mode=None*, *caption\_entities=None*,  
*disable\_notification=None*, *reply\_to\_message\_id=None*,  
*allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*,  
*write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*,  
*api\_kwargs=None*, *protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.copy_message(from_chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,  
    **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.copy_message()`.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**async create\_invite\_link**(*expire\_date=None, member\_limit=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None, name=None, creates\_join\_request=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.create_chat_invite_link(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,
↳ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.create\\_chat\\_invite\\_link\(\)](#).

New in version 13.4.

Changed in version 13.8: Edited signature according to the changes of [telegram.Bot.create\\_chat\\_invite\\_link\(\)](#).

**Returns** [telegram.ChatInviteLink](#)

**classmethod de\_json**(*data, bot*)

See [telegram.TelegramObject.de\\_json\(\)](#).

**async decline\_join\_request**(*user\_id, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.decline_chat_join_request(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,
↳ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.decline\\_chat\\_join\\_request\(\)](#).

New in version 13.8.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async edit\_invite\_link**(*invite\_link, expire\_date=None, member\_limit=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None, name=None, creates\_join\_request=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.edit_chat_invite_link(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,
↳ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.edit\\_chat\\_invite\\_link\(\)](#).

New in version 13.4.

Changed in version 13.8: Edited signature according to the changes of [telegram.Bot.edit\\_chat\\_invite\\_link\(\)](#).

**Returns** [telegram.ChatInviteLink](#)

**async export\_invite\_link**(*read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.export_chat_invite_link(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,
↳ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.export\\_chat\\_invite\\_link\(\)](#).

New in version 13.4.

**Returns** New invite link on success.

Return type `str`

**property full\_name**

Convenience property. If `first_name` is not `None` gives, `first_name` followed by (if available) `last_name`.

---

**Note:** `full_name` will always be `None`, if the chat is a (super)group or channel.

---

New in version 13.2.

Type `str`

**async get\_administrators**(*read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.get_chat_administrators(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.get_chat_administrators()`.

**Returns** A list of administrators in a chat. An Array of `telegram.ChatMember` objects that contains information about all chat administrators except other bots. If the chat is a group or a supergroup and no administrators were appointed, only the creator will be returned.

Return type List[`telegram.ChatMember`]

**async get\_member**(*user\_id, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.get_chat_member(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.get_chat_member()`.

Returns `telegram.ChatMember`

**async get\_member\_count**(*read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.get_chat_member_count(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.get_chat_member_count()`.

Returns `int`

**async get\_menu\_button**(*read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.get_chat_menu_button(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, ↵
↵ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.set_chat_menu_button()`.

**Caution:** Can only work, if the chat is a private chat.

..seealso:: `set_menu_button()`

New in version 20.0.

**Returns** On success, the current menu button is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.MenuButton`

**async leave**(*read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.leave_chat(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.leave_chat()`.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

#### property link

Convenience property. If the chat has a `username`, returns a t.me link of the chat.

**Type** `str`

**async pin\_message**(*message\_id, disable\_notification=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.pin_chat_message(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.pin_chat_message()`.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async promote\_member**(*user\_id, can\_change\_info=None, can\_post\_messages=None, can\_edit\_messages=None, can\_delete\_messages=None, can\_invite\_users=None, can\_restrict\_members=None, can\_pin\_messages=None, can\_promote\_members=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None, is\_anonymous=None, can\_manage\_chat=None, can\_manage\_video\_chats=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.promote_chat_member(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.promote_chat_member()`.

New in version 13.2.

Changed in version 20.0: The argument `can_manage_voice_chats` was renamed to `can_manage_video_chats` in accordance to Bot API 6.0.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async restrict\_member**(*user\_id, permissions, until\_date=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.restrict_chat_member(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.restrict_chat_member()`.

New in version 13.2.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async revoke\_invite\_link**(*invite\_link*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*,  
*connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.revoke_chat_invite_link(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,  
    ↪ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.revoke_chat_invite_link()`.

New in version 13.4.

**Returns** `telegram.ChatInviteLink`

**async send\_action**(*action*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*,  
*pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Alias for `send_chat_action`

**async send\_animation**(*animation*, *duration=None*, *width=None*, *height=None*, *thumb=None*,  
*caption=None*, *parse\_mode=None*, *disable\_notification=None*,  
*reply\_to\_message\_id=None*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*,  
*write\_timeout=20*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*,  
*api\_kwargs=None*, *allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*,  
*caption\_entities=None*, *filename=None*, *protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_animation(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_animation()`.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**async send\_audio**(*audio*, *duration=None*, *performer=None*, *title=None*, *caption=None*,  
*disable\_notification=None*, *reply\_to\_message\_id=None*, *reply\_markup=None*,  
*read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=20*, *connect\_timeout=None*,  
*pool\_timeout=None*, *parse\_mode=None*, *thumb=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*,  
*allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*, *caption\_entities=None*, *filename=None*,  
*protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_audio(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_audio()`.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**async send\_chat\_action**(*action*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*,  
*pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_chat_action(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_chat_action()`.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

```
async send_contact(phone_number=None, first_name=None, last_name=None,  
                    disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,  
                    read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,  
                    pool_timeout=None, contact=None, vcard=None, api_kwargs=None,  
                    allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_contact(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_contact\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_copy(from_chat_id, message_id, caption=None, parse_mode=None,  
                caption_entities=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,  
                allow_sending_without_reply=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,  
                write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,  
                api_kwargs=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.copy_message(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.copy\\_message\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_dice(disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,  
                 read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,  
                 pool_timeout=None, emoji=None, api_kwargs=None,  
                 allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_dice(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_dice\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_document(document, filename=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None,  
                     reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,  
                     write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,  
                     parse_mode=None, thumb=None, api_kwargs=None,  
                     disable_content_type_detection=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,  
                     caption_entities=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_document(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_document\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_game(game_short_name, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,  
                 reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,  
                 connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,  
                 allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_game(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_game\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_invoice(title, description, payload, provider_token, currency, prices,
                  start_parameter=None, photo_url=None, photo_size=None, photo_width=None,
                  photo_height=None, need_name=None, need_phone_number=None,
                  need_email=None, need_shipping_address=None, is_flexible=None,
                  disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                  provider_data=None, send_phone_number_to_provider=None,
                  send_email_to_provider=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                  connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                  allow_sending_without_reply=None, max_tip_amount=None,
                  suggested_tip_amounts=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_invoice(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_invoice\(\)](#).

**Warning:** As of API 5.2 [start\\_parameter](#) is an optional argument and therefore the order of the arguments had to be changed. Use keyword arguments to make sure that the arguments are passed correctly.

Changed in version 13.5: As of Bot API 5.2, the parameter [start\\_parameter](#) is optional.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_location(latitude=None, longitude=None, disable_notification=None,
                  reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                  write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                  location=None, live_period=None, api_kwargs=None,
                  horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity_alert_radius=None,
                  allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_location(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_location\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_media_group(media, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                    read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None,
                    pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                    allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_media_group(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_media\\_group\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** List[[telegram.Message](#)]

```
async send_message(text, parse_mode=None, disable_web_page_preview=None,
                   disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                   read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                   pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                   entities=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_message(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_message\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_photo(photo, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                 reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20,
                 connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, parse_mode=None,
                 api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None,
                 filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_photo(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_photo\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_poll(question, options, is_anonymous=True, type=PollType.REGULAR,
                allows_multiple_answers=False, correct_option_id=None, is_closed=None,
                disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                pool_timeout=None, explanation=None, explanation_parse_mode=None,
                open_period=None, close_date=None, api_kwargs=None,
                allow_sending_without_reply=None, explanation_entities=None,
                protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_poll(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_poll\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_sticker(sticker, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                  reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20,
                  connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                  allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_sticker(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_sticker\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

```
async send_venue(latitude=None, longitude=None, title=None, address=None, foursquare_id=None,
                 disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                 read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                 pool_timeout=None, venue=None, foursquare_type=None, api_kwargs=None,
                 google_place_id=None, google_place_type=None,
                 allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_venue(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_venue()`.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

```
async send_video(video, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                 reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                 write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, width=None,
                 height=None, parse_mode=None, supports_streaming=None, thumb=None,
                 api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None,
                 filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_video(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_video()`.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

```
async send_video_note(video_note, duration=None, length=None, disable_notification=None,
                      reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                      write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                      thumb=None, api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                      filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_video_note(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_video_note()`.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

```
async send_voice(voice, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                 reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                 write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                 parse_mode=None, api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                 caption_entities=None, filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_voice(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_voice()`.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type `telegram.Message`

```
async set_administrator_custom_title(user_id, custom_title, read_timeout=None,
                                     write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                                     pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.set_chat_administrator_custom_title(
    update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.set_chat_administrator_custom_title()`.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

Return type `bool`

```
async set_menu_button(menu_button=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                      connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.set_chat_menu_button(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,
                               ↪ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.set_chat_menu_button()`.

**Caution:** Can only work, if the chat is a private chat.

..seealso:: `get_menu_button()`

New in version 20.0.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

Return type `bool`

```
async set_permissions(permissions, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                      connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.set_chat_permissions(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.set_chat_permissions()`.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

Return type `bool`

```
async unban_chat(chat_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                 pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.unban_chat_sender_chat(
    sender_chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.unban_chat_sender_chat()`.

New in version 13.9.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async unban\_member**(*user\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*,  
*pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *only\_if\_banned=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.unban_chat_member(update.effective_chat.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [`telegram.Bot.unban\_chat\_member\(\)`](#).

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async unban\_sender\_chat**(*sender\_chat\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*,  
*connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.unban_chat_sender_chat(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,  
↪ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [`telegram.Bot.unban\_chat\_sender\_chat\(\)`](#).

New in version 13.9.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async unpin\_all\_messages**(*read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*,  
*pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.unpin_all_chat_messages(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,  
↪ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [`telegram.Bot.unpin\_all\_chat\_messages\(\)`](#).

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async unpin\_message**(*read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*,  
*pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *message\_id=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.unpin_chat_message(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,  
↪ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [`telegram.Bot.unpin\_chat\_message\(\)`](#).

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

### 10.1.15 telegram.ChatAdministratorRights

New in version 20.0.

**class** telegram.ChatAdministratorRights(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

Represents the rights of an administrator in a chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [is\\_anonymous](#), [can\\_manage\\_chat](#), [can\\_delete\\_messages](#), [can\\_manage\\_video\\_chats](#), [can\\_restrict\\_members](#), [can\\_promote\\_members](#), [can\\_change\\_info](#), [can\\_invite\\_users](#), [can\\_post\\_messages](#), [can\\_edit\\_messages](#), [can\\_pin\\_messages](#) are equal.

New in version 20.0.

#### Parameters

- [is\\_anonymous](#) (bool) – True, if the user’s presence in the chat is hidden.
- [can\\_manage\\_chat](#) (bool) – True, if the administrator can access the chat event log, chat statistics, message statistics in channels, see channel members, see anonymous administrators in supergroups and ignore slow mode. Implied by any other administrator privilege.
- [can\\_delete\\_messages](#) (bool) – True, if the administrator can delete messages of other users.
- [can\\_manage\\_video\\_chats](#) (bool) – True, if the administrator can manage video chats.
- [can\\_restrict\\_members](#) (bool) – True, if the administrator can restrict, ban or unban chat members.
- [can\\_promote\\_members](#) (bool) – True, if the administrator can add new administrators with a subset of their own privileges or demote administrators that he has promoted, directly or indirectly (promoted by administrators that were appointed by the user.)
- [can\\_change\\_info](#) (bool) – True, if the user is allowed to change the chat title ,photo and other settings.
- [can\\_invite\\_users](#) (bool) – True, if the user is allowed to invite new users to the chat.
- [can\\_post\\_messages](#) (bool, optional) – True, if the administrator can post messages in the channel; channels only.
- [can\\_edit\\_messages](#) (bool, optional) – True, if the administrator can edit messages of other users.
- [can\\_pin\\_messages](#) (bool, optional) – True, if the user is allowed to pin messages; groups and supergroups only.

#### is\_anonymous

True, if the user’s presence in the chat is hidden.

Type bool

#### can\_manage\_chat

True, if the administrator can access the chat event log, chat statistics, message statistics in channels, see channel members, see anonymous administrators in supergroups and ignore slow mode. Implied by any other administrator privilege.

Type bool

#### can\_delete\_messages

True, if the administrator can delete messages of other users.

Type bool

**can\_manage\_video\_chats**

`True`, if the administrator can manage video chats.

Type `bool`

**can\_restrict\_members**

`True`, if the administrator can restrict, ban or unban chat members.

Type `bool`

**can\_promote\_members**

`True`, if the administrator can add new administrators with a subset of their own privileges or demote administrators that he has promoted, directly or indirectly (promoted by administrators that were appointed by the user.)

Type `bool`

**can\_change\_info**

`True`, if the user is allowed to change the chat title ,photo and other settings.

Type `bool`

**can\_invite\_users**

`True`, if the user is allowed to invite new users to the chat.

Type `bool`

**can\_post\_messages**

Optional. `True`, if the administrator can post messages in the channel; channels only.

Type `bool`

**can\_edit\_messages**

Optional. `True`, if the administrator can edit messages of other users.

Type `bool`

**can\_pin\_messages**

Optional. `True`, if the user is allowed to pin messages; groups and supergroups only.

Type `bool`

**classmethod all\_rights()**

This method returns the `ChatAdministratorRights` object with all attributes set to `True`. This is e.g. useful when changing the bot's default administrator rights with `telegram.Bot.set_my_default_administrator_rights()`.

New in version 20.0.

**classmethod no\_rights()**

This method returns the `ChatAdministratorRights` object with all attributes set to `False`.

New in version 20.0.

### 10.1.16 telegram.ChatInviteLink

**class telegram.ChatInviteLink(\*args, \*\*kwargs)**

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents an invite link for a chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `invite_link`, `creator`, `creates_join_request`, `is_primary` and `is_revoked` are equal.

New in version 13.4.

Changed in version 20.0:

- The argument & attribute `creates_join_request` is now required to comply with the Bot API.
- Comparing objects of this class now also takes `creates_join_request` into account.

#### Parameters

- `invite_link` (`str`) – The invite link.
- `creator` (`telegram.User`) – Creator of the link.
- `creates_join_request` (`bool`) – `True`, if users joining the chat via the link need to be approved by chat administrators.

New in version 13.8.

- `is_primary` (`bool`) – `True`, if the link is primary.
- `is_revoked` (`bool`) – `True`, if the link is revoked.
- `expire_date` (`datetime.datetime`, optional) – Date when the link will expire or has been expired.
- `member_limit` (`int`, optional) – Maximum number of users that can be members of the chat simultaneously after joining the chat via this invite link; 1-99999.
- `name` (`str`, optional) – Invite link name. 0-32 characters.

New in version 13.8.

- `pending_join_request_count` (`int`, optional) – Number of pending join requests created using this link.

New in version 13.8.

#### `invite_link`

The invite link. If the link was created by another chat administrator, then the second part of the link will be replaced with '... '.

Type `str`

#### `creator`

Creator of the link.

Type `telegram.User`

#### `creates_join_request`

`True`, if users joining the chat via the link need to be approved by chat administrators.

New in version 13.8.

Type `bool`

#### `is_primary`

`True`, if the link is primary.

Type `bool`

#### `is_revoked`

`True`, if the link is revoked.

Type `bool`

#### `expire_date`

Optional. Date when the link will expire or has been expired.

Type `datetime.datetime`

**member\_limit**

Optional. Maximum number of users that can be members of the chat simultaneously after joining the chat via this invite link; 1-99999.

Type `int`

**name**

Optional. Invite link name.

New in version 13.8.

Type `str`

**pending\_join\_request\_count**

Optional. Number of pending join requests created using this link.

New in version 13.8.

Type `int`

**classmethod de\_json(data, bot)**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

**to\_dict()**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

### 10.1.17 telegram.ChatJoinRequest

**class telegram.ChatJoinRequest(\*args, \*\*kwargs)**

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents a join request sent to a chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `chat`, `from_user` and `date` are equal.

---

**Note:** Since Bot API 5.5, bots are allowed to contact users who sent a join request to a chat where the bot is an administrator with the `can_invite_users` administrator right – even if the user never interacted with the bot before.

---

New in version 13.8.

**Parameters**

- **chat** (`telegram.Chat`) – Chat to which the request was sent.
- **from\_user** (`telegram.User`) – User that sent the join request.
- **date** (`datetime.datetime`) – Date the request was sent.
- **bio** (`str`, optional) – Bio of the user.
- **invite\_link** (`telegram.ChatInviteLink`, optional) – Chat invite link that was used by the user to send the join request.
- **bot** (`telegram.Bot`, optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.

**chat**

Chat to which the request was sent.

Type `telegram.Chat`

**from\_user**

User that sent the join request.

Type `telegram.User`

**date**

Date the request was sent.

Type `datetime.datetime`

**bio**

Optional. Bio of the user.

Type `str`

**invite\_link**

Optional. Chat invite link that was used by the user to send the join request.

Type `telegram.ChatInviteLink`

**async approve**(*read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.approve_chat_join_request(
    chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, user_id=update.effective_user.id,
    ↪ *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.approve_chat_join_request()`.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**classmethod de\_json**(*data, bot*)

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

**async decline**(*read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.decline_chat_join_request(
    chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, user_id=update.effective_user.id,
    ↪ *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.decline_chat_join_request()`.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**to\_dict**()

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

### 10.1.18 telegram.ChatLocation

**class** telegram.ChatLocation(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a location to which a chat is connected.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [location](#) is equal.

#### Parameters

- [location](#) ([telegram.Location](#)) – The location to which the supergroup is connected. Can't be a live location.
- [address](#) ([str](#)) – Location address; 1-64 characters, as defined by the chat owner
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### location

The location to which the supergroup is connected.

Type [telegram.Location](#)

#### address

Location address, as defined by the chat owner

Type [str](#)

**classmethod** [de\\_json](#)(data, bot)

See [telegram.TelegramObject.de\\_json\(\)](#).

### 10.1.19 telegram.ChatMember

**class** telegram.ChatMember(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

Base class for Telegram ChatMember Objects. Currently, the following 6 types of chat members are supported:

- [telegram.ChatMemberOwner](#)
- [telegram.ChatMemberAdministrator](#)
- [telegram.ChatMemberMember](#)
- [telegram.ChatMemberRestricted](#)
- [telegram.ChatMemberLeft](#)
- [telegram.ChatMemberBanned](#)

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [user](#) and [status](#) are equal.

Changed in version 20.0: \* As of Bot API 5.3, [ChatMember](#) is nothing but the base class for the subclasses listed above and is no longer returned directly by [get\\_chat\(\)](#). Therefore, most of the arguments and attributes were removed and you should no longer use [ChatMember](#) directly. \* The constant `ChatMember.CREATOR` was replaced by `OWNER` \* The constant `ChatMember.KICKED` was replaced by `BANNED`

#### Parameters

- [user](#) ([telegram.User](#)) – Information about the user.
- [status](#) ([str](#)) – The member's status in the chat. Can be [ADMINISTRATOR](#), [OWNER](#), [BANNED](#), [LEFT](#), [MEMBER](#) or [RESTRICTED](#).

**user**

Information about the user.

Type `telegram.User`

**status**

The member's status in the chat.

Type `str`

**ADMINISTRATOR** = 'administrator'

`telegram.constants.ChatMemberStatus.ADMINISTRATOR`

**BANNED** = 'kicked'

`telegram.constants.ChatMemberStatus.BANNED`

**LEFT** = 'left'

`telegram.constants.ChatMemberStatus.LEFT`

**MEMBER** = 'member'

`telegram.constants.ChatMemberStatus.MEMBER`

**OWNER** = 'creator'

`telegram.constants.ChatMemberStatus.OWNER`

**RESTRICTED** = 'restricted'

`telegram.constants.ChatMemberStatus.RESTRICTED`

**classmethod** `de_json(data, bot)`

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

**to\_dict()**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

### 10.1.20 telegram.ChatMemberOwner

**class** `telegram.ChatMemberOwner(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.ChatMember`

Represents a chat member that owns the chat and has all administrator privileges.

New in version 13.7.

**Parameters**

- **user** (`telegram.User`) – Information about the user.
- **is\_anonymous** (`bool`) – `True`, if the user's presence in the chat is hidden.
- **custom\_title** (`str`, optional) – Custom title for this user.

**status**

The member's status in the chat, always 'creator'.

Type `str`

**user**

Information about the user.

Type `telegram.User`

**is\_anonymous**

`True`, if the user's presence in the chat is hidden.

Type `bool`

**custom\_title**

Optional. Custom title for this user.

Type `str`

### 10.1.21 telegram.ChatMemberAdministrator

**class** telegram.ChatMemberAdministrator(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.ChatMember`

Represents a chat member that has some additional privileges.

New in version 13.7.

Changed in version 20.0: Argument and attribute `can_manage_voice_chats` were renamed to `can_manage_video_chats` and `can_manage_video_chats` in accordance to Bot API 6.0.

#### Parameters

- **user** (`telegram.User`) – Information about the user.
- **can\_be\_edited** (`bool`) – `True`, if the bot is allowed to edit administrator privileges of that user.
- **is\_anonymous** (`bool`) – `True`, if the user’s presence in the chat is hidden.
- **can\_manage\_chat** (`bool`) – `True`, if the administrator can access the chat event log, chat statistics, message statistics in channels, see channel members, see anonymous administrators in supergroups and ignore slow mode. Implied by any other administrator privilege.
- **can\_delete\_messages** (`bool`) – `True`, if the administrator can delete messages of other users.
- **can\_manage\_video\_chats** (`bool`) – `True`, if the administrator can manage video chats.

New in version 20.0.

- **can\_restrict\_members** (`bool`) – `True`, if the administrator can restrict, ban or unban chat members.
- **can\_promote\_members** (`bool`) – `True`, if the administrator can add new administrators with a subset of his own privileges or demote administrators that he has promoted, directly or indirectly (promoted by administrators that were appointed by the user).
- **can\_change\_info** (`bool`) – `True`, if the user can change the chat title, photo and other settings.
- **can\_invite\_users** (`bool`) – `True`, if the user can invite new users to the chat.
- **can\_post\_messages** (`bool`, optional) – `True`, if the administrator can post in the channel, channels only.
- **can\_edit\_messages** (`bool`, optional) – `True`, if the administrator can edit messages of other users and can pin messages; channels only.
- **can\_pin\_messages** (`bool`, optional) – `True`, if the user is allowed to pin messages; groups and supergroups only.
- **custom\_title** (`str`, optional) – Custom title for this user.

#### status

The member’s status in the chat, always `'administrator'`.

Type `str`

**user**

Information about the user.

Type `telegram.User`

**can\_be\_edited**

`True`, if the bot is allowed to edit administrator privileges of that user.

Type `bool`

**is\_anonymous**

`True`, if the user's presence in the chat is hidden.

Type `bool`

**can\_manage\_chat**

`True`, if the administrator can access the chat event log, chat statistics, message statistics in channels, see channel members, see anonymous administrators in supergroups and ignore slow mode. Implied by any other administrator privilege.

Type `bool`

**can\_delete\_messages**

`True`, if the administrator can delete messages of other users.

Type `bool`

**can\_manage\_video\_chats**

`True`, if the administrator can manage video chats.

New in version 20.0.

Type `bool`

**can\_restrict\_members**

`True`, if the administrator can restrict, ban or unban chat members.

Type `bool`

**can\_promote\_members**

`True`, if the administrator can add new administrators with a subset of his own privileges or demote administrators that he has promoted, directly or indirectly (promoted by administrators that were appointed by the user).

Type `bool`

**can\_change\_info**

`True`, if the user can change the chat title, photo and other settings.

Type `bool`

**can\_invite\_users**

`True`, if the user can invite new users to the chat.

Type `bool`

**can\_post\_messages**

Optional. `True`, if the administrator can post in the channel, channels only.

Type `bool`

**can\_edit\_messages**

Optional. `True`, if the administrator can edit messages of other users and can pin messages; channels only.

Type `bool`

**can\_pin\_messages**

Optional. `True`, if the user is allowed to pin messages; groups and supergroups only.

Type `bool`

**custom\_title**

Optional. Custom title for this user.

Type `str`

### 10.1.22 telegram.ChatMemberMember

**class** telegram.ChatMemberMember(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.ChatMember`

Represents a chat member that has no additional privileges or restrictions.

New in version 13.7.

**Parameters** `user` (`telegram.User`) – Information about the user.

**status**

The member's status in the chat, always `'member'`.

Type `str`

**user**

Information about the user.

Type `telegram.User`

### 10.1.23 telegram.ChatMemberRestricted

**class** telegram.ChatMemberRestricted(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.ChatMember`

Represents a chat member that is under certain restrictions in the chat. Supergroups only.

New in version 13.7.

**Parameters**

- `user` (`telegram.User`) – Information about the user.
- `is_member` (`bool`) – `True`, if the user is a member of the chat at the moment of the request.
- `can_change_info` (`bool`) – `True`, if the user can change the chat title, photo and other settings.
- `can_invite_users` (`bool`) – `True`, if the user can invite new users to the chat.
- `can_pin_messages` (`bool`) – `True`, if the user is allowed to pin messages; groups and supergroups only.
- `can_send_messages` (`bool`) – `True`, if the user is allowed to send text messages, contacts, locations and venues.
- `can_send_media_messages` (`bool`) – `True`, if the user is allowed to send audios, documents, photos, videos, video notes and voice notes.
- `can_send_polls` (`bool`) – `True`, if the user is allowed to send polls.
- `can_send_other_messages` (`bool`) – `True`, if the user is allowed to send animations, games, stickers and use inline bots.

- **`can_add_web_page_previews`** (`bool`) – `True`, if the user is allowed to add web page previews to their messages.
- **`until_date`** (`datetime.datetime`) – Date when restrictions will be lifted for this user.

**status**

The member's status in the chat, always `'restricted'`.

Type `str`

**user**

Information about the user.

Type `telegram.User`

**is\_member**

`True`, if the user is a member of the chat at the moment of the request.

Type `bool`

**can\_change\_info**

`True`, if the user can change the chat title, photo and other settings.

Type `bool`

**can\_invite\_users**

`True`, if the user can invite new users to the chat.

Type `bool`

**can\_pin\_messages**

`True`, if the user is allowed to pin messages; groups and supergroups only.

Type `bool`

**can\_send\_messages**

`True`, if the user is allowed to send text messages, contacts, locations and venues.

Type `bool`

**can\_send\_media\_messages**

`True`, if the user is allowed to send audios, documents, photos, videos, video notes and voice notes.

Type `bool`

**can\_send\_polls**

`True`, if the user is allowed to send polls.

Type `bool`

**can\_send\_other\_messages**

`True`, if the user is allowed to send animations, games, stickers and use inline bots.

Type `bool`

**can\_add\_web\_page\_previews**

`True`, if the user is allowed to add web page previews to their messages.

Type `bool`

**until\_date**

Date when restrictions will be lifted for this user.

Type `datetime.datetime`

### 10.1.24 telegram.ChatMemberLeft

**class** telegram.ChatMemberLeft(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.ChatMember](#)

Represents a chat member that isn't currently a member of the chat, but may join it themselves.

New in version 13.7.

**Parameters** **user** ([telegram.User](#)) – Information about the user.

**status**

The member's status in the chat, always `'left'`.

**Type** `str`

**user**

Information about the user.

**Type** [telegram.User](#)

### 10.1.25 telegram.ChatMemberBanned

**class** telegram.ChatMemberBanned(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.ChatMember](#)

Represents a chat member that was banned in the chat and can't return to the chat or view chat messages.

New in version 13.7.

**Parameters**

- **user** ([telegram.User](#)) – Information about the user.
- **until\_date** (`datetime.datetime`) – Date when restrictions will be lifted for this user.

**status**

The member's status in the chat, always `'kicked'`.

**Type** `str`

**user**

Information about the user.

**Type** [telegram.User](#)

**until\_date**

Date when restrictions will be lifted for this user.

**Type** `datetime.datetime`

### 10.1.26 telegram.ChatMemberUpdated

**class** telegram.ChatMemberUpdated(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents changes in the status of a chat member.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `chat`, `from_user`, `date`, `old_chat_member` and `new_chat_member` are equal.

New in version 13.4.

---

**Note:** In Python `from` is a reserved word use `from_user` instead.

---

### Parameters

- **chat** (*telegram.Chat*) – Chat the user belongs to.
- **from\_user** (*telegram.User*) – Performer of the action, which resulted in the change.
- **date** (*datetime.datetime*) – Date the change was done in Unix time. Converted to *datetime.datetime*.
- **old\_chat\_member** (*telegram.ChatMember*) – Previous information about the chat member.
- **new\_chat\_member** (*telegram.ChatMember*) – New information about the chat member.
- **invite\_link** (*telegram.ChatInviteLink*, optional) – Chat invite link, which was used by the user to join the chat. For joining by invite link events only.

#### chat

Chat the user belongs to.

Type *telegram.Chat*

#### from\_user

Performer of the action, which resulted in the change.

Type *telegram.User*

#### date

Date the change was done in Unix time. Converted to *datetime.datetime*.

Type *datetime.datetime*

#### old\_chat\_member

Previous information about the chat member.

Type *telegram.ChatMember*

#### new\_chat\_member

New information about the chat member.

Type *telegram.ChatMember*

#### invite\_link

Optional. Chat invite link, which was used by the user to join the chat.

Type *telegram.ChatInviteLink*

#### classmethod de\_json(data, bot)

See *telegram.TelegramObject.de\_json()*.

#### difference()

Computes the difference between *old\_chat\_member* and *new\_chat\_member*.

---

### Example

```
>>> chat_member_updated.difference()
{'custom_title': ('old title', 'new title')}
```

---

**Note:** To determine, if the *telegram.ChatMember.user* attribute has changed, *every* attribute of the user will be checked.

---

New in version 13.5.

**Returns**

A dictionary mapping attribute names to tuples of the form (old\_value, new\_value)

**Return type** Dict[str, Tuple[object, object]]

`to_dict()`

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

### 10.1.27 telegram.ChatPermissions

**class** telegram.ChatPermissions(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

Describes actions that a non-administrator user is allowed to take in a chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `can_send_messages`, `can_send_media_messages`, `can_send_polls`, `can_send_other_messages`, `can_add_web_page_previews`, `can_change_info`, `can_invite_users` and `can_pin_messages` are equal.

---

**Note:** Though not stated explicitly in the official docs, Telegram changes not only the permissions that are set, but also sets all the others to `False`. However, since not documented, this behaviour may change unbeknown to PTB.

---

**Parameters**

- `can_send_messages` (bool, optional) – `True`, if the user is allowed to send text messages, contacts, locations and venues.
- `can_send_media_messages` (bool, optional) – `True`, if the user is allowed to send audios, documents, photos, videos, video notes and voice notes, implies `can_send_messages`.
- `can_send_polls` (bool, optional) – `True`, if the user is allowed to send polls, implies `can_send_messages`.
- `can_send_other_messages` (bool, optional) – `True`, if the user is allowed to send animations, games, stickers and use inline bots, implies `can_send_media_messages`.
- `can_add_web_page_previews` (bool, optional) – `True`, if the user is allowed to add web page previews to their messages, implies `can_send_media_messages`.
- `can_change_info` (bool, optional) – `True`, if the user is allowed to change the chat title, photo and other settings. Ignored in public supergroups.
- `can_invite_users` (bool, optional) – `True`, if the user is allowed to invite new users to the chat.
- `can_pin_messages` (bool, optional) – `True`, if the user is allowed to pin messages. Ignored in public supergroups.

**can\_send\_messages**

Optional. `True`, if the user is allowed to send text messages, contacts, locations and venues.

**Type** bool

**can\_send\_media\_messages**

Optional. `True`, if the user is allowed to send audios, documents, photos, videos, video notes and voice notes, implies `can_send_messages`.

**Type** bool

**can\_send\_polls**

Optional. `True`, if the user is allowed to send polls, implies `can_send_messages`.

Type `bool`

**can\_send\_other\_messages**

Optional. `True`, if the user is allowed to send animations, games, stickers and use inline bots, implies `can_send_media_messages`.

Type `bool`

**can\_add\_web\_page\_previews**

Optional. `True`, if the user is allowed to add web page previews to their messages, implies `can_send_media_messages`.

Type `bool`

**can\_change\_info**

Optional. `True`, if the user is allowed to change the chat title, photo and other settings. Ignored in public supergroups.

Type `bool`

**can\_invite\_users**

Optional. `True`, if the user is allowed to invite new users to the chat.

Type `bool`

**can\_pin\_messages**

Optional. `True`, if the user is allowed to pin messages. Ignored in public supergroups.

Type `bool`

**classmethod all\_permissions()**

This method returns an `ChatPermissions` instance with all attributes set to `True`. This is e.g. useful when unrestricting a chat member with `telegram.Bot.restrict_chat_member()`.

New in version 20.0.

**classmethod no\_permissions()**

This method returns an `ChatPermissions` instance with all attributes set to `False`.

New in version 20.0.

## 10.1.28 telegram.ChatPhoto

**class** telegram.ChatPhoto(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents a chat photo.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `small_file_unique_id` and `big_file_unique_id` are equal.

**Parameters**

- `small_file_id` (`str`) – Unique file identifier of small (160x160) chat photo. This file\_id can be used only for photo download and only for as long as the photo is not changed.
- `small_file_unique_id` (`str`) – Unique file identifier of small (160x160) chat photo, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- `big_file_id` (`str`) – Unique file identifier of big (640x640) chat photo. This file\_id can be used only for photo download and only for as long as the photo is not changed.

- **`big_file_unique_id`** (`str`) – Unique file identifier of big (640x640) chat photo, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- **`bot`** (`telegram.Bot`, optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods
- **`**kwargs`** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**`small_file_id`**

File identifier of small (160x160) chat photo. This `file_id` can be used only for photo download and only for as long as the photo is not changed.

Type `str`

**`small_file_unique_id`**

Unique file identifier of small (160x160) chat photo, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

Type `str`

**`big_file_id`**

File identifier of big (640x640) chat photo. This `file_id` can be used only for photo download and only for as long as the photo is not changed.

Type `str`

**`big_file_unique_id`**

Unique file identifier of big (640x640) chat photo, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

Type `str`

**`async get_big_file`**(`read_timeout=None`, `write_timeout=None`, `connect_timeout=None`,  
`pool_timeout=None`, `api_kwargs=None`)

Convenience wrapper over `telegram.Bot.get_file` for getting the big (640x640) chat photo

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.get_file()`.

Returns `telegram.File`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

**`async get_small_file`**(`read_timeout=None`, `write_timeout=None`, `connect_timeout=None`,  
`pool_timeout=None`, `api_kwargs=None`)

Convenience wrapper over `telegram.Bot.get_file` for getting the small (160x160) chat photo

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.get_file()`.

Returns `telegram.File`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

## 10.1.29 telegram.Contact

**`class telegram.Contact`**(`*args`, `**kwargs`)

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents a phone contact.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `phone_number` is equal.

**Parameters**

- **`phone_number`** (`str`) – Contact's phone number.
- **`first_name`** (`str`) – Contact's first name.

- **`last_name`** (`str`, optional) – Contact’s last name.
- **`user_id`** (`int`, optional) – Contact’s user identifier in Telegram.
- **`vcard`** (`str`, optional) – Additional data about the contact in the form of a vCard.
- **`**kwargs`** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**phone\_number**

Contact’s phone number.

Type `str`

**first\_name**

Contact’s first name.

Type `str`

**last\_name**

Optional. Contact’s last name.

Type `str`

**user\_id**

Optional. Contact’s user identifier in Telegram.

Type `int`

**vcard**

Optional. Additional data about the contact in the form of a vCard.

Type `str`

### 10.1.30 telegram.Dice

**class** `telegram.Dice(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents an animated emoji with a random value for currently supported base emoji. (The singular form of “dice” is “die”. However, PTB mimics the Telegram API, which uses the term “dice”.)

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `value` and `emoji` are equal.

---

**Note:** If `emoji` is “”, a value of 6 currently represents a bullseye, while a value of 1 indicates that the dartboard was missed. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

If `emoji` is “”, a value of 4 or 5 currently score a basket, while a value of 1 to 3 indicates that the basket was missed. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

If `emoji` is “”, a value of 4 to 5 currently scores a goal, while a value of 1 to 3 indicates that the goal was missed. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

If `emoji` is “”, a value of 6 knocks all the pins, while a value of 1 means all the pins were missed. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

If `emoji` is “”, each value corresponds to a unique combination of symbols, which can be found at our [wiki](#). However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

#### Parameters

- **`value`** (`int`) – Value of the dice. 1-6 for dice, darts and bowling balls, 1-5 for basketball and football/soccer ball, 1-64 for slot machine.
- **`emoji`** (`str`) – Emoji on which the dice throw animation is based.

**value**

Value of the dice.

Type `int`

**emoji**

Emoji on which the dice throw animation is based.

Type `str`

```
ALL_EMOJI = [<DiceEmoji.DICE>, <DiceEmoji.DARTS>, <DiceEmoji.BASKETBALL>,  
<DiceEmoji.FOOTBALL>, <DiceEmoji.SLOT_MACHINE>, <DiceEmoji.BOWLING>]
```

A list of all available dice emoji.

Type `List[str]`

**BASKETBALL** = ''

`telegram.constants.DiceEmoji.BASKETBALL`

**BOWLING** = ''

`telegram.constants.DiceEmoji.BOWLING`

New in version 13.4.

**DARTS** = ''

`telegram.constants.DiceEmoji.DARTS`

**DICE** = ''

`telegram.constants.DiceEmoji.DICE`

**FOOTBALL** = ''

`telegram.constants.DiceEmoji.FOOTBALL`

**SLOT\_MACHINE** = ''

`telegram.constants.DiceEmoji.SLOT_MACHINE`

### 10.1.31 telegram.Document

**class** `telegram.Document(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents a general file (as opposed to photos, voice messages and audio files).

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `file_unique_id` is equal.

#### Parameters

- **file\_id** (`str`) – Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file\_unique\_id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- **thumb** (`telegram.PhotoSize`, optional) – Document thumbnail as defined by sender.
- **file\_name** (`str`, optional) – Original filename as defined by sender.
- **mime\_type** (`str`, optional) – MIME type of the file as defined by sender.
- **file\_size** (`int`, optional) – File size in bytes.
- **bot** (`telegram.Bot`, optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**file\_id**

File identifier.

Type `str`

**file\_unique\_id**

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

Type `str`

**thumb**

Optional. Document thumbnail.

Type `telegram.PhotoSize`

**file\_name**

Original filename.

Type `str`

**mime\_type**

Optional. MIME type of the file.

Type `str`

**file\_size**

Optional. File size in bytes.

Type `int`

**bot**

Optional. The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type `telegram.Bot`

**classmethod de\_json(data, bot)**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

**async get\_file(read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None)**

Convenience wrapper over `telegram.Bot.get_file`

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.get_file()`.

Returns `telegram.File`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

### 10.1.32 telegram.File

**class telegram.File(\*args, \*\*kwargs)**

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents a file ready to be downloaded. The file can be downloaded with `download`. It is guaranteed that the link will be valid for at least 1 hour. When the link expires, a new one can be requested by calling `telegram.Bot.get_file()`.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `file_unique_id` is equal.

---

**Note:**

- Maximum file size to download is `20 MB`.

- If you obtain an instance of this class from `telegram.PassportFile.get_file`, then it will automatically be decrypted as it downloads when you call `download()`.
- 

#### Parameters

- **`file_id`** (`str`) – Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **`file_unique_id`** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- **`file_size`** (`int`, optional) – Optional. File size in bytes, if known.
- **`file_path`** (`str`, optional) – File path. Use `download` to get the file.
- **`bot`** (`telegram.Bot`, optional) – Bot to use with shortcut method.
- **`**kwargs`** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### **`file_id`**

Identifier for this file.

Type `str`

#### **`file_unique_id`**

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

Type `str`

#### **`file_size`**

Optional. File size in bytes.

Type `str`

#### **`file_path`**

Optional. File path. Use `download()` to get the file.

Type `str`

**`async download`**(`custom_path=None`, `out=None`, `read_timeout=None`, `write_timeout=None`, `connect_timeout=None`, `pool_timeout=None`)

Download this file. By default, the file is saved in the current working directory with its original filename as reported by Telegram. If the file has no filename, it the file ID will be used as filename. If a `custom_path` is supplied, it will be saved to that path instead. If `out` is defined, the file contents will be saved to that object using the `out.write` method.

---

#### **Note:**

- `custom_path` and `out` are mutually exclusive.
  - If neither `custom_path` nor `out` is provided and `file_path` is the path of a local file (which is the case when a Bot API Server is running in local mode), this method will just return the path.
- 

Changed in version 20.0:

- `custom_path` parameter now also accepts `pathlib.Path` as argument.
- Returns `pathlib.Path` object in cases where previously a `str` was returned.

#### Parameters

- **`custom_path`** (`pathlib.Path` | `str`, optional) – Custom path.
- **`out`** (`io.BufferedWriter`, optional) – A file-like object. Must be opened for writing in binary mode, if applicable.

- **read\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.read_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **write\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **connect\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **pool\_timeout** (float | None, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.request.BaseRequest.post.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

#### Returns

The same object as **out** if specified. Otherwise, returns the filename downloaded to or the file path of the local file.

**Return type** `pathlib.Path` | `io.BufferedWriter`

**Raises** `ValueError` – If both `custom_path` and `out` are passed.

**async** `download_as_bytearray(buf=None)`

Download this file and return it as a bytearray.

**Parameters** **buf** (bytearray, optional) – Extend the given bytearray with the downloaded data.

#### Returns

The same object as **buf** if it was specified. Otherwise a newly allocated bytearray.

**Return type** bytearray

`set_credentials(credentials)`

Sets the passport credentials for the file.

**Parameters** **credentials** (`telegram.FileCredentials`) – The credentials.

### 10.1.33 telegram.ForceReply

**class** `telegram.ForceReply(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

Upon receiving a message with this object, Telegram clients will display a reply interface to the user (act as if the user has selected the bot's message and tapped 'Reply'). This can be extremely useful if you want to create user-friendly step-by-step interfaces without having to sacrifice privacy mode.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `selective` is equal.

Changed in version 20.0: The (undocumented) argument `force_reply` was removed and instead `force_reply` is now always set to `True` as expected by the Bot API.

#### Parameters

- **selective** (bool, optional) – Use this parameter if you want to force reply from specific users only. Targets:
  - 1) Users that are @mentioned in the `text` of the `telegram.Message` object.
  - 2) If the bot's message is a reply (has `reply_to_message_id`), sender of the original message.
- **input\_field\_placeholder** (str, optional) – The placeholder to be shown in the input field when the reply is active; 1-64 characters.

New in version 13.7.

- **`**kwargs`** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**force\_reply**

Shows reply interface to the user, as if they manually selected the bots message and tapped 'Reply'.

Type `True`

**selective**

Optional. Force reply from specific users only.

Type `bool`

**input\_field\_placeholder**

Optional. The placeholder shown in the input field when the reply is active.

New in version 13.7.

Type `str`

### 10.1.34 telegram.InlineKeyboardButton

**class** telegram.InlineKeyboardButton(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents one button of an inline keyboard.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `text`, `url`, `login_url`, `callback_data`, `switch_inline_query`, `switch_inline_query_current_chat`, `callback_game` and `pay` are equal.

---

**Note:**

- You must use exactly one of the optional fields. Mind that `callback_game` is not working as expected. Putting a game short name in it might, but is not guaranteed to work.
- If your bot allows for arbitrary callback data, in keyboards returned in a response from telegram, `callback_data` maybe be an instance of `telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData`. This will be the case, if the data associated with the button was already deleted.

New in version 13.6.

- Since Bot API 5.5, it's now allowed to mention users by their ID in inline keyboards. This will only work in Telegram versions released after December 7, 2021. Older clients will display *unsupported message*.
- 

**Warning:**

- If your bot allows your arbitrary callback data, buttons whose callback data is a non-hashable object will become unhashable. Trying to evaluate `hash(button)` will result in a `TypeError`.

Changed in version 13.6.

- After Bot API 6.1, only HTTPS links will be allowed in `login_url`.

**Parameters**

- **`text`** (`str`) – Label text on the button.
- **`url`** (`str`, optional) – HTTP or tg:// url to be opened when the button is pressed. Links `tg://user?id=<user_id>` can be used to mention a user by their ID without using a username, if this is allowed by their privacy settings.

Changed in version 13.9: You can now mention a user using `tg://user?id=<user_id>`.

- **`login_url`** (*`telegram.LoginUrl`*, optional) – An HTTPS URL used to automatically authorize the user. Can be used as a replacement for the Telegram Login Widget.

**Caution:** Only HTTPS links are allowed after Bot API 6.1.

- **`callback_data`** (*`str` | `object`*, optional) – Data to be sent in a callback query to the bot when button is pressed, UTF-8 1-64 bytes. If the bot instance allows arbitrary callback data, anything can be passed.
- **`web_app`** (*`telegram.WebAppInfo`*, optional) – Description of the [Web App](#) that will be launched when the user presses the button. The Web App will be able to send an arbitrary message on behalf of the user using the method `answer_web_app_query()`. Available only in private chats between a user and the bot.

New in version 20.0.

- **`switch_inline_query`** (*`str`*, optional) – If set, pressing the button will prompt the user to select one of their chats, open that chat and insert the bot's username and the specified inline query in the input field. Can be empty, in which case just the bot's username will be inserted. This offers an easy way for users to start using your bot in inline mode when they are currently in a private chat with it. Especially useful when combined with `switch_pm*` actions - in this case the user will be automatically returned to the chat they switched from, skipping the chat selection screen.
- **`switch_inline_query_current_chat`** (*`str`*, optional) – If set, pressing the button will insert the bot's username and the specified inline query in the current chat's input field. Can be empty, in which case only the bot's username will be inserted. This offers a quick way for the user to open your bot in inline mode in the same chat - good for selecting something from multiple options.
- **`callback_game`** (*`telegram.CallbackGame`*, optional) – Description of the game that will be launched when the user presses the button. This type of button must always be the *first* button in the first row.
- **`pay`** (*`bool`*, optional) – Specify `True`, to send a Pay button. This type of button must always be the *first* button in the first row and can only be used in invoice messages.
- **`**kwargs`** (*`dict`*) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### **text**

Label text on the button.

Type `str`

#### **url**

Optional. HTTP or `tg://` url to be opened when the button is pressed. Links `tg://user?id=<user_id>` can be used to mention a user by their ID without using a username, if this is allowed by their privacy settings.

Changed in version 13.9: You can now mention a user using `tg://user?id=<user_id>`.

Type `str`

#### **login\_url**

Optional. An HTTPS URL used to automatically authorize the user. Can be used as a replacement for the Telegram Login Widget.

**Caution:** Only HTTPS links are allowed after Bot API 6.1.

Type `telegram.LoginUrl`

#### **callback\_data**

Optional. Data to be sent in a callback query to the bot when button is pressed, UTF-8 1-64 bytes.

Type `str` | `object`

#### **web\_app**

Optional. Description of the [Web App](#) that will be launched when the user presses the button. The Web App will be able to send an arbitrary message on behalf of the user using the method [answer\\_web\\_app\\_query\(\)](#). Available only in private chats between a user and the bot.

New in version 20.0.

Type `telegram.WebAppInfo`

#### **switch\_inline\_query**

Optional. Will prompt the user to select one of their chats, open that chat and insert the bot's username and the specified inline query in the input field. Can be empty, in which case just the bot's username will be inserted.

Type `str`

#### **switch\_inline\_query\_current\_chat**

Optional. Will insert the bot's username and the specified inline query in the current chat's input field. Can be empty, in which case just the bot's username will be inserted.

Type `str`

#### **callback\_game**

Optional. Description of the game that will be launched when the user presses the button.

Type `telegram.CallbackGame`

#### **pay**

Optional. Specify `True`, to send a Pay button.

Type `bool`

#### **classmethod de\_json(data, bot)**

See [telegram.TelegramObject.de\\_json\(\)](#).

#### **update\_callback\_data(callback\_data)**

Sets `callback_data` to the passed object. Intended to be used by [telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache](#).

New in version 13.6.

**Parameters** `callback_data` (`object`) – The new callback data.

### 10.1.35 telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup

**class** telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents an inline keyboard that appears right next to the message it belongs to.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their size of [inline\\_keyboard](#) and all the buttons are equal.

#### Parameters

- [inline\\_keyboard](#) (List[List[[telegram.InlineKeyboardButton](#)]]) – List of button rows, each represented by a list of InlineKeyboardButton objects.
- **\*\*kwargs** (dict) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### inline\_keyboard

List of button rows, each represented by a list of InlineKeyboardButton objects.

**Type** List[List[[telegram.InlineKeyboardButton](#)]]

**classmethod** de\_json(data, bot)

See [telegram.TelegramObject.de\\_json\(\)](#).

**classmethod** from\_button(button, \*\*kwargs)

Shortcut for:

```
InlineKeyboardMarkup([[button]], **kwargs)
```

Return an InlineKeyboardMarkup from a single InlineKeyboardButton

#### Parameters

- [button](#) ([telegram.InlineKeyboardButton](#)) – The button to use in the markup
- **\*\*kwargs** (dict) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**classmethod** from\_column(button\_column, \*\*kwargs)

Shortcut for:

```
InlineKeyboardMarkup([[button] for button in button_column], **kwargs)
```

Return an InlineKeyboardMarkup from a single column of InlineKeyboardButtons

#### Parameters

- [button\\_column](#) (List[[telegram.InlineKeyboardButton](#)]) – The button to use in the markup
- **\*\*kwargs** (dict) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**classmethod** from\_row(button\_row, \*\*kwargs)

Shortcut for:

```
InlineKeyboardMarkup([button_row], **kwargs)
```

Return an InlineKeyboardMarkup from a single row of InlineKeyboardButtons

#### Parameters

- [button\\_row](#) (List[[telegram.InlineKeyboardButton](#)]) – The button to use in the markup
- **\*\*kwargs** (dict) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**to\_dict()**

See [telegram.TelegramObject.to\\_dict\(\)](#).

### 10.1.36 telegram.InputFile

**class** telegram.InputFile(*obj*, *filename=None*, *attach=False*)

Bases: `object`

This object represents a Telegram InputFile.

Changed in version 20.0: The former attribute `attach` was renamed to `attach_name`.

#### Parameters

- ***obj*** (`file object` | `bytes` | `str`) – An open file descriptor or the files content as bytes or string.

---

**Note:** If *obj* is a string, it will be encoded as bytes via `obj.encode('utf-8')`.

---

Changed in version 20.0: Accept string input.

- ***filename*** (`str`, optional) – Filename for this InputFile.
- ***attach*** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True` if the parameter this file belongs to in the request to Telegram should point to the multipart data via an `attach://` URI. Defaults to `False`.

#### **input\_file\_content**

The binary content of the file to send.

Type `bytes`

#### **attach\_name**

Optional. If present, the parameter this file belongs to in the request to Telegram should point to the multipart data via an URI of the form `attach://<attach_name>` URI.

Type `str`

#### **filename**

Filename for the file to be sent.

Type `str`

#### **mimetype**

The mimetype inferred from the file to be sent.

Type `str`

#### **property attach\_uri**

URI to insert into the JSON data for uploading the file. Returns `None`, if `attach_name` is `None`.

#### **property field\_tuple**

Field tuple representing the contents of the file for upload to the Telegram servers.

**Return type** `Tuple[str, bytes, str]`

#### **static is\_image(stream)**

Check if the content file is an image by analyzing its headers.

**Parameters** *stream* (`bytes`) – A byte stream representing the content of a file.

**Returns** The mime-type of an image, if the input is an image, or `None` else.

**Return type** `str` | `None`

### 10.1.37 telegram.InputMedia

**class** telegram.InputMedia(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

Base class for Telegram InputMedia Objects.

Changed in version 20.0:: Added arguments and attributes [type](#), [media](#), [caption](#), [caption\\_entities](#), [parse\\_mode](#).

#### Parameters

- [media\\_type](#) ([str](#)) – Type of media that the instance represents.
- [media](#) ([str](#) | file object | [bytes](#) | [pathlib.Path](#) | [telegram.Animation](#) | [telegram.Audio](#) | [telegram.Document](#) | [telegram.PhotoSize](#) | [telegram.Video](#)) – File to send. Pass a `file_id` to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL for Telegram to get a file from the Internet. Lastly you can pass an existing telegram media object of the corresponding type to send.
- [caption](#) ([str](#), optional) – Caption of the media to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- [caption\\_entities](#) (List[[telegram.MessageEntity](#)], optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).
- [parse\\_mode](#) ([str](#), optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.

#### **type**

Type of the input media.

Type [str](#)

#### **media**

Media to send.

Type [str](#) | [telegram.InputFile](#)

#### **caption**

Optional. Caption of the media to be sent.

Type [str](#)

#### **parse\_mode**

Optional. The parse mode to use for text formatting.

Type [str](#)

#### **caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption.

Type List[[telegram.MessageEntity](#)]

#### **to\_dict()**

See [telegram.TelegramObject.to\\_dict\(\)](#).

### 10.1.38 telegram.InputMediaAnimation

**class** telegram.InputMediaAnimation(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.InputMedia](#)

Represents an animation file (GIF or H.264/MPEG-4 AVC video without sound) to be sent.

---

**Note:** When using a [telegram.Animation](#) for the [media](#) attribute, it will take the width, height and duration from that video, unless otherwise specified with the optional arguments.

---

#### Parameters

- **media** ([str](#) | [file object](#) | [bytes](#) | [pathlib.Path](#) | [telegram.Animation](#)) – File to send. Pass a `file_id` to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL for Telegram to get a file from the Internet. Lastly you can pass an existing [telegram.Animation](#) object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept [bytes](#) as input.

- **filename** ([str](#), optional) – Custom file name for the animation, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the [tempfile](#) module.

New in version 13.1.

- **thumb** ([file object](#) | [bytes](#) | [pathlib.Path](#), optional) – Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept [bytes](#) as input.

- **caption** ([str](#), optional) – Caption of the animation to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** ([str](#), optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (List[[telegram.MessageEntity](#)], optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).
- **width** ([int](#), optional) – Animation width.
- **height** ([int](#), optional) – Animation height.
- **duration** ([int](#), optional) – Animation duration in seconds.

#### type

['animation'](#).

Type [str](#)

#### media

Animation to send.

Type [str](#) | [telegram.InputFile](#)

#### caption

Optional. Caption of the document to be sent.

Type [str](#)

**parse\_mode**

Optional. The parse mode to use for text formatting.

Type `str`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption.

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**thumb**

Optional. Thumbnail of the file to send.

Type `telegram.InputFile`

**width**

Optional. Animation width.

Type `int`

**height**

Optional. Animation height.

Type `int`

**duration**

Optional. Animation duration in seconds.

Type `int`

### 10.1.39 telegram.InputMediaAudio

**class** `telegram.InputMediaAudio(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.InputMedia`

Represents an audio file to be treated as music to be sent.

---

**Note:** When using a `telegram.Audio` for the `media` attribute, it will take the duration, performer and title from that video, unless otherwise specified with the optional arguments.

---

#### Parameters

- **media** (`str` | `file object` | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path` | `telegram.Audio`) – File to send. Pass a `file_id` to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL for Telegram to get a file from the Internet. Lastly you can pass an existing `telegram.Audio` object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

- **filename** (`str`, optional) – Custom file name for the audio, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the `tempfile` module.

New in version 13.1.

- **caption** (`str`, optional) – Caption of the audio to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (`List[telegram.MessageEntity]`, optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.

- **duration** (`int`) – Duration of the audio in seconds as defined by sender.
- **performer** (`str`, optional) – Performer of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.
- **title** (`str`, optional) – Title of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.
- **thumb** (`file object` | `bytes` | `pathlib.Path`, optional) – Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept `bytes` as input.

**type**

`'audio'`.

Type `str`

**media**

Audio file to send.

Type `str` | `telegram.InputFile`

**caption**

Optional. Caption of the document to be sent.

Type `str`

**parse\_mode**

Optional. The parse mode to use for text formatting.

Type `str`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption.

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**duration**

Duration of the audio in seconds.

Type `int`

**performer**

Optional. Performer of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.

Type `str`

**title**

Optional. Title of the audio as defined by sender or by audio tags.

Type `str`

**thumb**

Optional. Thumbnail of the file to send.

Type `telegram.InputFile`

### 10.1.40 telegram.InputMediaDocument

**class** telegram.InputMediaDocument(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.InputMedia](#)

Represents a general file to be sent.

#### Parameters

- **media** ([str](#) | [file object](#) | [bytes](#) | [pathlib.Path](#) | [telegram.Document](#)) – File to send. Pass a `file_id` to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL for Telegram to get a file from the Internet. Lastly you can pass an existing [telegram.Document](#) object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept [bytes](#) as input.

- **filename** ([str](#), optional) – Custom file name for the document, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the [tempfile](#) module.

New in version 13.1.

- **caption** ([str](#), optional) – Caption of the document to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** ([str](#), optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (List[[telegram.MessageEntity](#)], optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).

- **thumb** ([file object](#) | [bytes](#) | [pathlib.Path](#), optional) – Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than 200 kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed 320. Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept [bytes](#) as input.

- **disable\_content\_type\_detection** ([bool](#), optional) – Disables automatic server-side content type detection for files uploaded using multipart/form-data. Always [True](#), if the document is sent as part of an album.

#### type

`'document'`.

Type [str](#)

#### media

File to send.

Type [str](#) | [telegram.InputFile](#)

#### caption

Optional. Caption of the document to be sent.

Type [str](#)

#### parse\_mode

Optional. The parse mode to use for text formatting.

Type [str](#)

#### caption\_entities

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption.

Type List[[telegram.MessageEntity](#)]

**thumb**

Optional. Thumbnail of the file to send.

Type `telegram.InputFile`

**disable\_content\_type\_detection**

Optional. Disables automatic server-side content type detection for files uploaded using multipart/form-data. Always true, if the document is sent as part of an album.

Type `bool`

### 10.1.41 telegram.InputMediaPhoto

**class** telegram.InputMediaPhoto(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.InputMedia`

Represents a photo to be sent.

#### Parameters

- **media** (`str` | file object | bytes | `pathlib.Path` | `telegram.PhotoSize`) – File to send. Pass a `file_id` to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL for Telegram to get a file from the Internet. Lastly you can pass an existing `telegram.PhotoSize` object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept bytes as input.

- **filename** (`str`, optional) – Custom file name for the photo, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the `tempfile` module.

New in version 13.1.

- **caption** (`str`, optional) – Caption of the photo to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (List[`telegram.MessageEntity`], optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.

**type**

`'photo'`.

Type `str`

**media**

Photo to send.

Type `str` | `telegram.InputFile`

**caption**

Optional. Caption of the document to be sent.

Type `str`

**parse\_mode**

Optional. The parse mode to use for text formatting.

Type `str`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption.

Type List[`telegram.MessageEntity`]

### 10.1.42 telegram.InputMediaVideo

**class** telegram.InputMediaVideo(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.InputMedia](#)

Represents a video to be sent.

---

**Note:**

- When using a [telegram.Video](#) for the [media](#) attribute, it will take the width, height and duration from that video, unless otherwise specified with the optional arguments.
  - [thumb](#) will be ignored for small video files, for which Telegram can easily generate thumbnails. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.
- 

**Parameters**

- [media](#) ([str](#) | [file object](#) | [bytes](#) | [pathlib.Path](#) | [telegram.Video](#)) – File to send. Pass a [file\\_id](#) to send a file that exists on the Telegram servers (recommended), pass an HTTP URL for Telegram to get a file from the Internet. Lastly you can pass an existing [telegram.Video](#) object to send.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept [bytes](#) as input.

- [filename](#) ([str](#), optional) – Custom file name for the video, when uploading a new file. Convenience parameter, useful e.g. when sending files generated by the [tempfile](#) module.

New in version 13.1.

- [caption](#) ([str](#), optional) – Caption of the video to be sent, 0-[1024](#) characters after entities parsing.
- [parse\\_mode](#) ([str](#), optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.
- [caption\\_entities](#) (List[[telegram.MessageEntity](#)], optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).
- [width](#) ([int](#), optional) – Video width.
- [height](#) ([int](#), optional) – Video height.
- [duration](#) ([int](#), optional) – Video duration in seconds.
- [supports\\_streaming](#) ([bool](#), optional) – Pass [True](#), if the uploaded video is suitable for streaming.
- [thumb](#) ([file object](#) | [bytes](#) | [pathlib.Path](#), optional) – Thumbnail of the file sent; can be ignored if thumbnail generation for the file is supported server-side. The thumbnail should be in JPEG format and less than [200](#) kB in size. A thumbnail's width and height should not exceed [320](#). Ignored if the file is not uploaded using multipart/form-data. Thumbnails can't be reused and can be only uploaded as a new file.

Changed in version 13.2: Accept [bytes](#) as input.

**type**

['video'](#).

Type [str](#)

**media**

Video file to send.

Type `str` | `telegram.InputFile`

**caption**

Optional. Caption of the document to be sent.

Type `str`

**parse\_mode**

Optional. The parse mode to use for text formatting.

Type `str`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption.

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**width**

Optional. Video width.

Type `int`

**height**

Optional. Video height.

Type `int`

**duration**

Optional. Video duration in seconds.

Type `int`

**supports\_streaming**

Optional. Pass `True`, if the uploaded video is suitable for streaming.

Type `bool`

**thumb**

Optional. Thumbnail of the file to send.

Type `telegram.InputFile`

### 10.1.43 telegram.KeyboardButton

**class** `telegram.KeyboardButton(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents one button of the reply keyboard. For simple text buttons String can be used instead of this object to specify text of the button.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `text`, `request_contact`, `request_location` and `request_poll` are equal.

---

**Note:**

- Optional fields are mutually exclusive.
- `request_contact` and `request_location` options will only work in Telegram versions released after 9 April, 2016. Older clients will display unsupported message.
- `request_poll` option will only work in Telegram versions released after 23 January, 2020. Older clients will display unsupported message.

- `web_app` option will only work in Telegram versions released after 16 April, 2022. Older clients will display unsupported message.
- 

### Parameters

- **`text`** (`str`) – Text of the button. If none of the optional fields are used, it will be sent to the bot as a message when the button is pressed.
- **`request_contact`** (`bool`, optional) – If `True`, the user’s phone number will be sent as a contact when the button is pressed. Available in private chats only.
- **`request_location`** (`bool`, optional) – If `True`, the user’s current location will be sent when the button is pressed. Available in private chats only.
- **`request_poll`** (`KeyboardButtonPollType`, optional) – If specified, the user will be asked to create a poll and send it to the bot when the button is pressed. Available in private chats only.
- **`web_app`** (`WebAppInfo`, optional) – If specified, the described Web App will be launched when the button is pressed. The Web App will be able to send a `Message.web_app_data` service message. Available in private chats only.

New in version 20.0.

### **text**

Text of the button.

Type `str`

### **request\_contact**

Optional. The user’s phone number will be sent.

Type `bool`

### **request\_location**

Optional. The user’s current location will be sent.

Type `bool`

### **request\_poll**

Optional. If the user should create a poll.

Type `KeyboardButtonPollType`

### **web\_app**

Optional. If the described Web App will be launched when the button is pressed.

New in version 20.0.

Type `WebAppInfo`

### **classmethod de\_json**(*data*, *bot*)

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

### 10.1.44 telegram.KeyboardButtonPollType

**class** telegram.KeyboardButtonPollType(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents type of a poll, which is allowed to be created and sent when the corresponding button is pressed.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [type](#) is equal.

**type**

Optional. If *'quiz'* is passed, the user will be allowed to create only polls in the quiz mode. If *'regular'* is passed, only regular polls will be allowed. Otherwise, the user will be allowed to create a poll of any type.

Type `str`

### 10.1.45 telegram.Location

**class** telegram.Location(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a point on the map.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [longitude](#) and [latitude](#) are equal.

**Parameters**

- [longitude](#) (`float`) – Longitude as defined by sender.
- [latitude](#) (`float`) – Latitude as defined by sender.
- [horizontal\\_accuracy](#) (`float`, optional) – The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters; 0-1500.
- [live\\_period](#) (`int`, optional) – Time relative to the message sending date, during which the location can be updated, in seconds. For active live locations only.
- [heading](#) (`int`, optional) – The direction in which user is moving, in degrees; 1-360. For active live locations only.
- [proximity\\_alert\\_radius](#) (`int`, optional) – Maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters. For sent live locations only.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**longitude**

Longitude as defined by sender.

Type `float`

**latitude**

Latitude as defined by sender.

Type `float`

**horizontal\_accuracy**

Optional. The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters.

Type `float`

**live\_period**

Optional. Time relative to the message sending date, during which the location can be updated, in seconds. For active live locations only.

Type `int`

**heading**

Optional. The direction in which user is moving, in degrees. For active live locations only.

Type `int`

**proximity\_alert\_radius**

Optional. Maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters. For sent live locations only.

Type `int`

### 10.1.46 telegram.LoginUrl

**class** telegram.LoginUrl(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a parameter of the inline keyboard button used to automatically authorize a user. Serves as a great replacement for the Telegram Login Widget when the user is coming from Telegram. All the user needs to do is tap/click a button and confirm that they want to log in. Telegram apps support these buttons as of version 5.7.

Sample bot: [@discussbot](#)

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [url](#) is equal.

---

**Note:** You must always check the hash of the received data to verify the authentication and the integrity of the data as described in [Checking authorization](#)

---

#### Parameters

- [url](#) (`str`) – An HTTP URL to be opened with user authorization data added to the query string when the button is pressed. If the user refuses to provide authorization data, the original URL without information about the user will be opened. The data added is the same as described in [Receiving authorization data](#)
- [forward\\_text](#) (`str`, optional) – New text of the button in forwarded messages.
- [bot\\_username](#) (`str`, optional) – Username of a bot, which will be used for user authorization. See [Setting up a bot](#) for more details. If not specified, the current bot's username will be assumed. The url's domain must be the same as the domain linked with the bot. See [Linking your domain to the bot](#) for more details.
- [request\\_write\\_access](#) (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True` to request the permission for your bot to send messages to the user.

**url**

An HTTP URL to be opened with user authorization data.

Type `str`

**forward\_text**

Optional. New text of the button in forwarded messages.

Type `str`

**bot\_username**

Optional. Username of a bot, which will be used for user authorization.

Type `str`

**request\_write\_access**

Optional. Pass `True` to request the permission for your bot to send messages to the user.

Type `bool`

### 10.1.47 telegram.MenuButton

**class** `telegram.MenuButton(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object describes the bot's menu button in a private chat. It should be one of

- `telegram.MenuButtonCommands`
- `telegram.MenuButtonWebApp`
- `telegram.MenuButtonDefault`

If a menu button other than `telegram.MenuButtonDefault` is set for a private chat, then it is applied in the chat. Otherwise the default menu button is applied. By default, the menu button opens the list of bot commands.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `type` is equal. For subclasses with additional attributes, the notion of equality is overridden.

New in version 20.0.

**Parameters** `type` (`str`) – Type of menu button that the instance represents.

**type**

Type of menu button that the instance represents.

Type `str`

**COMMANDS** = `'commands'`

`telegram.constants.MenuButtonType.COMMANDS`

**DEFAULT** = `'default'`

`telegram.constants.MenuButtonType.DEFAULT`

**WEB\_APP** = `'web_app'`

`telegram.constants.MenuButtonType.WEB_APP`

**classmethod** `de_json(data, bot)`

Converts JSON data to the appropriate `MenuButton` object, i.e. takes care of selecting the correct subclass.

**Parameters**

- `data` (`Dict[str, ...]`) – The JSON data.
- `bot` (`telegram.Bot`) – The bot associated with this object.

**Returns** The Telegram object.

### 10.1.48 telegram.MenuButtonCommands

**class** telegram.MenuButtonCommands(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.MenuButton](#)

Represents a menu button, which opens the bot's list of commands.

New in version 20.0.

**type**

`'commands'`.

Type `str`

### 10.1.49 telegram.MenuButtonDefault

**class** telegram.MenuButtonDefault(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.MenuButton](#)

Describes that no specific value for the menu button was set.

New in version 20.0.

**type**

`'default'`.

Type `str`

### 10.1.50 telegram.MenuButtonWebApp

**class** telegram.MenuButtonWebApp(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.MenuButton](#)

Represents a menu button, which launches a [Web App](#).

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `type`, `text` and `web_app` are equal.

New in version 20.0.

#### Parameters

- **text** (`str`) – Text of the button.
- **web\_app** ([telegram.WebAppInfo](#)) – Description of the Web App that will be launched when the user presses the button. The Web App will be able to send an arbitrary message on behalf of the user using the method [answerWebAppQuery\(\)](#).

**type**

`'web_app'`.

Type `str`

**text**

Text of the button.

Type `str`

**web\_app**

Description of the Web App that will be launched when the user presses the button. The Web App will be able to send an arbitrary message on behalf of the user using the method [answerWebAppQuery\(\)](#).

Type [telegram.WebAppInfo](#)

`classmethod de_json(data, bot)`

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

`to_dict()`

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

### 10.1.51 telegram.Message

`class telegram.Message(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents a message.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `message_id` and `chat` are equal.

---

**Note:** In Python `from` is a reserved word use `from_user` instead.

---

Changed in version 20.0: The arguments and attributes `voice_chat_scheduled`, `voice_chat_started` and `voice_chat_ended`, `voice_chat_participants_invited` were renamed to `video_chat_scheduled/video_chat_scheduled`, `video_chat_started/video_chat_started`, `video_chat_ended/video_chat_ended` and `video_chat_participants_invited/video_chat_participants_invited`, respectively, in accordance to Bot API 6.0.

#### Parameters

- `message_id` (`int`) – Unique message identifier inside this chat.
- `from_user` (`telegram.User`, optional) – Sender of the message; empty for messages sent to channels. For backward compatibility, this will contain a fake sender user in non-channel chats, if the message was sent on behalf of a chat.
- `sender_chat` (`telegram.Chat`, optional) – Sender of the message, sent on behalf of a chat. For example, the channel itself for channel posts, the supergroup itself for messages from anonymous group administrators, the linked channel for messages automatically forwarded to the discussion group. For backward compatibility, `from_user` contains a fake sender user in non-channel chats, if the message was sent on behalf of a chat.
- `date` (`datetime.datetime`) – Date the message was sent in Unix time. Converted to `datetime.datetime`.
- `chat` (`telegram.Chat`) – Conversation the message belongs to.
- `forward_from` (`telegram.User`, optional) – For forwarded messages, sender of the original message.
- `forward_from_chat` (`telegram.Chat`, optional) – For messages forwarded from channels or from anonymous administrators, information about the original sender chat.
- `forward_from_message_id` (`int`, optional) – For forwarded channel posts, identifier of the original message in the channel.
- `forward_sender_name` (`str`, optional) – Sender's name for messages forwarded from users who disallow adding a link to their account in forwarded messages.
- `forward_date` (`datetime.datetime`, optional) – For forwarded messages, date the original message was sent in Unix time. Converted to `datetime.datetime`.
- `is_automatic_forward` (`bool`, optional) – `True`, if the message is a channel post that was automatically forwarded to the connected discussion group.

New in version 13.9.

- **reply\_to\_message** (*telegram.Message*, optional) – For replies, the original message.
- **edit\_date** (*datetime.datetime*, optional) – Date the message was last edited in Unix time. Converted to *datetime.datetime*.
- **has\_protected\_content** (*bool*, optional) – **True**, if the message can't be forwarded.  
New in version 13.9.
- **media\_group\_id** (*str*, optional) – The unique identifier of a media message group this message belongs to.
- **text** (*str*, optional) – For text messages, the actual UTF-8 text of the message, 0-4096 characters.
- **entities** (*List[telegram.MessageEntity]*, optional) – For text messages, special entities like usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc. that appear in the text. See *parse\_entity* and *parse\_entities* methods for how to use properly.
- **caption\_entities** (*List[telegram.MessageEntity]*) – Optional. For Messages with a Caption. Special entities like usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc. that appear in the caption. See *Message.parse\_caption\_entity* and *parse\_caption\_entities* methods for how to use properly.
- **audio** (*telegram.Audio*, optional) – Message is an audio file, information about the file.
- **document** (*telegram.Document*, optional) – Message is a general file, information about the file.
- **animation** (*telegram.Animation*, optional) – Message is an animation, information about the animation. For backward compatibility, when this field is set, the document field will also be set.
- **game** (*telegram.Game*, optional) – Message is a game, information about the game.
- **photo** (*List[telegram.PhotoSize]*, optional) – Message is a photo, available sizes of the photo.
- **sticker** (*telegram.Sticker*, optional) – Message is a sticker, information about the sticker.
- **video** (*telegram.Video*, optional) – Message is a video, information about the video.
- **voice** (*telegram.Voice*, optional) – Message is a voice message, information about the file.
- **video\_note** (*telegram.VideoNote*, optional) – Message is a video note, information about the video message.
- **new\_chat\_members** (*List[telegram.User]*, optional) – New members that were added to the group or supergroup and information about them (the bot itself may be one of these members).
- **caption** (*str*, optional) – Caption for the animation, audio, document, photo, video or voice, 0-1024 characters.
- **contact** (*telegram.Contact*, optional) – Message is a shared contact, information about the contact.
- **location** (*telegram.Location*, optional) – Message is a shared location, information about the location.
- **venue** (*telegram.Venue*, optional) – Message is a venue, information about the venue. For backward compatibility, when this field is set, the location field will also be set.
- **left\_chat\_member** (*telegram.User*, optional) – A member was removed from the group, information about them (this member may be the bot itself).

- **`new_chat_title`** (`str`, optional) – A chat title was changed to this value.
- **`new_chat_photo`** (`List[telegram.PhotoSize]`, optional) – A chat photo was changed to this value.
- **`delete_chat_photo`** (`bool`, optional) – Service message: The chat photo was deleted.
- **`group_chat_created`** (`bool`, optional) – Service message: The group has been created.
- **`supergroup_chat_created`** (`bool`, optional) – Service message: The supergroup has been created. This field can't be received in a message coming through updates, because bot can't be a member of a supergroup when it is created. It can only be found in `reply_to_message` if someone replies to a very first message in a directly created supergroup.
- **`channel_chat_created`** (`bool`, optional) – Service message: The channel has been created. This field can't be received in a message coming through updates, because bot can't be a member of a channel when it is created. It can only be found in `reply_to_message` if someone replies to a very first message in a channel.
- **`message_auto_delete_timer_changed`** (`telegram.MessageAutoDeleteTimerChanged`, optional) – Service message: auto-delete timer settings changed in the chat.

New in version 13.4.

- **`migrate_to_chat_id`** (`int`, optional) – The group has been migrated to a supergroup with the specified identifier. This number may be greater than 32 bits and some programming languages may have difficulty/silent defects in interpreting it. But it is smaller than 52 bits, so a signed 64 bit integer or double-precision float type are safe for storing this identifier.
- **`migrate_from_chat_id`** (`int`, optional) – The supergroup has been migrated from a group with the specified identifier. This number may be greater than 32 bits and some programming languages may have difficulty/silent defects in interpreting it. But it is smaller than 52 bits, so a signed 64 bit integer or double-precision float type are safe for storing this identifier.
- **`pinned_message`** (`telegram.Message`, optional) – Specified message was pinned. Note that the Message object in this field will not contain further `reply_to_message` fields even if it is itself a reply.
- **`invoice`** (`telegram.Invoice`, optional) – Message is an invoice for a payment, information about the invoice.
- **`successful_payment`** (`telegram.SuccessfulPayment`, optional) – Message is a service message about a successful payment, information about the payment.
- **`connected_website`** (`str`, optional) – The domain name of the website on which the user has logged in.
- **`forward_signature`** (`str`, optional) – For messages forwarded from channels, signature of the post author if present.
- **`author_signature`** (`str`, optional) – Signature of the post author for messages in channels, or the custom title of an anonymous group administrator.
- **`passport_data`** (`telegram.PassportData`, optional) – Telegram Passport data.
- **`poll`** (`telegram.Poll`, optional) – Message is a native poll, information about the poll.
- **`dice`** (`telegram.Dice`, optional) – Message is a dice with random value from 1 to 6.
- **`via_bot`** (`telegram.User`, optional) – Message was sent through an inline bot.

- **`proximity_alert_triggered`** (`telegram.ProximityAlertTriggered`, optional)  
– Service message. A user in the chat triggered another user’s proximity alert while sharing Live Location.
- **`video_chat_scheduled`** (`telegram.VideoChatScheduled`, optional) – Service message: video chat scheduled.  
  
New in version 20.0.
- **`video_chat_started`** (`telegram.VideoChatStarted`, optional) – Service message: video chat started.  
  
New in version 20.0.
- **`video_chat_ended`** (`telegram.VideoChatEnded`, optional) – Service message: video chat ended.  
  
New in version 20.0.
- **`video_chat_participants_invited`** (`telegram.VideoChatParticipantsInvited`, optional) – Service message: new participants invited to a video chat.  
  
New in version 20.0.
- **`web_app_data`** (`telegram.WebAppData`, optional) – Service message: data sent by a Web App.  
  
New in version 20.0.
- **`reply_markup`** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message. `login_url` buttons are represented as ordinary url buttons.
- **`bot`** (`telegram.Bot`, optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.

**message\_id**

Unique message identifier inside this chat.

Type `int`

**from\_user**

Optional. Sender of the message; empty for messages sent to channels. For backward compatibility, this will contain a fake sender user in non-channel chats, if the message was sent on behalf of a chat.

Type `telegram.User`

**sender\_chat**

Optional. Sender of the message, sent on behalf of a chat. For backward compatibility, `from_user` contains a fake sender user in non-channel chats, if the message was sent on behalf of a chat.

Type `telegram.Chat`

**date**

Date the message was sent.

Type `datetime.datetime`

**chat**

Conversation the message belongs to.

Type `telegram.Chat`

**forward\_from**

Optional. Sender of the original message.

Type `telegram.User`

**forward\_from\_chat**

Optional. For messages forwarded from channels or from anonymous administrators, information about the original sender chat.

Type `telegram.Chat`

**forward\_from\_message\_id**

Optional. Identifier of the original message in the channel.

Type `int`

**forward\_date**

Optional. Date the original message was sent.

Type `datetime.datetime`

**is\_automatic\_forward**

Optional. `True`, if the message is a channel post that was automatically forwarded to the connected discussion group.

New in version 13.9.

Type `bool`

**reply\_to\_message**

Optional. For replies, the original message. Note that the `Message` object in this field will not contain further `reply_to_message` fields even if it itself is a reply.

Type `telegram.Message`

**edit\_date**

Optional. Date the message was last edited.

Type `datetime.datetime`

**has\_protected\_content**

Optional. `True`, if the message can't be forwarded.

New in version 13.9.

Type `bool`

**media\_group\_id**

Optional. The unique identifier of a media message group this message belongs to.

Type `str`

**text**

Optional. The actual UTF-8 text of the message.

Type `str`

**entities**

Optional. Special entities like usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc. that appear in the text. See [Message.parse\\_entity](#) and [parse\\_entities](#) methods for how to use properly.

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. Special entities like usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc. that appear in the caption. See [Message.parse\\_caption\\_entity](#) and [parse\\_caption\\_entities](#) methods for how to use properly.

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**audio**

Optional. Information about the file.

Type `telegram.Audio`

**document**

Optional. Information about the file.

Type `telegram.Document`

**animation**

For backward compatibility, when this field is set, the document field will also be set.

Type `telegram.Animation`

**game**

Optional. Information about the game.

Type `telegram.Game`

**photo**

Optional. Available sizes of the photo.

Type `List[telegram.PhotoSize]`

**sticker**

Optional. Information about the sticker.

Type `telegram.Sticker`

**video**

Optional. Information about the video.

Type `telegram.Video`

**voice**

Optional. Information about the file.

Type `telegram.Voice`

**video\_note**

Optional. Information about the video message.

Type `telegram.VideoNote`

**new\_chat\_members**

Optional. Information about new members to the chat. (the bot itself may be one of these members).

Type `List[telegram.User]`

**caption**

Optional. Caption for the document, photo or video, 0-1024 characters.

Type `str`

**contact**

Optional. Information about the contact.

Type `telegram.Contact`

**location**

Optional. Information about the location.

Type `telegram.Location`

**venue**

Optional. Information about the venue.

Type *telegram.Venue*

**left\_chat\_member**

Optional. Information about the user that left the group. (this member may be the bot itself).

Type *telegram.User*

**new\_chat\_title**

Optional. A chat title was changed to this value.

Type *str*

**new\_chat\_photo**

Optional. A chat photo was changed to this value.

Type List[*telegram.PhotoSize*]

**delete\_chat\_photo**

Optional. The chat photo was deleted.

Type *bool*

**group\_chat\_created**

Optional. The group has been created.

Type *bool*

**supergroup\_chat\_created**

Optional. The supergroup has been created.

Type *bool*

**channel\_chat\_created**

Optional. The channel has been created.

Type *bool*

**message\_auto\_delete\_timer\_changed**

Optional. Service message: auto-delete timer settings changed in the chat.

New in version 13.4.

Type *telegram.MessageAutoDeleteTimerChanged*

**migrate\_to\_chat\_id**

Optional. The group has been migrated to a supergroup with the specified identifier.

Type *int*

**migrate\_from\_chat\_id**

Optional. The supergroup has been migrated from a group with the specified identifier.

Type *int*

**pinned\_message**

Optional. Specified message was pinned.

Type *telegram.Message*

**invoice**

Optional. Information about the invoice.

Type *telegram.Invoice*

**successful\_payment**

Optional. Information about the payment.

Type *telegram.SuccessfulPayment*

**connected\_website**

Optional. The domain name of the website on which the user has logged in.

Type *str*

**forward\_signature**

Optional. Signature of the post author for messages forwarded from channels.

Type *str*

**forward\_sender\_name**

Optional. Sender's name for messages forwarded from users who disallow adding a link to their account in forwarded messages.

Type *str*

**author\_signature**

Optional. Signature of the post author for messages in channels, or the custom title of an anonymous group administrator.

Type *str*

**passport\_data**

Optional. Telegram Passport data.

Type *telegram.PassportData*

**poll**

Optional. Message is a native poll, information about the poll.

Type *telegram.Poll*

**dice**

Optional. Message is a dice.

Type *telegram.Dice*

**via\_bot**

Optional. Bot through which the message was sent.

Type *telegram.User*

**proximity\_alert\_triggered**

Optional. Service message. A user in the chat triggered another user's proximity alert while sharing Live Location.

Type *telegram.ProximityAlertTriggered*

**video\_chat\_scheduled**

Optional. Service message: video chat scheduled.

New in version 20.0.

Type *telegram.VideoChatScheduled*

**video\_chat\_started**

Optional. Service message: video chat started.

New in version 20.0.

Type *telegram.VideoChatStarted*

**video\_chat\_ended**

Optional. Service message: video chat ended.

New in version 20.0.

Type *telegram.VideoChatEnded*

**video\_chat\_participants\_invited**

Optional. Service message: new participants invited to a video chat.

New in version 20.0.

Type *telegram.VideoChatParticipantsInvited*

**web\_app\_data**

Optional. Service message: data sent by a Web App.

New in version 20.0.

Type *telegram.WebAppData*

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type *telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup*

**bot**

Optional. The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type *telegram.Bot*

**property caption\_html**

Creates an HTML-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message's caption.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message caption with the caption entities formatted as HTML in the same way the original message was formatted.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as HTML.

**Returns** Message caption with caption entities formatted as HTML.

**Return type** *str*

**property caption\_html\_urled**

Creates an HTML-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message's caption.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message caption with the caption entities formatted as HTML. This also formats *telegram.MessageEntity.URL* as a hyperlink.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as HTML.

**Returns** Message caption with caption entities formatted as HTML.

**Return type** *str*

**property caption\_markdown**

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message's caption using *telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN*.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message caption with the caption entities formatted as Markdown in the same way the original message was formatted.

---

**Note:** *'Markdown'* is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should use *caption\_markdown\_v2()* instead.

---

**Returns** Message caption with caption entities formatted as Markdown.

**Return type** `str`

**Raises** `ValueError` – If the message contains underline, strikethrough, spoiler or nested entities.

#### **property** `caption_markdown_urled`

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message's caption using `telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN`.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message caption with the caption entities formatted as Markdown. This also formats `telegram.MessageEntity.URL` as a hyperlink.

---

**Note:** `'Markdown'` is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should use `caption_markdown_v2_urled()` instead.

---

**Returns** Message caption with caption entities formatted as Markdown.

**Return type** `str`

**Raises** `ValueError` – If the message contains underline, strikethrough, spoiler or nested entities.

#### **property** `caption_markdown_v2`

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message's caption using `telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN_V2`.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message caption with the caption entities formatted as Markdown in the same way the original message was formatted.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as Markdown V2.

**Returns** Message caption with caption entities formatted as Markdown.

**Return type** `str`

#### **property** `caption_markdown_v2_urled`

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message's caption using `telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN_V2`.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message caption with the caption entities formatted as Markdown. This also formats `telegram.MessageEntity.URL` as a hyperlink.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as Markdown V2.

**Returns** Message caption with caption entities formatted as Markdown.

**Return type** `str`

#### **property** `chat_id`

Shortcut for `telegram.Chat.id` for `chat`.

**Type** `int`

**async copy**(`chat_id`, `caption=None`, `parse_mode=None`, `caption_entities=None`, `disable_notification=None`, `reply_to_message_id=None`, `allow_sending_without_reply=None`, `reply_markup=None`, `read_timeout=None`, `write_timeout=None`, `connect_timeout=None`, `pool_timeout=None`, `api_kwargs=None`, `protect_content=None`)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.copy_message(
    chat_id=chat_id,
    from_chat_id=update.effective_message.chat_id,
    message_id=update.effective_message.message_id,
    *args,
    **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.copy\\_message\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, returns the MessageId of the sent message.

**Return type** [telegram.MessageId](#)

**classmethod** `de_json(data, bot)`

See [telegram.TelegramObject.de\\_json\(\)](#).

**async delete**(*read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.delete_message(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.delete\\_message\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async edit\_caption**(*caption=None, reply\_markup=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, parse\_mode=None, api\_kwargs=None, caption\_entities=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.edit_message_caption(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.edit\\_message\\_caption\(\)](#).

---

**Note:** You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the `bot.send_*` family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

**Returns** On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

**async edit\_live\_location**(*latitude=None, longitude=None, location=None, reply\_markup=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None, horizontal\_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity\_alert\_radius=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.edit_message_live_location(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [`telegram.Bot.edit\_message\_live\_location\(\)`](#).

---

**Note:** You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the `bot.send_*` family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

**Returns** On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

**Return type** [`telegram.Message`](#)

**async edit\_media**(*media*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*,  
*connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.edit_message_media(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [`telegram.Bot.edit\_message\_media\(\)`](#).

---

**Note:** You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the `bot.send_*` family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

**Returns** On success, if edited message is not an inline message, the edited Message is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

**Return type** [`telegram.Message`](#)

**async edit\_reply\_markup**(*reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*,  
*connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.edit_message_reply_markup(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [`telegram.Bot.edit\_message\_reply\_markup\(\)`](#).

---

**Note:** You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the `bot.send_*` family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

**Returns** On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited Message is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

**Return type** [`telegram.Message`](#)

```
async edit_text(text, parse_mode=None, disable_web_page_preview=None, reply_markup=None,
                read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, entities=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.edit_message_text(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.edit_message_text()`.

---

**Note:** You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the `bot.send_*` family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

**Returns** On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited `Message` is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

#### property `effective_attachment`

If this message is neither a plain text message nor a status update, this gives the attachment that this message was sent with. This may be one of

- `telegram.Audio`
- `telegram.Dice`
- `telegram.Contact`
- `telegram.Document`
- `telegram.Animation`
- `telegram.Game`
- `telegram.Invoice`
- `telegram.Location`
- `telegram.PassportData`
- `List[telegram.PhotoSize]`
- `telegram.Poll`
- `telegram.Sticker`
- `telegram.SuccessfulPayment`
- `telegram.Venue`
- `telegram.Video`
- `telegram.VideoNote`
- `telegram.Voice`

Otherwise `None` is returned.

Changed in version 20.0: `dice`, `passport_data` and `poll` are now also considered to be an attachment.

```
async forward(chat_id, disable_notification=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
               connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
               protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.forward_message(
    chat_id=chat_id,
    from_chat_id=update.effective_message.chat_id,
    message_id=update.effective_message.message_id,
    *args,
    **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.forward\\_message\(\)](#).

---

**Note:** Since the release of Bot API 5.5 it can be impossible to forward messages from some chats. Use the attributes [telegram.Message.has\\_protected\\_content](#) and [telegram.Chat.has\\_protected\\_content](#) to check this.

As a workaround, it is still possible to use [copy\(\)](#). However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message forwarded.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async get_game_high_scores(user_id, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                           connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.get_game_high_scores(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.get\\_game\\_high\\_scores\(\)](#).

---

**Note:** You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the `bot.send_*` family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

**Returns** List[[telegram.GameHighScore](#)]

### property link

Convenience property. If the chat of the message is not a private chat or normal group, returns a t.me link of the message.

**Type** `str`

```
parse_caption_entities(types=None)
```

Returns a [dict](#) that maps [telegram.MessageEntity](#) to `str`. It contains entities from this message's caption filtered by their [telegram.MessageEntity.type](#) attribute as the key, and the text that each entity belongs to as the value of the [dict](#).

---

**Note:** This method should always be used instead of the [caption\\_entities](#) attribute, since it calculates the correct substring from the message text based on UTF-16 codepoints. See [parse\\_entity](#)

for more info.

---

**Parameters** *types* (List[str], optional) – List of `telegram.MessageEntity` types as strings. If the `type` attribute of an entity is contained in this list, it will be returned. Defaults to a list of all types. All types can be found as constants in `telegram.MessageEntity`.

**Returns** A dictionary of entities mapped to the text that belongs to them, calculated based on UTF-16 codepoints.

**Return type** Dict[`telegram.MessageEntity`, str]

**parse\_caption\_entity**(entity)

Returns the text from a given `telegram.MessageEntity`.

---

**Note:** This method is present because Telegram calculates the offset and length in UTF-16 codepoint pairs, which some versions of Python don't handle automatically. (That is, you can't just slice `Message.caption` with the offset and length.)

---

**Parameters** *entity* (`telegram.MessageEntity`) – The entity to extract the text from. It must be an entity that belongs to this message.

**Returns** The text of the given entity.

**Return type** str

**Raises** `RuntimeError` – If the message has no caption.

**parse\_entities**(types=None)

Returns a dict that maps `telegram.MessageEntity` to str. It contains entities from this message filtered by their `telegram.MessageEntity.type` attribute as the key, and the text that each entity belongs to as the value of the dict.

---

**Note:** This method should always be used instead of the `entities` attribute, since it calculates the correct substring from the message text based on UTF-16 codepoints. See `parse_entity` for more info.

---

**Parameters** *types* (List[str], optional) – List of `telegram.MessageEntity` types as strings. If the `type` attribute of an entity is contained in this list, it will be returned. Defaults to a list of all types. All types can be found as constants in `telegram.MessageEntity`.

**Returns** A dictionary of entities mapped to the text that belongs to them, calculated based on UTF-16 codepoints.

**Return type** Dict[`telegram.MessageEntity`, str]

**parse\_entity**(entity)

Returns the text from a given `telegram.MessageEntity`.

---

**Note:** This method is present because Telegram calculates the offset and length in UTF-16 codepoint pairs, which some versions of Python don't handle automatically. (That is, you can't just slice `Message.text` with the offset and length.)

---

**Parameters** *entity* ([`telegram.MessageEntity`](#)) – The entity to extract the text from. It must be an entity that belongs to this message.

**Returns** The text of the given entity.

**Return type** `str`

**Raises** [`RuntimeError`](#) – If the message has no text.

**async pin**(*disable\_notification=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.pin_chat_message(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [`telegram.Bot.pin\_chat\_message\(\)`](#).

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async reply\_animation**(*animation*, *duration=None*, *width=None*, *height=None*, *thumb=None*, *caption=None*, *parse\_mode=None*, *disable\_notification=None*, *reply\_to\_message\_id=None*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=20*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*, *caption\_entities=None*, *filename=None*, *quote=None*, *protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_animation(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [`telegram.Bot.send\_animation\(\)`](#).

**Parameters** *quote* (`bool`, optional) – If set to `True`, the animation is sent as an actual reply to this message. If *reply\_to\_message\_id* is passed in *kwargs*, this parameter will be ignored. Default: `True` in group chats and `False` in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [`telegram.Message`](#)

**async reply\_audio**(*audio*, *duration=None*, *performer=None*, *title=None*, *caption=None*, *disable\_notification=None*, *reply\_to\_message\_id=None*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=20*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *parse\_mode=None*, *thumb=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*, *caption\_entities=None*, *filename=None*, *quote=None*, *protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_audio(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [`telegram.Bot.send\_audio\(\)`](#).

**Parameters** *quote* (`bool`, optional) – If set to `True`, the audio is sent as an actual reply to this message. If *reply\_to\_message\_id* is passed in *kwargs*, this parameter will be ignored. Default: `True` in group chats and `False` in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [`telegram.Message`](#)

**async\_reply\_chat\_action**(*action*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_chat_action(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_chat\\_action\(\)](#).

New in version 13.2.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async\_reply\_contact**(*phone\_number=None*, *first\_name=None*, *last\_name=None*, *disable\_notification=None*, *reply\_to\_message\_id=None*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *contact=None*, *vcard=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*, *quote=None*, *protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_contact(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_contact\(\)](#).

**Parameters** `quote` (`bool`, optional) – If set to `True`, the contact is sent as an actual reply to this message. If `reply_to_message_id` is passed in `kwargs`, this parameter will be ignored. Default: `True` in group chats and `False` in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**async\_reply\_copy**(*from\_chat\_id*, *message\_id*, *caption=None*, *parse\_mode=None*, *caption\_entities=None*, *disable\_notification=None*, *reply\_to\_message\_id=None*, *allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *quote=None*, *protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.copy_message(
    chat_id=message.chat.id,
    from_chat_id=from_chat_id,
    message_id=message_id,
    *args,
    **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.copy\\_message\(\)](#).

**Parameters** `quote` (`bool`, optional) – If set to `True`, the copy is sent as an actual reply to this message. If `reply_to_message_id` is passed in `kwargs`, this parameter will be ignored. Default: `True` in group chats and `False` in private chats.

New in version 13.1.

**Returns** On success, returns the `MessageId` of the sent message.

**Return type** `telegram.MessageId`

**async\_reply\_dice**(*disable\_notification=None*, *reply\_to\_message\_id=None*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *emoji=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*, *quote=None*, *protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_dice(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_dice\(\)](#).

**Parameters** [quote](#) ([bool](#), optional) – If set to [True](#), the dice is sent as an actual reply to this message. If [reply\\_to\\_message\\_id](#) is passed in [kwargs](#), this parameter will be ignored. Default: [True](#) in group chats and [False](#) in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async reply_document(document, filename=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
    reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
    write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
    parse_mode=None, thumb=None, api_kwargs=None,
    disable_content_type_detection=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
    caption_entities=None, quote=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_document(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_document\(\)](#).

**Parameters** [quote](#) ([bool](#), optional) – If set to [True](#), the document is sent as an actual reply to this message. If [reply\\_to\\_message\\_id](#) is passed in [kwargs](#), this parameter will be ignored. Default: [True](#) in group chats and [False](#) in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async reply_game(game_short_name, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
    reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
    connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
    allow_sending_without_reply=None, quote=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_game(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_game\(\)](#).

**Parameters** [quote](#) ([bool](#), optional) – If set to [True](#), the game is sent as an actual reply to this message. If [reply\\_to\\_message\\_id](#) is passed in [kwargs](#), this parameter will be ignored. Default: [True](#) in group chats and [False](#) in private chats.

New in version 13.2.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async reply_html(text, disable_web_page_preview=None, disable_notification=None,
    reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
    write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
    api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, entities=None,
    quote=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_message(
    update.effective_message.chat_id,
    parse_mode=ParseMode.HTML,
    *args,
    **kwargs,
)
```

Sends a message with HTML formatting.

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_message\(\)](#).

**Parameters** [quote](#) ([bool](#), optional) – If set to [True](#), the message is sent as an actual reply to this message. If [reply\\_to\\_message\\_id](#) is passed in [kwargs](#), this parameter will be ignored. Default: [True](#) in group chats and [False](#) in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

**async reply\_invoice**(*title, description, payload, provider\_token, currency, prices, start\_parameter=None, photo\_url=None, photo\_size=None, photo\_width=None, photo\_height=None, need\_name=None, need\_phone\_number=None, need\_email=None, need\_shipping\_address=None, is\_flexible=None, disable\_notification=None, reply\_to\_message\_id=None, reply\_markup=None, provider\_data=None, send\_phone\_number\_to\_provider=None, send\_email\_to\_provider=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None, allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None, quote=None, max\_tip\_amount=None, suggested\_tip\_amounts=None, protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_invoice(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_invoice\(\)](#).

**Warning:** As of API 5.2 [start\\_parameter](#) is an optional argument and therefore the order of the arguments had to be changed. Use keyword arguments to make sure that the arguments are passed correctly.

New in version 13.2.

Changed in version 13.5: As of Bot API 5.2, the parameter [start\\_parameter](#) is optional.

**Parameters** [quote](#) ([bool](#), optional) – If set to [True](#), the invoice is sent as an actual reply to this message. If [reply\\_to\\_message\\_id](#) is passed in [kwargs](#), this parameter will be ignored. Default: [True](#) in group chats and [False](#) in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

**async reply\_location**(*latitude=None, longitude=None, disable\_notification=None, reply\_to\_message\_id=None, reply\_markup=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, location=None, live\_period=None, api\_kwargs=None, horizontal\_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity\_alert\_radius=None, allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None, quote=None, protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_location(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_location\(\)](#).

**Parameters** *quote* (*bool*, optional) – If set to *True*, the location is sent as an actual reply to this message. If *reply\_to\_message\_id* is passed in *kwargs*, this parameter will be ignored. Default: *True* in group chats and *False* in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async def reply_markdown(text, disable_web_page_preview=None, disable_notification=None,
                        reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                        write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                        api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, entities=None,
                        quote=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_message(
    update.effective_message.chat_id,
    parse_mode=ParseMode.MARKDOWN,
    *args,
    **kwargs,
)
```

Sends a message with Markdown version 1 formatting.

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_message\(\)](#).

---

**Note:** *'Markdown'* is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should use [reply\\_markdown\\_v2\(\)](#) instead.

---

**Parameters** *quote* (*bool*, optional) – If set to *True*, the message is sent as an actual reply to this message. If *reply\_to\_message\_id* is passed in *kwargs*, this parameter will be ignored. Default: *True* in group chats and *False* in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async def reply_markdown_v2(text, disable_web_page_preview=None, disable_notification=None,
                           reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                           write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                           api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, entities=None,
                           quote=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_message(
    update.effective_message.chat_id,
    parse_mode=ParseMode.MARKDOWN_V2,
    *args,
    **kwargs,
)
```

Sends a message with markdown version 2 formatting.

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_message\(\)](#).

**Parameters** *quote* (*bool*, optional) – If set to *True*, the message is sent as an actual reply to this message. If *reply\_to\_message\_id* is passed in *kwargs*, this parameter will be ignored. Default: *True* in group chats and *False* in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

```
async def reply_media_group(media, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                           read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None,
                           pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                           allow_sending_without_reply=None, quote=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_media_group(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_media_group()`.

**Parameters** `quote` (`bool`, optional) – If set to `True`, the media group is sent as an actual reply to this message. If `reply_to_message_id` is passed in `kwargs`, this parameter will be ignored. Default: `True` in group chats and `False` in private chats.

**Returns** An array of the sent Messages.

**Return type** `List[telegram.Message]`

**Raises** `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

```
async def reply_photo(photo, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                     reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20,
                     connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, parse_mode=None,
                     api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None,
                     filename=None, quote=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_photo(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_photo()`.

**Parameters** `quote` (`bool`, optional) – If set to `True`, the photo is sent as an actual reply to this message. If `reply_to_message_id` is passed in `kwargs`, this parameter will be ignored. Default: `True` in group chats and `False` in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

```
async def reply_poll(question, options, is_anonymous=True, type=PollType.REGULAR,
                    allows_multiple_answers=False, correct_option_id=None, is_closed=None,
                    disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                    read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                    pool_timeout=None, explanation=None, explanation_parse_mode=None,
                    open_period=None, close_date=None, api_kwargs=None,
                    allow_sending_without_reply=None, explanation_entities=None, quote=None,
                    protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_poll(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_poll()`.

**Parameters** `quote` (`bool`, optional) – If set to `True`, the poll is sent as an actual reply to this message. If `reply_to_message_id` is passed in `kwargs`, this parameter will be ignored. Default: `True` in group chats and `False` in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

```
async reply_sticker(sticker, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                    reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20,
                    connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                    allow_sending_without_reply=None, quote=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_sticker(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_sticker\(\)](#).

**Parameters** [quote](#) ([bool](#), optional) – If set to [True](#), the sticker is sent as an actual reply to this message. If `reply_to_message_id` is passed in `kwargs`, this parameter will be ignored. Default: [True](#) in group chats and [False](#) in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async reply_text(text, parse_mode=None, disable_web_page_preview=None,
                 disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                 read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                 pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                 entities=None, quote=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_message(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_message\(\)](#).

**Parameters** [quote](#) ([bool](#), optional) – If set to [True](#), the message is sent as an actual reply to this message. If `reply_to_message_id` is passed in `kwargs`, this parameter will be ignored. Default: [True](#) in group chats and [False](#) in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async reply_venue(latitude=None, longitude=None, title=None, address=None, foursquare_id=None,
                 disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                 read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                 pool_timeout=None, venue=None, foursquare_type=None, api_kwargs=None,
                 google_place_id=None, google_place_type=None,
                 allow_sending_without_reply=None, quote=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_venue(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_venue\(\)](#).

**Parameters** [quote](#) ([bool](#), optional) – If set to [True](#), the venue is sent as an actual reply to this message. If `reply_to_message_id` is passed in `kwargs`, this parameter will be ignored. Default: [True](#) in group chats and [False](#) in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async reply_video(video, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                 reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                 write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, width=None,
                 height=None, parse_mode=None, supports_streaming=None, thumb=None,
                 api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None,
                 filename=None, quote=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_video(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_video\(\)](#).

**Parameters** *quote* (*bool*, optional) – If set to *True*, the video is sent as an actual reply to this message. If *reply\_to\_message\_id* is passed in *kwargs*, this parameter will be ignored. Default: *True* in group chats and *False* in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async reply_video_note(video_note, duration=None, length=None, disable_notification=None,
                       reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                       write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                       thumb=None, api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                       filename=None, quote=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_video_note(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_video\\_note\(\)](#).

**Parameters** *quote* (*bool*, optional) – If set to *True*, the video note is sent as an actual reply to this message. If *reply\_to\_message\_id* is passed in *kwargs*, this parameter will be ignored. Default: *True* in group chats and *False* in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async reply_voice(voice, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                  reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                  write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                  parse_mode=None, api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                  caption_entities=None, filename=None, quote=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_voice(update.effective_message.chat_id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_voice\(\)](#).

**Parameters** *quote* (*bool*, optional) – If set to *True*, the voice note is sent as an actual reply to this message. If *reply\_to\_message\_id* is passed in *kwargs*, this parameter will be ignored. Default: *True* in group chats and *False* in private chats.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async set_game_score(user_id, score, force=None, disable_edit_message=None, read_timeout=None,
                    write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                    api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.set_game_score(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.set\\_game\\_score\(\)](#).

---

**Note:** You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the `bot.send_*` family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

**Returns** On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited `Message` is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**async stop\_live\_location**(*reply\_markup=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.stop_message_live_location(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.stop_message_live_location()`.

---

**Note:** You can only edit messages that the bot sent itself (i.e. of the `bot.send_*` family of methods) or channel posts, if the bot is an admin in that channel. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

**Returns** On success, if edited message is sent by the bot, the edited `Message` is returned, otherwise `True` is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**async stop\_poll**(*reply\_markup=None, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.stop_poll(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.stop_poll()`.

**Returns** On success, the stopped `Poll` with the final results is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.Poll`

#### **property text\_html**

Creates an HTML-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message text with the entities formatted as HTML in the same way the original message was formatted.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as HTML.

**Returns** Message text with entities formatted as HTML.

**Return type** `str`

#### **property text\_html\_urled**

Creates an HTML-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message text with the entities formatted as HTML. This also formats `telegram.MessageEntity.URL` as a hyperlink.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as HTML.

**Returns** Message text with entities formatted as HTML.

**Return type** `str`

**property `text_markdown`**

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message using `telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN`.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message text with the entities formatted as Markdown in the same way the original message was formatted.

---

**Note:** `'Markdown'` is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should use `text_markdown_v2()` instead.

---

**Returns** Message text with entities formatted as Markdown.

**Return type** `str`

**Raises** `ValueError` – If the message contains underline, strikethrough, spoiler or nested entities.

**property `text_markdown_urled`**

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message using `telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN`.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message text with the entities formatted as Markdown. This also formats `telegram.MessageEntity.URL` as a hyperlink.

---

**Note:** `'Markdown'` is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should use `text_markdown_v2_urled()` instead.

---

**Returns** Message text with entities formatted as Markdown.

**Return type** `str`

**Raises** `ValueError` – If the message contains underline, strikethrough, spoiler or nested entities.

**property `text_markdown_v2`**

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message using `telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN_V2`.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message text with the entities formatted as Markdown in the same way the original message was formatted.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as Markdown V2.

**Returns** Message text with entities formatted as Markdown.

**Return type** `str`

**property `text_markdown_v2_urled`**

Creates an Markdown-formatted string from the markup entities found in the message using `telegram.constants.ParseMode.MARKDOWN_V2`.

Use this if you want to retrieve the message text with the entities formatted as Markdown. This also formats `telegram.MessageEntity.URL` as a hyperlink.

Changed in version 13.10: Spoiler entities are now formatted as Markdown V2.

**Returns** Message text with entities formatted as Markdown.

Return type `str`

`to_dict()`

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

**async unpin**(*read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.unpin_chat_message(
    chat_id=message.chat_id, message_id=message.message_id, *args, **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.unpin_chat_message()`.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

Return type `bool`

### 10.1.52 telegram.MessageAutoDeleteTimerChanged

**class** telegram.MessageAutoDeleteTimerChanged(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents a service message about a change in auto-delete timer settings.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `message_auto_delete_time` is equal.

New in version 13.4.

**Parameters**

- `message_auto_delete_time` (`int`) – New auto-delete time for messages in the chat.
- `**kwargs` (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**message\_auto\_delete\_time**

New auto-delete time for messages in the chat.

Type `int`

### 10.1.53 telegram.MessageId

**class** telegram.MessageId(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents a unique message identifier.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `message_id` is equal.

**message\_id**

Unique message identifier

Type `int`

### 10.1.54 telegram.MessageEntity

**class** telegram.MessageEntity(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents one special entity in a text message. For example, hashtags, usernames, URLs, etc.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [type](#), [offset](#) and [length](#) are equal.

#### Parameters

- **type** ([str](#)) – Type of the entity. Can be [MENTION](#) (@username), [HASHTAG](#), [BOT\\_COMMAND](#), [URL](#), [EMAIL](#), [PHONE\\_NUMBER](#), [BOLD](#) (bold text), [ITALIC](#) (italic text), [STRIKETHROUGH](#), [SPOILER](#) (spoiler message), [CODE](#) (monowidth string), [PRE](#) (monowidth block), [TEXT\\_LINK](#) (for clickable text URLs), [TEXT\\_MENTION](#) (for users without usernames).
- **offset** ([int](#)) – Offset in UTF-16 code units to the start of the entity.
- **length** ([int](#)) – Length of the entity in UTF-16 code units.
- **url** ([str](#), optional) – For [TEXT\\_LINK](#) only, url that will be opened after user taps on the text.
- **user** ([telegram.User](#), optional) – For [TEXT\\_MENTION](#) only, the mentioned user.
- **language** ([str](#), optional) – For [PRE](#) only, the programming language of the entity text.

#### type

Type of the entity.

Type [str](#)

#### offset

Offset in UTF-16 code units to the start of the entity.

Type [int](#)

#### length

Length of the entity in UTF-16 code units.

Type [int](#)

#### url

Optional. Url that will be opened after user taps on the text.

Type [str](#)

#### user

Optional. The mentioned user.

Type [telegram.User](#)

#### language

Optional. Programming language of the entity text.

Type [str](#)

```
ALL_TYPES = [<MessageEntityType.MENTION>, <MessageEntityType.HASHTAG>,
<MessageEntityType.CASHTAG>, <MessageEntityType.PHONE_NUMBER>,
<MessageEntityType.BOT_COMMAND>, <MessageEntityType.URL>,
<MessageEntityType.EMAIL>, <MessageEntityType.BOLD>, <MessageEntityType.ITALIC>,
<MessageEntityType.CODE>, <MessageEntityType.PRE>, <MessageEntityType.TEXT_LINK>,
<MessageEntityType.TEXT_MENTION>, <MessageEntityType.UNDERLINE>,
<MessageEntityType.STRIKETHROUGH>, <MessageEntityType.SPOILER>]
```

A list of all available message entity types.

```
    Type List[str]

BOLD = 'bold'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.BOLD

BOT_COMMAND = 'bot_command'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.BOT_COMMAND

CASHTAG = 'cashtag'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.CASHTAG

CODE = 'code'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.CODE

EMAIL = 'email'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.EMAIL

HASHTAG = 'hashtag'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.HASHTAG

ITALIC = 'italic'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.ITALIC

MENTION = 'mention'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.MENTION

PHONE_NUMBER = 'phone_number'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.PHONE_NUMBER

PRE = 'pre'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.PRE

SPOILER = 'spoiler'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.SPOILER

    New in version 13.10.

STRIKETHROUGH = 'strikethrough'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.STRIKETHROUGH

TEXT_LINK = 'text_link'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.TEXT_LINK

TEXT_MENTION = 'text_mention'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.TEXT_MENTION

UNDERLINE = 'underline'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.UNDERLINE

URL = 'url'
    telegram.constants.MessageEntityType.URL

classmethod de_json(data, bot)
    See telegram.TelegramObject.de_json().
```

### 10.1.55 telegram.PhotoSize

**class** telegram.PhotoSize(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents one size of a photo or a file/sticker thumbnail.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [file\\_unique\\_id](#) is equal.

#### Parameters

- [file\\_id](#) ([str](#)) – Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- [file\\_unique\\_id](#) ([str](#)) – Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- [width](#) ([int](#)) – Photo width.
- [height](#) ([int](#)) – Photo height.
- [file\\_size](#) ([int](#), optional) – File size in bytes.
- [bot](#) ([telegram.Bot](#), optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### file\_id

Identifier for this file.

Type [str](#)

#### file\_unique\_id

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

Type [str](#)

#### width

Photo width.

Type [int](#)

#### height

Photo height.

Type [int](#)

#### file\_size

Optional. File size in bytes.

Type [int](#)

#### bot

Optional. The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type [telegram.Bot](#)

**async** [get\\_file](#)([read\\_timeout=None](#), [write\\_timeout=None](#), [connect\\_timeout=None](#),  
[pool\\_timeout=None](#), [api\\_kwargs=None](#))

Convenience wrapper over [telegram.Bot.get\\_file](#)

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.get\\_file\(\)](#).

Returns [telegram.File](#)

Raises [telegram.error.TelegramError](#) –

### 10.1.56 telegram.Poll

**class** telegram.Poll(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object contains information about a poll.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `id` is equal.

#### Parameters

- **id** (`str`) – Unique poll identifier.
- **question** (`str`) – Poll question, 1-300 characters.
- **options** (`List[PollOption]`) – List of poll options.
- **is\_closed** (`bool`) – `True`, if the poll is closed.
- **is\_anonymous** (`bool`) – `True`, if the poll is anonymous.
- **type** (`str`) – Poll type, currently can be [REGULAR](#) or [QUIZ](#).
- **allows\_multiple\_answers** (`bool`) – `True`, if the poll allows multiple answers.
- **correct\_option\_id** (`int`, optional) – 0-based identifier of the correct answer option. Available only for polls in the quiz mode, which are closed, or was sent (not forwarded) by the bot or to the private chat with the bot.
- **explanation** (`str`, optional) – Text that is shown when a user chooses an incorrect answer or taps on the lamp icon in a quiz-style poll, 0-200 characters.
- **explanation\_entities** (`List[telegram.MessageEntity]`, optional) – Special entities like usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc. that appear in the [explanation](#).
- **open\_period** (`int`, optional) – Amount of time in seconds the poll will be active after creation.
- **close\_date** (`datetime.datetime`, optional) – Point in time (Unix timestamp) when the poll will be automatically closed. Converted to `datetime.datetime`.

#### id

Unique poll identifier.

Type `str`

#### question

Poll question, 1-300 characters.

Type `str`

#### options

List of poll options.

Type `List[PollOption]`

#### total\_voter\_count

Total number of users that voted in the poll.

Type `int`

#### is\_closed

`True`, if the poll is closed.

Type `bool`

**is\_anonymous**

`True`, if the poll is anonymous.

Type `bool`

**type**

Poll type, currently can be `REGULAR` or `QUIZ`.

Type `str`

**allows\_multiple\_answers**

`True`, if the poll allows multiple answers.

Type `bool`

**correct\_option\_id**

Optional. Identifier of the correct answer option.

Type `int`

**explanation**

Optional. Text that is shown when a user chooses an incorrect answer or taps on the lamp icon in a quiz-style poll.

Type `str`

**explanation\_entities**

Optional. Special entities like usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc. that appear in the `explanation`.

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**open\_period**

Optional. Amount of time in seconds the poll will be active after creation.

Type `int`

**close\_date**

Optional. Point in time when the poll will be automatically closed.

Type `datetime.datetime`

**MAX\_OPTION\_LENGTH = 100**

`telegram.constants.PollLimit.OPTION_LENGTH`

**MAX\_OPTION\_NUMBER = 10**

`telegram.constants.PollLimit.OPTION_NUMBER`

New in version 20.0.

**MAX\_QUESTION\_LENGTH = 300**

`telegram.constants.PollLimit.QUESTION_LENGTH`

**QUIZ = 'quiz'**

`telegram.constants.PollType.QUIZ`

**REGULAR = 'regular'**

`telegram.constants.PollType.REGULAR`

**classmethod de\_json(data, bot)**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

**parse\_explanation\_entities(types=None)**

Returns a `dict` that maps `telegram.MessageEntity` to `str`. It contains entities from this poll's explanation filtered by their `type` attribute as the key, and the text that each entity belongs to as the value of the `dict`.

---

**Note:** This method should always be used instead of the `explanation_entities` attribute, since it calculates the correct substring from the message text based on UTF-16 codepoints. See `parse_explanation_entity` for more info.

---

**Parameters** `types` (List[str], optional) – List of `MessageEntity` types as strings. If the `type` attribute of an entity is contained in this list, it will be returned. Defaults to `telegram.MessageEntity.ALL_TYPES`.

**Returns** A dictionary of entities mapped to the text that belongs to them, calculated based on UTF-16 codepoints.

**Return type** Dict[`telegram.MessageEntity`, str]

**parse\_explanation\_entity(entity)**

Returns the text from a given `telegram.MessageEntity`.

---

**Note:** This method is present because Telegram calculates the offset and length in UTF-16 codepoint pairs, which some versions of Python don't handle automatically. (That is, you can't just slice `Message.text` with the offset and length.)

---

**Parameters** `entity` (`telegram.MessageEntity`) – The entity to extract the text from. It must be an entity that belongs to this message.

**Returns** The text of the given entity.

**Return type** str

**Raises** `RuntimeError` – If the poll has no explanation.

**to\_dict()**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

### 10.1.57 telegram.PollAnswer

**class telegram.PollAnswer(\*args, \*\*kwargs)**

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents an answer of a user in a non-anonymous poll.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `poll_id`, `user` and `option_ids` are equal.

**Parameters**

- `poll_id` (str) – Unique poll identifier.
- `user` (`telegram.User`) – The user, who changed the answer to the poll.
- `option_ids` (List[int]) – 0-based identifiers of answer options, chosen by the user. May be empty if the user retracted their vote.

**poll\_id**

Unique poll identifier.

**Type** str

**user**

The user, who changed the answer to the poll.

**Type** `telegram.User`

**option\_ids**

Identifiers of answer options, chosen by the user.

Type `List[int]`

**classmethod de\_json(data, bot)**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

### 10.1.58 telegram.PollOption

**class telegram.PollOption(\*args, \*\*kwargs)**

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object contains information about one answer option in a poll.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `text` and `voter_count` are equal.

**Parameters**

- **text** (`str`) – Option text, 1-100 characters.
- **voter\_count** (`int`) – Number of users that voted for this option.

**text**

Option text, 1-100 characters.

Type `str`

**voter\_count**

Number of users that voted for this option.

Type `int`

**MAX\_LENGTH = 100**

`telegram.constants.PollLimit.OPTION_LENGTH`

### 10.1.59 telegram.ProximityAlertTriggered

**class telegram.ProximityAlertTriggered(\*args, \*\*kwargs)**

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents the content of a service message, sent whenever a user in the chat triggers a proximity alert set by another user.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `traveler`, `watcher` and `distance` are equal.

**Parameters**

- **traveler** (`telegram.User`) – User that triggered the alert
- **watcher** (`telegram.User`) – User that set the alert
- **distance** (`int`) – The distance between the users

**traveler**

User that triggered the alert

Type `telegram.User`

**watcher**

User that set the alert

Type `telegram.User`

**distance**

The distance between the users

Type `int`

classmethod `de_json(data, bot)`

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

### 10.1.60 telegram.ReplyKeyboardRemove

**class** `telegram.ReplyKeyboardRemove(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

Upon receiving a message with this object, Telegram clients will remove the current custom keyboard and display the default letter-keyboard. By default, custom keyboards are displayed until a new keyboard is sent by a bot. An exception is made for one-time keyboards that are hidden immediately after the user presses a button (see `telegram.ReplyKeyboardMarkup`).

---

**Example**

A user votes in a poll, bot returns confirmation message in reply to the vote and removes the keyboard for that user, while still showing the keyboard with poll options to users who haven't voted yet.

---

---

**Note:** User will not be able to summon this keyboard; if you want to hide the keyboard from sight but keep it accessible, use `telegram.ReplyKeyboardMarkup.one_time_keyboard`.

---

**Parameters**

- **selective** (`bool`, optional) – Use this parameter if you want to remove the keyboard for specific users only. Targets:
  - 1) Users that are @mentioned in the text of the `telegram.Message` object.
  - 2) If the bot's message is a reply (has `reply_to_message_id`), sender of the original message.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**remove\_keyboard**

Requests clients to remove the custom keyboard.

Type `True`

**selective**

Optional. Use this parameter if you want to remove the keyboard for specific users only.

Type `bool`

### 10.1.61 telegram.ReplyKeyboardMarkup

**class** telegram.ReplyKeyboardMarkup(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a custom keyboard with reply options.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their size of [keyboard](#) and all the buttons are equal.

---

#### Example

A user requests to change the bot's language, bot replies to the request with a keyboard to select the new language. Other users in the group don't see the keyboard.

---

#### Parameters

- **keyboard** (List[List[str | [telegram.KeyboardButton](#)]]) – Array of button rows, each represented by an Array of [telegram.KeyboardButton](#) objects.
- **resize\_keyboard** (bool, optional) – Requests clients to resize the keyboard vertically for optimal fit (e.g., make the keyboard smaller if there are just two rows of buttons). Defaults to **False**, in which case the custom keyboard is always of the same height as the app's standard keyboard.
- **one\_time\_keyboard** (bool, optional) – Requests clients to hide the keyboard as soon as it's been used. The keyboard will still be available, but clients will automatically display the usual letter-keyboard in the chat - the user can press a special button in the input field to see the custom keyboard again. Defaults to **False**.
- **selective** (bool, optional) – Use this parameter if you want to show the keyboard to specific users only. Targets:
  - 1) Users that are @mentioned in the **text** of the [telegram.Message](#) object.
  - 2) If the bot's message is a reply (has **reply\_to\_message\_id**), sender of the original message.Defaults to **False**.
- **input\_field\_placeholder** (str, optional) – The placeholder to be shown in the input field when the keyboard is active; 1-64 characters.  
New in version 13.7.
- **\*\*kwargs** (dict) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### keyboard

Array of button rows.

**Type** List[List[[telegram.KeyboardButton](#) | str]]

#### resize\_keyboard

Optional. Requests clients to resize the keyboard.

**Type** bool

#### one\_time\_keyboard

Optional. Requests clients to hide the keyboard as soon as it's been used.

**Type** bool

**selective**

Optional. Show the keyboard to specific users only.

Type `bool`

**input\_field\_placeholder**

Optional. The placeholder shown in the input field when the reply is active.

New in version 13.7.

Type `str`

**classmethod** `from_button(button, resize_keyboard=False, one_time_keyboard=False, selective=False, input_field_placeholder=None, **kwargs)`

Shortcut for:

```
ReplyKeyboardMarkup([[button]], **kwargs)
```

Return a `ReplyKeyboardMarkup` from a single `KeyboardButton`.

**Parameters**

- **button** (`telegram.KeyboardButton` | `str`) – The button to use in the markup.
- **resize\_keyboard** (`bool`, optional) – Requests clients to resize the keyboard vertically for optimal fit (e.g., make the keyboard smaller if there are just two rows of buttons). Defaults to `False`, in which case the custom keyboard is always of the same height as the app's standard keyboard.
- **one\_time\_keyboard** (`bool`, optional) – Requests clients to hide the keyboard as soon as it's been used. The keyboard will still be available, but clients will automatically display the usual letter-keyboard in the chat - the user can press a special button in the input field to see the custom keyboard again. Defaults to `False`.
- **selective** (`bool`, optional) – Use this parameter if you want to show the keyboard to specific users only. Targets:
  - 1) Users that are @mentioned in the text of the `Message` object.
  - 2) If the bot's message is a reply (has `reply_to_message_id`), sender of the original message.
 Defaults to `False`.
- **input\_field\_placeholder** (`str`) – Optional. The placeholder shown in the input field when the reply is active.  
New in version 13.7.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**classmethod** `from_column(button_column, resize_keyboard=False, one_time_keyboard=False, selective=False, input_field_placeholder=None, **kwargs)`

Shortcut for:

```
ReplyKeyboardMarkup([[button] for button in button_column], **kwargs)
```

Return a `ReplyKeyboardMarkup` from a single column of `KeyboardButtons`.

**Parameters**

- **button\_column** (`List[telegram.KeyboardButton | str]`) – The button to use in the markup.
- **resize\_keyboard** (`bool`, optional) – Requests clients to resize the keyboard vertically for optimal fit (e.g., make the keyboard smaller if there are just two rows of buttons). Defaults to `False`, in which case the custom keyboard is always of the same height as the app's standard keyboard.

- **`one_time_keyboard`** (`bool`, optional) – Requests clients to hide the keyboard as soon as it's been used. The keyboard will still be available, but clients will automatically display the usual letter-keyboard in the chat - the user can press a special button in the input field to see the custom keyboard again. Defaults to `False`.
- **`selective`** (`bool`, optional) – Use this parameter if you want to show the keyboard to specific users only. Targets:
  - 1) Users that are @mentioned in the text of the Message object.
  - 2) If the bot's message is a reply (has `reply_to_message_id`), sender of the original message.Defaults to `False`.
- **`input_field_placeholder`** (`str`) – Optional. The placeholder shown in the input field when the reply is active.  
New in version 13.7.
- **`**kwargs`** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**classmethod** `from_row`(`button_row`, `resize_keyboard=False`, `one_time_keyboard=False`, `selective=False`, `input_field_placeholder=None`, `**kwargs`)

Shortcut for:

`ReplyKeyboardMarkup([button_row], **kwargs)`

Return a `ReplyKeyboardMarkup` from a single row of `KeyboardButtons`.

#### Parameters

- **`button_row`** (List[`telegram.KeyboardButton` | `str`]) – The button to use in the markup.
- **`resize_keyboard`** (`bool`, optional) – Requests clients to resize the keyboard vertically for optimal fit (e.g., make the keyboard smaller if there are just two rows of buttons). Defaults to `False`, in which case the custom keyboard is always of the same height as the app's standard keyboard.
- **`one_time_keyboard`** (`bool`, optional) – Requests clients to hide the keyboard as soon as it's been used. The keyboard will still be available, but clients will automatically display the usual letter-keyboard in the chat - the user can press a special button in the input field to see the custom keyboard again. Defaults to `False`.
- **`selective`** (`bool`, optional) – Use this parameter if you want to show the keyboard to specific users only. Targets:
  - 1) Users that are @mentioned in the text of the Message object.
  - 2) If the bot's message is a reply (has `reply_to_message_id`), sender of the original message.Defaults to `False`.
- **`input_field_placeholder`** (`str`) – Optional. The placeholder shown in the input field when the reply is active.  
New in version 13.7.
- **`**kwargs`** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**`to_dict()`**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

### 10.1.62 telegram.SentWebAppMessage

**class** telegram.SentWebAppMessage(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

Contains information about an inline message sent by a Web App on behalf of a user.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [inline\\_message\\_id](#) are equal.

New in version 20.0.

**Parameters** [inline\\_message\\_id](#) ([str](#), optional) – Identifier of the sent inline message. Available only if there is an [inline keyboard](#) attached to the message.

**inline\_message\_id**

Optional. Identifier of the sent inline message. Available only if there is an [inline keyboard](#) attached to the message.

**Type** [str](#)

### 10.1.63 telegram.TelegramObject

**class** telegram.TelegramObject(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [object](#)

Base class for most Telegram objects.

Objects of this type are subscriptable with strings, where `telegram_object[attribute_name]` is equivalent to `telegram_object.attribute_name`. If the object does not have an attribute with the appropriate name, a [KeyError](#) will be raised.

When objects of this type are pickled, the [Bot](#) attribute associated with the object will be removed. However, when copying the object via [copy.deepcopy\(\)](#), the copy will have the *same* bot instance associated with it, i.e:

```
assert telegram_object.get_bot() is copy.deepcopy(telegram_object).get_bot()
```

Changed in version 20.0: `telegram_object['from']` will look up the key `from_user`. This is to account for special cases like [Message.from\\_user](#) that deviate from the official Bot API.

**classmethod** [de\\_json](#)(data, bot)

Converts JSON data to a Telegram object.

**Parameters**

- [data](#) ([Dict\[str, ...\]](#)) – The JSON data.
- [bot](#) ([telegram.Bot](#)) – The bot associated with this object.

**Returns** The Telegram object.

**classmethod** [de\\_list](#)(data, bot)

Converts JSON data to a list of Telegram objects.

**Parameters**

- [data](#) ([Dict\[str, ...\]](#)) – The JSON data.
- [bot](#) ([telegram.Bot](#)) – The bot associated with these objects.

**Returns** A list of Telegram objects.

**get\_bot()**

Returns the `telegram.Bot` instance associated with this object.

**See also:**

`set_bot()`

**Raises** `RuntimeError` – If no `telegram.Bot` instance was set for this object.

**set\_bot(bot)**

Sets the `telegram.Bot` instance associated with this object.

**See also:**

`get_bot()`

**Parameters** `bot` (`telegram.Bot` | `None`) – The bot instance.

**to\_dict()**

Gives representation of object as `dict`.

**Returns** `dict`

**to\_json()**

Gives a JSON representation of object.

**Returns** `str`

### 10.1.64 telegram.Update

**class** `telegram.Update(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents an incoming update.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `update_id` is equal.

---

**Note:** At most one of the optional parameters can be present in any given update.

---

**Parameters**

- **`update_id`** (`int`) – The update’s unique identifier. Update identifiers start from a certain positive number and increase sequentially. This ID becomes especially handy if you’re using Webhooks, since it allows you to ignore repeated updates or to restore the correct update sequence, should they get out of order. If there are no new updates for at least a week, then identifier of the next update will be chosen randomly instead of sequentially.
- **`message`** (`telegram.Message`, optional) – New incoming message of any kind - text, photo, sticker, etc.
- **`edited_message`** (`telegram.Message`, optional) – New version of a message that is known to the bot and was edited.
- **`channel_post`** (`telegram.Message`, optional) – New incoming channel post of any kind - text, photo, sticker, etc.
- **`edited_channel_post`** (`telegram.Message`, optional) – New version of a channel post that is known to the bot and was edited.
- **`inline_query`** (`telegram.InlineQuery`, optional) – New incoming inline query.

- **`chosen_inline_result`** (*`telegram.ChosenInlineResult`*, optional) – The result of an inline query that was chosen by a user and sent to their chat partner.
- **`callback_query`** (*`telegram.CallbackQuery`*, optional) – New incoming callback query.
- **`shipping_query`** (*`telegram.ShippingQuery`*, optional) – New incoming shipping query. Only for invoices with flexible price.
- **`pre_checkout_query`** (*`telegram.PreCheckoutQuery`*, optional) – New incoming pre-checkout query. Contains full information about checkout.
- **`poll`** (*`telegram.Poll`*, optional) – New poll state. Bots receive only updates about stopped polls and polls, which are sent by the bot.
- **`poll_answer`** (*`telegram.PollAnswer`*, optional) – A user changed their answer in a non-anonymous poll. Bots receive new votes only in polls that were sent by the bot itself.
- **`my_chat_member`** (*`telegram.ChatMemberUpdated`*, optional) – The bot’s chat member status was updated in a chat. For private chats, this update is received only when the bot is blocked or unblocked by the user.

New in version 13.4.

- **`chat_member`** (*`telegram.ChatMemberUpdated`*, optional) – A chat member’s status was updated in a chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat and must explicitly specify `CHAT_MEMBER` in the list of *`telegram.ext.Application.run_polling.allowed_updates`* to receive these updates (see *`telegram.Bot.get_updates()`*, *`telegram.Bot.set_webhook()`*, *`telegram.ext.Application.run_polling()`* and *`telegram.ext.Application.run_webhook()`*).

New in version 13.4.

- **`chat_join_request`** (*`telegram.ChatJoinRequest`*, optional) – A request to join the chat has been sent. The bot must have the *`telegram.ChatPermissions.can_invite_users`* administrator right in the chat to receive these updates.

New in version 13.8.

- **`**kwargs`** (*`dict`*) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### **`update_id`**

The update’s unique identifier.

Type *`int`*

#### **`message`**

Optional. New incoming message.

Type *`telegram.Message`*

#### **`edited_message`**

Optional. New version of a message.

Type *`telegram.Message`*

#### **`channel_post`**

Optional. New incoming channel post.

Type *`telegram.Message`*

#### **`edited_channel_post`**

Optional. New version of a channel post.

Type *`telegram.Message`*

**inline\_query**

Optional. New incoming inline query.

Type *telegram.InlineQuery*

**chosen\_inline\_result**

Optional. The result of an inline query that was chosen by a user.

Type *telegram.ChosenInlineResult*

**callback\_query**

Optional. New incoming callback query.

Type *telegram.CallbackQuery*

**shipping\_query**

Optional. New incoming shipping query.

Type *telegram.ShippingQuery*

**pre\_checkout\_query**

Optional. New incoming pre-checkout query.

Type *telegram.PreCheckoutQuery*

**poll**

Optional. New poll state. Bots receive only updates about stopped polls and polls, which are sent by the bot.

Type *telegram.Poll*

**poll\_answer**

Optional. A user changed their answer in a non-anonymous poll. Bots receive new votes only in polls that were sent by the bot itself.

Type *telegram.PollAnswer*

**my\_chat\_member**

Optional. The bot's chat member status was updated in a chat. For private chats, this update is received only when the bot is blocked or unblocked by the user.

New in version 13.4.

Type *telegram.ChatMemberUpdated*

**chat\_member**

Optional. A chat member's status was updated in a chat. The bot must be an administrator in the chat and must explicitly specify *CHAT\_MEMBER* in the list of *telegram.ext.Application.run\_polling.allowed\_updates* to receive these updates (see *telegram.Bot.get\_updates()*, *telegram.Bot.set\_webhook()*, *telegram.ext.Application.run\_polling()* and *telegram.ext.Application.run\_webhook()*).

New in version 13.4.

Type *telegram.ChatMemberUpdated*

**chat\_join\_request**

Optional. A request to join the chat has been sent. The bot must have the *telegram.ChatPermissions.can\_invite\_users* administrator right in the chat to receive these updates.

New in version 13.8.

Type *telegram.ChatJoinRequest*

```
ALL_TYPES = [<UpdateType.MESSAGE>, <UpdateType.EDITED_MESSAGE>,  
<UpdateType.CHANNEL_POST>, <UpdateType.EDITED_CHANNEL_POST>,  
<UpdateType.INLINE_QUERY>, <UpdateType.CHOSEN_INLINE_RESULT>,  
<UpdateType.CALLBACK_QUERY>, <UpdateType.SHIPPING_QUERY>,  
<UpdateType.PRE_CHECKOUT_QUERY>, <UpdateType.POLL>, <UpdateType.POLL_ANSWER>,  
<UpdateType.MY_CHAT_MEMBER>, <UpdateType.CHAT_MEMBER>,  
<UpdateType.CHAT_JOIN_REQUEST>]
```

A list of all available update types.

New in version 13.5.

**Type** List[str]

**CALLBACK\_QUERY** = 'callback\_query'

*telegram.constants.UpdateType.CALLBACK\_QUERY*

New in version 13.5.

**CHANNEL\_POST** = 'channel\_post'

*telegram.constants.UpdateType.CHANNEL\_POST*

New in version 13.5.

**CHAT\_JOIN\_REQUEST** = 'chat\_join\_request'

*telegram.constants.UpdateType.CHAT\_JOIN\_REQUEST*

New in version 13.8.

**CHAT\_MEMBER** = 'chat\_member'

*telegram.constants.UpdateType.CHAT\_MEMBER*

New in version 13.5.

**CHOSEN\_INLINE\_RESULT** = 'chosen\_inline\_result'

*telegram.constants.UpdateType.CHOSEN\_INLINE\_RESULT*

New in version 13.5.

**EDITED\_CHANNEL\_POST** = 'edited\_channel\_post'

*telegram.constants.UpdateType.EDITED\_CHANNEL\_POST*

New in version 13.5.

**EDITED\_MESSAGE** = 'edited\_message'

*telegram.constants.UpdateType.EDITED\_MESSAGE*

New in version 13.5.

**INLINE\_QUERY** = 'inline\_query'

*telegram.constants.UpdateType.INLINE\_QUERY*

New in version 13.5.

**MESSAGE** = 'message'

*telegram.constants.UpdateType.MESSAGE*

New in version 13.5.

**MY\_CHAT\_MEMBER** = 'my\_chat\_member'

*telegram.constants.UpdateType.MY\_CHAT\_MEMBER*

New in version 13.5.

**POLL** = 'poll'

*telegram.constants.UpdateType.POLL*

New in version 13.5.

**POLL\_ANSWER** = 'poll\_answer'

*telegram.constants.UpdateType.POLL\_ANSWER*

New in version 13.5.

**PRE\_CHECKOUT\_QUERY** = 'pre\_checkout\_query'

*telegram.constants.UpdateType.PRE\_CHECKOUT\_QUERY*

New in version 13.5.

**SHIPPING\_QUERY** = 'shipping\_query'

*telegram.constants.UpdateType.SHIPPING\_QUERY*

New in version 13.5.

**classmethod de\_json**(data, bot)

See *telegram.TelegramObject.de\_json()*.

**property effective\_chat**

The chat that this update was sent in, no matter what kind of update this is. If no chat is associated with this update, this gives *None*. This is the case, if *inline\_query*, *chosen\_inline\_result*, *callback\_query* from inline messages, *shipping\_query*, *pre\_checkout\_query*, *poll* or *poll\_answer* is present.

---

#### Example

If *message* is present, this will give *telegram.Message.chat*.

---

Type *telegram.Chat*

**property effective\_message**

The message included in this update, no matter what kind of update this is. More precisely, this will be the message contained in *message*, *edited\_message*, *channel\_post*, *edited\_channel\_post* or *callback\_query* (i.e. *telegram.CallbackQuery.message*) or *None*, if none of those are present.

Type *telegram.Message*

**property effective\_user**

The user that sent this update, no matter what kind of update this is. If no user is associated with this update, this gives *None*. This is the case if *channel\_post*, *edited\_channel\_post* or *poll* is present.

---

#### Example

- If *message* is present, this will give *telegram.Message.from\_user*.
  - If *poll\_answer* is present, this will give *telegram.PollAnswer.user*.
- 

Type *telegram.User*

### 10.1.65 telegram.User

**class** telegram.User(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a Telegram user or bot.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [id](#) is equal.

#### Parameters

- [id](#) ([int](#)) – Unique identifier for this user or bot.
- [is\\_bot](#) ([bool](#)) – [True](#), if this user is a bot.
- [first\\_name](#) ([str](#)) – User’s or bots first name.
- [last\\_name](#) ([str](#), optional) – User’s or bots last name.
- [username](#) ([str](#), optional) – User’s or bots username.
- [language\\_code](#) ([str](#), optional) – IETF language tag of the user’s language.
- [can\\_join\\_groups](#) ([str](#), optional) – [True](#), if the bot can be invited to groups. Returned only in [telegram.Bot.get\\_me](#) requests.
- [can\\_read\\_all\\_group\\_messages](#) ([str](#), optional) – [True](#), if privacy mode is disabled for the bot. Returned only in [telegram.Bot.get\\_me](#) requests.
- [supports\\_inline\\_queries](#) ([str](#), optional) – [True](#), if the bot supports inline queries. Returned only in [telegram.Bot.get\\_me](#) requests.
- [bot](#) ([telegram.Bot](#), optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.

#### [id](#)

Unique identifier for this user or bot.

Type [int](#)

#### [is\\_bot](#)

[True](#), if this user is a bot.

Type [bool](#)

#### [first\\_name](#)

User’s or bot’s first name.

Type [str](#)

#### [last\\_name](#)

Optional. User’s or bot’s last name.

Type [str](#)

#### [username](#)

Optional. User’s or bot’s username.

Type [str](#)

#### [language\\_code](#)

Optional. IETF language tag of the user’s language.

Type [str](#)

#### [can\\_join\\_groups](#)

Optional. [True](#), if the bot can be invited to groups. Returned only in [telegram.Bot.get\\_me](#) requests.

Type [str](#)

**can\_read\_all\_group\_messages**

Optional. `True`, if privacy mode is disabled for the bot. Returned only in `telegram.Bot.get_me` requests.

Type `str`

**supports\_inline\_queries**

Optional. `True`, if the bot supports inline queries. Returned only in `telegram.Bot.get_me` requests.

Type `str`

**bot**

Optional. The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type `telegram.Bot`

**async approve\_join\_request**(*chat\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*,  
*connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.approve_chat_join_request(user_id=update.effective_user.id, *args,  
↪ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.approve_chat_join_request()`.

New in version 13.8.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**async copy\_message**(*chat\_id*, *message\_id*, *caption=None*, *parse\_mode=None*, *caption\_entities=None*,  
*disable\_notification=None*, *reply\_to\_message\_id=None*,  
*allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*,  
*write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*,  
*api\_kwargs=None*, *protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.copy_message(from_chat_id=update.effective_user.id, *args,  
↪ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.copy_message()`.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

**async decline\_join\_request**(*chat\_id*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*,  
*connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.decline_chat_join_request(user_id=update.effective_user.id, *args,  
↪ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.decline_chat_join_request()`.

New in version 13.8.

**Returns** On success, `True` is returned.

**Return type** `bool`

**property full\_name**

Convenience property. The user's *first\_name*, followed by (if available) *last\_name*.

Type `str`

**async get\_menu\_button**(*read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.get_chat_menu_button(chat_id=update.effective_user.id, *args, ↪
↪ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.get_chat_menu_button()`.

..seealso:: `set_menu_button()`

New in version 20.0.

**Returns** On success, the current menu button is returned.

**Return type** `telegram.MenuButton`

**async get\_profile\_photos**(*offset=None, limit=100, read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.get_user_profile_photos(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.get_user_profile_photos()`.

**property link**

Convenience property. If *username* is available, returns a t.me link of the user.

Type `str`

**mention\_button**(*name=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
InlineKeyboardButton(text=name, url=f"tg://user?id={update.effective_user.id}"  
↪ )
```

New in version 13.9.

**Parameters** *name* (`str`) – The name used as a link for the user. Defaults to *full\_name*.

**Returns** `InlineButton` with url set to the user mention

**Return type** `telegram.InlineKeyboardButton`

**mention\_html**(*name=None*)

**Parameters** *name* (`str`) – The name used as a link for the user. Defaults to *full\_name*.

**Returns** The inline mention for the user as HTML.

**Return type** `str`

**mention\_markdown**(*name=None*)

---

**Note:** *'Markdown'* is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should use `mention_markdown_v2()` instead.

---

**Parameters** *name* (`str`) – The name used as a link for the user. Defaults to *full\_name*.

**Returns** The inline mention for the user as markdown (version 1).

Return type `str`

`mention_markdown_v2(name=None)`

Parameters **name** (`str`) – The name used as a link for the user. Defaults to `full_name`.

Returns The inline mention for the user as markdown (version 2).

Return type `str`

property **name**

Convenience property. If available, returns the user's `username` prefixed with "@". If `username` is not available, returns `full_name`.

Type `str`

**async pin\_message**(*message\_id*, *disable\_notification=None*, *read\_timeout=None*,  
*write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*,  
*api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.pin_chat_message(chat_id=update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.pin_chat_message()`.

Returns On success, `True` is returned.

Return type `bool`

**async send\_action**(*action*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*,  
*pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Alias for `send_chat_action`

**async send\_animation**(*animation*, *duration=None*, *width=None*, *height=None*, *thumb=None*,  
*caption=None*, *parse\_mode=None*, *disable\_notification=None*,  
*reply\_to\_message\_id=None*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*,  
*write\_timeout=20*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*,  
*api\_kwargs=None*, *allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*,  
*caption\_entities=None*, *filename=None*, *protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_animation(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_animation()`.

Returns On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type `telegram.Message`

**async send\_audio**(*audio*, *duration=None*, *performer=None*, *title=None*, *caption=None*,  
*disable\_notification=None*, *reply\_to\_message\_id=None*, *reply\_markup=None*,  
*read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=20*, *connect\_timeout=None*,  
*pool\_timeout=None*, *parse\_mode=None*, *thumb=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*,  
*allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*, *caption\_entities=None*, *filename=None*,  
*protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_audio(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_audio()`.

Returns On success, instance representing the message posted.

Return type `telegram.Message`

**async send\_chat\_action**(*action*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_chat_action(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_chat\\_action\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success.

**Return type** `True`

**async send\_contact**(*phone\_number=None*, *first\_name=None*, *last\_name=None*, *disable\_notification=None*, *reply\_to\_message\_id=None*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *contact=None*, *vcard=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*, *protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_contact(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_contact\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

**async send\_copy**(*from\_chat\_id*, *message\_id*, *caption=None*, *parse\_mode=None*, *caption\_entities=None*, *disable\_notification=None*, *reply\_to\_message\_id=None*, *allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.copy_message(chat_id=update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.copy\\_message\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

**async send\_dice**(*disable\_notification=None*, *reply\_to\_message\_id=None*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *emoji=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*, *protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_dice(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_dice\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

**async send\_document**(*document*, *filename=None*, *caption=None*, *disable\_notification=None*, *reply\_to\_message\_id=None*, *reply\_markup=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=20*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *parse\_mode=None*, *thumb=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*, *disable\_content\_type\_detection=None*, *allow\_sending\_without\_reply=None*, *caption\_entities=None*, *protect\_content=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_document(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_document\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_game(game_short_name, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                 reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                 connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                 allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_game(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_game\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_invoice(title, description, payload, provider_token, currency, prices,
                  start_parameter=None, photo_url=None, photo_size=None, photo_width=None,
                  photo_height=None, need_name=None, need_phone_number=None,
                  need_email=None, need_shipping_address=None, is_flexible=None,
                  disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                  provider_data=None, send_phone_number_to_provider=None,
                  send_email_to_provider=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                  connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                  allow_sending_without_reply=None, max_tip_amount=None,
                  suggested_tip_amounts=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_invoice(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_invoice\(\)](#).

**Warning:** As of API 5.2 [start\\_parameter](#) is an optional argument and therefore the order of the arguments had to be changed. Use keyword arguments to make sure that the arguments are passed correctly.

Changed in version 13.5: As of Bot API 5.2, the parameter [start\\_parameter](#) is optional.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_location(latitude=None, longitude=None, disable_notification=None,
                   reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                   write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                   location=None, live_period=None, api_kwargs=None,
                   horizontal_accuracy=None, heading=None, proximity_alert_radius=None,
                   allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_location(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_location\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

```
async send_media_group(media, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                       read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None,
                       pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                       allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_media_group(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_media_group()`.

**Returns** ] On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** List[`telegram.Message`

```
async send_message(text, parse_mode=None, disable_web_page_preview=None,
                   disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                   read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                   pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                   entities=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_message(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_message()`.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

```
async send_photo(photo, caption=None, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                  reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20,
                  connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, parse_mode=None,
                  api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None,
                  filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_photo(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_photo()`.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

```
async send_poll(question, options, is_anonymous=True, type=PollType.REGULAR,
                 allows_multiple_answers=False, correct_option_id=None, is_closed=None,
                 disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                 read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                 pool_timeout=None, explanation=None, explanation_parse_mode=None,
                 open_period=None, close_date=None, api_kwargs=None,
                 allow_sending_without_reply=None, explanation_entities=None,
                 protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_poll(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.send_poll()`.

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** `telegram.Message`

```
async send_sticker(sticker, disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None,
                  reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=20,
                  connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None,
                  allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_sticker(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_sticker\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_venue(latitude=None, longitude=None, title=None, address=None, foursquare_id=None,
                disable_notification=None, reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None,
                read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                pool_timeout=None, venue=None, foursquare_type=None, api_kwargs=None,
                google_place_id=None, google_place_type=None,
                allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_venue(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_venue\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_video(video, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                 reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                 write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, width=None,
                 height=None, parse_mode=None, supports_streaming=None, thumb=None,
                 api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None, caption_entities=None,
                 filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_video(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_video\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_video_note(video_note, duration=None, length=None, disable_notification=None,
                     reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                     write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                     thumb=None, api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                     filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_video_note(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_video\\_note\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async send_voice(voice, duration=None, caption=None, disable_notification=None,
                  reply_to_message_id=None, reply_markup=None, read_timeout=None,
                  write_timeout=20, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                  parse_mode=None, api_kwargs=None, allow_sending_without_reply=None,
                  caption_entities=None, filename=None, protect_content=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.send_voice(update.effective_user.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.send\\_voice\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, instance representing the message posted.

**Return type** [telegram.Message](#)

```
async set_menu_button(menu_button=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None,
                      connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.set_chat_menu_button(chat_id=update.effective_chat.id, *args,
                               ↪ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.set\\_chat\\_menu\\_button\(\)](#).

..seealso:: [get\\_menu\\_button\(\)](#)

New in version 20.0.

**Returns** On success, [True](#) is returned.

**Return type** [bool](#)

```
async unpin_all_messages(read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                          pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.unpin_all_chat_messages(chat_id=update.effective_user.id, *args,
                                   ↪ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.unpin\\_all\\_chat\\_messages\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, [True](#) is returned.

**Return type** [bool](#)

```
async unpin_message(read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None,
                    pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None, message_id=None)
```

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.unpin_chat_message(chat_id=update.effective_user.id, *args,
                              ↪ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.unpin\\_chat\\_message\(\)](#).

**Returns** On success, [True](#) is returned.

**Return type** [bool](#)

### 10.1.66 telegram.UserProfilePhotos

**class** telegram.UserProfilePhotos(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a user's profile pictures.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [total\\_count](#) and [photos](#) are equal.

#### Parameters

- [total\\_count](#) ([int](#)) – Total number of profile pictures the target user has.
- [photos](#) (List[List[[telegram.PhotoSize](#)]]) – Requested profile pictures (in up to 4 sizes each).

**total\_count**

Total number of profile pictures.

**Type** [int](#)

**photos**

Requested profile pictures.

**Type** List[List[[telegram.PhotoSize](#)]]

**classmethod** [de\\_json](#)(data, bot)

See [telegram.TelegramObject.de\\_json\(\)](#).

**to\_dict**()

See [telegram.TelegramObject.to\\_dict\(\)](#).

### 10.1.67 telegram.Venue

**class** telegram.Venue(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a venue.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [location](#) and [title](#) are equal.

---

**Note:** Foursquare details and Google Pace details are mutually exclusive. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

#### Parameters

- [location](#) ([telegram.Location](#)) – Venue location.
- [title](#) ([str](#)) – Name of the venue.
- [address](#) ([str](#)) – Address of the venue.
- [foursquare\\_id](#) ([str](#), optional) – Foursquare identifier of the venue.
- [foursquare\\_type](#) ([str](#), optional) – Foursquare type of the venue. (For example, “arts\_entertainment/default”, “arts\_entertainment/aquarium” or “food/icecream”.)
- [google\\_place\\_id](#) ([str](#), optional) – Google Places identifier of the venue.
- [google\\_place\\_type](#) ([str](#), optional) – Google Places type of the venue. (See [supported types](#).)
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**location**

Venue location.

Type `telegram.Location`

**title**

Name of the venue.

Type `str`

**address**

Address of the venue.

Type `str`

**foursquare\_id**

Optional. Foursquare identifier of the venue.

Type `str`

**foursquare\_type**

Optional. Foursquare type of the venue.

Type `str`

**google\_place\_id**

Optional. Google Places identifier of the venue.

Type `str`

**google\_place\_type**

Optional. Google Places type of the venue.

Type `str`

**classmethod de\_json(data, bot)**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

### 10.1.68 telegram.Video

**class** telegram.Video(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents a video file.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `file_unique_id` is equal.

**Parameters**

- **file\_id** (`str`) – Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file\_unique\_id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- **width** (`int`) – Video width as defined by sender.
- **height** (`int`) – Video height as defined by sender.
- **duration** (`int`) – Duration of the video in seconds as defined by sender.
- **thumb** (`telegram.PhotoSize`, optional) – Video thumbnail.
- **file\_name** (`str`, optional) – Original filename as defined by sender.
- **mime\_type** (`str`, optional) – MIME type of a file as defined by sender.
- **file\_size** (`int`, optional) – File size in bytes.

- **bot** (*telegram.Bot*, optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.
- **\*\*kwargs** (dict) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**file\_id**

Identifier for this file.

Type *str*

**file\_unique\_id**

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

Type *str*

**width**

Video width as defined by sender.

Type *int*

**height**

Video height as defined by sender.

Type *int*

**duration**

Duration of the video in seconds as defined by sender.

Type *int*

**thumb**

Optional. Video thumbnail.

Type *telegram.PhotoSize*

**file\_name**

Optional. Original filename as defined by sender.

Type *str*

**mime\_type**

Optional. MIME type of a file as defined by sender.

Type *str*

**file\_size**

Optional. File size in bytes.

Type *int*

**bot**

Optional. The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type *telegram.Bot*

**classmethod de\_json(data, bot)**

See *telegram.TelegramObject.de\_json()*.

**async get\_file(read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None)**

Convenience wrapper over *telegram.Bot.get\_file*

For the documentation of the arguments, please see *telegram.Bot.get\_file()*.

Returns *telegram.File*

Raises *telegram.error.TelegramError* –

### 10.1.69 telegram.VideoChatEnded

**class** telegram.VideoChatEnded(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a service message about a video chat ended in the chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [duration](#) are equal.

New in version 13.4.

Changed in version 20.0: This class was renamed from VoiceChatEnded in accordance to Bot API 6.0.

#### Parameters

- [duration](#) ([int](#)) – Voice chat duration in seconds.
- [\\*\\*kwargs](#) ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### duration

Voice chat duration in seconds.

Type [int](#)

### 10.1.70 telegram.VideoChatParticipantsInvited

**class** telegram.VideoChatParticipantsInvited(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a service message about new members invited to a video chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [users](#) are equal.

New in version 13.4.

Changed in version 20.0: This class was renamed from VoiceChatParticipantsInvited in accordance to Bot API 6.0.

#### Parameters

- [users](#) ([List](#)[[telegram.User](#)]) – New members that were invited to the video chat.
- [\\*\\*kwargs](#) ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### users

New members that were invited to the video chat.

Type [List](#)[[telegram.User](#)]

**classmethod** [de\\_json](#)(data, bot)

See [telegram.TelegramObject.de\\_json\(\)](#).

**to\_dict**()

See [telegram.TelegramObject.to\\_dict\(\)](#).

### 10.1.71 telegram.VideoChatScheduled

**class** telegram.VideoChatScheduled(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a service message about a video chat scheduled in the chat.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [start\\_date](#) are equal.

Changed in version 20.0: This class was renamed from VoiceChatScheduled in accordance to Bot API 6.0.

#### Parameters

- **start\_date** ([datetime.datetime](#)) – Point in time (Unix timestamp) when the video chat is supposed to be started by a chat administrator
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### start\_date

Point in time (Unix timestamp) when the video chat is supposed to be started by a chat administrator

Type [datetime.datetime](#)

**classmethod** [de\\_json](#)(data, bot)

See [telegram.TelegramObject.de\\_json\(\)](#).

**to\_dict**()

See [telegram.TelegramObject.to\\_dict\(\)](#).

### 10.1.72 telegram.VideoChatStarted

**class** telegram.VideoChatStarted(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a service message about a video chat started in the chat. Currently holds no information.

New in version 13.4.

Changed in version 20.0: This class was renamed from VoiceChatStarted in accordance to Bot API 6.0.

### 10.1.73 telegram.VideoNote

**class** telegram.VideoNote(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a video message (available in Telegram apps as of v.4.0).

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [file\\_unique\\_id](#) is equal.

#### Parameters

- **file\_id** ([str](#)) – Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file\_unique\_id** ([str](#)) – Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- **length** ([int](#)) – Video width and height (diameter of the video message) as defined by sender.
- **duration** ([int](#)) – Duration of the video in seconds as defined by sender.

- **thumb** (*telegram.PhotoSize*, optional) – Video thumbnail.
- **file\_size** (*int*, optional) – File size in bytes.
- **bot** (*telegram.Bot*, optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.
- **\*\*kwargs** (*dict*) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**file\_id**

Identifier for this file.

Type *str*

**file\_unique\_id**

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

Type *str*

**length**

Video width and height as defined by sender.

Type *int*

**duration**

Duration of the video in seconds as defined by sender.

Type *int*

**thumb**

Optional. Video thumbnail.

Type *telegram.PhotoSize*

**file\_size**

Optional. File size in bytes.

Type *int*

**bot**

Optional. The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type *telegram.Bot*

**classmethod de\_json(data, bot)**

See *telegram.TelegramObject.de\_json()*.

**async get\_file(read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None)**

Convenience wrapper over *telegram.Bot.get\_file*

For the documentation of the arguments, please see *telegram.Bot.get\_file()*.

Returns *telegram.File*

Raises *telegram.error.TelegramError* –

### 10.1.74 telegram.Voice

**class** telegram.Voice(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a voice note.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [file\\_unique\\_id](#) is equal.

#### Parameters

- [file\\_id](#) ([str](#)) – Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- [file\\_unique\\_id](#) ([str](#)) – Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- [duration](#) ([int](#), optional) – Duration of the audio in seconds as defined by sender.
- [mime\\_type](#) ([str](#), optional) – MIME type of the file as defined by sender.
- [file\\_size](#) ([int](#), optional) – File size in bytes.
- [bot](#) ([telegram.Bot](#), optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### [file\\_id](#)

Identifier for this file.

Type [str](#)

#### [file\\_unique\\_id](#)

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

Type [str](#)

#### [duration](#)

Duration of the audio in seconds as defined by sender.

Type [int](#)

#### [mime\\_type](#)

Optional. MIME type of the file as defined by sender.

Type [str](#)

#### [file\\_size](#)

Optional. File size in bytes.

Type [int](#)

#### [bot](#)

Optional. The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type [telegram.Bot](#)

**async** [get\\_file](#)([read\\_timeout=None](#), [write\\_timeout=None](#), [connect\\_timeout=None](#),  
[pool\\_timeout=None](#), [api\\_kwargs=None](#))

Convenience wrapper over [telegram.Bot.get\\_file](#)

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.get\\_file\(\)](#).

Returns [telegram.File](#)

Raises [telegram.error.TelegramError](#) –

### 10.1.75 telegram.WebAppData

**class** telegram.WebAppData(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

Contains data sent from a [Web App](#) to the bot.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [data](#) and [button\\_text](#) are equal.

New in version 20.0.

#### Parameters

- [data](#) ([str](#)) – The data. Be aware that a bad client can send arbitrary data in this field.
- [button\\_text](#) ([str](#)) – Text of the [web\\_app](#) keyboard button, from which the Web App was opened.

#### data

The data. Be aware that a bad client can send arbitrary data in this field.

Type [str](#)

#### button\_text

Text of the [web\\_app](#) keyboard button, from which the Web App was opened.

**Warning:** Be aware that a bad client can send

arbitrary data in this field.

Type [str](#)

### 10.1.76 telegram.WebAppInfo

**class** telegram.WebAppInfo(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object contains information about a [Web App](#).

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [url](#) are equal.

New in version 20.0.

**Parameters** [url](#) ([str](#)) – An HTTPS URL of a Web App to be opened with additional data as specified in [Initializing Web Apps](#).

#### url

An HTTPS URL of a Web App to be opened with additional data as specified in [Initializing Web Apps](#).

Type [str](#)

### 10.1.77 telegram.WebhookInfo

**class** telegram.WebhookInfo(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a Telegram WebhookInfo.

Contains information about the current status of a webhook.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [url](#), [has\\_custom\\_certificate](#), [pending\\_update\\_count](#), [ip\\_address](#), [last\\_error\\_date](#), [last\\_error\\_message](#), [max\\_connections](#) and [allowed\\_updates](#) are equal.

#### Parameters

- [url](#) ([str](#)) – Webhook URL, may be empty if webhook is not set up.
- [has\\_custom\\_certificate](#) ([bool](#)) – [True](#), if a custom certificate was provided for webhook certificate checks.
- [pending\\_update\\_count](#) ([int](#)) – Number of updates awaiting delivery.
- [ip\\_address](#) ([str](#), optional) – Currently used webhook IP address.
- [last\\_error\\_date](#) ([int](#), optional) – Unix time for the most recent error that happened when trying to deliver an update via webhook.
- [last\\_error\\_message](#) ([str](#), optional) – Error message in human-readable format for the most recent error that happened when trying to deliver an update via webhook.
- [max\\_connections](#) ([int](#), optional) – Maximum allowed number of simultaneous HTTPS connections to the webhook for update delivery.
- [allowed\\_updates](#) ([List\[str\]](#), optional) – A list of update types the bot is subscribed to. Defaults to all update types, except [telegram.Update.chat\\_member](#).
- [last\\_synchronization\\_error\\_date](#) ([int](#), optional) – Unix time of the most recent error that happened when trying to synchronize available updates with Telegram data-centers.

New in version 20.0.

#### **url**

Webhook URL.

Type [str](#)

#### **has\_custom\_certificate**

If a custom certificate was provided for webhook.

Type [bool](#)

#### **pending\_update\_count**

Number of updates awaiting delivery.

Type [int](#)

#### **ip\_address**

Optional. Currently used webhook IP address.

Type [str](#)

#### **last\_error\_date**

Optional. Unix time for the most recent error that happened.

Type [int](#)

**last\_error\_message**

Optional. Error message in human-readable format.

Type `str`

**max\_connections**

Optional. Maximum allowed number of simultaneous HTTPS connections.

Type `int`

**allowed\_updates**

Optional. A list of update types the bot is subscribed to. Defaults to all update types, except `telegram.Update.chat_member`.

Type `List[str]`

**last\_synchronization\_error\_date**

Optional. Unix time of the most recent error that happened when trying to synchronize available updates with Telegram datacenters.

New in version 20.0.

Type `int`

**classmethod de\_json(data, bot)**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

## 10.1.78 Stickers

### telegram.Sticker

**class** telegram.Sticker(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents a sticker.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `file_unique_id` is equal.

---

**Note:** As of v13.11 `is_video` is a required argument and therefore the order of the arguments had to be changed. Use keyword arguments to make sure that the arguments are passed correctly.

---

#### Parameters

- **file\_id** (`str`) – Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- **file\_unique\_id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- **width** (`int`) – Sticker width.
- **height** (`int`) – Sticker height.
- **is\_animated** (`bool`) – `True`, if the sticker is animated.
- **is\_video** (`bool`) – `True`, if the sticker is a video sticker.  
New in version 13.11.
- **thumb** (`telegram.PhotoSize`, optional) – Sticker thumbnail in the `.WEBP` or `.JPG` format.
- **emoji** (`str`, optional) – Emoji associated with the sticker
- **set\_name** (`str`, optional) – Name of the sticker set to which the sticker belongs.

- **mask\_position** (*telegram.MaskPosition*, optional) – For mask stickers, the position where the mask should be placed.
- **file\_size** (*int*, optional) – File size in bytes.
- **bot** (*telegram.Bot*, optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.
- **\_kwargs** (*dict*) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**file\_id**

Identifier for this file.

Type *str*

**file\_unique\_id**

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

Type *str*

**width**

Sticker width.

Type *int*

**height**

Sticker height.

Type *int*

**is\_animated**

*True*, if the sticker is animated.

Type *bool*

**is\_video**

*True*, if the sticker is a video sticker.

New in version 13.11.

Type *bool*

**thumb**

Optional. Sticker thumbnail in the *.WEBP* or *.JPG* format.

Type *telegram.PhotoSize*

**emoji**

Optional. Emoji associated with the sticker.

Type *str*

**set\_name**

Optional. Name of the sticker set to which the sticker belongs.

Type *str*

**mask\_position**

Optional. For mask stickers, the position where the mask should be placed.

Type *telegram.MaskPosition*

**file\_size**

Optional. File size in bytes.

Type *int*

**bot**

Optional. The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type `telegram.Bot`

**classmethod** `de_json(data, bot)`

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

**async** `get_file(read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None, api_kwargs=None)`

Convenience wrapper over `telegram.Bot.get_file`

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.get_file()`.

Returns `telegram.File`

Raises `telegram.error.TelegramError` –

## telegram.StickerSet

**class** `telegram.StickerSet(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents a sticker set.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `name` is equal.

---

**Note:** As of v13.11 `is_video` is a required argument and therefore the order of the arguments had to be changed. Use keyword arguments to make sure that the arguments are passed correctly.

---

### Parameters

- **name** (`str`) – Sticker set name.
- **title** (`str`) – Sticker set title.
- **is\_animated** (`bool`) – `True`, if the sticker set contains animated stickers.
- **is\_video** (`bool`) – `True`, if the sticker set contains video stickers.  
New in version 13.11.
- **contains\_masks** (`bool`) – `True`, if the sticker set contains masks.
- **stickers** (`List[telegram.Sticker]`) – List of all set stickers.
- **thumb** (`telegram.PhotoSize`, optional) – Sticker set thumbnail in the `.WEBP`, `.TGS`, or `.WEBM` format.

**name**

Sticker set name.

Type `str`

**title**

Sticker set title.

Type `str`

**is\_animated**

`True`, if the sticker set contains animated stickers.

Type `bool`

**is\_video**

`True`, if the sticker set contains video stickers.

New in version 13.11.

Type `bool`

**contains\_masks**

`True`, if the sticker set contains masks.

Type `bool`

**stickers**

List of all set stickers.

Type `List[telegram.Sticker]`

**thumb**

Optional. Sticker set thumbnail in the `.WEBP`, `.TGS` or `.WEBM` format.

Type `telegram.PhotoSize`

**classmethod de\_json(data, bot)**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de\_json\(\)`.

**to\_dict()**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to\_dict\(\)`.

**telegram.MaskPosition****class telegram.MaskPosition(\*args, \*\*kwargs)**

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object describes the position on faces where a mask should be placed by default.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `point`, `x_shift`, `y_shift` and, `scale` are equal.

**Parameters**

- **point** (`str`) – The part of the face relative to which the mask should be placed. One of `FOREHEAD`, `EYES`, `MOUTH`, or `CHIN`.
- **x\_shift** (`float`) – Shift by X-axis measured in widths of the mask scaled to the face size, from left to right. For example, choosing `-1.0` will place mask just to the left of the default mask position.
- **y\_shift** (`float`) – Shift by Y-axis measured in heights of the mask scaled to the face size, from top to bottom. For example, `1.0` will place the mask just below the default mask position.
- **scale** (`float`) – Mask scaling coefficient. For example, `2.0` means double size.

**point**

The part of the face relative to which the mask should be placed. One of `FOREHEAD`, `EYES`, `MOUTH`, or `CHIN`.

Type `str`

**x\_shift**

Shift by X-axis measured in widths of the mask scaled to the face size, from left to right.

Type `float`

**y\_shift**

Shift by Y-axis measured in heights of the mask scaled to the face size, from top to bottom.

Type `float`

**scale**

Mask scaling coefficient. For example, `2.0` means double size.

Type `float`

**CHIN** = `'chin'`

`telegram.constants.MaskPosition.CHIN`

**EYES** = `'eyes'`

`telegram.constants.MaskPosition.EYES`

**FOREHEAD** = `'forehead'`

`telegram.constants.MaskPosition.FOREHEAD`

**MOUTH** = `'mouth'`

`telegram.constants.MaskPosition.MOUTH`

**classmethod** `de_json(data, bot)`

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

## 10.1.79 Inline Mode

### `telegram.InlineQuery`

**class** `telegram.InlineQuery(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents an incoming inline query. When the user sends an empty query, your bot could return some default or trending results.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `id` is equal.

---

**Note:** In Python `from` is a reserved word use `from_user` instead.

---

#### Parameters

- **id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this query.
- **from\_user** (`telegram.User`) – Sender.
- **query** (`str`) – Text of the query (up to 256 characters).
- **offset** (`str`) – Offset of the results to be returned, can be controlled by the bot.
- **chat\_type** (`str`, optional) – Type of the chat, from which the inline query was sent. Can be either `'sender'` for a private chat with the inline query sender, `'private'`, `'group'`, `'supergroup'` or `'channel'`. The chat type should be always known for requests sent from official clients and most third-party clients, unless the request was sent from a secret chat.  
  
New in version 13.5.
- **location** (`telegram.Location`, optional) – Sender location, only for bots that request user location.
- **bot** (`telegram.Bot`, optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.

- ***\*\*kwargs*** (*dict*) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**id**

Unique identifier for this query.

Type *str*

**from\_user**

Sender.

Type *telegram.User*

**query**

Text of the query (up to 256 characters).

Type *str*

**offset**

Offset of the results to be returned, can be controlled by the bot.

Type *str*

**location**

Optional. Sender location, only for bots that request user location.

Type *telegram.Location*

**chat\_type**

Type of the chat, from which the inline query was sent.

New in version 13.5.

Type *str*, optional

**MAX\_RESULTS = 50**

*telegram.constants.InlineQueryLimit.RESULTS*

New in version 13.2.

**MAX\_SWITCH\_PM\_TEXT\_LENGTH = 64**

*telegram.constants.InlineQueryLimit.SWITCH\_PM\_TEXT\_LENGTH*

New in version 20.0.

**async answer**(*results*, *cache\_time*=300, *is\_personal*=None, *next\_offset*=None, *switch\_pm\_text*=None, *switch\_pm\_parameter*=None, *read\_timeout*=None, *write\_timeout*=None, *connect\_timeout*=None, *pool\_timeout*=None, *current\_offset*=None, *api\_kwargs*=None, *auto\_pagination*=False)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.answer_inline_query(
    update.inline_query.id,
    *args,
    current_offset=self.offset if auto_pagination else None,
    **kwargs
)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see *telegram.Bot.answer\_inline\_query()*.

Changed in version 20.0: Raises *ValueError* instead of *TypeError*.

**Parameters** *auto\_pagination* (bool, optional) – If set to *True*, *offset* will be passed as *current\_offset* to *telegram.Bot.answer\_inline\_query()*. Defaults to *False*.

**Raises** *ValueError* – If both *current\_offset* and *auto\_pagination* are supplied.

**classmethod** `de_json(data, bot)`

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

## telegram.InlineQueryResult

**class** `telegram.InlineQueryResult(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

Baseclass for the `InlineQueryResult*` classes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `id` is equal.

---

**Note:** All URLs passed in inline query results will be available to end users and therefore must be assumed to be *public*.

---

### Parameters

- **type** (`str`) – Type of the result.
- **id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 Bytes.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

### type

Type of the result.

Type `str`

### id

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 Bytes.

Type `str`

### to\_dict()

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

## telegram.InlineQueryResultArticle

**class** `telegram.InlineQueryResultArticle(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.InlineQueryResult`

This object represents a Telegram `InlineQueryResultArticle`.

### Parameters

- **id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 Bytes.
- **title** (`str`) – Title of the result.
- **input\_message\_content** (`telegram.InputMessageContent`) – Content of the message to be sent.
- **reply\_markup** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **url** (`str`, optional) – URL of the result.
- **hide\_url** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if you don't want the URL to be shown in the message.
- **description** (`str`, optional) – Short description of the result.

- **`thumb_url`** (`str`, optional) – Url of the thumbnail for the result.
- **`thumb_width`** (`int`, optional) – Thumbnail width.
- **`thumb_height`** (`int`, optional) – Thumbnail height.
- **`**kwargs`** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

`'article'`.

Type `str`

**id**

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 Bytes.

Type `str`

**title**

Title of the result.

Type `str`

**input\_message\_content**

Content of the message to be sent.

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**url**

Optional. URL of the result.

Type `str`

**hide\_url**

Optional. Pass `True`, if you don't want the URL to be shown in the message.

Type `bool`

**description**

Optional. Short description of the result.

Type `str`

**thumb\_url**

Optional. Url of the thumbnail for the result.

Type `str`

**thumb\_width**

Optional. Thumbnail width.

Type `int`

**thumb\_height**

Optional. Thumbnail height.

Type `int`

## telegram.InlineQueryResultAudio

**class** telegram.InlineQueryResultAudio(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.InlineQueryResult](#)

Represents a link to an mp3 audio file. By default, this audio file will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use [input\\_message\\_content](#) to send a message with the specified content instead of the audio.

### Parameters

- **id** ([str](#)) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **audio\_url** ([str](#)) – A valid URL for the audio file.
- **title** ([str](#)) – Title.
- **performer** ([str](#), optional) – Performer.
- **audio\_duration** ([str](#), optional) – Audio duration in seconds.
- **caption** ([str](#), optional) – Caption, 0-[1024](#) characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** ([str](#), optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (List[[telegram.MessageEntity](#)], optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).
- **reply\_markup** ([telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup](#), optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **input\_message\_content** ([telegram.InputMessageContent](#), optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the audio.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

### type

['audio'](#).

Type [str](#)

### id

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

Type [str](#)

### audio\_url

A valid URL for the audio file.

Type [str](#)

### title

Title.

Type [str](#)

### performer

Optional. Performer.

Type [str](#)

### audio\_duration

Optional. Audio duration in seconds.

Type [str](#)

**caption**

Optional. Caption, 0-**1024** characters after entities parsing.

Type `str`

**parse\_mode**

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.

Type `str`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the audio.

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

**telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedAudio**

**class** telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedAudio(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.InlineQueryResult`

Represents a link to an mp3 audio file stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this audio file will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use `input_message_content` to send a message with the specified content instead of the audio.

**Parameters**

- **id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **audio\_file\_id** (`str`) – A valid file identifier for the audio file.
- **caption** (`str`, optional) – Caption, 0-**1024** characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (`List[telegram.MessageEntity]`, optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.
- **reply\_markup** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **input\_message\_content** (`telegram.InputMessageContent`, optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the audio.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

`'audio'`.

Type `str`

**id**

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

Type `str`

**audio\_file\_id**

A valid file identifier for the audio file.

Type `str`

**caption**

Optional. Caption, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type `str`

**parse\_mode**

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.

Type `str`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the audio.

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

## telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedDocument

**class** `telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedDocument(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.InlineQueryResult`

Represents a link to a file stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this file will be sent by the user with an optional caption. Alternatively, you can use `input_message_content` to send a message with the specified content instead of the file.

**Parameters**

- **id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **title** (`str`) – Title for the result.
- **document\_file\_id** (`str`) – A valid file identifier for the file.
- **description** (`str`, optional) – Short description of the result.
- **caption** (`str`, optional) – Caption of the document to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption.. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (`List[telegram.MessageEntity]`, optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.

- **`reply_markup`** (*`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`*, optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **`input_message_content`** (*`telegram.InputMessageContent`*, optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the file.
- **`**kwargs`** (*`dict`*) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

*`'document'`*.

**Type** *`str`*

**id**

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

**Type** *`str`*

**title**

Title for the result.

**Type** *`str`*

**document\_file\_id**

A valid file identifier for the file.

**Type** *`str`*

**description**

Optional. Short description of the result.

**Type** *`str`*

**caption**

Optional. Caption of the document to be sent, 0-*1024* characters after entities parsing.

**Type** *`str`*

**parse\_mode**

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption.. See the constants in *`telegram.constants.ParseMode`* for the available modes.

**Type** *`str`*

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of *`parse_mode`*.

**Type** *`List[telegram.MessageEntity]`*

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

**Type** *`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`*

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the file.

**Type** *`telegram.InputMessageContent`*

## telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedGif

**class** telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedGif(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.InlineQueryResult](#)

Represents a link to an animated GIF file stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this animated GIF file will be sent by the user with an optional caption. Alternatively, you can use [input\\_message\\_content](#) to send a message with specified content instead of the animation.

### Parameters

- **id** ([str](#)) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **gif\_file\_id** ([str](#)) – A valid file identifier for the GIF file.
- **title** ([str](#), optional) – Title for the result.caption ([str](#), optional):
- **caption** ([str](#), optional) – Caption of the GIF file to be sent, 0-**1024** characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** ([str](#), optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (List[[telegram.MessageEntity](#)], optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).
- **reply\_markup** ([telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup](#), optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **input\_message\_content** ([telegram.InputMessageContent](#), optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the gif.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

### type

['gif'](#).

Type [str](#)

### id

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

Type [str](#)

### gif\_file\_id

A valid file identifier for the GIF file.

Type [str](#)

### title

Optional. Title for the result.

Type [str](#)

### caption

Optional. Caption of the GIF file to be sent, 0-**1024** characters after entities parsing.

Type [str](#)

### parse\_mode

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.

Type [str](#)

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the gif.

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

**telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedMpeg4Gif**

**class** `telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedMpeg4Gif(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.InlineQueryResult`

Represents a link to a video animation (H.264/MPEG-4 AVC video without sound) stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this animated MPEG-4 file will be sent by the user with an optional caption. Alternatively, you can use `input_message_content` to send a message with the specified content instead of the animation.

**Parameters**

- **id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **mpeg4\_file\_id** (`str`) – A valid file identifier for the MP4 file.
- **title** (`str`, optional) – Title for the result.
- **caption** (`str`, optional) – Caption of the MPEG-4 file to be sent, 0-**1024** characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (`List[telegram.MessageEntity]`, optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.
- **reply\_markup** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **input\_message\_content** (`telegram.InputMessageContent`, optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the MPEG-4 file.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

`'mpeg4_gif'`.

Type `str`

**id**

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

Type `str`

**mpeg4\_file\_id**

A valid file identifier for the MP4 file.

Type `str`

**title**

Optional. Title for the result.

Type `str`

**caption**

Optional. Caption of the MPEG-4 file to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type `str`

**parse\_mode**

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.

Type `str`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the MPEG-4 file.

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

**telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedPhoto**

**class** `telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedPhoto(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.InlineQueryResult`

Represents a link to a photo stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this photo will be sent by the user with an optional caption. Alternatively, you can use `input_message_content` to send a message with the specified content instead of the photo.

**Parameters**

- **id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **photo\_file\_id** (`str`) – A valid file identifier of the photo.
- **title** (`str`, optional) – Title for the result.
- **description** (`str`, optional) – Short description of the result.
- **caption** (`str`, optional) – Caption of the photo to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (`List[telegram.MessageEntity]`, optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.
- **reply\_markup** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **input\_message\_content** (`telegram.InputMessageContent`, optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the photo.

- ***\*\*kwargs*** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

`'photo'`.

**Type** `str`

**id**

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

**Type** `str`

**photo\_file\_id**

A valid file identifier of the photo.

**Type** `str`

**title**

Optional. Title for the result.

**Type** `str`

**description**

Optional. Short description of the result.

**Type** `str`

**caption**

Optional. Caption of the photo to be sent, 0-*1024* characters after entities parsing.

**Type** `str`

**parse\_mode**

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in *telegram.constants.ParseMode* for the available modes.

**Type** `str`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of *parse\_mode*.

**Type** `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

**Type** *telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup*

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the photo.

**Type** *telegram.InputMessageContent*

## telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedSticker

**class** telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedSticker(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.InlineQueryResult](#)

Represents a link to a sticker stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this sticker will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use [input\\_message\\_content](#) to send a message with the specified content instead of the sticker.

### Parameters

- **id** ([str](#)) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **sticker\_file\_id** ([str](#)) – A valid file identifier of the sticker.
- **reply\_markup** ([telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup](#), optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **input\_message\_content** ([telegram.InputMessageContent](#), optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the sticker.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

### type

['sticker'](#).

Type [str](#)

### id

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

Type [str](#)

### sticker\_file\_id

A valid file identifier of the sticker.

Type [str](#)

### reply\_markup

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type [telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup](#)

### input\_message\_content

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the sticker.

Type [telegram.InputMessageContent](#)

## telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVideo

**class** telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVideo(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.InlineQueryResult](#)

Represents a link to a video file stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this video file will be sent by the user with an optional caption. Alternatively, you can use [input\\_message\\_content](#) to send a message with the specified content instead of the video.

### Parameters

- **id** ([str](#)) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **video\_file\_id** ([str](#)) – A valid file identifier for the video file.
- **title** ([str](#)) – Title for the result.
- **description** ([str](#), optional) – Short description of the result.

- **`caption`** (`str`, optional) – Caption of the video to be sent, 0-**1024** characters after entities parsing.
- **`parse_mode`** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **`caption_entities`** (`List[telegram.MessageEntity]`, optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.
- **`reply_markup`** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **`input_message_content`** (`telegram.InputMessageContent`, optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the video.
- **`**kwargs`** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

`'video'`.

Type `str`

**id**

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

Type `str`

**video\_file\_id**

A valid file identifier for the video file.

Type `str`

**title**

Title for the result.

Type `str`

**description**

Optional. Short description of the result.

Type `str`

**caption**

Optional. Caption of the video to be sent, 0-**1024** characters after entities parsing.

Type `str`

**parse\_mode**

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.

Type `str`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the video.

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

**telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVoice**

**class** `telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVoice(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.InlineQueryResult`

Represents a link to a voice message stored on the Telegram servers. By default, this voice message will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use `input_message_content` to send a message with the specified content instead of the voice message.

**Parameters**

- **id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **voice\_file\_id** (`str`) – A valid file identifier for the voice message.
- **title** (`str`) – Voice message title.
- **caption** (`str`, optional) – Caption, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (`List[telegram.MessageEntity]`, optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.
- **reply\_markup** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **input\_message\_content** (`telegram.InputMessageContent`, optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the voice message.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

`'voice'`.

Type `str`

**id**

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

Type `str`

**voice\_file\_id**

A valid file identifier for the voice message.

Type `str`

**title**

Voice message title.

Type `str`

**caption**

Optional. Caption, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type `str`

**parse\_mode**

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.

Type `str`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the voice message.

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

**telegram.InlineQueryResultContact**

**class** `telegram.InlineQueryResultContact(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.InlineQueryResult`

Represents a contact with a phone number. By default, this contact will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use [input\\_message\\_content](#) to send a message with the specified content instead of the contact.

**Parameters**

- **id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **phone\_number** (`str`) – Contact's phone number.
- **first\_name** (`str`) – Contact's first name.
- **last\_name** (`str`, optional) – Contact's last name.
- **vcard** (`str`, optional) – Additional data about the contact in the form of a vCard, 0-2048 bytes.
- **reply\_markup** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **input\_message\_content** (`telegram.InputMessageContent`, optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the contact.
- **thumb\_url** (`str`, optional) – Url of the thumbnail for the result.
- **thumb\_width** (`int`, optional) – Thumbnail width.
- **thumb\_height** (`int`, optional) – Thumbnail height.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

`'contact'`.

Type `str`

**id**

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

Type `str`

**phone\_number**

Contact's phone number.

Type `str`

**first\_name**

Contact's first name.

Type `str`

**last\_name**

Optional. Contact's last name.

Type `str`

**vcard**

Optional. Additional data about the contact in the form of a vCard, 0-2048 bytes.

Type `str`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the contact.

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

**thumb\_url**

Optional. Url of the thumbnail for the result.

Type `str`

**thumb\_width**

Optional. Thumbnail width.

Type `int`

**thumb\_height**

Optional. Thumbnail height.

Type `int`

**telegram.InlineQueryResultDocument**

**class** `telegram.InlineQueryResultDocument(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.InlineQueryResult`

Represents a link to a file. By default, this file will be sent by the user with an optional caption. Alternatively, you can use `input_message_content` to send a message with the specified content instead of the file. Currently, only .PDF and .ZIP files can be sent using this method.

**Parameters**

- **id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **title** (`str`) – Title for the result.
- **caption** (`str`, optional) – Caption of the document to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.

- **`caption_entities`** (List[[`telegram.MessageEntity`](#)], optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [`parse\_mode`](#).
- **`document_url`** ([`str`](#)) – A valid URL for the file.
- **`mime_type`** ([`str`](#)) – Mime type of the content of the file, either “application/pdf” or “application/zip”.
- **`description`** ([`str`](#), optional) – Short description of the result.
- **`reply_markup`** ([`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`](#), optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **`input_message_content`** ([`telegram.InputMessageContent`](#), optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the file.
- **`thumb_url`** ([`str`](#), optional) – URL of the thumbnail (JPEG only) for the file.
- **`thumb_width`** ([`int`](#), optional) – Thumbnail width.
- **`thumb_height`** ([`int`](#), optional) – Thumbnail height.
- **`**kwargs`** ([`dict`](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

[`'document'`](#).

Type [`str`](#)

**id**

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

Type [`str`](#)

**title**

Title for the result.

Type [`str`](#)

**caption**

Optional. Caption of the document to be sent, 0-[`1024`](#) characters after entities parsing.

Type [`str`](#)

**parse\_mode**

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [`telegram.constants.ParseMode`](#) for the available modes.

Type [`str`](#)

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [`parse\_mode`](#).

Type List[[`telegram.MessageEntity`](#)]

**document\_url**

A valid URL for the file.

Type [`str`](#)

**mime\_type**

Mime type of the content of the file, either “application/pdf” or “application/zip”.

Type [`str`](#)

**description**

Optional. Short description of the result.

Type `str`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the file.

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

**thumb\_url**

Optional. URL of the thumbnail (JPEG only) for the file.

Type `str`

**thumb\_width**

Optional. Thumbnail width.

Type `int`

**thumb\_height**

Optional. Thumbnail height.

Type `int`

**telegram.InlineQueryResultGame**

**class** `telegram.InlineQueryResultGame(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.InlineQueryResult`

Represents a `telegram.Game`.

**Parameters**

- **id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **game\_short\_name** (`str`) – Short name of the game.
- **reply\_markup** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

`'game'`.

Type `str`

**id**

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

Type `str`

**game\_short\_name**

Short name of the game.

Type `str`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

## telegram.InlineQueryResultGif

**class** telegram.InlineQueryResultGif(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.InlineQueryResult](#)

Represents a link to an animated GIF file. By default, this animated GIF file will be sent by the user with optional caption. Alternatively, you can use [input\\_message\\_content](#) to send a message with the specified content instead of the animation.

### Parameters

- **id** ([str](#)) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **gif\_url** ([str](#)) – A valid URL for the GIF file. File size must not exceed 1MB.
- **gif\_width** ([int](#), optional) – Width of the GIF.
- **gif\_height** ([int](#), optional) – Height of the GIF.
- **gif\_duration** ([int](#), optional) – Duration of the GIF in seconds.
- **thumb\_url** ([str](#)) – URL of the static (JPEG or GIF) or animated (MPEG4) thumbnail for the result.
- **thumb\_mime\_type** ([str](#), optional) – MIME type of the thumbnail, must be one of 'image/jpeg', 'image/gif', or 'video/mp4'. Defaults to 'image/jpeg'.
- **title** ([str](#), optional) – Title for the result.
- **caption** ([str](#), optional) – Caption of the GIF file to be sent, 0-[1024](#) characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** ([str](#), optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** ([List\[telegram.MessageEntity\]](#), optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).
- **reply\_markup** ([telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup](#), optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **input\_message\_content** ([telegram.InputMessageContent](#), optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the GIF animation.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

['gif'](#).

**Type** [str](#)

**id**

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

**Type** [str](#)

**gif\_url**

A valid URL for the GIF file. File size must not exceed 1MB.

**Type** [str](#)

**gif\_width**

Optional. Width of the GIF.

**Type** [int](#)

**gif\_height**

Optional. Height of the GIF.

Type `int`

**gif\_duration**

Optional. Duration of the GIF in seconds.

Type `int`

**thumb\_url**

URL of the static (JPEG or GIF) or animated (MPEG4) thumbnail for the result.

Type `str`

**thumb\_mime\_type**

Optional. MIME type of the thumbnail.

Type `str`

**title**

Optional. Title for the result.

Type `str`

**caption**

Optional. Caption of the GIF file to be sent, 0-*1024* characters after entities parsing.

Type `str`

**parse\_mode**

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.

Type `str`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the GIF animation.

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

**telegram.InlineQueryResultLocation**

**class** `telegram.InlineQueryResultLocation(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.InlineQueryResult`

Represents a location on a map. By default, the location will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use [input\\_message\\_content](#) to send a message with the specified content instead of the location.

**Parameters**

- **id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **latitude** (`float`) – Location latitude in degrees.

- **longitude** (`float`) – Location longitude in degrees.
- **title** (`str`) – Location title.
- **horizontal\_accuracy** (`float`, optional) – The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters; 0-1500.
- **live\_period** (`int`, optional) – Period in seconds for which the location can be updated, should be between 60 and 86400.
- **heading** (`int`, optional) – For live locations, a direction in which the user is moving, in degrees. Must be between 1 and 360 if specified.
- **proximity\_alert\_radius** (`int`, optional) – For live locations, a maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters. Must be between 1 and 360 if specified.
- **reply\_markup** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **input\_message\_content** (`telegram.InputMessageContent`, optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the location.
- **thumb\_url** (`str`, optional) – Url of the thumbnail for the result.
- **thumb\_width** (`int`, optional) – Thumbnail width.
- **thumb\_height** (`int`, optional) – Thumbnail height.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**`'location'.`**Type** `str`**id**

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

**Type** `str`**latitude**

Location latitude in degrees.

**Type** `float`**longitude**

Location longitude in degrees.

**Type** `float`**title**

Location title.

**Type** `str`**horizontal\_accuracy**

Optional. The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters.

**Type** `float`**live\_period**

Optional. Period in seconds for which the location can be updated, should be between 60 and 86400.

**Type** `int`

**heading**

Optional. For live locations, a direction in which the user is moving, in degrees.

Type `int`

**proximity\_alert\_radius**

Optional. For live locations, a maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters.

Type `int`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the location.

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

**thumb\_url**

Optional. Url of the thumbnail for the result.

Type `str`

**thumb\_width**

Optional. Thumbnail width.

Type `int`

**thumb\_height**

Optional. Thumbnail height.

Type `int`

**telegram.InlineQueryResultMpeg4Gif**

**class** `telegram.InlineQueryResultMpeg4Gif(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.InlineQueryResult`

Represents a link to a video animation (H.264/MPEG-4 AVC video without sound). By default, this animated MPEG-4 file will be sent by the user with optional caption. Alternatively, you can use `input_message_content` to send a message with the specified content instead of the animation.

**Parameters**

- **id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **mpeg4\_url** (`str`) – A valid URL for the MP4 file. File size must not exceed 1MB.
- **mpeg4\_width** (`int`, optional) – Video width.
- **mpeg4\_height** (`int`, optional) – Video height.
- **mpeg4\_duration** (`int`, optional) – Video duration in seconds.
- **thumb\_url** (`str`) – URL of the static thumbnail (jpeg or gif) for the result.
- **thumb\_mime\_type** (`str`) – Optional. MIME type of the thumbnail, must be one of 'image/jpeg', 'image/gif', or 'video/mp4'. Defaults to 'image/jpeg'.
- **title** (`str`, optional) – Title for the result.
- **caption** (`str`, optional) – Caption of the MPEG-4 file to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

- **`parse_mode`** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- **`caption_entities`** (List[`telegram.MessageEntity`], optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of `parse_mode`.
- **`reply_markup`** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **`input_message_content`** (`telegram.InputMessageContent`, optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the video animation.
- **`**kwargs`** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

`'mpeg4_gif'`.

Type `str`

**id**

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

Type `str`

**mpeg4\_url**

A valid URL for the MP4 file. File size must not exceed 1MB.

Type `str`

**mpeg4\_width**

Optional. Video width.

Type `int`

**mpeg4\_height**

Optional. Video height.

Type `int`

**mpeg4\_duration**

Optional. Video duration in seconds.

Type `int`

**thumb\_url**

URL of the static (JPEG or GIF) or animated (MPEG4) thumbnail for the result.

Type `str`

**thumb\_mime\_type**

Optional. MIME type of the thumbnail.

Type `str`

**title**

Optional. Title for the result.

Type `str`

**caption**

Optional. Caption of the MPEG-4 file to be sent, 0-**1024** characters after entities parsing.

Type `str`

**parse\_mode**

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.

Type `str`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the video animation.

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

**telegram.InlineQueryResultPhoto**

**class** `telegram.InlineQueryResultPhoto(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.InlineQueryResult`

Represents a link to a photo. By default, this photo will be sent by the user with optional caption. Alternatively, you can use [input\\_message\\_content](#) to send a message with the specified content instead of the photo.

**Parameters**

- **id** (`str`) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **photo\_url** (`str`) – A valid URL of the photo. Photo must be in JPEG format. Photo size must not exceed 5MB.
- **thumb\_url** (`str`) – URL of the thumbnail for the photo.
- **photo\_width** (`int`, optional) – Width of the photo.
- **photo\_height** (`int`, optional) – Height of the photo.
- **title** (`str`, optional) – Title for the result.
- **description** (`str`, optional) – Short description of the result.
- **caption** (`str`, optional) – Caption of the photo to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (`List[telegram.MessageEntity]`, optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).
- **reply\_markup** (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`, optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **input\_message\_content** (`telegram.InputMessageContent`, optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the photo.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

*'photo'*.

Type `str`

**id**

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

Type `str`

**photo\_url**

A valid URL of the photo. Photo must be in JPEG format. Photo size must not exceed 5MB.

Type `str`

**thumb\_url**

URL of the thumbnail for the photo.

Type `str`

**photo\_width**

Optional. Width of the photo.

Type `int`

**photo\_height**

Optional. Height of the photo.

Type `int`

**title**

Optional. Title for the result.

Type `str`

**description**

Optional. Short description of the result.

Type `str`

**caption**

Optional. Caption of the photo to be sent, 0-*1024* characters after entities parsing.

Type `str`

**parse\_mode**

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in *telegram.constants.ParseMode* for the available modes.

Type `str`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of *parse\_mode*.

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type *telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup*

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the photo.

Type *telegram.InputMessageContent*

## telegram.InlineQueryResultVenue

**class** telegram.InlineQueryResultVenue(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.InlineQueryResult](#)

Represents a venue. By default, the venue will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use [input\\_message\\_content](#) to send a message with the specified content instead of the venue.

---

**Note:** Foursquare details and Google Pace details are mutually exclusive. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

### Parameters

- **id** ([str](#)) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 Bytes.
- **latitude** ([float](#)) – Latitude of the venue location in degrees.
- **longitude** ([float](#)) – Longitude of the venue location in degrees.
- **title** ([str](#)) – Title of the venue.
- **address** ([str](#)) – Address of the venue.
- **foursquare\_id** ([str](#), optional) – Foursquare identifier of the venue if known.
- **foursquare\_type** ([str](#), optional) – Foursquare type of the venue, if known. (For example, “arts\_entertainment/default”, “arts\_entertainment/aquarium” or “food/icecream”).
- **google\_place\_id** ([str](#), optional) – Google Places identifier of the venue.
- **google\_place\_type** ([str](#), optional) – Google Places type of the venue. (See [supported types](#).)
- **reply\_markup** ([telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup](#), optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **input\_message\_content** ([telegram.InputMessageContent](#), optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the location.
- **thumb\_url** ([str](#), optional) – Url of the thumbnail for the result.
- **thumb\_width** ([int](#), optional) – Thumbnail width.
- **thumb\_height** ([int](#), optional) – Thumbnail height.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

### type

['venue'](#).

Type [str](#)

### id

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 Bytes.

Type [str](#)

### latitude

Latitude of the venue location in degrees.

Type [float](#)

**longitude**

Longitude of the venue location in degrees.

Type `float`

**title**

Title of the venue.

Type `str`

**address**

Address of the venue.

Type `str`

**foursquare\_id**

Optional. Foursquare identifier of the venue if known.

Type `str`

**foursquare\_type**

Optional. Foursquare type of the venue, if known.

Type `str`

**google\_place\_id**

Optional. Google Places identifier of the venue.

Type `str`

**google\_place\_type**

Optional. Google Places type of the venue.

Type `str`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the venue.

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

**thumb\_url**

Optional. Url of the thumbnail for the result.

Type `str`

**thumb\_width**

Optional. Thumbnail width.

Type `int`

**thumb\_height**

Optional. Thumbnail height.

Type `int`

## telegram.InlineQueryResultVideo

**class** telegram.InlineQueryResultVideo(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.InlineQueryResult](#)

Represents a link to a page containing an embedded video player or a video file. By default, this video file will be sent by the user with an optional caption. Alternatively, you can use [input\\_message\\_content](#) to send a message with the specified content instead of the video.

---

**Note:** If an InlineQueryResultVideo message contains an embedded video (e.g., YouTube), you must replace its content using [input\\_message\\_content](#).

---

### Parameters

- **id** ([str](#)) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **video\_url** ([str](#)) – A valid URL for the embedded video player or video file.
- **mime\_type** ([str](#)) – Mime type of the content of video url, “text/html” or “video/mp4”.
- **thumb\_url** ([str](#)) – URL of the thumbnail (JPEG only) for the video.
- **title** ([str](#)) – Title for the result.
- **caption** ([str](#), optional) – Caption, 0-[1024](#) characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** ([str](#), optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (List[[telegram.MessageEntity](#)], optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).
- **video\_width** ([int](#), optional) – Video width.
- **video\_height** ([int](#), optional) – Video height.
- **video\_duration** ([int](#), optional) – Video duration in seconds.
- **description** ([str](#), optional) – Short description of the result.
- **reply\_markup** ([telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup](#), optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **input\_message\_content** ([telegram.InputMessageContent](#), optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the video. This field is required if InlineQueryResultVideo is used to send an HTML-page as a result (e.g., a YouTube video).
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

### type

['video'](#).

Type [str](#)

### id

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

Type [str](#)

### video\_url

A valid URL for the embedded video player or video file.

Type [str](#)

**mime\_type**

Mime type of the content of video url, “text/html” or “video/mp4”.

Type `str`

**thumb\_url**

URL of the thumbnail (JPEG only) for the video.

Type `str`

**title**

Title for the result.

Type `str`

**caption**

Optional. Caption of the video to be sent, 0-1024 characters after entities parsing.

Type `str`

**parse\_mode**

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.

Type `str`

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**video\_width**

Optional. Video width.

Type `int`

**video\_height**

Optional. Video height.

Type `int`

**video\_duration**

Optional. Video duration in seconds.

Type `int`

**description**

Optional. Short description of the result.

Type `str`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the video. This field is required if `InlineQueryResultVideo` is used to send an HTML-page as a result (e.g., a YouTube video).

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

## telegram.InlineQueryResultVoice

**class** telegram.InlineQueryResultVoice(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.InlineQueryResult](#)

Represents a link to a voice recording in an .ogg container encoded with OPUS. By default, this voice recording will be sent by the user. Alternatively, you can use [input\\_message\\_content](#) to send a message with the specified content instead of the the voice message.

### Parameters

- **id** ([str](#)) – Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.
- **voice\_url** ([str](#)) – A valid URL for the voice recording.
- **title** ([str](#)) – Recording title.
- **caption** ([str](#), optional) – Caption, 0-[1024](#) characters after entities parsing.
- **parse\_mode** ([str](#), optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.
- **caption\_entities** (List[[telegram.MessageEntity](#)], optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).
- **voice\_duration** ([int](#), optional) – Recording duration in seconds.
- **reply\_markup** ([telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup](#), optional) – Inline keyboard attached to the message.
- **input\_message\_content** ([telegram.InputMessageContent](#), optional) – Content of the message to be sent instead of the voice recording.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

### type

['voice'](#).

Type [str](#)

### id

Unique identifier for this result, 1-64 bytes.

Type [str](#)

### voice\_url

A valid URL for the voice recording.

Type [str](#)

### title

Recording title.

Type [str](#)

### caption

Optional. Caption, 0-[1024](#) characters after entities parsing.

Type [str](#)

### parse\_mode

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in the media caption. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.

Type [str](#)

**caption\_entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of *parse\_mode*.

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**voice\_duration**

Optional. Recording duration in seconds.

Type `int`

**reply\_markup**

Optional. Inline keyboard attached to the message.

Type `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**input\_message\_content**

Optional. Content of the message to be sent instead of the voice recording.

Type `telegram.InputMessageContent`

**telegram.InputMessageContent**

**class** `telegram.InputMessageContent(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

Base class for Telegram InputMessageContent Objects.

See: `telegram.InputContactMessageContent`, `telegram.InputInvoiceMessageContent`, `telegram.InputLocationMessageContent`, `telegram.InputTextMessageContent` and `telegram.InputVenueMessageContent` for more details.

**telegram.InputTextMessageContent**

**class** `telegram.InputTextMessageContent(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.InputMessageContent`

Represents the content of a text message to be sent as the result of an inline query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *message\_text* is equal.

**Parameters**

- ***message\_text*** (`str`) – Text of the message to be sent, 1-4096 characters after entities parsing.
- ***parse\_mode*** (`str`, optional) – Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in your bot's message. See the constants in `telegram.constants.ParseMode` for the available modes.
- ***entities*** (`List[telegram.MessageEntity]`, optional) – List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of *parse\_mode*.
- ***disable\_web\_page\_preview*** (`bool`, optional) – Disables link previews for links in the sent message.
- ***\*\*kwargs*** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**message\_text**

Text of the message to be sent, 1-4096 characters after entities parsing.

Type `str`

**parse\_mode**

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or inline URLs in your bot's message. See the constants in [telegram.constants.ParseMode](#) for the available modes.

Type `str`

**entities**

Optional. List of special entities that appear in the caption, which can be specified instead of [parse\\_mode](#).

Type `List[telegram.MessageEntity]`

**disable\_web\_page\_preview**

Optional. Disables link previews for links in the sent message.

Type `bool`

**to\_dict()**

See [telegram.TelegramObject.to\\_dict\(\)](#).

**telegram.InputLocationMessageContent**

**class** `telegram.InputLocationMessageContent(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: [telegram.InputMessageContent](#)

Represents the content of a location message to be sent as the result of an inline query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [latitude](#) and [longitude](#) are equal.

**Parameters**

- [latitude](#) (`float`) – Latitude of the location in degrees.
- [longitude](#) (`float`) – Longitude of the location in degrees.
- [horizontal\\_accuracy](#) (`float`, optional) – The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters; 0-1500.
- [live\\_period](#) (`int`, optional) – Period in seconds for which the location can be updated, should be between 60 and 86400.
- [heading](#) (`int`, optional) – For live locations, a direction in which the user is moving, in degrees. Must be between 1 and 360 if specified.
- [proximity\\_alert\\_radius](#) (`int`, optional) – For live locations, a maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters. Must be between 1 and 360 if specified.
- **`**kwargs`** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**latitude**

Latitude of the location in degrees.

Type `float`

**longitude**

Longitude of the location in degrees.

Type `float`

**horizontal\_accuracy**

Optional. The radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters.

Type `float`

**live\_period**

Optional. Period in seconds for which the location can be updated.

Type `int`

**heading**

Optional. For live locations, a direction in which the user is moving, in degrees.

Type `int`

**proximity\_alert\_radius**

Optional. For live locations, a maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters.

Type `int`

**telegram.InputVenueMessageContent**

**class** telegram.**InputVenueMessageContent**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.InputMessageContent`

Represents the content of a venue message to be sent as the result of an inline query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *latitude*, *longitude* and *title* are equal.

---

**Note:** Foursquare details and Google Place details are mutually exclusive. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

**Parameters**

- *latitude* (`float`) – Latitude of the location in degrees.
- *longitude* (`float`) – Longitude of the location in degrees.
- *title* (`str`) – Name of the venue.
- *address* (`str`) – Address of the venue.
- *foursquare\_id* (`str`, optional) – Foursquare identifier of the venue, if known.
- *foursquare\_type* (`str`, optional) – Foursquare type of the venue, if known. (For example, “arts\_entertainment/default”, “arts\_entertainment/aquarium” or “food/icecream”.)
- *google\_place\_id* (`str`, optional) – Google Places identifier of the venue.
- *google\_place\_type* (`str`, optional) – Google Places type of the venue. (See [supported types](#).)
- *\*\*kwargs* (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**latitude**

Latitude of the location in degrees.

Type `float`

**longitude**

Longitude of the location in degrees.

Type `float`

**title**

Name of the venue.

Type `str`

**address**

Address of the venue.

Type `str`

**foursquare\_id**

Optional. Foursquare identifier of the venue, if known.

Type `str`

**foursquare\_type**

Optional. Foursquare type of the venue, if known.

Type `str`

**google\_place\_id**

Optional. Google Places identifier of the venue.

Type `str`

**google\_place\_type**

Optional. Google Places type of the venue.

Type `str`

## **telegram.InputContactMessageContent**

**class** telegram.InputContactMessageContent(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [\*telegram.InputMessageContent\*](#)

Represents the content of a contact message to be sent as the result of an inline query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [\*phone\\_number\*](#) is equal.

### **Parameters**

- [\*phone\\_number\*](#) (`str`) – Contact’s phone number.
- [\*first\\_name\*](#) (`str`) – Contact’s first name.
- [\*last\\_name\*](#) (`str`, optional) – Contact’s last name.
- [\*vcard\*](#) (`str`, optional) – Additional data about the contact in the form of a vCard, 0-2048 bytes.
- [\*\\*\\*kwargs\*](#) (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**phone\_number**

Contact’s phone number.

Type `str`

**first\_name**

Contact’s first name.

Type `str`

**last\_name**

Optional. Contact’s last name.

Type `str`

**vcard**

Optional. Additional data about the contact in the form of a vCard, 0-2048 bytes.

Type `str`

**telegram.InputInvoiceMessageContent**

**class** telegram.InputInvoiceMessageContent(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.InputMessageContent`

Represents the content of a invoice message to be sent as the result of an inline query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `title`, `description`, `payload`, `provider_token`, `currency` and `prices` are equal.

New in version 13.5.

**Parameters**

- `title` (`str`) – Product name, 1-32 characters
- `description` (`str`) – Product description, 1-255 characters
- `payload` (`str`) – Bot-defined invoice payload, 1-128 bytes. This will not be displayed to the user, use for your internal processes.
- `provider_token` (`str`) – Payment provider token, obtained via [@Botfather](#).
- `currency` (`str`) – Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code, see more on [currencies](#)
- `prices` (List[`telegram.LabeledPrice`]) – Price breakdown, a list of components (e.g. product price, tax, discount, delivery cost, delivery tax, bonus, etc.)
- `max_tip_amount` (`int`, optional) – The maximum accepted amount for tips in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a maximum tip of US\$ 1.45 pass `max_tip_amount = 145`. See the `exp` parameter in [currencies.json](#), it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies). Defaults to 0.
- `suggested_tip_amounts` (List[`int`], optional) – An array of suggested amounts of tip in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). At most 4 suggested tip amounts can be specified. The suggested tip amounts must be positive, passed in a strictly increased order and must not exceed `max_tip_amount`.
- `provider_data` (`str`, optional) – An object for data about the invoice, which will be shared with the payment provider. A detailed description of the required fields should be provided by the payment provider.
- `photo_url` (`str`, optional) – URL of the product photo for the invoice. Can be a photo of the goods or a marketing image for a service. People like it better when they see what they are paying for.
- `photo_size` (`int`, optional) – Photo size.
- `photo_width` (`int`, optional) – Photo width.
- `photo_height` (`int`, optional) – Photo height.
- `need_name` (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if you require the user's full name to complete the order.
- `need_phone_number` (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if you require the user's phone number to complete the order
- `need_email` (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if you require the user's email address to complete the order.

- **`need_shipping_address`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if you require the user's shipping address to complete the order
- **`send_phone_number_to_provider`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if user's phone number should be sent to provider.
- **`send_email_to_provider`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if user's email address should be sent to provider.
- **`is_flexible`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the final price depends on the shipping method.
- **`**kwargs`** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**title**

Product name, 1-32 characters

Type `str`

**description**

Product description, 1-255 characters

Type `str`

**payload**

Bot-defined invoice payload, 1-128 bytes. This will not be displayed to the user, use for your internal processes.

Type `str`

**provider\_token**

Payment provider token, obtained via [@Botfather](#).

Type `str`

**currency**

Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code, see more on [currencies](#)

Type `str`

**prices**

Price breakdown, a list of components.

Type `List[telegram.LabeledPrice]`

**max\_tip\_amount**

Optional. The maximum accepted amount for tips in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double).

Type `int`

**suggested\_tip\_amounts**

Optional. An array of suggested amounts of tip in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double).

Type `List[int]`

**provider\_data**

Optional. An object for data about the invoice, which will be shared with the payment provider.

Type `str`

**photo\_url**

Optional. URL of the product photo for the invoice.

Type `str`

**photo\_size**

Optional. Photo size.

Type `int`

**photo\_width**

Optional. Photo width.

Type `int`

**photo\_height**

Optional. Photo height.

Type `int`

**need\_name**

Optional. Pass `True`, if you require the user's full name to complete the order.

Type `bool`

**need\_phone\_number**

Optional. Pass `True`, if you require the user's phone number to complete the order

Type `bool`

**need\_email**

Optional. Pass `True`, if you require the user's email address to complete the order.

Type `bool`

**need\_shipping\_address**

Optional. Pass `True`, if you require the user's shipping address to complete the order

Type `bool`

**send\_phone\_number\_to\_provider**

Optional. Pass `True`, if user's phone number should be sent to provider.

Type `bool`

**send\_email\_to\_provider**

Optional. Pass `True`, if user's email address should be sent to provider.

Type `bool`

**is\_flexible**

Optional. Pass `True`, if the final price depends on the shipping method.

Type `bool`

**classmethod de\_json(data, bot)**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

**to\_dict()**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

## telegram.ChosenInlineResult

**class** telegram.ChosenInlineResult(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

Represents a result of an inline query that was chosen by the user and sent to their chat partner.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [result\\_id](#) is equal.

---

### Note:

- In Python [from](#) is a reserved word use [from\\_user](#) instead.
  - It is necessary to enable inline feedback via [@Botfather](#) in order to receive these objects in updates.
- 

### Parameters

- [result\\_id](#) ([str](#)) – The unique identifier for the result that was chosen.
- [from\\_user](#) ([telegram.User](#)) – The user that chose the result.
- [location](#) ([telegram.Location](#), optional) – Sender location, only for bots that require user location.
- [inline\\_message\\_id](#) ([str](#), optional) – Identifier of the sent inline message. Available only if there is an inline keyboard attached to the message. Will be also received in callback queries and can be used to edit the message.
- [query](#) ([str](#)) – The query that was used to obtain the result.
- [\\*\\*kwargs](#) ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

### result\_id

The unique identifier for the result that was chosen.

Type [str](#)

### from\_user

The user that chose the result.

Type [telegram.User](#)

### location

Optional. Sender location.

Type [telegram.Location](#)

### inline\_message\_id

Optional. Identifier of the sent inline message.

Type [str](#)

### query

The query that was used to obtain the result.

Type [str](#)

### classmethod de\_json(data, bot)

See [telegram.TelegramObject.de\\_json\(\)](#).

## 10.1.80 Payments

### telegram.LabeledPrice

**class** telegram.LabeledPrice(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a portion of the price for goods or services.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [label](#) and [amount](#) are equal.

#### Parameters

- [label](#) ([str](#)) – Portion label.
- [amount](#) ([int](#)) – Price of the product in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a price of US\$ 1.45 pass `amount = 145`. See the `exp` parameter in [currencies.json](#), it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies).
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### label

Portion label.

Type [str](#)

#### amount

Price of the product in the smallest units of the currency.

Type [int](#)

### telegram.Invoice

**class** telegram.Invoice(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object contains basic information about an invoice.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [title](#), [description](#), [start\\_parameter](#), [currency](#) and [total\\_amount](#) are equal.

#### Parameters

- [title](#) ([str](#)) – Product name.
- [description](#) ([str](#)) – Product description.
- [start\\_parameter](#) ([str](#)) – Unique bot deep-linking parameter that can be used to generate this invoice.
- [currency](#) ([str](#)) – Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code.
- [total\\_amount](#) ([int](#)) – Total price in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a price of US\$ 1.45 pass `amount = 145`. See the `exp` parameter in [currencies.json](#), it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies).
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### title

Product name.

Type [str](#)

**description**

Product description.

Type `str`

**start\_parameter**

Unique bot deep-linking parameter.

Type `str`

**currency**

Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code.

Type `str`

**total\_amount**

Total price in the smallest units of the currency.

Type `int`

**telegram.ShippingAddress**

**class** telegram.**ShippingAddress**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [`telegram.TelegramObject`](#)

This object represents a Telegram ShippingAddress.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [`country\_code`](#), [`state`](#), [`city`](#), [`street\_line1`](#), [`street\_line2`](#) and [`post\_code`](#) are equal.

**Parameters**

- [`country\_code`](#) (`str`) – ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code.
- [`state`](#) (`str`) – State, if applicable.
- [`city`](#) (`str`) – City.
- [`street\_line1`](#) (`str`) – First line for the address.
- [`street\_line2`](#) (`str`) – Second line for the address.
- [`post\_code`](#) (`str`) – Address post code.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**country\_code**

ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code.

Type `str`

**state**

State, if applicable.

Type `str`

**city**

City.

Type `str`

**street\_line1**

First line for the address.

Type `str`

**street\_line2**

Second line for the address.

Type `str`

**post\_code**

Address post code.

Type `str`

**telegram.OrderInfo**

**class** telegram.**OrderInfo**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents information about an order.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `name`, `phone_number`, `email` and `shipping_address` are equal.

**Parameters**

- `name` (`str`, optional) – User name.
- `phone_number` (`str`, optional) – User's phone number.
- `email` (`str`, optional) – User email.
- `shipping_address` (`telegram.ShippingAddress`, optional) – User shipping address.
- `**kwargs` (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**name**

Optional. User name.

Type `str`

**phone\_number**

Optional. User's phone number.

Type `str`

**email**

Optional. User email.

Type `str`

**shipping\_address**

Optional. User shipping address.

Type `telegram.ShippingAddress`

**classmethod** `de_json(data, bot)`

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

## telegram.ShippingOption

**class** telegram.ShippingOption(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents one shipping option.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *id* is equal.

### Parameters

- *id* (*str*) – Shipping option identifier.
- *title* (*str*) – Option title.
- *prices* (List[[telegram.LabeledPrice](#)]) – List of price portions.
- *\*\*kwargs* (*dict*) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**id**

Shipping option identifier.

Type *str*

**title**

Option title.

Type *str*

**prices**

List of price portions.

Type List[[telegram.LabeledPrice](#)]

**to\_dict()**

See [telegram.TelegramObject.to\\_dict\(\)](#).

## telegram.SuccessfulPayment

**class** telegram.SuccessfulPayment(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object contains basic information about a successful payment.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *telegram\_payment\_charge\_id* and *provider\_payment\_charge\_id* are equal.

### Parameters

- *currency* (*str*) – Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code.
- *total\_amount* (*int*) – Total price in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a price of US\$ 1.45 pass *amount* = 145. See the *exp* parameter in [currencies.json](#), it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies).
- *invoice\_payload* (*str*) – Bot specified invoice payload.
- *shipping\_option\_id* (*str*, optional) – Identifier of the shipping option chosen by the user.
- *order\_info* ([telegram.OrderInfo](#), optional) – Order info provided by the user.
- *telegram\_payment\_charge\_id* (*str*) – Telegram payment identifier.
- *provider\_payment\_charge\_id* (*str*) – Provider payment identifier.

- ***\*\*kwargs*** (*dict*) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**currency**

Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code.

Type *str*

**total\_amount**

Total price in the smallest units of the currency.

Type *int*

**invoice\_payload**

Bot specified invoice payload.

Type *str*

**shipping\_option\_id**

Optional. Identifier of the shipping option chosen by the user.

Type *str*

**order\_info**

Optional. Order info provided by the user.

Type *telegram.OrderInfo*

**telegram\_payment\_charge\_id**

Telegram payment identifier.

Type *str*

**provider\_payment\_charge\_id**

Provider payment identifier.

Type *str*

**classmethod *de\_json*(*data*, *bot*)**

See *telegram.TelegramObject.de\_json()*.

## **telegram.ShippingQuery**

**class** *telegram.ShippingQuery*(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: *telegram.TelegramObject*

This object contains information about an incoming shipping query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *id* is equal.

---

**Note:** In Python *from* is a reserved word use *from\_user* instead.

---

### **Parameters**

- *id* (*str*) – Unique query identifier.
- *from\_user* (*telegram.User*) – User who sent the query.
- *invoice\_payload* (*str*) – Bot specified invoice payload.
- *shipping\_address* (*telegram.ShippingAddress*) – User specified shipping address.
- *bot* (*telegram.Bot*, optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.

- **`**kwargs`** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**id**

Unique query identifier.

Type `str`

**from\_user**

User who sent the query.

Type `telegram.User`

**invoice\_payload**

Bot specified invoice payload.

Type `str`

**shipping\_address**

User specified shipping address.

Type `telegram.ShippingAddress`

**bot**

Optional. The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type `telegram.Bot`

**async answer**(*ok*, *shipping\_options=None*, *error\_message=None*, *read\_timeout=None*,  
*write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.answer_shipping_query(update.shipping_query.id, *args, **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see `telegram.Bot.answer_shipping_query()`.

**classmethod de\_json**(*data*, *bot*)

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

## telegram.PreCheckoutQuery

**class telegram.PreCheckoutQuery**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object contains information about an incoming pre-checkout query.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `id` is equal.

---

**Note:** In Python `from` is a reserved word use `from_user` instead.

---

### Parameters

- **id** (`str`) – Unique query identifier.
- **from\_user** (`telegram.User`) – User who sent the query.
- **currency** (`str`) – Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code.
- **total\_amount** (`int`) – Total price in the smallest units of the currency (integer, not float/double). For example, for a price of US\$ 1.45 pass `amount = 145`. See the `exp` parameter in `currencies.json`, it shows the number of digits past the decimal point for each currency (2 for the majority of currencies).

- **invoice\_payload** (*str*) – Bot specified invoice payload.
- **shipping\_option\_id** (*str*, optional) – Identifier of the shipping option chosen by the user.
- **order\_info** (*telegram.OrderInfo*, optional) – Order info provided by the user.
- **bot** (*telegram.Bot*, optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.
- **\*\*kwargs** (*dict*) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**id**

Unique query identifier.

Type *str*

**from\_user**

User who sent the query.

Type *telegram.User*

**currency**

Three-letter ISO 4217 currency code.

Type *str*

**total\_amount**

Total price in the smallest units of the currency.

Type *int*

**invoice\_payload**

Bot specified invoice payload.

Type *str*

**shipping\_option\_id**

Optional. Identifier of the shipping option chosen by the user.

Type *str*

**order\_info**

Optional. Order info provided by the user.

Type *telegram.OrderInfo*

**bot**

Optional. The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type *telegram.Bot*

**async answer**(*ok*, *error\_message=None*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*,  
*connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*, *api\_kwargs=None*)

Shortcut for:

```
await bot.answer_pre_checkout_query(update.pre_checkout_query.id, *args,  
↪ **kwargs)
```

For the documentation of the arguments, please see [telegram.Bot.answer\\_pre\\_checkout\\_query\(\)](#).

**classmethod de\_json**(*data*, *bot*)

See [telegram.TelegramObject.de\\_json\(\)](#).

## 10.1.81 Games

### telegram.Game

**class** telegram.Game(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a game. Use [BotFather](#) to create and edit games, their short names will act as unique identifiers.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [title](#), [description](#) and [photo](#) are equal.

#### Parameters

- [title](#) ([str](#)) – Title of the game.
- [description](#) ([str](#)) – Description of the game.
- [photo](#) (List[[telegram.PhotoSize](#)]) – Photo that will be displayed in the game message in chats.
- [text](#) ([str](#), optional) – Brief description of the game or high scores included in the game message. Can be automatically edited to include current high scores for the game when the bot calls [telegram.Bot.set\\_game\\_score\(\)](#), or manually edited using [telegram.Bot.edit\\_message\\_text\(\)](#). 0-4096 characters.
- [text\\_entities](#) (List[[telegram.MessageEntity](#)], optional) – Special entities that appear in text, such as usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc.
- [animation](#) ([telegram.Animation](#), optional) – Animation that will be displayed in the game message in chats. Upload via [BotFather](#).

#### title

Title of the game.

Type [str](#)

#### description

Description of the game.

Type [str](#)

#### photo

Photo that will be displayed in the game message in chats.

Type List[[telegram.PhotoSize](#)]

#### text

Optional. Brief description of the game or high scores included in the game message. Can be automatically edited to include current high scores for the game when the bot calls [telegram.Bot.set\\_game\\_score\(\)](#), or manually edited using [telegram.Bot.edit\\_message\\_text\(\)](#).

Type [str](#)

#### text\_entities

Optional. Special entities that appear in text, such as usernames, URLs, bot commands, etc.

Type List[[telegram.MessageEntity](#)]

#### animation

Optional. Animation that will be displayed in the game message in chats. Upload via [BotFather](#).

Type [telegram.Animation](#)

**classmethod** de\_json(data, bot)

See [telegram.TelegramObject.de\\_json\(\)](#).

**parse\_text\_entities**(*types=None*)

Returns a `dict` that maps `telegram.MessageEntity` to `str`. It contains entities from this message filtered by their `type` attribute as the key, and the text that each entity belongs to as the value of the `dict`.

---

**Note:** This method should always be used instead of the `text_entities` attribute, since it calculates the correct substring from the message text based on UTF-16 codepoints. See `parse_text_entity` for more info.

---

**Parameters** `types` (List[`str`], optional) – List of `telegram.MessageEntity` types as strings. If the `type` attribute of an entity is contained in this list, it will be returned. Defaults to `telegram.MessageEntity.ALL_TYPES`.

**Returns** A dictionary of entities mapped to the text that belongs to them, calculated based on UTF-16 codepoints.

**Return type** Dict[`telegram.MessageEntity`, `str`]

**parse\_text\_entity**(*entity*)

Returns the text from a given `telegram.MessageEntity`.

---

**Note:** This method is present because Telegram calculates the offset and length in UTF-16 codepoint pairs, which some versions of Python don't handle automatically. (That is, you can't just slice `Message.text` with the offset and length.)

---

**Parameters** `entity` (`telegram.MessageEntity`) – The entity to extract the text from. It must be an entity that belongs to this message.

**Returns** The text of the given entity.

**Return type** `str`

**Raises** `RuntimeError` – If this game has no text.

**to\_dict**()

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

**telegram.CallbackGame**

**class** `telegram.CallbackGame`(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

A placeholder, currently holds no information. Use BotFather to set up your game.

**telegram.GameHighScore**

**class** `telegram.GameHighScore`(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents one row of the high scores table for a game.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `position`, `user` and `score` are equal.

**Parameters**

- `position` (`int`) – Position in high score table for the game.

- **user** (*telegram.User*) – User.
- **score** (*int*) – Score.

**position**

Position in high score table for the game.

Type *int*

**user**

User.

Type *telegram.User*

**score**

Score.

Type *int*

classmethod **de\_json**(*data, bot*)

See *telegram.TelegramObject.de\_json()*.

## 10.1.82 Passport

### **telegram.PassportElementError**

**class** telegram.**PassportElementError**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: *telegram.TelegramObject*

Baseclass for the PassportElementError\* classes.

This object represents an error in the Telegram Passport element which was submitted that should be resolved by the user.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *source* and *type* are equal.

**Parameters**

- **source** (*str*) – Error source.
- **type** (*str*) – The section of the user’s Telegram Passport which has the error.
- **\*\*kwargs** (*dict*) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**source**

Error source.

Type *str*

**type**

The section of the user’s Telegram Passport which has the error.

Type *str*

**message**

Error message.

Type *str*

### telegram.PassportElementErrorFile

**class** telegram.PassportElementErrorFile(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.PassportElementError](#)

Represents an issue with a document scan. The error is considered resolved when the file with the document scan changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [source](#), [type](#), [file\\_hash](#), and [message](#) are equal.

#### Parameters

- **type** ([str](#)) – The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "utility\_bill", "bank\_statement", "rental\_agreement", "passport\_registration", "temporary\_registration".
- **file\_hash** ([str](#)) – Base64-encoded file hash.
- **message** ([str](#)) – Error message.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### type

The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "utility\_bill", "bank\_statement", "rental\_agreement", "passport\_registration", "temporary\_registration".

Type [str](#)

#### file\_hash

Base64-encoded file hash.

Type [str](#)

#### message

Error message.

Type [str](#)

### telegram.PassportElementErrorFiles

**class** telegram.PassportElementErrorFiles(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.PassportElementError](#)

Represents an issue with a list of scans. The error is considered resolved when the list of files with the document scans changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [source](#), [type](#), [file\\_hashes](#), and [message](#) are equal.

#### Parameters

- **type** ([str](#)) – The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "utility\_bill", "bank\_statement", "rental\_agreement", "passport\_registration", "temporary\_registration".
- **file\_hashes** ([List\[str\]](#)) – List of base64-encoded file hashes.
- **message** ([str](#)) – Error message.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "utility\_bill", "bank\_statement", "rental\_agreement", "passport\_registration", "temporary\_registration".

Type `str`

**file\_hashes**

List of base64-encoded file hashes.

Type `List[str]`

**message**

Error message.

Type `str`

**telegram.PassportElementErrorReverseSide**

**class** telegram.PassportElementErrorReverseSide(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [`telegram.PassportElementError`](#)

Represents an issue with the reverse side of a document. The error is considered resolved when the file with the reverse side of the document changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [`source`](#), [`type`](#), [`file\_hash`](#), and [`message`](#) are equal.

**Parameters**

- [`type`](#) (`str`) – The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "driver\_license", "identity\_card".
- [`file\_hash`](#) (`str`) – Base64-encoded hash of the file with the reverse side of the document.
- [`message`](#) (`str`) – Error message.
- [`\*\*kwargs`](#) (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "driver\_license", "identity\_card".

Type `str`

**file\_hash**

Base64-encoded hash of the file with the reverse side of the document.

Type `str`

**message**

Error message.

Type `str`

### telegram.PassportElementErrorFrontSide

**class** telegram.PassportElementErrorFrontSide(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.PassportElementError](#)

Represents an issue with the front side of a document. The error is considered resolved when the file with the front side of the document changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [source](#), [type](#), [file\\_hash](#), and [message](#) are equal.

#### Parameters

- **type** ([str](#)) – The section of the user’s Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver\_license", "identity\_card", "internal\_passport".
- **file\_hash** ([str](#)) – Base64-encoded hash of the file with the front side of the document.
- **message** ([str](#)) – Error message.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### type

The section of the user’s Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver\_license", "identity\_card", "internal\_passport".

Type [str](#)

#### file\_hash

Base64-encoded hash of the file with the front side of the document.

Type [str](#)

#### message

Error message.

Type [str](#)

### telegram.PassportElementErrorDataField

**class** telegram.PassportElementErrorDataField(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.PassportElementError](#)

Represents an issue in one of the data fields that was provided by the user. The error is considered resolved when the field’s value changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [source](#), [type](#), [field\\_name](#), [data\\_hash](#) and [message](#) are equal.

#### Parameters

- **type** ([str](#)) – The section of the user’s Telegram Passport which has the error, one of "personal\_details", "passport", "driver\_license", "identity\_card", "internal\_passport", "address".
- **field\_name** ([str](#)) – Name of the data field which has the error.
- **data\_hash** ([str](#)) – Base64-encoded data hash.
- **message** ([str](#)) – Error message.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

#### type

The section of the user’s Telegram Passport which has the error, one of "personal\_details", "passport", "driver\_license", "identity\_card", "internal\_passport", "address".

Type `str`

**field\_name**

Name of the data field which has the error.

Type `str`

**data\_hash**

Base64-encoded data hash.

Type `str`

**message**

Error message.

Type `str`

### **telegram.PassportElementErrorSelfie**

**class** telegram.PassportElementErrorSelfie(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [`telegram.PassportElementError`](#)

Represents an issue with the selfie with a document. The error is considered resolved when the file with the selfie changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [`source`](#), [`type`](#), [`file\_hash`](#), and [`message`](#) are equal.

#### **Parameters**

- [`type`](#) (`str`) – The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver\_license", "identity\_card", "internal\_passport".
- [`file\_hash`](#) (`str`) – Base64-encoded hash of the file with the selfie.
- [`message`](#) (`str`) – Error message.
- [`\*\*kwargs`](#) (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

The section of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver\_license", "identity\_card", "internal\_passport".

Type `str`

**file\_hash**

Base64-encoded hash of the file with the selfie.

Type `str`

**message**

Error message.

Type `str`

## telegram.PassportElementErrorTranslationFile

**class** telegram.PassportElementErrorTranslationFile(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.PassportElementError](#)

Represents an issue with one of the files that constitute the translation of a document. The error is considered resolved when the file changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [source](#), [type](#), [file\\_hash](#), and [message](#) are equal.

### Parameters

- **type** ([str](#)) – Type of element of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver\_license", "identity\_card", "internal\_passport", "utility\_bill", "bank\_statement", "rental\_agreement", "passport\_registration", "temporary\_registration".
- **file\_hash** ([str](#)) – Base64-encoded hash of the file.
- **message** ([str](#)) – Error message.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

### type

Type of element of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver\_license", "identity\_card", "internal\_passport", "utility\_bill", "bank\_statement", "rental\_agreement", "passport\_registration", "temporary\_registration".

Type [str](#)

### file\_hash

Base64-encoded hash of the file.

Type [str](#)

### message

Error message.

Type [str](#)

## telegram.PassportElementErrorTranslationFiles

**class** telegram.PassportElementErrorTranslationFiles(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.PassportElementError](#)

Represents an issue with the translated version of a document. The error is considered resolved when a file with the document translation changes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [source](#), [type](#), [file\\_hashes](#), and [message](#) are equal.

### Parameters

- **type** ([str](#)) – Type of element of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver\_license", "identity\_card", "internal\_passport", "utility\_bill", "bank\_statement", "rental\_agreement", "passport\_registration", "temporary\_registration".
- **file\_hashes** ([List\[str\]](#)) – List of base64-encoded file hashes.
- **message** ([str](#)) – Error message.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

Type of element of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue, one of "passport", "driver\_license", "identity\_card", "internal\_passport", "utility\_bill", "bank\_statement", "rental\_agreement", "passport\_registration", "temporary\_registration".

Type `str`

**file\_hashes**

List of base64-encoded file hashes.

Type `List[str]`

**message**

Error message.

Type `str`

**telegram.PassportElementErrorUnspecified**

**class** telegram.PassportElementErrorUnspecified(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.PassportElementError`

Represents an issue in an unspecified place. The error is considered resolved when new data is added.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `source`, `type`, `element_hash`, and `message` are equal.

**Parameters**

- **type** (`str`) – Type of element of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue.
- **element\_hash** (`str`) – Base64-encoded element hash.
- **message** (`str`) – Error message.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**type**

Type of element of the user's Telegram Passport which has the issue.

Type `str`

**element\_hash**

Base64-encoded element hash.

Type `str`

**message**

Error message.

Type `str`

**telegram.Credentials**

**class** telegram.Credentials(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

**secure\_data**

Credentials for encrypted data

Type `telegram.SecureData`

**nonce**

Bot-specified nonce

Type `str`

classmethod `de_json(data, bot)`

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

**telegram.DataCredentials**

class `telegram.DataCredentials(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

These credentials can be used to decrypt encrypted data from the data field in `EncryptedPassportData`.

**Parameters**

- **`data_hash`** (`str`) – Checksum of encrypted data
- **`secret`** (`str`) – Secret of encrypted data

**hash**

Checksum of encrypted data

Type `str`

**secret**

Secret of encrypted data

Type `str`

**to\_dict()**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

**telegram.SecureData**

class `telegram.SecureData(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents the credentials that were used to decrypt the encrypted data. All fields are optional and depend on fields that were requested.

**personal\_details**

Credentials for encrypted personal details.

Type `telegram.SecureValue`, optional

**passport**

Credentials for encrypted passport.

Type `telegram.SecureValue`, optional

**internal\_passport**

Credentials for encrypted internal passport.

Type `telegram.SecureValue`, optional

**driver\_license**

Credentials for encrypted driver license.

Type `telegram.SecureValue`, optional

**identity\_card**

Credentials for encrypted ID card

Type `telegram.SecureValue`, optional

**address**

Credentials for encrypted residential address.

Type `telegram.SecureValue`, optional

**utility\_bill**

Credentials for encrypted utility bill.

Type `telegram.SecureValue`, optional

**bank\_statement**

Credentials for encrypted bank statement.

Type `telegram.SecureValue`, optional

**rental\_agreement**

Credentials for encrypted rental agreement.

Type `telegram.SecureValue`, optional

**passport\_registration**

Credentials for encrypted registration from internal passport.

Type `telegram.SecureValue`, optional

**temporary\_registration**

Credentials for encrypted temporary registration.

Type `telegram.SecureValue`, optional

**classmethod de\_json(data, bot)**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

**telegram.SecureValue**

**class** `telegram.SecureValue(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents the credentials that were used to decrypt the encrypted value. All fields are optional and depend on the type of field.

**data**

Credentials for encrypted Telegram Passport data. Available for “personal\_details”, “passport”, “driver\_license”, “identity\_card”, “identity\_passport” and “address” types.

Type `telegram.DataCredentials`, optional

**front\_side**

Credentials for encrypted document’s front side. Available for “passport”, “driver\_license”, “identity\_card” and “internal\_passport”.

Type `telegram.FileCredentials`, optional

**reverse\_side**

Credentials for encrypted document’s reverse side. Available for “driver\_license” and “identity\_card”.

Type `telegram.FileCredentials`, optional

**selfie**

Credentials for encrypted selfie of the user with a document. Can be available for “passport”, “driver\_license”, “identity\_card” and “internal\_passport”.

Type `telegram.FileCredentials`, optional

**translation**

Credentials for an encrypted translation of the document. Available for “passport”, “driver\_license”, “identity\_card”, “internal\_passport”, “utility\_bill”, “bank\_statement”, “rental\_agreement”, “passport\_registration” and “temporary\_registration”.

Type List[`telegram.FileCredentials`], optional

**files**

Credentials for encrypted files. Available for “utility\_bill”, “bank\_statement”, “rental\_agreement”, “passport\_registration” and “temporary\_registration” types.

Type List[`telegram.FileCredentials`], optional

**classmethod de\_json(data, bot)**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

**to\_dict()**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

**telegram.FileCredentials****class telegram.FileCredentials(\*args, \*\*kwargs)**

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

These credentials can be used to decrypt encrypted files from the `front_side`, `reverse_side`, `selfie` and `files` fields in `EncryptedPassportData`.

**Parameters**

- **file\_hash** (`str`) – Checksum of encrypted file
- **secret** (`str`) – Secret of encrypted file

**hash**

Checksum of encrypted file

Type `str`

**secret**

Secret of encrypted file

Type `str`

**to\_dict()**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

**telegram.IdDocumentData****class telegram.IdDocumentData(\*args, \*\*kwargs)**

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents the data of an identity document.

**document\_no**

Document number.

Type `str`

**expiry\_date**

Optional. Date of expiry, in DD.MM.YYYY format.

Type `str`

**telegram.PersonalDetails**

**class** telegram.**PersonalDetails**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [`telegram.TelegramObject`](#)

This object represents personal details.

**first\_name**

First Name.

Type `str`

**middle\_name**

Optional. First Name.

Type `str`

**last\_name**

Last Name.

Type `str`

**birth\_date**

Date of birth in DD.MM.YYYY format.

Type `str`

**gender**

Gender, male or female.

Type `str`

**country\_code**

Citizenship (ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code).

Type `str`

**residence\_country\_code**

Country of residence (ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code).

Type `str`

**first\_name\_native**

First Name in the language of the user's country of residence.

Type `str`

**middle\_name\_native**

Optional. Middle Name in the language of the user's country of residence.

Type `str`

**last\_name\_native**

Last Name in the language of the user's country of residence.

Type `str`

### telegram.ResidentialAddress

**class** telegram.ResidentialAddress(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

This object represents a residential address.

**street\_line1**

First line for the address.

Type `str`

**street\_line2**

Optional. Second line for the address.

Type `str`

**city**

City.

Type `str`

**state**

Optional. State.

Type `str`

**country\_code**

ISO 3166-1 alpha-2 country code.

Type `str`

**post\_code**

Address post code.

Type `str`

### telegram.PassportData

**class** telegram.PassportData(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

Contains information about Telegram Passport data shared with the bot by the user.

---

**Note:** To be able to decrypt this object, you must pass your `private_key` to either [telegram.ext.Updater](#) or [telegram.Bot](#). Decrypted data is then found in [decrypted\\_data](#) and the payload can be found in [decrypted\\_credentials](#)'s attribute [telegram.Credentials.nonce](#).

---

#### Parameters

- **data** (List[[telegram.EncryptedPassportElement](#)]) – Array with encrypted information about documents and other Telegram Passport elements that was shared with the bot.
- **credentials** ([telegram.EncryptedCredentials](#)) – Encrypted credentials.
- **bot** ([telegram.Bot](#), optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.
- **\*\*kwargs** (dict) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**data**

Array with encrypted information about documents and other Telegram Passport elements that was shared with the bot.

Type `List[telegram.EncryptedPassportElement]`

**credentials**

Encrypted credentials.

Type `telegram.EncryptedCredentials`

**bot**

The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type `telegram.Bot`, optional

**classmethod `de_json(data, bot)`**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de\_json\(\)`.

**property `decrypted_credentials`**

**Lazily decrypt and return credentials that were used** to decrypt the data. This object also contains the user specified payload as `decrypted_data.payload`.

**Raises** `telegram.error.PassportDecryptionError` – Decryption failed. Usually due to bad private/public key but can also suggest malformed/tampered data.

Type `telegram.Credentials`

**property `decrypted_data`**

**Lazily decrypt and return information** about documents and other Telegram Passport elements which were shared with the bot.

**Raises** `telegram.error.PassportDecryptionError` – Decryption failed. Usually due to bad private/public key but can also suggest malformed/tampered data.

Type `List[telegram.EncryptedPassportElement]`

**to\_dict()**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to\_dict\(\)`.

**telegram.PassportFile**

**class** `telegram.PassportFile(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

This object represents a file uploaded to Telegram Passport. Currently all Telegram Passport files are in JPEG format when decrypted and don't exceed 10MB.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `file_unique_id` is equal.

**Parameters**

- `file_id` (`str`) – Identifier for this file, which can be used to download or reuse the file.
- `file_unique_id` (`str`) – Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.
- `file_size` (`int`) – File size in bytes.
- `file_date` (`int`) – Unix time when the file was uploaded.
- `bot` (`telegram.Bot`, optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.

- ***\*\*kwargs*** (*dict*) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**file\_id**

Identifier for this file.

Type *str*

**file\_unique\_id**

Unique identifier for this file, which is supposed to be the same over time and for different bots. Can't be used to download or reuse the file.

Type *str*

**file\_size**

File size in bytes.

Type *int*

**file\_date**

Unix time when the file was uploaded.

Type *int*

**bot**

Optional. The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type *telegram.Bot*

**classmethod de\_json\_decrypted**(*data, bot, credentials*)

Variant of *telegram.TelegramObject.de\_json()* that also takes into account passport credentials.

Parameters

- ***data*** (*Dict[str, ...]*) – The JSON data.
- ***bot*** (*telegram.Bot*) – The bot associated with this object.
- ***credentials*** (*telegram.FileCredentials*) – The credentials

Return type *telegram.PassportFile*

**classmethod de\_list\_decrypted**(*data, bot, credentials*)

Variant of *telegram.TelegramObject.de\_list()* that also takes into account passport credentials.

Parameters

- ***data*** (*Dict[str, ...]*) – The JSON data.
- ***bot*** (*telegram.Bot*) – The bot associated with these objects.
- ***credentials*** (*telegram.FileCredentials*) – The credentials

Return type *List[telegram.PassportFile]*

**async get\_file**(*read\_timeout=None, write\_timeout=None, connect\_timeout=None, pool\_timeout=None, api\_kwargs=None*)

Wrapper over *telegram.Bot.get\_file*. Will automatically assign the correct credentials to the returned *telegram.File* if originating from *telegram.PassportData.decrypted\_data*.

For the documentation of the arguments, please see *telegram.Bot.get\_file()*.

Returns *telegram.File*

Raises *telegram.error.TelegramError* –

## telegram.EncryptedPassportElement

**class** telegram.**EncryptedPassportElement**(\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Bases: [telegram.TelegramObject](#)

Contains information about documents or other Telegram Passport elements shared with the bot by the user. The data has been automatically decrypted by python-telegram-bot.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their [type](#), [data](#), [phone\\_number](#), [email](#), [files](#), [front\\_side](#), [reverse\\_side](#) and [selfie](#) are equal.

---

**Note:** This object is decrypted only when originating from [telegram.PassportData.decrypted\\_data](#).

---

### Parameters

- **type** ([str](#)) – Element type. One of “personal\_details”, “passport”, “driver\_license”, “identity\_card”, “internal\_passport”, “address”, “utility\_bill”, “bank\_statement”, “rental\_agreement”, “passport\_registration”, “temporary\_registration”, “phone\_number”, “email”.
- **hash** ([str](#)) – Base64-encoded element hash for using in [telegram.PassportElementErrorUnspecified](#).
- **data** ([telegram.PersonalDetails](#) | [telegram.IdDocumentData](#) | [telegram.ResidentialAddress](#) | [str](#), optional) – Decrypted or encrypted data, available for “personal\_details”, “passport”, “driver\_license”, “identity\_card”, “identity\_passport” and “address” types.
- **phone\_number** ([str](#), optional) – User’s verified phone number, available only for “phone\_number” type.
- **email** ([str](#), optional) – User’s verified email address, available only for “email” type.
- **files** (List[[telegram.PassportFile](#)], optional) – Array of encrypted/decrypted files with documents provided by the user, available for “utility\_bill”, “bank\_statement”, “rental\_agreement”, “passport\_registration” and “temporary\_registration” types.
- **front\_side** ([telegram.PassportFile](#), optional) – Encrypted/decrypted file with the front side of the document, provided by the user. Available for “passport”, “driver\_license”, “identity\_card” and “internal\_passport”.
- **reverse\_side** ([telegram.PassportFile](#), optional) – Encrypted/decrypted file with the reverse side of the document, provided by the user. Available for “driver\_license” and “identity\_card”.
- **selfie** ([telegram.PassportFile](#), optional) – Encrypted/decrypted file with the selfie of the user holding a document, provided by the user; available for “passport”, “driver\_license”, “identity\_card” and “internal\_passport”.
- **translation** (List[[telegram.PassportFile](#)], optional) – Array of encrypted/decrypted files with translated versions of documents provided by the user. Available if requested for “passport”, “driver\_license”, “identity\_card”, “internal\_passport”, “utility\_bill”, “bank\_statement”, “rental\_agreement”, “passport\_registration” and “temporary\_registration” types.
- **bot** ([telegram.Bot](#), optional) – The Bot to use for instance methods.
- **\*\*kwargs** ([dict](#)) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

### type

Element type. One of “personal\_details”, “passport”, “driver\_license”, “identity\_card”, “internal\_passport”, “address”, “utility\_bill”, “bank\_statement”, “rental\_agreement”, “passport\_registration”, “temporary\_registration”, “phone\_number”, “email”.

Type `str`

#### hash

Base64-encoded element hash for using in `telegram.PassportElementErrorUnspecified`.

Type `str`

#### data

Optional. Decrypted or encrypted data, available for “personal\_details”, “passport”, “driver\_license”, “identity\_card”, “identity\_passport” and “address” types.

Type `telegram.PersonalDetails` | `telegram.IdDocumentData` | `telegram.ResidentialAddress` | `str`

#### phone\_number

Optional. User’s verified phone number, available only for “phone\_number” type.

Type `str`

#### email

Optional. User’s verified email address, available only for “email” type.

Type `str`

#### files

Optional. Array of encrypted/decrypted files with documents provided by the user, available for “utility\_bill”, “bank\_statement”, “rental\_agreement”, “passport\_registration” and “temporary\_registration” types.

Type `List[telegram.PassportFile]`

#### front\_side

Optional. Encrypted/decrypted file with the front side of the document, provided by the user. Available for “passport”, “driver\_license”, “identity\_card” and “internal\_passport”.

Type `telegram.PassportFile`

#### reverse\_side

Optional. Encrypted/decrypted file with the reverse side of the document, provided by the user. Available for “driver\_license” and “identity\_card”.

Type `telegram.PassportFile`

#### selfie

Optional. Encrypted/decrypted file with the selfie of the user holding a document, provided by the user; available for “passport”, “driver\_license”, “identity\_card” and “internal\_passport”.

Type `telegram.PassportFile`

#### translation

Optional. Array of encrypted/decrypted files with translated versions of documents provided by the user. Available if requested for “passport”, “driver\_license”, “identity\_card”, “internal\_passport”, “utility\_bill”, “bank\_statement”, “rental\_agreement”, “passport\_registration” and “temporary\_registration” types.

Type `List[telegram.PassportFile]`

#### bot

Optional. The Bot to use for instance methods.

Type `telegram.Bot`

#### classmethod `de_json(data, bot)`

See `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()`.

**classmethod** `de_json_decrypted(data, bot, credentials)`

Variant of `telegram.TelegramObject.de_json()` that also takes into account passport credentials.

**Parameters**

- **data** (`Dict[str, ...]`) – The JSON data.
- **bot** (`telegram.Bot`) – The bot associated with this object.
- **credentials** (`telegram.FileCredentials`) – The credentials

**Return type** `telegram.EncryptedPassportElement`

**to\_dict()**

See `telegram.TelegramObject.to_dict()`.

## telegram.EncryptedCredentials

**class** `telegram.EncryptedCredentials(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `telegram.TelegramObject`

Contains data required for decrypting and authenticating `EncryptedPassportElement`. See the Telegram Passport Documentation for a complete description of the data decryption and authentication processes.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their `data`, `hash` and `secret` are equal.

---

**Note:** This object is decrypted only when originating from `telegram.PassportData.decrypted_credentials`.

---

**Parameters**

- **data** (`telegram.Credentials` or `str`) – Decrypted data with unique user's nonce, data hashes and secrets used for `EncryptedPassportElement` decryption and authentication or base64 encrypted data.
- **hash** (`str`) – Base64-encoded data hash for data authentication.
- **secret** (`str`) – Decrypted or encrypted secret used for decryption.
- **\*\*kwargs** (`dict`) – Arbitrary keyword arguments.

**data**

Decrypted data with unique user's nonce, data hashes and secrets used for `EncryptedPassportElement` decryption and authentication or base64 encrypted data.

**Type** `telegram.Credentials` or `str`

**hash**

Base64-encoded data hash for data authentication.

**Type** `str`

**secret**

Decrypted or encrypted secret used for decryption.

**Type** `str`

**property** `decrypted_data`

Lazily decrypt and return credentials data. This object also contains the user specified nonce as `decrypted_data.nonce`.

Raises [`telegram.error.PassportDecryptionError`](#) – Decryption failed. Usually due to bad private/public key but can also suggest malformed/tampered data.

Type [`telegram.Credentials`](#)

#### **property** `decrypted_secret`

Lazily decrypt and return secret.

Raises [`telegram.error.PassportDecryptionError`](#) – Decryption failed. Usually due to bad private/public key but can also suggest malformed/tampered data.

Type `str`

## 10.2 telegram.ext package

### 10.2.1 telegram.ext.ExtBot

**class** `telegram.ext.ExtBot(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: [`telegram.Bot`](#)

This object represents a Telegram Bot with convenience extensions.

**Warning:** Not to be confused with [`telegram.Bot`](#).

For the documentation of the arguments, methods and attributes, please see [`telegram.Bot`](#).

New in version 13.6.

#### **Parameters**

- **`defaults`** ([`telegram.ext.Defaults`](#), optional) – An object containing default values to be used if not set explicitly in the bot methods.
- **`arbitrary_callback_data`** (`bool` | `int`, optional) – Whether to allow arbitrary objects as callback data for [`telegram.InlineKeyboardButton`](#). Pass an integer to specify the maximum number of objects cached in memory. For more details, please see our [wiki](#). Defaults to `False`.

#### **`arbitrary_callback_data`**

Whether this bot instance allows to use arbitrary objects as callback data for [`telegram.InlineKeyboardButton`](#).

Type `bool` | `int`

#### **`callback_data_cache`**

The cache for objects passed as callback data for [`telegram.InlineKeyboardButton`](#).

Type [`telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache`](#)

#### **`insert_callback_data(self, update)`**

If this bot allows for arbitrary callback data, this inserts the cached data into all corresponding buttons within this update.

---

**Note:** Checks [`telegram.Message.via\_bot`](#) and [`telegram.Message.from\_user`](#) to figure out if a) a reply markup exists and b) it was actually sent by this bot. If not, the message will be returned unchanged.

Note that this will fail for channel posts, as `telegram.Message.from_user` is `None` for those! In the corresponding reply markups, the callback data will be replaced by `telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData`.

---

**Warning:** *In place*, i.e. the passed `telegram.Message` will be changed!

**Parameters** `update` (`telegram.Update`) – The update.

## 10.2.2 telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder

### `class telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder`

This class serves as initializer for `telegram.ext.Application` via the so called *builder pattern*. To build a `telegram.ext.Application`, one first initializes an instance of this class. Arguments for the `telegram.ext.Application` to build are then added by subsequently calling the methods of the builder. Finally, the `telegram.ext.Application` is built by calling `build()`. In the simplest case this can look like the following example.

---

#### Example

```
application = ApplicationBuilder().token("TOKEN").build()
```

---

Please see the description of the individual methods for information on which arguments can be set and what the defaults are when not called. When no default is mentioned, the argument will not be used by default.

---

#### Note:

- Some arguments are mutually exclusive. E.g. after calling `token()`, you can't set a custom bot with `bot()` and vice versa.
  - Unless a custom `telegram.Bot` instance is set via `bot()`, `build()` will use `telegram.ext.ExtBot` for the bot.
- 

### `application_class(application_class, kwargs=None)`

Sets a custom subclass instead of `telegram.ext.Application`. The subclass's `__init__` should look like this

```
def __init__(self, custom_arg_1, custom_arg_2, ..., **kwargs):
    super().__init__(**kwargs)
    self.custom_arg_1 = custom_arg_1
    self.custom_arg_2 = custom_arg_2
```

#### Parameters

- `application_class` (type) – A subclass of `telegram.ext.Application`
- `kwargs` (Dict[str, object], optional) – Keyword arguments for the initialization. Defaults to an empty dict.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**arbitrary\_callback\_data**(*arbitrary\_callback\_data*)

Specifies whether `telegram.ext.Application.bot` should allow arbitrary objects as callback data for `telegram.InlineKeyboardButton` and how many keyboards should be cached in memory. If not called, only strings can be used as callback data and no data will be stored in memory.

**See also:**

`Arbitrary callback_data`, `arbitrarycallbackdatabot.py`

**Parameters** `arbitrary_callback_data` (`bool` | `int`) – If `True` is passed, the default cache size of 1024 will be used. Pass an integer to specify a different cache size.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**base\_file\_url**(*base\_file\_url*)

Sets the base file URL for `telegram.ext.Application.bot`. If not called, will default to `'https://api.telegram.org/file/bot'`.

**See also:**

`telegram.Bot.base_file_url`, `Local Bot API Server`, `base_url()`

**Parameters** `base_file_url` (`str`) – The URL.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**base\_url**(*base\_url*)

Sets the base URL for `telegram.ext.Application.bot`. If not called, will default to `'https://api.telegram.org/bot'`.

**See also:**

`telegram.Bot.base_url`, `Local Bot API Server`, `base_file_url()`

**Parameters** `base_url` (`str`) – The URL.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**bot**(*bot*)

Sets a `telegram.Bot` instance for `telegram.ext.Application.bot`. Instances of subclasses like `telegram.ext.ExtBot` are also valid.

**Parameters** `bot` (`telegram.Bot`) – The bot.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**build**()

Builds a `telegram.ext.Application` with the provided arguments.

Calls `telegram.ext.JobQueue.set_application()` and `telegram.ext.BasePersistence.set_bot()` if appropriate.

**Returns** `telegram.ext.Application`

**concurrent\_updates**(*concurrent\_updates*)

Specifies if and how many updates may be processed concurrently instead of one by one.

**Warning:** Processing updates concurrently is not recommended when stateful handlers like `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler` are used. Only use this if you are sure that your bot does not (explicitly or implicitly) rely on updates being processed sequentially.

See also:

`telegram.ext.Application.concurrent_updates`

**Parameters** `concurrent_updates` (`bool` | `int`) – Passing `True` will allow for 4096 updates to be processed concurrently. Pass an integer to specify a different number of updates that may be processed concurrently.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**connect\_timeout**(*connect\_timeout*)

Sets the connection attempt timeout for the `connect_timeout` parameter of `telegram.Bot.request`. Defaults to 5.0.

**Parameters** `connect_timeout` (`float`) – See `telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.connect_timeout` for more information.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**connection\_pool\_size**(*connection\_pool\_size*)

Sets the size of the connection pool for the `connection_pool_size` parameter of `telegram.Bot.request`. Defaults to 128.

**Parameters** `connection_pool_size` (`int`) – The size of the connection pool.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**context\_types**(*context\_types*)

Sets a `telegram.ext.ContextTypes` instance for `telegram.ext.Application.context_types`.

See also:

`contexttypesbot.py`

**Parameters** `context_types` (`telegram.ext.ContextTypes`) – The context types.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**defaults**(*defaults*)

Sets the `telegram.ext.Defaults` instance for `telegram.ext.Application.bot`.

See also:

`Adding Defaults`

**Parameters** `defaults` (`telegram.ext.Defaults`) – The defaults instance.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**get\_updates\_connect\_timeout**(`get_updates_connect_timeout`)

Sets the connection attempt timeout for the `telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.connect_timeout` parameter which is used for the `telegram.Bot.get_updates()` request. Defaults to 5.0.

**Parameters** `get_updates_connect_timeout` (float) – See `telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.connect_timeout` for more information.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**get\_updates\_connection\_pool\_size**(`get_updates_connection_pool_size`)

Sets the size of the connection pool for the `telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.connection_pool_size` parameter which is used for the `telegram.Bot.get_updates()` request. Defaults to 1.

**Parameters** `get_updates_connection_pool_size` (int) – The size of the connection pool.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**get\_updates\_pool\_timeout**(`get_updates_pool_timeout`)

Sets the connection pool's connection freeing timeout for the `pool_timeout` parameter which is used for the `telegram.Bot.get_updates()` request. Defaults to `None`.

**Parameters** `get_updates_pool_timeout` (float) – See `telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.pool_timeout` for more information.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**get\_updates\_proxy\_url**(`get_updates_proxy_url`)

Sets the proxy for the `telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.proxy_url` parameter which is used for `telegram.Bot.get_updates()`. Defaults to `None`.

**Parameters** `get_updates_proxy_url` (str) – The URL to the proxy server. See `telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.proxy_url` for more information.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**get\_updates\_read\_timeout**(`get_updates_read_timeout`)

Sets the waiting timeout for the `telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.read_timeout` parameter which is used for the `telegram.Bot.get_updates()` request. Defaults to 5.0.

**Parameters** `get_updates_read_timeout` (float) – See `telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.read_timeout` for more information.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**get\_updates\_request**(`get_updates_request`)

Sets a `telegram.request.BaseRequest` instance for the `get_updates_request` parameter of `telegram.ext.Application.bot`.

**See also:**

`request()`

**Parameters** `get_updates_request` (`telegram.request.BaseRequest`) – The request instance.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**get\_updates\_write\_timeout**(`get_updates_write_timeout`)

Sets the write operation timeout for the `telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.write_timeout` parameter which is used for the `telegram.Bot.get_updates()` request. Defaults to 5.0.

**Parameters** `get_updates_write_timeout` (float) – See `telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.write_timeout` for more information.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**job\_queue**(`job_queue`)

Sets a `telegram.ext.JobQueue` instance for `telegram.ext.Application.job_queue`. If not called, a job queue will be instantiated.

**See also:**

`JobQueue`, `timerbot.py`

---

**Note:**

- `telegram.ext.JobQueue.set_application()` will be called automatically by `build()`.
  - The job queue will be automatically started and stopped by `telegram.ext.Application.start()` and `telegram.ext.Application.stop()`, respectively.
  - When passing `None`, `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.conversation_timeout` can not be used, as this uses `telegram.ext.Application.job_queue` internally.
- 

**Parameters** `job_queue` (`telegram.ext.JobQueue`) – The job queue. Pass `None` if you don't want to use a job queue.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**persistence**(`persistence`)

Sets a `telegram.ext.BasePersistence` instance for `telegram.ext.Application.persistence`.

---

**Note:** When using a persistence, note that all data stored in `context.user_data`, `context.chat_data`, `context.bot_data` and in `telegram.ext.ExtBot.callback_data_cache` must be copyable with `copy.deepcopy()`. This is due to the data being deep copied before handing it over to the persistence in order to avoid race conditions.

---

**See also:**

`Making your bot persistent`, `persistentconversationbot.py`

**Warning:** If a `telegram.ext.ContextTypes` instance is set via `context_types()`, the persistence instance must use the same types!

**Parameters** `persistence` (`telegram.ext.BasePersistence`) – The persistence instance.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** [\*ApplicationBuilder\*](#)

**pool\_timeout**(*pool\_timeout*)

Sets the connection pool's connection freeing timeout for the *pool\_timeout* parameter of [\*telegram.Bot.request\*](#). Defaults to *None*.

**Parameters** *pool\_timeout* (float) – See [\*telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.pool\\_timeout\*](#) for more information.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** [\*ApplicationBuilder\*](#)

**private\_key**(*private\_key*, *password=None*)

Sets the private key and corresponding password for decryption of telegram passport data for [\*telegram.ext.Application.bot\*](#).

**See also:**

[passportbot.py](#), [Telegram Passports](#)

**Parameters**

- **private\_key** (bytes | str | [\*pathlib.Path\*](#)) – The private key or the file path of a file that contains the key. In the latter case, the file's content will be read automatically.
- **password** (bytes | str | [\*pathlib.Path\*](#), optional) – The corresponding password or the file path of a file that contains the password. In the latter case, the file's content will be read automatically.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** [\*ApplicationBuilder\*](#)

**proxy\_url**(*proxy\_url*)

Sets the proxy for the *proxy\_url* parameter of [\*telegram.Bot.request\*](#). Defaults to *None*.

**Parameters** *proxy\_url* (str) – The URL to the proxy server. See [\*telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.proxy\\_url\*](#) for more information.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** [\*ApplicationBuilder\*](#)

**read\_timeout**(*read\_timeout*)

Sets the waiting timeout for the *read\_timeout* parameter of [\*telegram.Bot.request\*](#). Defaults to 5.0.

**Parameters** *read\_timeout* (float) – See [\*telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.read\\_timeout\*](#) for more information.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** [\*ApplicationBuilder\*](#)

**request**(*request*)

Sets a [\*telegram.request.BaseRequest\*](#) instance for the [\*telegram.Bot.request\*](#) parameter of [\*telegram.ext.Application.bot\*](#).

**See also:**

[\*get\\_updates\\_request\(\)\*](#)

**Parameters** *request* ([\*telegram.request.BaseRequest\*](#)) – The request instance.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** [\*ApplicationBuilder\*](#)

**token**(*token*)

Sets the token for `telegram.ext.Application.bot`.

**Parameters** *token* (`str`) – The token.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**update\_queue**(*update\_queue*)

Sets a `asyncio.Queue` instance for `telegram.ext.Application.update_queue`, i.e. the queue that the application will fetch updates from. Will also be used for the `telegram.ext.Application.updater`. If not called, a queue will be instantiated.

**See also:**

`telegram.ext.Updater.update_queue`

**Parameters** *update\_queue* (`asyncio.Queue`) – The queue.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**updater**(*updater*)

Sets a `telegram.ext.Updater` instance for `telegram.ext.Application.updater`. The `telegram.ext.Updater.bot` and `telegram.ext.Updater.update_queue` will be used for `telegram.ext.Application.bot` and `telegram.ext.Application.update_queue`, respectively.

**Parameters** *updater* (`telegram.ext.Updater` | `None`) – The updater instance or `None` if no updater should be used.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

**write\_timeout**(*write\_timeout*)

Sets the write operation timeout for the `write_timeout` parameter of `telegram.Bot.request`. Defaults to 5.0.

**Parameters** *write\_timeout* (`float`) – See `telegram.request.HTTPXRequest.write_timeout` for more information.

**Returns** The same builder with the updated argument.

**Return type** `ApplicationBuilder`

### 10.2.3 telegram.ext.Application

```
class telegram.ext.Application(*, bot, update_queue, updater, job_queue, concurrent_updates,
                               persistence, context_types)
```

Bases: `typing.Generic`, `contextlib.AbstractAsyncContextManager`

This class dispatches all kinds of updates to its registered handlers, and is the entry point to a PTB application.

---

**Tip:** This class may not be initialized directly. Use `telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder` or `builder()` (for convenience).

---

Instances of this class can be used as asyncio context managers, where

```
async with application:
    # code
```

is roughly equivalent to

```
try:
    await application.initialize()
    # code
finally:
    await application.shutdown()
```

Changed in version 20.0:

- Initialization is now done through the `telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder`.
- Removed the attribute groups.

#### **bot**

The bot object that should be passed to the handlers.

Type `telegram.Bot`

#### **update\_queue**

The synchronized queue that will contain the updates.

Type `asyncio.Queue`

#### **updater**

Optional. The updater used by this application.

Type `telegram.ext.Updater`

#### **job\_queue**

Optional. The `telegram.ext.JobQueue` instance to pass onto handler callbacks.

Type `telegram.ext.JobQueue`

#### **chat\_data**

A dictionary handlers can use to store data for the chat.

Changed in version 20.0: `chat_data` is now read-only

---

**Tip:** Manually modifying `chat_data` is almost never needed and inadvisable.

---

Type `types.MappingProxyType`

#### **user\_data**

A dictionary handlers can use to store data for the user.

Changed in version 20.0: `user_data` is now read-only

---

**Tip:** Manually modifying `user_data` is almost never needed and inadvisable.

---

Type `types.MappingProxyType`

#### **bot\_data**

A dictionary handlers can use to store data for the bot.

Type `dict`

#### **persistence**

The persistence class to store data that should be persistent over restarts.

Type `telegram.ext.BasePersistence`

## handlers

A dictionary mapping each handler group to the list of handlers registered to that group.

See also:

[`add\_handler\(\)`](#), [`add\_handlers\(\)`](#).

Type Dict[int, List[[`telegram.ext.Handler`](#)]]

## error\_handlers

A dictionary where the keys are error handlers and the values indicate whether they are to be run blocking.

See also:

[`add\_error\_handler\(\)`](#)

Type Dict[coroutine function, bool]

## context\_types

Specifies the types used by this dispatcher for the `context` argument of handler and job callbacks.

Type [`telegram.ext.ContextTypes`](#)

## add\_error\_handler(callback, block=True)

Registers an error handler in the Application. This handler will receive every error which happens in your bot. See the docs of [`process\_error\(\)`](#) for more details on how errors are handled.

---

**Note:** Attempts to add the same callback multiple times will be ignored.

---

### Parameters

- **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this error handler. Will be called when an error is raised. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Optional[object], context: CallbackContext)
```

The error that happened will be present in [`telegram.ext.CallbackContext.error`](#).

- **block** (bool, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next error handler in [`process\_error\(\)`](#). Defaults to `True`.

## add\_handler(handler, group=0)

Register a handler.

TL;DR: Order and priority counts. 0 or 1 handlers per group will be used. End handling of update with [`telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop`](#).

A handler must be an instance of a subclass of [`telegram.ext.Handler`](#). All handlers are organized in groups with a numeric value. The default group is 0. All groups will be evaluated for handling an update, but only 0 or 1 handler per group will be used. If [`telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop`](#) is raised from one of the handlers, no further handlers (regardless of the group) will be called.

The priority/order of handlers is determined as follows:

- Priority of the group (lower group number == higher priority)

- The first handler in a group which can handle an update (see [telegram.ext.Handler.check\\_update](#)) will be used. Other handlers from the group will not be used. The order in which handlers were added to the group defines the priority.

**Warning:** Adding persistent [telegram.ext.ConversationHandler](#) after the application has been initialized is discouraged. This is because the persisted conversation states need to be loaded into memory while the application is already processing updates, which might lead to race conditions and undesired behavior. In particular, current conversation states may be overridden by the loaded data.

#### Parameters

- **handler** ([telegram.ext.Handler](#)) – A Handler instance.
- **group** ([int](#), optional) – The group identifier. Default is 0.

**add\_handlers**(*handlers*, *group=0*)

Registers multiple handlers at once. The order of the handlers in the passed sequence(s) matters. See [add\\_handler\(\)](#) for details.

New in version 20.0.

#### Parameters

- **handlers** (List[[telegram.ext.Handler](#)] | Dict[int, List[[telegram.ext.Handler](#)]]) – Specify a sequence of handlers *or* a dictionary where the keys are groups and values are handlers.
- **group** ([int](#), optional) – Specify which group the sequence of [handlers](#) should be added to. Defaults to 0.

Example:

```
app.add_handlers(handlers={
    -1: [MessageHandler(...)],
    1: [CallbackQueryHandler(...), CommandHandler(...)]
})
```

**static builder()**

Convenience method. Returns a new [telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder](#).

New in version 20.0.

**property concurrent\_updates**

The number of concurrent updates that will be processed in parallel. A value of 0 indicates updates are *not* being processed concurrently.

Type [int](#)

**create\_task**(*coroutine*, *update=None*)

Thin wrapper around [asyncio.create\\_task\(\)](#) that handles exceptions raised by the [coroutine](#) with [process\\_error\(\)](#).

---

#### Note:

- If [coroutine](#) raises an exception, it will be set on the task created by this method even though it's handled by [process\\_error\(\)](#).
  - If the application is currently running, tasks created by this method will be awaited with [stop\(\)](#).
- 

#### Parameters

- **coroutine** (coroutine function) – The coroutine to run as task.
- **update** (object, optional) – If set, will be passed to `process_error()` as additional information for the error handlers. Moreover, the corresponding `chat_data` and `user_data` entries will be updated in the next run of `update_persistence()` after the `coroutine` is finished.

**Returns** The created task.

**Return type** `asyncio.Task`

#### `drop_chat_data(chat_id)`

Drops the corresponding entry from the `chat_data`. Will also be deleted from the persistence on the next run of `update_persistence()`, if applicable.

**Warning:** When using `concurrent_updates` or the `job_queue`, `process_update()` or `telegram.ext.Job.run()` may re-create this entry due to the asynchronous nature of these features. Please make sure that your program can avoid or handle such situations.

New in version 20.0.

**Parameters** `chat_id` (int) – The chat id to delete. The entry will be deleted even if it is not empty.

#### `drop_user_data(user_id)`

Drops the corresponding entry from the `user_data`. Will also be deleted from the persistence on the next run of `update_persistence()`, if applicable.

**Warning:** When using `concurrent_updates` or the `job_queue`, `process_update()` or `telegram.ext.Job.run()` may re-create this entry due to the asynchronous nature of these features. Please make sure that your program can avoid or handle such situations.

New in version 20.0.

**Parameters** `user_id` (int) – The user id to delete. The entry will be deleted even if it is not empty.

#### `async initialize()`

Initializes the Application by initializing:

- The `bot`, by calling `telegram.Bot.initialize()`.
- The `updater`, by calling `telegram.ext.Updater.initialize()`.
- The `persistence`, by loading persistent conversations and data.

**See also:**

`shutdown()`

#### `migrate_chat_data(message=None, old_chat_id=None, new_chat_id=None)`

Moves the contents of `chat_data` at key `old_chat_id` to the key `new_chat_id`. Also marks the entries to be updated accordingly in the next run of `update_persistence()`.

**Warning:**

- Any data stored in `chat_data` at key `new_chat_id` will be overridden
- The key `old_chat_id` of `chat_data` will be deleted
- This does not update the `chat_id` attribute of any scheduled `telegram.ext.Job`.

**Warning:** When using `concurrent_updates` or the `job_queue`, `process_update()` or `telegram.ext.Job.run()` may re-create the old entry due to the asynchronous nature of these features. Please make sure that your program can avoid or handle such situations.

#### Parameters

- **message** (`telegram.Message`, optional) – A message with either `migrate_from_chat_id` or `migrate_to_chat_id`. Mutually exclusive with passing `old_chat_id` and `new_chat_id`.

#### See also:

`telegram.ext.filters.StatusUpdate.MIGRATE`

- **old\_chat\_id** (`int`, optional) – The old chat ID. Mutually exclusive with passing `message`
- **new\_chat\_id** (`int`, optional) – The new chat ID. Mutually exclusive with passing `message`

**Raises** `ValueError` – Raised if the input is invalid.

**async process\_error**(`update`, `error`, `job=None`, `coroutine=None`)

Processes an error by passing it to all error handlers registered with `add_error_handler()`. If one of the error handlers raises `telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop`, the error will not be handled by other error handlers. Raising `telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop` also stops processing of the update when this method is called by `process_update()`, i.e. no further handlers (even in other groups) will handle the update. All other exceptions raised by an error handler will just be logged.

Changed in version 20.0:

- `dispatch_error` was renamed to `process_error()`.
- Exceptions raised by error handlers are now properly logged.
- `telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop` is no longer reraised but converted into the return value.

#### Parameters

- **update** (`object` | `telegram.Update`) – The update that caused the error.
- **error** (`Exception`) – The error that was raised.
- **job** (`telegram.ext.Job`, optional) – The job that caused the error.

New in version 20.0.

- **coroutine** (`coroutine function`, optional) – The coroutine that caused the error.

**Returns** `True`, if one of the error handlers raised `telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop`. `False`, otherwise.

**Return type** `bool`

**async process\_update**(`update`)

Processes a single update and marks the update to be updated by the persistence later. Exceptions raised by handler callbacks will be processed by `process_update()`.

Changed in version 20.0: Persistence is now updated in an interval set by `telegram.ext.BasePersistence.update_interval`.

**Parameters** **update** (`telegram.Update` | `object` | `telegram.error.TelegramError`)  
– The update to process.

**Raises** `RuntimeError` – If the application was not initialized.

**remove\_error\_handler**(*callback*)

Removes an error handler.

**Parameters** *callback* (coroutine function) – The error handler to remove.

**remove\_handler**(*handler*, *group=0*)

Remove a handler from the specified group.

**Parameters**

- **handler** (*telegram.ext.Handler*) – A *telegram.ext.Handler* instance.
- **group** (*object*, optional) – The group identifier. Default is 0.

**run\_polling**(*poll\_interval=0.0*, *timeout=10*, *bootstrap\_retries=-1*, *read\_timeout=2*,  
*write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*,  
*allowed\_updates=None*, *drop\_pending\_updates=None*, *close\_loop=True*,  
*stop\_signals=(<Signals.SIGINT: 2>, <Signals.SIGTERM: 15>, <Signals.SIGABRT: 6>)*)

Convenience method that takes care of initializing and starting the app, polling updates from Telegram using *telegram.ext.Updater.start\_polling()* and a graceful shutdown of the app on exit.

The app will shut down when *KeyboardInterrupt* or *SystemExit* is raised. On unix, the app will also shut down on receiving the signals specified by *stop\_signals*.

**See also:**

*initialize()*, *start()*, *stop()*, *shutdown()* *telegram.ext.Updater.start\_polling()*,  
*run\_webhook()*

**Parameters**

- **poll\_interval** (*float*, optional) – Time to wait between polling updates from Telegram in seconds. Default is 0.0.
- **timeout** (*float*, optional) – Passed to *telegram.Bot.get\_updates.timeout*. Default is 10 seconds.
- **bootstrap\_retries** (*int*, optional) – Whether the bootstrapping phase of the *telegram.ext.Updater* will retry on failures on the Telegram server.
  - < 0 - retry indefinitely (default)
  - 0 - no retries
  - > 0 - retry up to X times
- **read\_timeout** (*float*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.Bot.get\_updates.read\_timeout*. Defaults to 2.
- **write\_timeout** (*float | None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.Bot.get\_updates.write\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float | None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.Bot.get\_updates.connect\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float | None*, optional) – Value to pass to *telegram.Bot.get\_updates.pool\_timeout*. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **drop\_pending\_updates** (*bool*, optional) – Whether to clean any pending updates on Telegram servers before actually starting to poll. Default is *False*.
- **allowed\_updates** (*List[str]*, optional) – Passed to *telegram.Bot.get\_updates()*.
- **close\_loop** (*bool*, optional) – If *True*, the current event loop will be closed upon shutdown.

See also:

`asyncio.loop.close()`

- **`stop_signals`** (Sequence[int] | None, optional) – Signals that will shut down the app. Pass None to not use stop signals. Defaults to `signal.SIGINT`, `signal.SIGTERM` and `signal.SIGABRT`.

**Caution:** Not every `asyncio.AbstractEventLoop` implements `asyncio.loop.add_signal_handler()`. Most notably, the standard event loop on Windows, `asyncio.ProactorEventLoop`, does not implement this method. If this method is not available, stop signals can not be set.

Raises **`RuntimeError`** – If the Application does not have an `telegram.ext.Updater`.

```
run_webhook(listen='127.0.0.1', port=80, url_path="", cert=None, key=None, bootstrap_retries=0,
            webhook_url=None, allowed_updates=None, drop_pending_updates=None,
            ip_address=None, max_connections=40, close_loop=True,
            stop_signals=(<Signals.SIGINT: 2>, <Signals.SIGTERM: 15>, <Signals.SIGABRT: 6>))
```

Convenience method that takes care of initializing and starting the app, polling updates from Telegram using `telegram.ext.Updater.start_webhook()` and a graceful shutdown of the app on exit.

The app will shut down when `KeyboardInterrupt` or `SystemExit` is raised. On unix, the app will also shut down on receiving the signals specified by `stop_signals`.

If `cert` and `key` are not provided, the webhook will be started directly on `http://listen:port/url_path`, so SSL can be handled by another application. Else, the webhook will be started on `https://listen:port/url_path`. Also calls `telegram.Bot.set_webhook()` as required.

See also:

`initialize()`, `start()`, `stop()`, `shutdown()` `telegram.ext.Updater.start_webhook()`, `run_polling()`

#### Parameters

- **`listen`** (str, optional) – IP-Address to listen on. Defaults to `127.0.0.1`.
- **`port`** (int, optional) – Port the bot should be listening on. Must be one of `telegram.constants.SUPPORTED_WEBHOOK_PORTS`. Defaults to `80`.
- **`url_path`** (str, optional) – Path inside url. Defaults to `''`.
- **`cert`** (pathlib.Path | str, optional) – Path to the SSL certificate file.
- **`key`** (pathlib.Path | str, optional) – Path to the SSL key file.
- **`bootstrap_retries`** (int, optional) – Whether the bootstrapping phase of the `telegram.ext.Updater` will retry on failures on the Telegram server.
  - < 0 - retry indefinitely
  - 0 - no retries (default)
  - > 0 - retry up to X times
- **`webhook_url`** (str, optional) – Explicitly specify the webhook url. Useful behind NAT, reverse proxy, etc. Default is derived from `listen`, `port`, `url_path`, `cert`, and `key`.
- **`allowed_updates`** (List[str], optional) – Passed to `telegram.Bot.set_webhook()`.
- **`drop_pending_updates`** (bool, optional) – Whether to clean any pending updates on Telegram servers before actually starting to poll. Default is `False`.

- `ip_address` (`str`, optional) – Passed to `telegram.Bot.set_webhook()`.
- `max_connections` (`int`, optional) – Passed to `telegram.Bot.set_webhook()`. Defaults to 40.
- `close_loop` (`bool`, optional) – If `True`, the current event loop will be closed upon shutdown. Defaults to `True`.

See also:

`asyncio.loop.close()`

- `stop_signals` (`Sequence[int] | None`, optional) – Signals that will shut down the app. Pass `None` to not use stop signals. Defaults to `signal.SIGINT`, `signal.SIGTERM` and `signal.SIGABRT`.

**Caution:** Not every `asyncio.AbstractEventLoop` implements `asyncio.loop.add_signal_handler()`. Most notably, the standard event loop on Windows, `asyncio.ProactorEventLoop`, does not implement this method. If this method is not available, stop signals can not be set.

### property running

Indicates if this application is running.

See also:

`start()`, `stop()`

Type `bool`

### async shutdown()

Shuts down the Application by shutting down:

- `bot` by calling `telegram.Bot.shutdown()`
- `updater` by calling `telegram.ext.Updater.shutdown()`
- `persistence` by calling `update_persistence()` and `:meth`persistence.flush``

See also:

`initialize()`

Raises `RuntimeError` – If the application is still *running*.

### async start()

Starts

- a background task that fetches updates from `update_queue` and processes them.
- `job_queue`, if set.
- a background task that calls `update_persistence()` in regular intervals, if `persistence` is set.

---

**Note:** This does *not* start fetching updates from Telegram. To fetch updates, you need to either start `updater` manually or use one of `run_polling()` or `run_webhook()`.

---

See also:

`stop()`

Raises `RuntimeError` – If the application is already running or was not initialized.

**async stop()**

Stops the process after processing any pending updates or tasks created by `create_task()`. Also stops `job_queue`, if set. Finally, calls `update_persistence()` and `BasePersistence.flush()` on `persistence`, if set.

**Warning:** Once this method is called, no more updates will be fetched from `update_queue`, even if it's not empty.

See also:

`start()`

---

**Note:** This does *not* stop `updater`. You need to either manually call `telegram.ext.Updater.stop()` or use one of `run_polling()` or `run_webhook()`.

---

Raises `RuntimeError` – If the application is not running.

**async update\_persistence()**

Updates `user_data`, `chat_data`, `bot_data` in `persistence` along with `callback_data_cache` and the conversation states of any persistent `ConversationHandler` registered for this application.

For `user_data`, `chat_data`, only entries used since the last run of this method are updated.

---

**Tip:** This method will be called in regular intervals by the application. There is usually no need to call it manually.

---

---

**Note:** Any data is deep copied with `copy.deepcopy()` before handing it over to the persistence in order to avoid race conditions, so all persisted data must be copyable.

---

See also:

`telegram.ext.BasePersistence.update_interval`.

## 10.2.4 telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop

**class** telegram.ext.**ApplicationHandlerStop**(state=None)

Bases: `Exception`

Raise this in a handler or an error handler to prevent execution of any other handler (even in different groups).

In order to use this exception in a `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler`, pass the optional `state` parameter instead of returning the next state:

```
async def conversation_callback(update, context):
    ...
    raise ApplicationHandlerStop(next_state)
```

---

**Note:** Has no effect, if the handler or error handler is run in a non-blocking way.

---

**Parameters** `state` (object, optional) – The next state of the conversation.

**state**

Optional. The next state of the conversation.

Type `object`

### 10.2.5 telegram.ext.Updater

**class** telegram.ext.Updater(*bot*, *update\_queue*)

Bases: `contextlib.AbstractAsyncContextManager`

This class fetches updates for the bot either via long polling or by starting a webhook server. Received updates are enqueued into the `update_queue` and may be fetched from there to handle them appropriately.

Instances of this class can be used as asyncio context managers, where

```
async with updater:
    # code
```

is roughly equivalent to

```
try:
    await updater.initialize()
    # code
finally:
    await updater.shutdown()
```

Changed in version 20.0:

- Removed argument and attribute `user_sig_handler`
- The only arguments and attributes are now `bot` and `update_queue` as now the sole purpose of this class is to fetch updates. The entry point to a PTB application is now `telegram.ext.Application`.

#### Parameters

- **bot** (`telegram.Bot`) – The bot used with this Updater.
- **update\_queue** (`asyncio.Queue`) – Queue for the updates.

**bot**

The bot used with this Updater.

Type `telegram.Bot`

**update\_queue**

Queue for the updates.

Type `asyncio.Queue`

**async initialize()**

Initializes the Updater & the associated `bot` by calling `telegram.Bot.initialize()`.

See also:

`shutdown()`

**async shutdown()**

Shutdown the Updater & the associated `bot` by calling `telegram.Bot.shutdown()`.

See also:

`initialize()`

**Raises** `RuntimeError` – If the updater is still running.

```
async start_polling(poll_interval=0.0, timeout=10, bootstrap_retries=- 1, read_timeout=2,
                   write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None,
                   allowed_updates=None, drop_pending_updates=None, error_callback=None)
```

Starts polling updates from Telegram.

Changed in version 20.0: Removed the `clean` argument in favor of `drop_pending_updates`.

#### Parameters

- **`poll_interval`** (`float`, optional) – Time to wait between polling updates from Telegram in seconds. Default is `0.0`.
- **`timeout`** (`float`, optional) – Passed to `telegram.Bot.get_updates.timeout`. Defaults to `10` seconds.
- **`bootstrap_retries`** (`int`, optional) – Whether the bootstrapping phase of the `telegram.ext.Updater` will retry on failures on the Telegram server.
  - `< 0` - retry indefinitely (default)
  - `0` - no retries
  - `> 0` - retry up to X times
- **`read_timeout`** (`float`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.Bot.get_updates.read_timeout`. Defaults to `2`.
- **`write_timeout`** (`float | None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.Bot.get_updates.write_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`connect_timeout`** (`float | None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.Bot.get_updates.connect_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`pool_timeout`** (`float | None`, optional) – Value to pass to `telegram.Bot.get_updates.pool_timeout`. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- **`allowed_updates`** (`List[str]`, optional) – Passed to `telegram.Bot.get_updates()`.
- **`drop_pending_updates`** (`bool`, optional) – Whether to clean any pending updates on Telegram servers before actually starting to poll. Default is `False`.

New in version 13.4.

- **`error_callback`** (`Callable[[telegram.error.TelegramError], None]`, optional) – Callback to handle `telegram.error.TelegramError`s that occur while calling `telegram.Bot.get_updates()` during polling. Defaults to `None`, in which case errors will be logged. Callback signature:

```
def callback(error: telegram.error.TelegramError)
```

---

**Note:** The `error_callback` must *not* be a `coroutine function`! If asynchronous behavior of the callback is wanted, please schedule a task from within the callback.

---

**Returns** The update queue that can be filled from the main thread.

**Return type** `asyncio.Queue`

**Raises** `RuntimeError` – If the updater is already running or was not initialized.

```
async start_webhook(listen='127.0.0.1', port=80, url_path="", cert=None, key=None,
                   bootstrap_retries=0, webhook_url=None, allowed_updates=None,
                   drop_pending_updates=None, ip_address=None, max_connections=40)
```

Starts a small http server to listen for updates via webhook. If `cert` and `key` are not provided, the

webhook will be started directly on `http://listen:port/url_path`, so SSL can be handled by another application. Else, the webhook will be started on `https://listen:port/url_path`. Also calls `telegram.Bot.set_webhook()` as required.

Changed in version 13.4: `start_webhook()` now *always* calls `telegram.Bot.set_webhook()`, so pass `webhook_url` instead of calling `updater.bot.set_webhook(webhook_url)` manually.

Changed in version 20.0: Removed the `clean` argument in favor of `drop_pending_updates` and removed the deprecated argument `force_event_loop`.

#### Parameters

- **`listen`** (`str`, optional) – IP-Address to listen on. Defaults to `127.0.0.1`.
- **`port`** (`int`, optional) – Port the bot should be listening on. Must be one of `telegram.constants.SUPPORTED_WEBHOOK_PORTS`. Defaults to `80`.
- **`url_path`** (`str`, optional) – Path inside url (`http(s)://listen:port/<url_path>`). Defaults to `''`.
- **`cert`** (`pathlib.Path` | `str`, optional) – Path to the SSL certificate file.
- **`key`** (`pathlib.Path` | `str`, optional) – Path to the SSL key file.
- **`drop_pending_updates`** (`bool`, optional) – Whether to clean any pending updates on Telegram servers before actually starting to poll. Default is `False`. .. versionadded :: 13.4
- **`bootstrap_retries`** (`int`, optional) – Whether the bootstrapping phase of the `telegram.ext.Updater` will retry on failures on the Telegram server.
  - `< 0` - retry indefinitely
  - `0` - no retries (default)
  - `> 0` - retry up to X times
- **`webhook_url`** (`str`, optional) – Explicitly specify the webhook url. Useful behind NAT, reverse proxy, etc. Default is derived from `listen`, `port`, `url_path`, `cert`, and `key`.
- **`ip_address`** (`str`, optional) – Passed to `telegram.Bot.set_webhook()`. Defaults to `None`. .. versionadded :: 13.4
- **`allowed_updates`** (`List[str]`, optional) – Passed to `telegram.Bot.set_webhook()`. Defaults to `None`.
- **`max_connections`** (`int`, optional) – Passed to `telegram.Bot.set_webhook()`. Defaults to `40`. .. versionadded:: 13.6

**Returns** The update queue that can be filled from the main thread.

**Return type** `queue.Queue`

**Raises** `RuntimeError` – If the updater is already running or was not initialized.

**async stop()**

Stops the polling/webhook.

**See also:**

`start_polling()`, `start_webhook()`

**Raises** `RuntimeError` – If the updater is not running.

## 10.2.6 telegram.ext.CallbackContext

**class** telegram.ext.CallbackContext(application)

This is a context object passed to the callback called by `telegram.ext.Handler` or by the `telegram.ext.Application` in an error handler added by `telegram.ext.Application.add_error_handler` or to the callback of a `telegram.ext.Job`.

---

**Note:** `telegram.ext.Application` will create a single context for an entire update. This means that if you got 2 handlers in different groups and they both get called, they will receive the same `CallbackContext` object (of course with proper attributes like `matches` differing). This allows you to add custom attributes in a lower handler group callback, and then subsequently access those attributes in a higher handler group callback. Note that the attributes on `CallbackContext` might change in the future, so make sure to use a fairly unique name for the attributes.

---

**Warning:** Do not combine custom attributes with `telegram.ext.Handler.block` set to `False` or `telegram.ext.Application.concurrent_updates` set to `True`. Due to how those work, it will almost certainly execute the callbacks for an update out of order, and the attributes that you think you added will not be present.

This class is a `Generic` class and accepts four type variables:

1. The type of `bot`. Must be `telegram.Bot` or a subclass of that class.
2. The type of `user_data` (if `user_data` is not `None`).
3. The type of `chat_data` (if `chat_data` is not `None`).
4. The type of `bot_data` (if `bot_data` is not `None`).

**Parameters** `application` (`telegram.ext.Application`) – The application associated with this context.

### coroutine

Optional. Only present in error handlers if the error was caused by a coroutine run with `Application.create_task()` or a handler callback with `block=False`.

**Type** `coroutine function`

### matches

Optional. If the associated update originated from a `filters.Regex`, this will contain a list of match objects for every pattern where `re.search(pattern, string)` returned a match. Note that filters short circuit, so combined regex filters will not always be evaluated.

**Type** `List[re.Match]`

### args

Optional. Arguments passed to a command if the associated update is handled by `telegram.ext.CommandHandler`, `telegram.ext.PrefixHandler` or `telegram.ext.StringCommandHandler`. It contains a list of the words in the text after the command, using any whitespace string as a delimiter.

**Type** `List[str]`

### error

Optional. The error that was raised. Only present when passed to an error handler registered with `telegram.ext.Application.add_error_handler`.

**Type** `Exception`

**job**

Optional. The job which originated this callback. Only present when passed to the callback of `telegram.ext.Job` or in error handlers if the error is caused by a job.

Changed in version 20.0: `job` is now also present in error handlers if the error is caused by a job.

Type `telegram.ext.Job`

**DEFAULT\_TYPE** = 'CallbackContext[ExtBot, Dict, Dict, Dict]'

Shortcut for the type annotation for the `context` argument that's correct for the default settings, i.e. if `telegram.ext.ContextTypes` is not used.

---

**Example**

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext.DEFAULT_TYPE):  
    ...
```

---

**property application**

The application associated with this context.

Type `telegram.ext.Application`

**property bot**

The bot associated with this context.

Type `telegram.Bot`

**property bot\_data**

Optional. An object that can be used to keep any data in. For each update it will be the same `ContextTypes.bot_data`. Defaults to `dict`.

Type `ContextTypes.bot_data`

**property chat\_data**

Optional. An object that can be used to keep any data in. For each update from the same chat id it will be the same `ContextTypes.chat_data`. Defaults to `dict`.

**Warning:** When a group chat migrates to a supergroup, its chat id will change and the `chat_data` needs to be transferred. For details see our [wiki page](#).

Type `ContextTypes.chat_data`

**drop\_callback\_data(callback\_query)**

Deletes the cached data for the specified callback query.

New in version 13.6.

---

**Note:** Will *not* raise exceptions in case the data is not found in the cache. Will raise `KeyError` in case the callback query can not be found in the cache.

---

**Parameters** `callback_query` (`telegram.CallbackQuery`) – The callback query.

**Raises** `KeyError` | `RuntimeError` – `KeyError`, if the callback query can not be found in the cache and `RuntimeError`, if the bot doesn't allow for arbitrary callback data.

**classmethod** `from_error(update, error, application, job=None, coroutine=None)`

Constructs an instance of `telegram.ext.CallbackContext` to be passed to the error handlers.

**See also:**

`telegram.ext.Application.add_error_handler()`

Changed in version 20.0: Removed arguments `async_args` and `async_kwargs`.

**Parameters**

- **update** (object | `telegram.Update`) – The update associated with the error. May be `None`, e.g. for errors in job callbacks.
- **error** (Exception) – The error.
- **application** (`telegram.ext.Application`) – The application associated with this context.
- **job** (`telegram.ext.Job`, optional) – The job associated with the error.

New in version 20.0.

**Returns** `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`

**classmethod** `from_job(job, application)`

Constructs an instance of `telegram.ext.CallbackContext` to be passed to a job callback.

**See also:**

`telegram.ext.JobQueue()`

**Parameters**

- **job** (`telegram.ext.Job`) – The job.
- **application** (`telegram.ext.Application`) – The application associated with this context.

**Returns** `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`

**classmethod** `from_update(update, application)`

Constructs an instance of `telegram.ext.CallbackContext` to be passed to the handlers.

**See also:**

`telegram.ext.Application.add_handler()`

**Parameters**

- **update** (object | `telegram.Update`) – The update.
- **application** (`telegram.ext.Application`) – The application associated with this context.

**Returns** `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`

**property** `job_queue`

The `JobQueue` used by the `telegram.ext.Application`.

**Type** `telegram.ext.JobQueue`

**property** `match`

The first match from `matches`. Useful if you are only filtering using a single regex filter. Returns `None` if `matches` is empty.

**Type** `re.Match`

**async refresh\_data()**

If *application* uses persistence, calls `telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_bot_data()` on *bot\_data*, `telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_chat_data()` on *chat\_data* and `telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_user_data()` on *user\_data*, if appropriate.

Will be called by `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()` and `telegram.ext.Job.run()`.

New in version 13.6.

**update(data)**

Updates `self.__slots__` with the passed data.

**Parameters** *data* (Dict[str, object]) – The data.

**property update\_queue**

The `asyncio.Queue` instance used by the `telegram.ext.Application` and (usually) the `telegram.ext.Updater` associated with this context.

**Type** `asyncio.Queue`

**property user\_data**

Optional. An object that can be used to keep any data in. For each update from the same user it will be the same `ContextTypes.user_data`. Defaults to `dict`.

**Type** `ContextTypes.user_data`

## 10.2.7 telegram.ext.Job

**class** `telegram.ext.Job(callback, context=None, name=None, job=None, chat_id=None, user_id=None)`

Bases: `object`

This class is a convenience wrapper for the jobs held in a `telegram.ext.JobQueue`. With the current backend APScheduler, *job* holds a `apscheduler.job.Job` instance.

Objects of this class are comparable in terms of equality. Two objects of this class are considered equal, if their *id* is equal.

---

**Note:**

- All attributes and instance methods of *job* are also directly available as attributes/methods of the corresponding `telegram.ext.Job` object.
  - If *job* isn't passed on initialization, it must be set manually afterwards for this `telegram.ext.Job` to be useful.
- 

Changed in version 20.0: Removed argument and attribute `job_queue`.

**Parameters**

- ***callback*** (coroutine function) – The callback function that should be executed by the new job. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(context: CallbackContext)
```

- ***context*** (object, optional) – Additional data needed for the callback function. Can be accessed through `Job.context` in the callback. Defaults to `None`.
- ***name*** (str, optional) – The name of the new job. Defaults to `callback.__name__`.
- ***job*** (`apscheduler.job.Job`, optional) – The APS Job this job is a wrapper for.

- **chat\_id** (`int`, optional) – Chat id of the chat that this job is associated with.  
New in version 20.0.
- **user\_id** (`int`, optional) – User id of the user that this job is associated with.  
New in version 20.0.

**callback**

The callback function that should be executed by the new job.

Type `coroutine function`

**context**

Optional. Additional data needed for the callback function.

Type `object`

**name**

Optional. The name of the new job.

Type `str`

**job**

Optional. The APS Job this job is a wrapper for.

Type `apscheduler.job.Job`

**chat\_id**

Optional. Chat id of the chat that this job is associated with.

New in version 20.0.

Type `int`

**user\_id**

Optional. User id of the user that this job is associated with.

New in version 20.0.

Type `int`

**property enabled**

Whether this job is enabled.

Type `bool`

**property next\_t**

Datetime for the next job execution. Datetime is localized according to `datetime.datetime.tzinfo`. If job is removed or already ran it equals to `None`.

**Warning:** This attribute is only available, if the `telegram.ext.JobQueue` this job belongs to is already started. Otherwise APScheduler raises an `AttributeError`.

Type `datetime.datetime`

**property removed**

Whether this job is due to be removed.

Type `bool`

**async run(application)**

Executes the callback function independently of the jobs schedule. Also calls `telegram.ext.Application.update_persistence()`.

Changed in version 20.0: Calls `telegram.ext.Application.update_persistence()`.

**Parameters** *application* (*telegram.ext.Application*) – The application this job is associated with.

**schedule\_removal()**

Schedules this job for removal from the *JobQueue*. It will be removed without executing its callback function again.

## 10.2.8 telegram.ext.JobQueue

**class** telegram.ext.JobQueue

Bases: *object*

This class allows you to periodically perform tasks with the bot. It is a convenience wrapper for the APScheduler library.

**scheduler**

The scheduler.

Changed in version 20.0: Use *AsyncIOScheduler* instead of *BackgroundScheduler*

**Type** *apscheduler.schedulers.asyncio.AsyncIOScheduler*

**property application**

The application this JobQueue is associated with.

**get\_jobs\_by\_name(name)**

Returns a tuple of all *pending/scheduled* jobs with the given name that are currently in the *JobQueue*.

**jobs()**

Returns a tuple of all *scheduled* jobs that are currently in the *JobQueue*.

**run\_custom(callback, job\_kwargs, context=None, name=None, chat\_id=None, user\_id=None)**

Creates a new custom defined *Job*.

**Parameters**

- **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function that should be executed by the new job. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(context: CallbackContext)
```

- **job\_kwargs** (dict) – Arbitrary keyword arguments. Used as arguments for *apscheduler.schedulers.base.BaseScheduler.add\_job()*.
- **context** (object, optional) – Additional data needed for the callback function. Can be accessed through *Job.context* in the callback. Defaults to *None*.
- **name** (str, optional) – The name of the new job. Defaults to *callback.\_\_name\_\_*.
- **chat\_id** (int, optional) – Chat id of the chat associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding *chat\_data* will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

- **user\_id** (int, optional) – User id of the user associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding *user\_data* will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

**Returns** The new *Job* instance that has been added to the job queue.

**Return type** *telegram.ext.Job*

**run\_daily**(*callback*, *time*, *days*=(0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6), *context*=None, *name*=None, *chat\_id*=None, *user\_id*=None, *job\_kwargs*=None)

Creates a new *Job* that runs on a daily basis and adds it to the queue.

---

**Note:** For a note about DST, please see the documentation of [APScheduler](#).

---

#### Parameters

- **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function that should be executed by the new job. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(context: CallbackContext)
```

- **time** (datetime.time) – Time of day at which the job should run. If the timezone (datetime.time.tzinfo) is None, the default timezone of the bot will be used.
- **days** (Tuple[int], optional) – Defines on which days of the week the job should run (where 0–6 correspond to monday - sunday). Defaults to EVERY\_DAY
- **context** (object, optional) – Additional data needed for the callback function. Can be accessed through *Job.context* in the callback. Defaults to None.
- **name** (str, optional) – The name of the new job. Defaults to *callback.\_\_name\_\_*.
- **chat\_id** (int, optional) – Chat id of the chat associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding *chat\_data* will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

- **user\_id** (int, optional) – User id of the user associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding *user\_data* will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

- **job\_kwargs** (dict, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to pass to the `apscheduler.schedulers.base.BaseScheduler.add_job()`.

**Returns** The new *Job* instance that has been added to the job queue.

**Return type** `telegram.ext.Job`

**run\_monthly**(*callback*, *when*, *day*, *context*=None, *name*=None, *chat\_id*=None, *user\_id*=None, *job\_kwargs*=None)

Creates a new *Job* that runs on a monthly basis and adds it to the queue.

Changed in version 20.0: The *day\_is\_strict* argument was removed. Instead one can now pass -1 to the *day* parameter to have the job run on the last day of the month.

#### Parameters

- **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function that should be executed by the new job. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(context: CallbackContext)
```

- **when** (datetime.time) – Time of day at which the job should run. If the timezone (when.tzinfo) is None, the default timezone of the bot will be used.
- **day** (int) – Defines the day of the month whereby the job would run. It should be within the range of 1 and 31, inclusive. If a month has fewer days than this number, the job will not run in this month. Passing -1 leads to the job running on the last day of the month.

- **context** (*object*, optional) – Additional data needed for the callback function. Can be accessed through `Job.context` in the callback. Defaults to `None`.
- **name** (*str*, optional) – The name of the new job. Defaults to `callback.__name__`.
- **chat\_id** (*int*, optional) – Chat id of the chat associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding `chat_data` will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

- **user\_id** (*int*, optional) – User id of the user associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding `user_data` will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

- **job\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to pass to the `apscheduler.schedulers.base.BaseScheduler.add_job()`.

**Returns** The new `Job` instance that has been added to the job queue.

**Return type** `telegram.ext.Job`

**run\_once**(*callback*, *when*, *context=None*, *name=None*, *chat\_id=None*, *user\_id=None*, *job\_kwargs=None*)

Creates a new `Job` instance that runs once and adds it to the queue.

#### Parameters

- **callback** (*coroutine function*) – The callback function that should be executed by the new job. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(context: CallbackContext)
```

- **when** (*int* | *float* | `datetime.timedelta` | `datetime.datetime` | `datetime.time`) – Time in or at which the job should run. This parameter will be interpreted depending on its type.
    - *int* or *float* will be interpreted as “seconds from now” in which the job should run.
    - `datetime.timedelta` will be interpreted as “time from now” in which the job should run.
    - `datetime.datetime` will be interpreted as a specific date and time at which the job should run. If the timezone (`datetime.datetime.tzinfo`) is `None`, the default timezone of the bot will be used.
    - `datetime.time` will be interpreted as a specific time of day at which the job should run. This could be either today or, if the time has already passed, tomorrow. If the timezone (`datetime.time.tzinfo`) is `None`, the default timezone of the bot will be used.
  - **chat\_id** (*int*, optional) – Chat id of the chat associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding `chat_data` will be available in the callback.
- New in version 20.0.
- **user\_id** (*int*, optional) – User id of the user associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding `user_data` will be available in the callback.
- New in version 20.0.
- **context** (*object*, optional) – Additional data needed for the callback function. Can be accessed through `Job.context` in the callback. Defaults to `None`.
  - **name** (*str*, optional) – The name of the new job. Defaults to `callback.__name__`.
  - **job\_kwargs** (*dict*, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to pass to the `apscheduler.schedulers.base.BaseScheduler.add_job()`.

**Returns** The new `Job` instance that has been added to the job queue.

**Return type** `telegram.ext.Job`

**run\_repeating**(*callback*, *interval*, *first=None*, *last=None*, *context=None*, *name=None*, *chat\_id=None*, *user\_id=None*, *job\_kwargs=None*)

Creates a new `Job` instance that runs at specified intervals and adds it to the queue.

---

**Note:** For a note about DST, please see the documentation of `APScheduler`.

---

### Parameters

- **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function that should be executed by the new job. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(context: CallbackContext)
```

- **interval** (`int` | `float` | `datetime.timedelta`) – The interval in which the job will run. If it is an `int` or a `float`, it will be interpreted as seconds.
- **first** (`int` | `float` | `datetime.timedelta` | `datetime.datetime` | `datetime.time`, optional) – Time in or at which the job should run. This parameter will be interpreted depending on its type.
  - `int` or `float` will be interpreted as “seconds from now” in which the job should run.
  - `datetime.timedelta` will be interpreted as “time from now” in which the job should run.
  - `datetime.datetime` will be interpreted as a specific date and time at which the job should run. If the timezone (`datetime.datetime.tzinfo`) is `None`, the default timezone of the bot will be used.
  - `datetime.time` will be interpreted as a specific time of day at which the job should run. This could be either today or, if the time has already passed, tomorrow. If the timezone (`datetime.time.tzinfo`) is `None`, the default timezone of the bot will be used.

Defaults to `interval`

- **last** (`int` | `float` | `datetime.timedelta` | `datetime.datetime` | `datetime.time`, optional) – Latest possible time for the job to run. This parameter will be interpreted depending on its type. See `first` for details.

If `last` is `datetime.datetime` or `datetime.time` type and `last.tzinfo` is `None`, the default timezone of the bot will be assumed.

Defaults to `None`.

- **context** (object, optional) – Additional data needed for the callback function. Can be accessed through `Job.context` in the callback. Defaults to `None`.
- **name** (str, optional) – The name of the new job. Defaults to `callback.__name__`.
- **chat\_id** (int, optional) – Chat id of the chat associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding `chat_data` will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

- **user\_id** (int, optional) – User id of the user associated with this job. If passed, the corresponding `user_data` will be available in the callback.

New in version 20.0.

- **job\_kwargs** (`dict`, optional) – Arbitrary keyword arguments to pass to the `apscheduler.schedulers.base.BaseScheduler.add_job()`.

**Returns** The new `Job` instance that has been added to the job queue.

**Return type** `telegram.ext.Job`

**set\_application(application)**

Set the application to be used by this `JobQueue`.

**Parameters** **application** (`telegram.ext.Application`) – The application.

**async start()**

Starts the `job_queue`.

**async stop(wait=True)**

Shuts down the `JobQueue`.

**Parameters** **wait** (`bool`, optional) – Whether to wait until all currently running jobs have finished. Defaults to `True`.

## 10.2.9 telegram.ext.ContextTypes

```
class telegram.ext.ContextTypes(context=<class 'telegram.ext._callbackcontext.CallbackContext'>,
                                bot_data=<class 'dict'>, chat_data=<class 'dict'>, user_data=<class 'dict'>)
```

Bases: `typing.Generic`

Convenience class to gather customizable types of the `telegram.ext.CallbackContext` interface.

New in version 13.6.

### Parameters

- **context** (`type`, optional) – Determines the type of the `context` argument of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks. Must be a subclass of `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`. Defaults to `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`.
- **bot\_data** (`type`, optional) – Determines the type of `context.bot_data` of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks. Defaults to `dict`. Must support instantiating without arguments.
- **chat\_data** (`type`, optional) – Determines the type of `context.chat_data` of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks. Defaults to `dict`. Must support instantiating without arguments.
- **user\_data** (`type`, optional) – Determines the type of `context.user_data` of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks. Defaults to `dict`. Must support instantiating without arguments.

### property bot\_data

The type of `context.bot_data` of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks.

### property chat\_data

The type of `context.chat_data` of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks.

### property context

The type of the `context` argument of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks.

### property user\_data

The type of `context.user_data` of all (error-)handler callbacks and job callbacks.

### 10.2.10 telegram.ext.Defaults

```
class telegram.ext.Defaults(parse_mode=None, disable_notification=None,
                           disable_web_page_preview=None, quote=None, tzinfo=<UTC>,
                           block=True, allow_sending_without_reply=None, protect_content=None)
```

Bases: `object`

Convenience Class to gather all parameters with a (user defined) default value

Changed in version 20.0: Removed the argument and attribute `timeout`. Specify default timeout behavior for the networking backend directly via `telegram.ext.ApplicationBuilder` instead.

#### Parameters

- **`parse_mode`** (`str`, optional) – Send `MARKDOWN` or `HTML`, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or URLs in your bot's message.
- **`disable_notification`** (`bool`, optional) – Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.
- **`disable_web_page_preview`** (`bool`, optional) – Disables link previews for links in this message.
- **`allow_sending_without_reply`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.
- **`quote`** (`bool`, optional) – If set to `True`, the reply is sent as an actual reply to the message. If `reply_to_message_id` is passed in `kwargs`, this parameter will be ignored. Default: `True` in group chats and `False` in private chats.
- **`tzinfo`** (`tzinfo`, optional) – A timezone to be used for all date(time) inputs appearing throughout PTB, i.e. if a timezone naive date(time) object is passed somewhere, it will be assumed to be in `tzinfo`. Must be a timezone provided by the `pytz` module. Defaults to UTC.
- **`block`** (`bool`, optional) – Default setting for the `Handler.block` parameter of handlers and error handlers registered through `Application.add_handler()` and `Application.add_error_handler()`. Defaults to `True`.
- **`protect_content`** (`bool`, optional) – Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 20.0.

#### property `allow_sending_without_reply`

Optional. Pass `True`, if the message should be sent even if the specified replied-to message is not found.

Type `bool`

#### property `block`

Optional. Default setting for the `Handler.block` parameter of handlers and error handlers registered through `Application.add_handler()` and `Application.add_error_handler()`.

Type `bool`

#### property `disable_notification`

Optional. Sends the message silently. Users will receive a notification with no sound.

Type `bool`

#### property `disable_web_page_preview`

Optional. Disables link previews for links in this message.

Type `bool`

**property explanation\_parse\_mode**

Optional. Alias for `parse_mode`, used for the corresponding parameter of `telegram.Bot.send_poll()`.

Type `str`

**property parse\_mode**

Optional. Send Markdown or HTML, if you want Telegram apps to show bold, italic, fixed-width text or URLs in your bot's message.

Type `str`

**property protect\_content**

Optional. Protects the contents of the sent message from forwarding and saving.

New in version 20.0.

Type `bool`

**property quote**

Optional. If set to `True`, the reply is sent as an actual reply to the message. If `reply_to_message_id` is passed in `kwargs`, this parameter will be ignored. Default: `True` in group chats and `False` in private chats.

Type `bool`

**property tzinfo**

A timezone to be used for all date(time) objects appearing throughout PTB.

Type `tzinfo`

## 10.2.11 Handlers

### telegram.ext.Handler

**class** telegram.ext.**Handler**(*callback*, *block=True*)

Bases: `typing.Generic`, `abc.ABC`

The base class for all update handlers. Create custom handlers by inheriting from it.

**Warning:** When setting `block` to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`. See its docs for more info.

This class is a `Generic` class and accepts two type variables:

1. The type of the updates that this handler will handle. Must coincide with the type of the first argument of `callback`. `check_update()` must only accept updates of this type.
2. The type of the second argument of `callback`. Must coincide with the type of the parameters `handle_update.context` and `collect_additional_context.context` as well as the second argument of `callback`. Must be either `CallbackContext` or a subclass of that class.

---

**Tip:** For this type variable, one should usually provide a `TypeVar` that is also used for the mentioned method arguments. That way, a type checker can check whether this handler fits the definition of the `Application`.

---

Changed in version 20.0: The attribute `run_async` is now `block`.

#### Parameters

- **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when `check_update()` has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler`.

- **block** (bool, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`. Defaults to `True`.

#### callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type `coroutine function`

#### block

Determines whether the callback will run in a blocking way..

Type `bool`

#### abstract check\_update(update)

This method is called to determine if an update should be handled by this handler instance. It should always be overridden.

---

**Note:** Custom updates types can be handled by the application. Therefore, an implementation of this method should always check the type of `update`.

---

**Parameters** `update` (object | `telegram.Update`) – The update to be tested.

**Returns** Either `None` or `False` if the update should not be handled. Otherwise an object that will be passed to `handle_update()` and `collect_additional_context()` when the update gets handled.

#### collect\_additional\_context(context, update, application, check\_result)

Prepares additional arguments for the context. Override if needed.

##### Parameters

- **context** (`telegram.ext.CallbackContext`) – The context object.
- **update** (`telegram.Update`) – The update to gather chat/user id from.
- **application** (`telegram.ext.Application`) – The calling application.
- **check\_result** – The result (return value) from `check_update()`.

#### async handle\_update(update, application, check\_result, context)

This method is called if it was determined that an update should indeed be handled by this instance. Calls `callback` along with its respectful arguments. To work with the `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler`, this method returns the value returned from `callback`. Note that it can be overridden if needed by the subclassing handler.

##### Parameters

- **update** (str | `telegram.Update`) – The update to be handled.
- **application** (`telegram.ext.Application`) – The calling application.
- **check\_result** (object) – The result from `check_update()`.
- **context** (`telegram.ext.CallbackContext`) – The context as provided by the application.

## telegram.ext.CallbackQueryHandler

**class** telegram.ext.CallbackQueryHandler(*callback*, *pattern=None*, *block=True*)

Bases: [telegram.ext.Handler](#)

Handler class to handle Telegram [callback queries](#). Optionally based on a regex.

Read the documentation of the [re](#) module for more information.

---

### Note:

- If your bot allows arbitrary objects as [callback\\_data](#), it may happen that the original [callback\\_data](#) for the incoming [telegram.CallbackQuery](#) can not be found. This is the case when either a malicious client tempered with the [telegram.CallbackQuery.data](#) or the data was simply dropped from cache or not persisted. In these cases, an instance of [telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData](#) will be set as [telegram.CallbackQuery.data](#).

New in version 13.6.

---

**Warning:** When setting [block](#) to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to [telegram.ext.CallbackContext](#). See its docs for more info.

### Parameters

- **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when [check\\_update\(\)](#) has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of [telegram.ext.ConversationHandler](#).

- **pattern** (`str` | `re.Pattern` | `callable` | `type`, optional) – Pattern to test [telegram.CallbackQuery.data](#) against. If a string or a regex pattern is passed, [re.match\(\)](#) is used on [telegram.CallbackQuery.data](#) to determine if an update should be handled by this handler. If your bot allows arbitrary objects as [callback\\_data](#), non-strings will be accepted. To filter arbitrary objects you may pass:
  - a callable, accepting exactly one argument, namely the [telegram.CallbackQuery.data](#). It must return `True` or `False/None` to indicate, whether the update should be handled.
  - a `type`. If [telegram.CallbackQuery.data](#) is an instance of that type (or a subclass), the update will be handled.

If [telegram.CallbackQuery.data](#) is `None`, the [telegram.CallbackQuery](#) update will not be handled.

Changed in version 13.6: Added support for arbitrary callback data.

- **block** (`bool`, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in [telegram.ext.Application.process\\_update\(\)](#). Defaults to `True`.

### callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type `coroutine function`

**pattern**

Optional. Regex pattern, callback or type to test `telegram.CallbackQuery.data` against.

Changed in version 13.6: Added support for arbitrary callback data.

Type `re.Pattern` | `callable` | `type`

**block**

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`.

Type `bool`

**check\_update(update)**

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's `callback`.

Parameters **update** (`telegram.Update` | `object`) – Incoming update.

Returns `bool`

**collect\_additional\_context(context, update, application, check\_result)**

Add the result of `re.match(pattern, update.callback_query.data)` to `CallbackContext.matches` as list with one element.

**telegram.ext.ChatJoinRequestHandler**

**class** `telegram.ext.ChatJoinRequestHandler(callback, block=True)`

Bases: `telegram.ext.Handler`

Handler class to handle Telegram updates that contain `telegram.Update.chat_join_request`.

**Warning:** When setting `block` to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`. See its docs for more info.

New in version 13.8.

**Parameters**

- **callback** (`coroutine function`) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when `check_update()` has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler`.

- **block** (`bool`, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`. Defaults to `True`.

**callback**

The callback function for this handler.

Type `coroutine function`

**block**

Determines whether the callback will run in a blocking way..

Type `bool`

**check\_update**(*update*)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

**Parameters** *update* (*telegram.Update* | *object*) – Incoming update.

**Returns** *bool*

## telegram.ext.ChatMemberHandler

**class** telegram.ext.ChatMemberHandler(*callback*, *chat\_member\_types=-1*, *block=True*)

Bases: *telegram.ext.Handler*

Handler class to handle Telegram updates that contain a chat member update.

New in version 13.4.

**Warning:** When setting *block* to *False*, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to *telegram.ext.CallbackContext*. See its docs for more info.

### Parameters

- **callback** (*coroutine function*) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when *check\_update()* has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of *telegram.ext.ConversationHandler*.

- **chat\_member\_types** (*int*, optional) – Pass one of *MY\_CHAT\_MEMBER*, *CHAT\_MEMBER* or *ANY\_CHAT\_MEMBER* to specify if this handler should handle only updates with *telegram.Update.my\_chat\_member*, *telegram.Update.chat\_member* or both. Defaults to *MY\_CHAT\_MEMBER*.
- **block** (*bool*, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application.process\_update()*. Defaults to *True*.

### callback

The callback function for this handler.

**Type** *coroutine function*

### chat\_member\_types

Specifies if this handler should handle only updates with *telegram.Update.my\_chat\_member*, *telegram.Update.chat\_member* or both.

**Type** *int*, optional

### block

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in *telegram.ext.Application.process\_update()*.

**Type** *bool*

**ANY\_CHAT\_MEMBER = 1**

Used as a constant to handle both *telegram.Update.my\_chat\_member* and *telegram.Update.chat\_member*.

**Type** *int*

**CHAT\_MEMBER** = 0

Used as a constant to handle only `telegram.Update.chat_member`.

Type `int`

**MY\_CHAT\_MEMBER** = -1

Used as a constant to handle only `telegram.Update.my_chat_member`.

Type `int`

**check\_update**(*update*)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's `callback`.

Parameters *update* (`telegram.Update` | `object`) – Incoming update.

Returns `bool`

### `telegram.ext.ChosenInlineResultHandler`

**class** `telegram.ext.ChosenInlineResultHandler`(*callback*, *block*=`True`, *pattern*=`None`)

Bases: `telegram.ext.Handler`

Handler class to handle Telegram updates that contain `telegram.Update.chosen_inline_result`.

**Warning:** When setting `block` to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`. See its docs for more info.

#### Parameters

- **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when `check_update()` has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler`.

- **block** (`bool`, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`. Defaults to `True`.
- **pattern** (`str` | `re.Pattern`, optional) – Regex pattern. If not `None`, `re.match()` is used on `telegram.ChosenInlineResult.result_id` to determine if an update should be handled by this handler. This is accessible in the callback as `telegram.ext.CallbackContext.matches`.

New in version 13.6.

#### **callback**

The callback function for this handler.

Type `coroutine function`

#### **block**

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`.

Type `bool`

**pattern**

Optional. Regex pattern to test `telegram.ChosenInlineResult.result_id` against.

New in version 13.6.

**Type** `Pattern`

**check\_update(update)**

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's `callback`.

**Parameters** `update` (`telegram.Update` | `object`) – Incoming update.

**Returns** `bool` | `re.match`

**collect\_additional\_context(context, update, application, check\_result)**

This function adds the matched regex pattern result to `telegram.ext.CallbackContext.matches`.

**telegram.ext.CommandHandler**

**class** `telegram.ext.CommandHandler(command, callback, filters=None, block=True)`

Bases: `telegram.ext.Handler`

Handler class to handle Telegram commands.

Commands are Telegram messages that start with `/`, optionally followed by an `@` and the bot's name and/or some additional text. The handler will add a `list` to the `CallbackContext` named `CallbackContext.args`. It will contain a list of strings, which is the text following the command split on single or consecutive whitespace characters.

By default, the handler listens to messages as well as edited messages. To change this behavior use `~filters.UpdateType.EDITED_MESSAGE` in the filter argument.

---

**Note:**

- `CommandHandler` does *not* handle (edited) channel posts.
- 

**Warning:** When setting `block` to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`. See its docs for more info.

**Parameters**

- **command** (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`) – The command or list of commands this handler should listen for. Limitations are the same as described [here](#)
- **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when `check_update()` has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler`.

- **filters** (`telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter`, optional) – A filter inheriting from `telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter`. Standard filters can be found in `telegram.ext.filters`. Filters can be combined using bitwise operators (`&` for `and`, `|` for `or`, `~` for `not`)
- **block** (`bool`, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`. Defaults to `True`.

Raises **ValueError** – When the command is too long or has illegal chars.

**command**

The command or list of commands this handler should listen for. Limitations are the same as described [here](#)

Type `str | Tuple[str] | List[str]`

**callback**

The callback function for this handler.

Type `coroutine function`

**filters**

Optional. Only allow updates with these Filters.

Type `telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter`

**block**

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`.

Type `bool`

**check\_update(update)**

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's `callback`.

Parameters **update** (`telegram.Update | object`) – Incoming update.

Returns The list of args for the handler.

Return type `list`

**collect\_additional\_context(context, update, application, check\_result)**

Add text after the command to `CallbackContext.args` as list, split on single whitespaces and add output of data filters to `CallbackContext` as well.

## telegram.ext.ConversationHandler

```
class telegram.ext.ConversationHandler(entry_points, states, fallbacks, allow_reentry=False,
                                       per_chat=True, per_user=True, per_message=False,
                                       conversation_timeout=None, name=None, persistent=False,
                                       map_to_parent=None, block=True)
```

Bases: `telegram.ext.Handler`

A handler to hold a conversation with a single or multiple users through Telegram updates by managing three collections of other handlers.

**Warning:** `ConversationHandler` heavily relies on incoming updates being processed one by one. When using this handler, `telegram.ext.Application.concurrent_updates` should be `False`.

---

**Note:** `ConversationHandler` will only accept updates that are (subclass-)instances of `telegram.Update`. This is, because depending on the `per_user` and `per_chat`, `ConversationHandler` relies on `telegram.Update.effective_user` and/or `telegram.Update.effective_chat` in order to determine which conversation an update should belong to. For `per_message=True`, `ConversationHandler` uses `update.callback_query.message.message_id` when `per_chat=True` and `update.callback_query.inline_message_id` when `per_chat=False`. For a more detailed explanation, please see our [FAQ](#).

Finally, `ConversationHandler`, does *not* handle (edited) channel posts.

---

The first collection, a `list` named `entry_points`, is used to initiate the conversation, for example with a `telegram.ext.CommandHandler` or `telegram.ext.MessageHandler`.

The second collection, a `dict` named `states`, contains the different conversation steps and one or more associated handlers that should be used if the user sends a message when the conversation with them is currently in that state. Here you can also define a state for `TIMEOUT` to define the behavior when `conversation_timeout` is exceeded, and a state for `WAITING` to define behavior when a new update is received while the previous `block=False` handler is not finished.

The third collection, a `list` named `fallbacks`, is used if the user is currently in a conversation but the state has either no associated handler or the handler that is associated to the state is inappropriate for the update, for example if the update contains a command, but a regular text message is expected. You could use this for a `/cancel` command or to let the user know their message was not recognized.

To change the state of conversation, the callback function of a handler must return the new state after responding to the user. If it does not return anything (returning `None` by default), the state will not change. If an entry point callback function returns `None`, the conversation ends immediately after the execution of this callback function. To end the conversation, the callback function must return `END` or `-1`. To handle the conversation timeout, use handler `TIMEOUT` or `-2`. Finally, `telegram.ext.ApplicationHandlerStop` can be used in conversations as described in its documentation.

---

**Note:** In each of the described collections of handlers, a handler may in turn be a `ConversationHandler`. In that case, the child `ConversationHandler` should have the attribute `map_to_parent` which allows returning to the parent conversation at specified states within the child conversation.

Note that the keys in `map_to_parent` must not appear as keys in `states` attribute or else the latter will be ignored. You may map `END` to one of the parents states to continue the parent conversation after the child conversation has ended or even map a state to `END` to end the *parent* conversation from within the child conversation. For an example on nested `ConversationHandler`s, see our [examples](#).

---

### Parameters

- `entry_points` (`List[telegram.ext.Handler]`) – A list of `Handler` objects that can trigger the start of the conversation. The first handler whose `check_update()` method returns `True` will be used. If all return `False`, the update is not handled.
- `states` (`Dict[object, List[telegram.ext.Handler]]`) – A `dict` that defines the different states of conversation a user can be in and one or more associated `Handler` objects that should be used in that state. The first handler whose `check_update()` method returns `True` will be used.
- `fallbacks` (`List[telegram.ext.Handler]`) – A list of handlers that might be used if the user is in a conversation, but every handler for their current state returned `False` on `check_update()`. The first handler which `check_update()` method returns `True` will be used. If all return `False`, the update is not handled.
- `allow_reentry` (`bool`, optional) – If set to `True`, a user that is currently in a conversation can restart the conversation by triggering one of the entry points.
- `per_chat` (`bool`, optional) – If the conversation key should contain the Chat's ID. Default is `True`.
- `per_user` (`bool`, optional) – If the conversation key should contain the User's ID. Default is `True`.
- `per_message` (`bool`, optional) – If the conversation key should contain the Message's ID. Default is `False`.
- `conversation_timeout` (`float | datetime.timedelta`, optional) – When this handler is inactive more than this timeout (in seconds), it will be automatically ended. If this value is `0` or `None` (default), there will be no timeout. The last received update and the corresponding `context` will be handled by *ALL* the handler's whose `check_update()` method returns `True` that are in the state `ConversationHandler.TIMEOUT`.

---

**Note:** Using `conversation_timeout` with nested conversations is currently not supported. You can still try to use it, but it will likely behave differently from what you expect.

---

- **name** (`str`, optional) – The name for this conversation handler. Required for persistence.
- **persistent** (`bool`, optional) – If the conversation’s dict for this handler should be saved. **name** is required and persistence has to be set in `Application`.

Changed in version 20.0: Was previously named as `persistence`.

- **map\_to\_parent** (`Dict[object, object]`, optional) – A `dict` that can be used to instruct a child conversation handler to transition into a mapped state on its parent conversation handler in place of a specified nested state.
- **block** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `False` or `True` to set a default value for the `Handler.block` setting of all handlers (in `entry_points`, `states` and `fallbacks`). The resolution order for checking if a handler should be run non-blocking is:

1. `telegram.ext.Handler.block` (if set)
2. the value passed to this parameter (if any)
3. `telegram.ext.Defaults.block` (if defaults are used)

Changed in version 20.0: No longer overrides the handlers settings. Resolution order was changed.

**Raises** `ValueError` – If `persistent` is used but `name` was not set, or when `per_message`, `per_chat`, `per_user` are all `False`.

### **block**

Determines whether the callback will run in a blocking way.. Always `True` since conversation handlers handle any non-blocking callbacks internally.

Type `bool`

**END** = -1

Used as a constant to return when a conversation is ended.

Type `int`

**TIMEOUT** = -2

Used as a constant to handle state when a conversation is timed out (exceeded `conversation_timeout`).

Type `int`

**WAITING** = -3

Used as a constant to handle state when a conversation is still waiting on the previous `block=False` handler to finish.

Type `int`

### **property allow\_reentry**

Determines if a user can restart a conversation with an entry point.

Type `bool`

### **check\_update(update)**

Determines whether an update should be handled by this conversation handler, and if so in which state the conversation currently is.

**Parameters** `update` (`telegram.Update` | `object`) – Incoming update.

**Returns** `bool`

**property conversation\_timeout**

Optional. When this handler is inactive more than this timeout (in seconds), it will be automatically ended.

Type `float | datetime.timedelta`

**property entry\_points**

A list of [Handler](#) objects that can trigger the start of the conversation.

Type `List[telegram.ext.Handler]`

**property fallbacks**

A list of handlers that might be used if the user is in a conversation, but every handler for their current state returned `False` on [check\\_update\(\)](#).

Type `List[telegram.ext.Handler]`

**async handle\_update(update, application, check\_result, context)**

Send the update to the callback for the current state and Handler

**Parameters**

- **check\_result** – The result from [check\\_update\(\)](#). For this handler it's a tuple of the conversation state, key, handler, and the handler's check result.
- **update** ([telegram.Update](#)) – Incoming telegram update.
- **application** ([telegram.ext.Application](#)) – Application that originated the update.
- **context** ([telegram.ext.CallbackContext](#)) – The context as provided by the application.

**property map\_to\_parent**

Optional. A `dict` that can be used to instruct a nested [ConversationHandler](#) to transition into a mapped state on its parent [ConversationHandler](#) in place of a specified nested state.

Type `Dict[object, object]`

**property name**

Optional. The name for this [ConversationHandler](#).

Type `str`

**property per\_chat**

If the conversation key should contain the Chat's ID.

Type `bool`

**property per\_message**

If the conversation key should contain the message's ID.

Type `bool`

**property per\_user**

If the conversation key should contain the User's ID.

Type `bool`

**property persistent**

Optional. If the conversations dict for this handler should be saved. `name` is required and persistence has to be set in [Application](#).

Type `bool`

### property states

A `dict` that defines the different states of conversation a user can be in and one or more associated `Handler` objects that should be used in that state.

Type `Dict[object, List[telegram.ext.Handler]]`

### `telegram.ext.InlineQueryHandler`

**class** `telegram.ext.InlineQueryHandler`(*callback*, *pattern=None*, *block=True*, *chat\_types=None*)

Bases: `telegram.ext.Handler`

Handler class to handle Telegram updates that contain a `telegram.Update.inline_query`. Optionally based on a regex. Read the documentation of the `re` module for more information.

#### Warning:

- When setting `block` to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`. See its docs for more info.
- `telegram.InlineQuery.chat_type` will not be set for inline queries from secret chats and may not be set for inline queries coming from third-party clients. These updates won't be handled, if `chat_types` is passed.

### Parameters

- **`callback`** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when `check_update()` has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler`.

- **`pattern`** (`str` | `re.Pattern`, optional) – Regex pattern. If not `None`, `re.match()` is used on `telegram.InlineQuery.query` to determine if an update should be handled by this handler.
- **`block`** (`bool`, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`. Defaults to `True`.
- **`chat_types`** (`List[str]`, optional) – List of allowed chat types. If passed, will only handle inline queries with the appropriate `telegram.InlineQuery.chat_type`.

New in version 13.5.

### callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type `coroutine function`

### pattern

Optional. Regex pattern to test `telegram.InlineQuery.query` against.

Type `str` | `re.Pattern`

### chat\_types

Optional. List of allowed chat types.

New in version 13.5.

Type `List[str]`

**block**

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`.

Type `bool`

**check\_update(update)**

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's `callback`.

Parameters **update** (`telegram.Update` | `object`) – Incoming update.

Returns `bool` | `re.match`

**collect\_additional\_context(context, update, application, check\_result)**

Add the result of `re.match(pattern, update.inline_query.query)` to `CallbackContext.matches` as list with one element.

**telegram.ext.MessageHandler**

**class** `telegram.ext.MessageHandler(filters, callback, block=True)`

Bases: `telegram.ext.Handler`

Handler class to handle Telegram messages. They might contain text, media or status updates.

**Warning:** When setting `block` to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`. See its docs for more info.

**Parameters**

- **filters** (`telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter`) – A filter inheriting from `telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter`. Standard filters can be found in `telegram.ext.filters`. Filters can be combined using bitwise operators (& for and, | for or, ~ for not). This defaults to all message updates being: `telegram.Update.message`, `telegram.Update.edited_message`, `telegram.Update.channel_post` and `telegram.Update.edited_channel_post`. If you don't want or need any of those pass `~filters.UpdateType.*` in the filter argument.
- **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when `check_update()` has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler`.

- **block** (`bool`, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`. Defaults to `True`.

**filters**

Only allow updates with these Filters. See `telegram.ext.filters` for a full list of all available filters.

Type `telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter`

**callback**

The callback function for this handler.

Type `coroutine function`

**block**

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`.

Type `bool`

**check\_update(update)**

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's `callback`.

Parameters **update** (`telegram.Update` | `object`) – Incoming update.

Returns `bool`

**collect\_additional\_context(context, update, application, check\_result)**

Adds possible output of data filters to the `CallbackContext`.

**telegram.ext.filters Module**

This module contains filters for use with `telegram.ext.MessageHandler`, `telegram.ext.CommandHandler`, or `telegram.ext.PrefixHandler`.

Changed in version 20.0:

1. Filters are no longer callable, if you're using a custom filter and are calling an existing filter, then switch to the new syntax: `filters.{filter}.check_update(update)`.
2. Removed the `Filters` class. The filters are now directly attributes/classes of the `filters` module.
3. The names of all filters has been updated:
  - Filter classes which are ready for use, e.g `Filters.all` are now capitalized, e.g `filters.ALL`.
  - Filters which need to be initialized are now in CamelCase. E.g. `filters.User(...)`.
  - Filters which do both (like `Filters.text`) are now split as ready-to-use version `filters.TEXT` and class version `filters.Text(...)`.

`telegram.ext.filters.ALL = filters.ALL`

All Messages.

`telegram.ext.filters.ANIMATION = filters.ANIMATION`

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.animation`.

`telegram.ext.filters.ATTACHMENT = filters.ATTACHMENT`

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.effective_attachment()`.

New in version 13.6.

`telegram.ext.filters.AUDIO = filters.AUDIO`

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.audio`.

**class** `telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter(name=None, data_filter=False)`

Bases: `object`

Base class for all Filters.

Filters subclassing from this class can combined using bitwise operators:

And:

`filters.TEXT & filters.Entity(MENTION)`

Or:

`filters.AUDIO | filters.VIDEO`

Exclusive Or:

```
filters.Regex('To Be') ^ filters.Regex('Not 2B')
```

Not:

```
~ filters.COMMAND
```

Also works with more than two filters:

```
filters.TEXT & (filters.Entity(URL) | filters.Entity(TEXT_LINK))  
filters.TEXT & (~ filters.FORWARDED)
```

---

**Note:** Filters use the same short circuiting logic as python's `and`, `or` and `not`. This means that for example:

```
filters.Regex(r'(a?x)') | filters.Regex(r'(b?x)')
```

With `message.text == 'x'`, will only ever return the matches for the first filter, since the second one is never evaluated.

---

If you want to create your own filters create a class inheriting from either `MessageFilter` or `UpdateFilter` and implement a `filter()` method that returns a boolean: `True` if the message should be handled, `False` otherwise. Note that the filters work only as class instances, not actual class objects (so remember to initialize your filter classes).

By default, the filters name (what will get printed when converted to a string for display) will be the class name. If you want to overwrite this assign a better name to the `name` class variable.

New in version 20.0: Added the arguments `name` and `data_filter`.

#### Parameters

- **name** (`str`) – Name for this filter. Defaults to the type of filter.
- **data\_filter** (`bool`) – Whether this filter is a data filter. A data filter should return a dict with lists. The dict will be merged with `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`'s internal dict in most cases (depends on the handler).

#### **name**

Name for this filter.

Type `str`

#### **data\_filter**

Whether this filter is a data filter.

Type `bool`

#### **check\_update**(*update*)

Checks if the specified update is a message.

```
telegram.ext.filters.CAPTION = filters.CAPTION
```

Shortcut for `telegram.ext.filters.Caption()`.

---

#### Examples

To allow any caption, simply use `MessageHandler(filters.CAPTION, callback_method)`.

---

```
telegram.ext.filters.CHAT = filters.CHAT
```

This filter filters *any* message that has a `telegram.Message.chat`.

`telegram.ext.filters.COMMAND = filters.COMMAND`

Shortcut for `telegram.ext.filters.Command()`.

---

#### Examples

To allow messages starting with a command use `MessageHandler(filters.COMMAND, command_at_start_callback)`.

---

`telegram.ext.filters.CONTACT = filters.CONTACT`

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.contact`.

**class** `telegram.ext.filters.Caption(strings=None)`

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

Messages with a caption. If a list of strings is passed, it filters messages to only allow those whose caption is appearing in the given list.

---

#### Examples

`MessageHandler(filters.Caption(['PTB rocks!', 'PTB'], callback_method_2)`

---

#### See also:

`telegram.ext.filters.CAPTION`

**Parameters** *strings* (List[str] | Tuple[str], optional) – Which captions to allow. Only exact matches are allowed. If not specified, will allow any message with a caption.

**class** `telegram.ext.filters.CaptionEntity(entity_type)`

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

Filters media messages to only allow those which have a `telegram.MessageEntity` where their *type* matches *entity\_type*.

---

#### Examples

`MessageHandler(filters.CaptionEntity("hashtag"), callback_method)`

---

**Parameters** *entity\_type* (str) – Caption Entity type to check for. All types can be found as constants in `telegram.MessageEntity`.

**class** `telegram.ext.filters.CaptionRegex(pattern)`

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

Filters updates by searching for an occurrence of *pattern* in the message caption.

This filter works similarly to *Regex*, with the only exception being that it applies to the message caption instead of the text.

---

#### Examples

Use `MessageHandler(filters.PHOTO & filters.CaptionRegex(r'help'), callback)` to capture all photos with caption containing the word 'help'.

---

**Note:** This filter will not work on simple text messages, but only on media with caption.

---

Parameters **pattern** (`str` | `re.Pattern`) – The regex pattern.

**class** telegram.ext.filters.**Chat**(*chat\_id=None, username=None, allow\_empty=False*)

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

Filters messages to allow only those which are from a specified chat ID or username.

---

### Examples

```
MessageHandler(filters.Chat(-1234), callback_method)
```

---

**Warning:** `chat_ids` will give a *copy* of the saved chat ids as `frozenset`. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a chat, you should use `add_chat_ids()`, and `remove_chat_ids()`. Only update the entire set by `filter.chat_ids = new_set`, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will completely replace the current set of allowed chats.

### Parameters

- **chat\_id** (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`, optional) – Which chat ID(s) to allow through.
- **username** (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`, optional) – Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.
- **allow\_empty** (`bool`, optional) – Whether updates should be processed, if no chat is specified in `chat_ids` and `usernames`. Defaults to `False`.

### chat\_ids

Which chat ID(s) to allow through.

Type `set(int)`

### allow\_empty

Whether updates should be processed, if no chat is specified in `chat_ids` and `usernames`.

Type `bool`

**Raises** `RuntimeError` – If `chat_id` and `username` are both present.

### add\_chat\_ids(chat\_id)

Add one or more chats to the allowed chat ids.

Parameters **chat\_id** (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which chat ID(s) to allow through.

### remove\_chat\_ids(chat\_id)

Remove one or more chats from allowed chat ids.

Parameters **chat\_id** (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which chat ID(s) to disallow through.

### add\_usernames(username)

Add one or more chats to the allowed usernames.

Parameters **username** (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`) – Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

### remove\_usernames(username)

Remove one or more chats from allowed usernames.

Parameters **username** (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`) – Which username(s) to disallow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

**property usernames**

Which username(s) to allow through.

**Warning:** `usernames` will give a *copy* of the saved usernames as `frozenset`. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a user, you should use `add_usernames()`, and `remove_usernames()`. Only update the entire set by `filter.usernames = new_set`, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will completely replace the current set of allowed users.

**Returns** `frozenset(str)`

**class telegram.ext.filters.ChatType**

Bases: `object`

Subset for filtering the type of chat.

---

**Examples**

Use these filters like: `filters.ChatType.CHANNEL` or `filters.ChatType.SUPERGROUP` etc.

---

**Caution:** `filters.ChatType` itself is *not* a filter, but just a convenience namespace.

**CHANNEL** = `filters.ChatType.CHANNEL`

Updates from channel.

**GROUP** = `filters.ChatType.GROUP`

Updates from group.

**GROUPS** = `filters.ChatType.GROUPS`

Update from group *or* supergroup.

**PRIVATE** = `filters.ChatType.PRIVATE`

Update from private chats.

**SUPERGROUP** = `filters.ChatType.SUPERGROUP`

Updates from supergroup.

**class telegram.ext.filters.Command(only\_start=True)**

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

Messages with a `telegram.MessageEntity.BOT_COMMAND`. By default, only allows messages *starting* with a bot command. Pass `False` to also allow messages that contain a bot command *anywhere* in the text.

---

**Examples**

`MessageHandler(filters.Command(False), command_anywhere_callback)`

---

**See also:**

`telegram.ext.filters.COMMAND`.

---

**Note:** `telegram.ext.filters.TEXT` also accepts messages containing a command.

---

**Parameters** `only_start` (`bool`, optional) – Whether to only allow messages that *start* with a bot command. Defaults to `True`.

```
class telegram.ext.filters.Dice(values=None, emoji=None)
```

Bases: [telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter](#)

Dice Messages. If an integer or a list of integers is passed, it filters messages to only allow those whose dice value is appearing in the given list.

New in version 13.4.

---

### Examples

To allow any dice message, simply use `MessageHandler(filters.Dice.ALL, callback_method)`.

To allow any dice message, but with value 3 or 4, use `MessageHandler(filters.Dice([3, 4]), callback_method)`

To allow only dice messages with the emoji , but any value, use `MessageHandler(filters.Dice.DICE, callback_method)`.

To allow only dice messages with the emoji and with value 6, use `MessageHandler(filters.Dice.Darts(6), callback_method)`.

To allow only dice messages with the emoji and with value 5 or 6, use `MessageHandler(filters.Dice.Football([5, 6]), callback_method)`.

---

---

**Note:** Dice messages don't have text. If you want to filter either text or dice messages, use `filters.TEXT` | `filters.Dice.ALL`.

---

**Parameters** *values* (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`, optional) – Which values to allow. If not specified, will allow the specified dice message.

**ALL = filters.Dice.ALL**

Dice messages with any value and any emoji.

**class Basketball(values)**

Bases: [telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter](#)

Dice messages with the emoji . Supports passing a list of integers.

**Parameters** *values* (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which values to allow.

**BASKETBALL = filters.Dice.BASKETBALL**

Dice messages with the emoji . Matches any dice value.

**class Bowling(values)**

Bases: [telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter](#)

Dice messages with the emoji . Supports passing a list of integers.

**Parameters** *values* (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which values to allow.

**BOWLING = filters.Dice.BOWLING**

Dice messages with the emoji . Matches any dice value.

**class Darts(values)**

Bases: [telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter](#)

Dice messages with the emoji . Supports passing a list of integers.

**Parameters** *values* (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which values to allow.

**DARTS = filters.Dice.DARTS**

Dice messages with the emoji . Matches any dice value.

**class** `Dice(values)`

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

Dice messages with the emoji . Supports passing a list of integers.

**Parameters** `values` (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which values to allow.

**DICE** = `filters.Dice.DICE`

Dice messages with the emoji . Matches any dice value.

**class** `Football(values)`

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

Dice messages with the emoji . Supports passing a list of integers.

**Parameters** `values` (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which values to allow.

**FOOTBALL** = `filters.Dice.FOOTBALL`

Dice messages with the emoji . Matches any dice value.

**class** `SlotMachine(values)`

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

Dice messages with the emoji . Supports passing a list of integers.

**Parameters** `values` (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which values to allow.

**SLOT\_MACHINE** = `filters.Dice.SLOT_MACHINE`

Dice messages with the emoji . Matches any dice value.

**class** `telegram.ext.filters.Document`

Bases: `object`

Subset for messages containing a document/file.

---

### Examples

Use these filters like: `filters.Document.MP3`, `filters.Document.MimeType("text/plain")` etc. Or just use `filters.Document.ALL` for all document messages.

---

|                                                                                                                |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Caution:</b> <code>filters.Document</code> itself is <i>not</i> a filter, but just a convenience namespace. |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

**ALL** = `filters.Document.ALL`

Messages that contain a `telegram.Message.document`.

**class** `Category(category)`

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

Filters documents by their category in the mime-type attribute.

**Parameters** `category` (`str`) – Category of the media you want to filter.

---

### Example

`filters.Document.Category('audio/')` returns `True` for all types of audio sent as a file, for example `'audio/mpeg'` or `'audio/x-wav'`.

---

---

**Note:** This Filter only filters by the `mime_type` of the document, it doesn't check the validity of the document. The user can manipulate the mime-type of a message and send media with wrong types that don't fit to this handler.

---

```
APPLICATION = filters.Document.Category('application/')
```

Use as `filters.Document.APPLICATION`.

```
AUDIO = filters.Document.Category('audio/')
```

Use as `filters.Document.AUDIO`.

```
IMAGE = filters.Document.Category('image/')
```

Use as `filters.Document.IMAGE`.

```
VIDEO = filters.Document.Category('video/')
```

Use as `filters.Document.VIDEO`.

```
TEXT = filters.Document.Category('text/')
```

Use as `filters.Document.TEXT`.

```
class FileExtension(file_extension, case_sensitive=False)
```

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

This filter filters documents by their file ending/extension.

#### Parameters

- **`file_extension`** (`str` | `None`) – Media file extension you want to filter.
- **`case_sensitive`** (`bool`, optional) – Pass `True` to make the filter case sensitive. Default: `False`.

---

#### Example

- `filters.Document.FileExtension("jpg")` filters files with extension `".jpg"`.
  - `filters.Document.FileExtension(".jpg")` filters files with extension `". .jpg"`.
  - `filters.Document.FileExtension("Dockerfile", case_sensitive=True)` filters files with extension `".Dockerfile"` minding the case.
  - `filters.Document.FileExtension(None)` filters files without a dot in the filename.
- 

---

#### Note:

- This Filter only filters by the file ending/extension of the document, it doesn't check the validity of document.
  - The user can manipulate the file extension of a document and send media with wrong types that don't fit to this handler.
  - Case insensitive by default, you may change this with the flag `case_sensitive=True`.
  - Extension should be passed without leading dot unless it's a part of the extension.
  - Pass `None` to filter files with no extension, i.e. without a dot in the filename.
- 

```
class MimeType(mimetype)
```

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

This Filter filters documents by their mime-type attribute.

**Parameters** **`mimetype`** (`str`) – The mimetype to filter.

---

#### Example

`filters.Document.MimeType('audio/mpeg')` filters all audio in `.mp3` format.

---

---

**Note:** This Filter only filters by the `mime_type` of the document, it doesn't check the validity of document. The user can manipulate the mime-type of a message and send media with wrong types that don't fit to this handler.

---

**APK** = `filters.Document.MimeType('application/vnd.android.package-archive')`

Use as `filters.Document.APK`.

**DOC** = `filters.Document.MimeType('application/msword')`

Use as `filters.Document.DOC`.

**DOCX** = `filters.Document.MimeType('application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument.wordprocessingml.document')`

Use as `filters.Document.DOCX`.

**EXE** = `filters.Document.MimeType('application/octet-stream')`

Use as `filters.Document.EXE`.

**MP4** = `filters.Document.MimeType('video/mp4')`

Use as `filters.Document.MP4`.

**GIF** = `filters.Document.MimeType('image/gif')`

Use as `filters.Document.GIF`.

**JPG** = `filters.Document.MimeType('image/jpeg')`

Use as `filters.Document.JPG`.

**MP3** = `filters.Document.MimeType('audio/mpeg')`

Use as `filters.Document.MP3`.

**PDF** = `filters.Document.MimeType('application/pdf')`

Use as `filters.Document.PDF`.

**PY** = `filters.Document.MimeType('text/x-python')`

Use as `filters.Document.PY`.

**SVG** = `filters.Document.MimeType('image/svg+xml')`

Use as `filters.Document.SVG`.

**TXT** = `filters.Document.MimeType('text/plain')`

Use as `filters.Document.TXT`.

**TARGZ** = `filters.Document.MimeType('application/x-compressed-tar')`

Use as `filters.Document.TARGZ`.

**WAV** = `filters.Document.MimeType('audio/x-wav')`

Use as `filters.Document.WAV`.

**XML** = `filters.Document.MimeType('text/xml')`

Use as `filters.Document.XML`.

**ZIP** = `filters.Document.MimeType('application/zip')`

Use as `filters.Document.ZIP`.

**class** `telegram.ext.filters.Entity(entity_type)`

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

Filters messages to only allow those which have a `telegram.MessageEntity` where their `type` matches `entity_type`.

---

## Examples

```
MessageHandler(filters.Entity("hashtag"), callback_method)
```

---

**Parameters** *entity\_type* (*str*) – Entity type to check for. All types can be found as constants in *telegram.MessageEntity*.

```
telegram.ext.filters.FORWARDED = filters.FORWARDED
```

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.forward\_date*.

```
class telegram.ext.filters.ForwardedFrom(chat_id=None, username=None, allow_empty=False)
```

Bases: *telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter*

Filters messages to allow only those which are forwarded from the specified chat ID(s) or username(s) based on *telegram.Message.forward\_from* and *telegram.Message.forward\_from\_chat*.

New in version 13.5.

---

### Examples

```
MessageHandler(filters.ForwardedFrom(chat_id=1234), callback_method)
```

---

**Note:** When a user has disallowed adding a link to their account while forwarding their messages, this filter will *not* work since both *telegram.Message.forward\_from* and *telegram.Message.forward\_from\_chat* are *None*. However, this behaviour is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

**Warning:** *chat\_ids* will give a *copy* of the saved chat ids as *frozenset*. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a chat, you should use *add\_chat\_ids()*, and *remove\_chat\_ids()*. Only update the entire set by *filter.chat\_ids = new\_set*, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will completely replace the current set of allowed chats.

### Parameters

- *chat\_id* (*int* | *Tuple[int]* | *List[int]*, optional) – Which chat/user ID(s) to allow through.
- *username* (*str* | *Tuple[str]* | *List[str]*, optional) – Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.
- *allow\_empty* (*bool*, optional) – Whether updates should be processed, if no chat is specified in *chat\_ids* and *usernames*. Defaults to *False*.

### *chat\_ids*

Which chat/user ID(s) to allow through.

Type *set(int)*

### *allow\_empty*

Whether updates should be processed, if no chat is specified in *chat\_ids* and *usernames*.

Type *bool*

**Raises** *RuntimeError* – If both *chat\_id* and *username* are present.

### *add\_chat\_ids(chat\_id)*

Add one or more chats to the allowed chat ids.

**Parameters** *chat\_id* (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which chat/user ID(s) to allow through.

**remove\_chat\_ids**(*chat\_id*)

Remove one or more chats from allowed chat ids.

**Parameters** *chat\_id* (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which chat/user ID(s) to disallow through.

**add\_usernames**(*username*)

Add one or more chats to the allowed usernames.

**Parameters** *username* (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`) – Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

**remove\_usernames**(*username*)

Remove one or more chats from allowed usernames.

**Parameters** *username* (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`) – Which username(s) to disallow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

**property usernames**

Which username(s) to allow through.

**Warning:** *usernames* will give a *copy* of the saved usernames as `frozenset`. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a user, you should use `add_usernames()`, and `remove_usernames()`. Only update the entire set by `filter.usernames = new_set`, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will completely replace the current set of allowed users.

**Returns** `frozenset(str)`

`telegram.ext.filters.GAME = filters.GAME`

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.game`.

`telegram.ext.filters.HAS_PROTECTED_CONTENT = filters.HAS_PROTECTED_CONTENT`

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.has_protected_content`.

New in version 13.9.

`telegram.ext.filters.INVOICE = filters.INVOICE`

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.invoice`.

`telegram.ext.filters.IS_AUTOMATIC_FORWARD = filters.IS_AUTOMATIC_FORWARD`

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.is_automatic_forward`.

New in version 13.9.

`telegram.ext.filters.LOCATION = filters.LOCATION`

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.location`.

**class** `telegram.ext.filters.Language`(*lang*)

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

Filters messages to only allow those which are from users with a certain language code.

---

**Note:** According to official Telegram Bot API documentation, not every single user has the *language\_code* attribute. Do not count on this filter working on all users.

---

---

## Examples

```
MessageHandler(filters.Language("en"), callback_method)
```

---

**Parameters** *lang* (*str* | *Tuple*[*str*] | *List*[*str*]) – Which language code(s) to allow through. This will be matched using *str.startswith* meaning that ‘en’ will match both ‘en\_US’ and ‘en\_GB’.

```
class telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter(name=None, data_filter=False)
```

Bases: *telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter*

Base class for all Message Filters. In contrast to *UpdateFilter*, the object passed to *filter()* is *telegram.Update.effective\_message*.

Please see *BaseFilter* for details on how to create custom filters.

**name**

Name for this filter. Defaults to the type of filter.

**Type** *str*

**data\_filter**

Whether this filter is a data filter. A data filter should return a dict with lists. The dict will be merged with *telegram.ext.CallbackContext*’s internal dict in most cases (depends on the handler).

**Type** *bool*

**check\_update**(*update*)

Checks if the specified update is a message.

**abstract filter**(*message*)

This method must be overwritten.

**Parameters** *message* (*telegram.Message*) – The message that is tested.

**Returns** *dict* or *bool*

```
telegram.ext.filters.PASSPORT_DATA = filters.PASSPORT_DATA
```

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.passport\_data*.

```
telegram.ext.filters.PHOTO = filters.PHOTO
```

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.photo*.

```
telegram.ext.filters.POLL = filters.POLL
```

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.poll*.

```
telegram.ext.filters.REPLY = filters.REPLY
```

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.reply\_to\_message*.

```
class telegram.ext.filters.Regex(pattern)
```

Bases: *telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter*

Filters updates by searching for an occurrence of *pattern* in the message text. The *re.search()* function is used to determine whether an update should be filtered.

Refer to the documentation of the *re* module for more information.

To get the groups and groupdict matched, see *telegram.ext.CallbackContext.matches*.

---

### Examples

Use *MessageHandler(filters.Regex(r'help'), callback)* to capture all messages that contain the word ‘help’. You can also use *MessageHandler(filters.Regex(re.compile(r'help', re.IGNORECASE)), callback)* if you want your pattern to be case insensitive. This approach is recommended if you need to specify flags on your pattern.

---

**Note:** Filters use the same short circuiting logic as python's `and`, `or` and `not`. This means that for example:

```
>>> filters.Regex(r'(a?x)') | filters.Regex(r'(b?x)')
```

With a `telegram.Message.text` of `x`, will only ever return the matches for the first filter, since the second one is never evaluated.

**Parameters** `pattern` (`str` | `re.Pattern`) – The regex pattern.

**class** telegram.ext.filters.Sticker

Bases: `object`

Filters messages which contain a sticker.

---

### Examples

Use this filter like: `filters.Sticker.VIDEO`. Or, just use `filters.Sticker.ALL` for any type of sticker.

---

**Caution:** `filters.Sticker` itself is *not* a filter, but just a convenience namespace.

**ALL = filters.Sticker.ALL**

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.sticker`.

**ANIMATED = filters.Sticker.ANIMATED**

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.sticker` and *is animated*.

New in version 20.0.

**STATIC = filters.Sticker.STATIC**

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.sticker` and is a static sticker, i.e. does not contain `telegram.Sticker.is_animated` or `telegram.Sticker.is_video`.

New in version 20.0.

**VIDEO = filters.Sticker.VIDEO**

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.sticker` and is a *video sticker*.

New in version 20.0.

telegram.ext.filters.SUCCESSFUL\_PAYMENT = filters.SUCCESSFUL\_PAYMENT

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.successful_payment`.

**class** telegram.ext.filters.SenderChat(*chat\_id=None, username=None, allow\_empty=False*)

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

Filters messages to allow only those which are from a specified sender chat's chat ID or username.

---

### Examples

- To filter for messages sent to a group by a channel with ID -1234, use `MessageHandler(filters.SenderChat(-1234), callback_method)`.
- To filter for messages of anonymous admins in a super group with username @anonymous, use `MessageHandler(filters.SenderChat(username='anonymous'), callback_method)`.
- To filter for messages sent to a group by *any* channel, use `MessageHandler(filters.SenderChat.CHANNEL, callback_method)`.

- To filter for messages of anonymous admins in *any* super group, use `MessageHandler(filters.SenderChat.SUPERGROUP, callback_method)`.
- To filter for messages forwarded to a discussion group from *any* channel or of anonymous admins in *any* super group, use `MessageHandler(filters.SenderChat.ALL, callback)`

---

**Note:** Remember, `sender_chat` is also set for messages in a channel as the channel itself, so when your bot is an admin in a channel and the linked discussion group, you would receive the message twice (once from inside the channel, once inside the discussion group). Since v13.9, the field `telegram.Message.is_automatic_forward` will be `True` for the discussion group message.

---

See also:

`telegram.ext.filters.IS_AUTOMATIC_FORWARD`

**Warning:** `chat_ids` will return a *copy* of the saved chat ids as `frozenset`. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a chat, you should use `add_chat_ids()`, and `remove_chat_ids()`. Only update the entire set by `filter.chat_ids = new_set`, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will completely replace the current set of allowed chats.

### Parameters

- `chat_id` (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`, optional) – Which sender chat chat ID(s) to allow through.
- `username` (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`, optional) – Which sender chat username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.
- `allow_empty` (`bool`, optional) – Whether updates should be processed, if no sender chat is specified in `chat_ids` and `usernames`. Defaults to `False`.

### `chat_ids`

Which sender chat chat ID(s) to allow through.

Type `set(int)`

### `allow_empty`

Whether updates should be processed, if no sender chat is specified in `chat_ids` and `usernames`.

Type `bool`

**Raises** `RuntimeError` – If both `chat_id` and `username` are present.

`ALL = filters.SenderChat.ALL`

All messages with a `telegram.Message.sender_chat`.

`SUPER_GROUP = filters.SenderChat.SUPER_GROUP`

Messages whose sender chat is a super group.

`CHANNEL = filters.SenderChat.CHANNEL`

Messages whose sender chat is a channel.

`add_chat_ids(chat_id)`

Add one or more sender chats to the allowed chat ids.

**Parameters** `chat_id` (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which sender chat ID(s) to allow through.

**remove\_chat\_ids**(*chat\_id*)

Remove one or more sender chats from allowed chat ids.

**Parameters** *chat\_id* (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which sender chat ID(s) to disallow through.

**add\_usernames**(*username*)

Add one or more chats to the allowed usernames.

**Parameters** *username* (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`) – Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

**remove\_usernames**(*username*)

Remove one or more chats from allowed usernames.

**Parameters** *username* (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`) – Which username(s) to disallow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

**property usernames**

Which username(s) to allow through.

**Warning:** *usernames* will give a *copy* of the saved usernames as `frozenset`. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a user, you should use `add_usernames()`, and `remove_usernames()`. Only update the entire set by `filter.usernames = new_set`, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will completely replace the current set of allowed users.

**Returns** `frozenset(str)`

**class** telegram.ext.filters.**StatusUpdate**

Bases: `object`

Subset for messages containing a status update.

---

### Examples

Use these filters like: `filters.StatusUpdate.NEW_CHAT_MEMBERS` etc. Or use just `filters.StatusUpdate.ALL` for all status update messages.

---

**Caution:** `filters.StatusUpdate` itself is *not* a filter, but just a convenience namespace.

**ALL = filters.StatusUpdate.ALL**

Messages that contain any of the below.

**CHAT\_CREATED = filters.StatusUpdate.CHAT\_CREATED**

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.group_chat_created`, `telegram.Message.supergroup_chat_created` or `telegram.Message.channel_chat_created`.

**CONNECTED\_WEBSITE = filters.StatusUpdate.CONNECTED\_WEBSITE**

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.connected_website`.

**DELETE\_CHAT\_PHOTO = filters.StatusUpdate.DELETE\_CHAT\_PHOTO**

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.delete_chat_photo`.

**LEFT\_CHAT\_MEMBER = filters.StatusUpdate.LEFT\_CHAT\_MEMBER**

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.left_chat_member`.

**MESSAGE\_AUTO\_DELETE\_TIMER\_CHANGED =**

**filters.StatusUpdate.MESSAGE\_AUTO\_DELETE\_TIMER\_CHANGED**

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.message\_auto\_delete\_timer\_changed*

New in version 13.4.

**MIGRATE = filters.StatusUpdate.MIGRATE**

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.migrate\_from\_chat\_id* or *telegram.Message.migrate\_to\_chat\_id*.

**NEW\_CHAT\_MEMBERS = filters.StatusUpdate.NEW\_CHAT\_MEMBERS**

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.new\_chat\_members*.

**NEW\_CHAT\_PHOTO = filters.StatusUpdate.NEW\_CHAT\_PHOTO**

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.new\_chat\_photo*.

**NEW\_CHAT\_TITLE = filters.StatusUpdate.NEW\_CHAT\_TITLE**

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.new\_chat\_title*.

**PINNED\_MESSAGE = filters.StatusUpdate.PINNED\_MESSAGE**

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.pinned\_message*.

**PROXIMITY\_ALERT\_TRIGGERED = filters.StatusUpdate.PROXIMITY\_ALERT\_TRIGGERED**

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.proximity\_alert\_triggered*.

**VIDEO\_CHAT\_ENDED = filters.StatusUpdate.VIDEO\_CHAT\_ENDED**

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.video\_chat\_ended*.

New in version 13.4.

Changed in version 20.0: This filter was formerly named VOICE\_CHAT\_ENDED

**VIDEO\_CHAT\_SCHEDULED = filters.StatusUpdate.VIDEO\_CHAT\_SCHEDULED**

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.video\_chat\_scheduled*.

New in version 13.5.

Changed in version 20.0: This filter was formerly named VOICE\_CHAT\_SCHEDULED

**VIDEO\_CHAT\_STARTED = filters.StatusUpdate.VIDEO\_CHAT\_STARTED**

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.video\_chat\_started*.

New in version 13.4.

Changed in version 20.0: This filter was formerly named VOICE\_CHAT\_STARTED

**VIDEO\_CHAT\_PARTICIPANTS\_INVITED =**

**filters.StatusUpdate.VIDEO\_CHAT\_PARTICIPANTS\_INVITED**

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.video\_chat\_participants\_invited*.

New in version 13.4.

Changed in version 20.0: This filter was formerly named VOICE\_CHAT\_PARTICIPANTS\_INVITED

**WEB\_APP\_DATA = filters.StatusUpdate.WEB\_APP\_DATA**

Messages that contain *telegram.Message.web\_app\_data*.

New in version 20.0.

**telegram.ext.filters.TEXT = filters.TEXT**

Shortcut for *telegram.ext.filters.Text()*.

---

### Examples

To allow any text message, simply use `MessageHandler(filters.TEXT, callback_method)`.

---

**class** telegram.ext.filters.**Text**(strings=None)

Bases: [telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter](#)

Text Messages. If a list of strings is passed, it filters messages to only allow those whose text is appearing in the given list.

---

#### Examples

A simple use case for passing a list is to allow only messages that were sent by a custom [telegram.ReplyKeyboardMarkup](#):

```
buttons = ['Start', 'Settings', 'Back']
markup = ReplyKeyboardMarkup.from_column(buttons)
...
MessageHandler(filters.Text(buttons), callback_method)
```

---

#### See also:

[telegram.ext.filters.TEXT](#)

---

#### Note:

- Dice messages don't have text. If you want to filter either text or dice messages, use `filters.TEXT | filters.Dice.ALL`.
- Messages containing a command are accepted by this filter. Use `filters.TEXT & (~filters.COMMAND)`, if you want to filter only text messages without commands.

---

**Parameters** *strings* (List[str] | Tuple[str], optional) – Which messages to allow. Only exact matches are allowed. If not specified, will allow any text message.

`telegram.ext.filters.USER = filters.USER`

This filter filters *any* message that has a [telegram.Message.from\\_user](#).

**class** telegram.ext.filters.**UpdateFilter**(name=None, data\_filter=False)

Bases: [telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter](#)

Base class for all Update Filters. In contrast to [MessageFilter](#), the object passed to [filter\(\)](#) is an instance of [telegram.Update](#), which allows to create filters like [telegram.ext.filters.UpdateType.EDITED\\_MESSAGE](#).

Please see [telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter](#) for details on how to create custom filters.

#### name

Name for this filter. Defaults to the type of filter.

**Type** str

#### data\_filter

Whether this filter is a data filter. A data filter should return a dict with lists. The dict will be merged with [telegram.ext.CallbackContext](#)'s internal dict in most cases (depends on the handler).

**Type** bool

#### check\_update(update)

Checks if the specified update is a message.

#### abstract filter(update)

This method must be overwritten.

**Parameters** *update* ([telegram.Update](#)) – The update that is tested.

Returns `dict` or `bool`.

**class** telegram.ext.filters.UpdateType

Bases: `object`

Subset for filtering the type of update.

---

### Examples

Use these filters like: `filters.UpdateType.MESSAGE` or `filters.UpdateType.CHANNEL_POSTS` etc.

---

**Caution:** `filters.UpdateType` itself is *not* a filter, but just a convenience namespace.

**CHANNEL\_POST** = `filters.UpdateType.CHANNEL_POST`

Updates with `telegram.Update.channel_post`.

**CHANNEL\_POSTS** = `filters.UpdateType.CHANNEL_POSTS`

Updates with either `telegram.Update.channel_post` or `telegram.Update.edited_channel_post`.

**EDITED** = `filters.UpdateType.EDITED`

Updates with either `telegram.Update.edited_message` or `telegram.Update.edited_channel_post`.

New in version 20.0.

**EDITED\_CHANNEL\_POST** = `filters.UpdateType.EDITED_CHANNEL_POST`

Updates with `telegram.Update.edited_channel_post`.

**EDITED\_MESSAGE** = `filters.UpdateType.EDITED_MESSAGE`

Updates with `telegram.Update.edited_message`.

**MESSAGE** = `filters.UpdateType.MESSAGE`

Updates with `telegram.Update.message`.

**MESSAGES** = `filters.UpdateType.MESSAGES`

Updates with either `telegram.Update.message` or `telegram.Update.edited_message`.

**class** telegram.ext.filters.User(*user\_id=None, username=None, allow\_empty=False*)

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

Filters messages to allow only those which are from specified user ID(s) or username(s).

---

### Examples

`MessageHandler(filters.User(1234), callback_method)`

---

### Parameters

- **user\_id** (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`, optional) – Which user ID(s) to allow through.
- **username** (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`, optional) – Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.
- **allow\_empty** (`bool`, optional) – Whether updates should be processed, if no user is specified in *user\_ids* and *usernames*. Defaults to `False`.

**Raises** `RuntimeError` – If *user\_id* and *username* are both present.

**allow\_empty**

Whether updates should be processed, if no user is specified in `user_ids` and `usernames`.

Type `bool`

**add\_usernames(username)**

Add one or more chats to the allowed usernames.

**Parameters** `username` (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`) – Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

**remove\_usernames(username)**

Remove one or more chats from allowed usernames.

**Parameters** `username` (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`) – Which username(s) to disallow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

**property usernames**

Which username(s) to allow through.

**Warning:** `usernames` will give a *copy* of the saved usernames as `frozenset`. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a user, you should use `add_usernames()`, and `remove_usernames()`. Only update the entire set by `filter.usernames = new_set`, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will complete replace the current set of allowed users.

**Returns** `frozenset(str)`

**property user\_ids**

Which user ID(s) to allow through.

**Warning:** `user_ids` will give a *copy* of the saved user ids as `frozenset`. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a user, you should use `add_user_ids()`, and `remove_user_ids()`. Only update the entire set by `filter.user_ids = new_set`, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will complete replace the current set of allowed users.

**Returns** `frozenset(int)`

**add\_user\_ids(user\_id)**

Add one or more users to the allowed user ids.

**Parameters** `user_id` (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which user ID(s) to allow through.

**remove\_user\_ids(user\_id)**

Remove one or more users from allowed user ids.

**Parameters** `user_id` (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which user ID(s) to disallow through.

`telegram.ext.filters.VENUE = filters.VENUE`

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.venue`.

`telegram.ext.filters.VIA_BOT = filters.VIA_BOT`

This filter filters for message that were sent via *any* bot.

`telegram.ext.filters.VIDEO = filters.VIDEO`

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.video`.

`telegram.ext.filters.VIDEO_NOTE = filters.VIDEO_NOTE`

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.video_note`.

telegram.ext.filters.VOICE = filters.VOICE

Messages that contain `telegram.Message.voice`.

**class** telegram.ext.filters.ViaBot(*bot\_id=None, username=None, allow\_empty=False*)

Bases: `telegram.ext.filters.MessageFilter`

Filters messages to allow only those which are from specified `via_bot` ID(s) or `username(s)`.

---

### Examples

MessageHandler(filters.ViaBot(1234), callback\_method)

---

#### Parameters

- **bot\_id** (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`, optional) – Which bot ID(s) to allow through.
- **username** (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`, optional) – Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.
- **allow\_empty** (`bool`, optional) – Whether updates should be processed, if no user is specified in `bot_ids` and `usernames`. Defaults to `False`.

**Raises** `RuntimeError` – If `bot_id` and `username` are both present.

#### allow\_empty

Whether updates should be processed, if no bot is specified in `bot_ids` and `usernames`.

Type `bool`

#### add\_usernames(username)

Add one or more chats to the allowed usernames.

**Parameters** **username** (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`) – Which username(s) to allow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

#### remove\_usernames(username)

Remove one or more chats from allowed usernames.

**Parameters** **username** (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`) – Which username(s) to disallow through. Leading '@' s in usernames will be discarded.

#### property usernames

Which username(s) to allow through.

**Warning:** `usernames` will give a *copy* of the saved usernames as `frozenset`. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a user, you should use `add_usernames()`, and `remove_usernames()`. Only update the entire set by `filter.usernames = new_set`, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will complete replace the current set of allowed users.

**Returns** `frozenset(str)`

#### property bot\_ids

Which bot ID(s) to allow through.

**Warning:** `bot_ids` will give a *copy* of the saved bot ids as `frozenset`. This is to ensure thread safety. To add/remove a bot, you should use `add_bot_ids()`, and `remove_bot_ids()`. Only update the entire set by `filter.bot_ids = new_set`, if you are entirely sure that it is not causing race conditions, as this will complete replace the current set of allowed bots.

**Returns** `frozenset(int)`

**add\_bot\_ids**(*bot\_id*)

Add one or more bots to the allowed bot ids.

**Parameters** *bot\_id* (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`) – Which bot ID(s) to allow through.

**remove\_bot\_ids**(*bot\_id*)

Remove one or more bots from allowed bot ids.

**Parameters** *bot\_id* (`int` | `Tuple[int]` | `List[int]`, optional) – Which bot ID(s) to disallow through.

## telegram.ext.PollAnswerHandler

**class** `telegram.ext.PollAnswerHandler`(*callback*, *block=True*)

Bases: `telegram.ext.Handler`

Handler class to handle Telegram updates that contain a *poll answer*.

**Warning:** When setting *block* to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`. See its docs for more info.

### Parameters

- **callback** (*coroutine function*) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when `check_update()` has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler`.

- **block** (`bool`, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`. Defaults to `True`.

### callback

The callback function for this handler.

**Type** *coroutine function*

### block

Determines whether the callback will run in a blocking way..

**Type** `bool`

**check\_update**(*update*)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's *callback*.

**Parameters** *update* (`telegram.Update` | `object`) – Incoming update.

**Returns** `bool`

## telegram.ext.PollHandler

**class** telegram.ext.PollHandler(callback, block=True)

Bases: [telegram.ext.Handler](#)

Handler class to handle Telegram updates that contain a [poll](#).

**Warning:** When setting `block` to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to [telegram.ext.CallbackContext](#). See its docs for more info.

### Parameters

- **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when [check\\_update\(\)](#) has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of [telegram.ext.ConversationHandler](#).

- **block** (bool, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in [telegram.ext.Application.process\\_update\(\)](#). Defaults to `True`.

### callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type [coroutine function](#)

### block

Determines whether the callback will run in a blocking way..

Type [bool](#)

### check\_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's [callback](#).

Parameters **update** ([telegram.Update](#) | object) – Incoming update.

Returns [bool](#)

## telegram.ext.PreCheckoutQueryHandler

**class** telegram.ext.PreCheckoutQueryHandler(callback, block=True)

Bases: [telegram.ext.Handler](#)

Handler class to handle Telegram [telegram.Update.pre\\_checkout\\_query](#).

**Warning:** When setting `block` to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to [telegram.ext.CallbackContext](#). See its docs for more info.

### Parameters

- **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when [check\\_update\(\)](#) has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler`.

- **block** (`bool`, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`. Defaults to `True`.

#### callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type `coroutine function`

#### block

Determines whether the callback will run in a blocking way..

Type `bool`

#### check\_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's `callback`.

Parameters **update** (`telegram.Update` | `object`) – Incoming update.

Returns `bool`

### telegram.ext.PrefixHandler

```
class telegram.ext.PrefixHandler(prefix, command, callback, filters=None, block=True)
```

Bases: `telegram.ext.CommandHandler`

Handler class to handle custom prefix commands.

This is an intermediate handler between `MessageHandler` and `CommandHandler`. It supports configurable commands with the same options as `CommandHandler`. It will respond to every combination of `prefix` and `command`. It will add a `list` to the `CallbackContext` named `CallbackContext.args`. It will contain a list of strings, which is the text following the command split on single or consecutive whitespace characters.

---

#### Examples

Single prefix and command:

```
PrefixHandler("!", "test", callback) # will respond to '!test'.
```

Multiple prefixes, single command:

```
PrefixHandler(["!", "#"], "test", callback) # will respond to '!test' and '#test'.
```

Multiple prefixes and commands:

```
PrefixHandler(
    ["!", "#"], ["test", "help"], callback
) # will respond to '!test', '#test', '!help' and '#help'.
```

---

By default, the handler listens to messages as well as edited messages. To change this behavior use `~filters.UpdateType.EDITED_MESSAGE`

---

#### Note:

- `PrefixHandler` does *not* handle (edited) channel posts.

**Warning:** When setting `block` to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`. See its docs for more info.

### Parameters

- **prefix** (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`) – The prefix(es) that will precede `command`.
- **command** (`str` | `Tuple[str]` | `List[str]`) – The command or list of commands this handler should listen for.
- **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when `check_update()` has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler`.

- **filters** (`telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter`, optional) – A filter inheriting from `telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter`. Standard filters can be found in `telegram.ext.filters`. Filters can be combined using bitwise operators (& for `and`, | for `or`, ~ for `not`)
- **block** (`bool`, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`. Defaults to `True`.

### callback

The callback function for this handler.

**Type** `coroutine function`

### filters

Optional. Only allow updates with these Filters.

**Type** `telegram.ext.filters.BaseFilter`

### block

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`.

**Type** `bool`

### check\_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's `callback`.

**Parameters** `update` (`telegram.Update` | `object`) – Incoming update.

**Returns** The list of args for the handler.

**Return type** `list`

### property command

The list of commands this handler should listen for.

**Returns** `List[str]`

### property prefix

The prefixes that will precede `command`.

**Returns** `List[str]`

## telegram.ext.ShippingQueryHandler

**class** telegram.ext.ShippingQueryHandler(callback, block=True)

Bases: [telegram.ext.Handler](#)

Handler class to handle Telegram [telegram.Update.shipping\\_query](#).

**Warning:** When setting [block](#) to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to [telegram.ext.CallbackContext](#). See its docs for more info.

### Parameters

- **callback** (coroutine function) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when [check\\_update\(\)](#) has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of [telegram.ext.ConversationHandler](#).

- **block** (bool, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in [telegram.ext.Application.process\\_update\(\)](#). Defaults to `True`.

### callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type [coroutine function](#)

### block

Determines whether the callback will run in a blocking way..

Type [bool](#)

### check\_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's [callback](#).

Parameters [update](#) ([telegram.Update](#) | object) – Incoming update.

Returns [bool](#)

## telegram.ext.StringCommandHandler

**class** telegram.ext.StringCommandHandler(command, callback, block=True)

Bases: [telegram.ext.Handler](#)

Handler class to handle string commands. Commands are string updates that start with `/`. The handler will add a [list](#) to the [CallbackContext](#) named [CallbackContext.args](#). It will contain a list of strings, which is the text following the command split on single whitespace characters.

---

**Note:** This handler is not used to handle Telegram [telegram.Update](#), but strings manually put in the queue. For example to send messages with the bot using command line or API.

---

**Warning:** When setting [block](#) to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to [telegram.ext.CallbackContext](#). See its docs for more info.

### Parameters

- **command** (`str`) – The command this handler should listen for.
- **callback** (`coroutine function`) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when `check_update()` has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler`.

- **block** (`bool`, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`. Defaults to `True`.

#### **command**

The command this handler should listen for.

Type `str`

#### **callback**

The callback function for this handler.

Type `coroutine function`

#### **block**

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`.

Type `bool`

#### **check\_update(update)**

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's `callback`.

**Parameters** `update` (`object`) – The incoming update.

**Returns** List containing the text command split on whitespace.

**Return type** `List[str]`

#### **collect\_additional\_context(context, update, application, check\_result)**

Add text after the command to `CallbackContext.args` as list, split on single whitespaces.

## telegram.ext.StringRegexHandler

**class** `telegram.ext.StringRegexHandler(pattern, callback, block=True)`

Bases: `telegram.ext.Handler`

Handler class to handle string updates based on a regex which checks the update content.

Read the documentation of the `re` module for more information. The `re.match()` function is used to determine if an update should be handled by this handler.

---

**Note:** This handler is not used to handle Telegram `telegram.Update`, but strings manually put in the queue. For example to send messages with the bot using command line or API.

---

**Warning:** When setting `block` to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`. See its docs for more info.

### Parameters

- **pattern** (`str` | `re.Pattern`) – The regex pattern.
- **callback** (`coroutine function`) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when `check_update()` has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler`.

- **block** (`bool`, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`. Defaults to `True`.

### pattern

The regex pattern.

Type `str` | `re.Pattern`

### callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type `coroutine function`

### block

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`.

Type `bool`

### check\_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's `callback`.

Parameters **update** (`object`) – The incoming update.

Returns `None` | `re.match`

### collect\_additional\_context(context, update, application, check\_result)

Add the result of `re.match(pattern, update)` to `CallbackContext.matches` as list with one element.

## telegram.ext.TypeHandler

**class** `telegram.ext.TypeHandler`(*type*, *callback*, *strict=False*, *block=True*)

Bases: `telegram.ext.Handler`

Handler class to handle updates of custom types.

**Warning:** When setting `block` to `False`, you cannot rely on adding custom attributes to `telegram.ext.CallbackContext`. See its docs for more info.

### Parameters

- **type** (`type`) – The `type` of updates this handler should process, as determined by `isinstance`
- **callback** (`coroutine function`) – The callback function for this handler. Will be called when `check_update()` has determined that an update should be processed by this handler. Callback signature:

```
async def callback(update: Update, context: CallbackContext)
```

The return value of the callback is usually ignored except for the special case of `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler`.

- **strict** (bool, optional) – Use `type` instead of `isinstance`. Default is `False`.
- **block** (bool, optional) – Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`. Defaults to `True`.

#### type

The `type` of updates this handler should process.

Type `type`

#### callback

The callback function for this handler.

Type `coroutine function`

#### strict

Use `type` instead of `isinstance`. Default is `False`.

Type `bool`

#### block

Determines whether the return value of the callback should be awaited before processing the next handler in `telegram.ext.Application.process_update()`.

Type `bool`

#### check\_update(update)

Determines whether an update should be passed to this handler's `callback`.

Parameters **update** (object) – Incoming update.

Returns `bool`

## 10.2.12 Persistence

### telegram.ext.BasePersistence

**class** telegram.ext.**BasePersistence**(store\_data=None, update\_interval=60)

Bases: `typing.Generic`, `abc.ABC`

Interface class for adding persistence to your bot. Subclass this object for different implementations of a persistent bot.

**Attention:** The interface provided by this class is intended to be accessed exclusively by `Application`. Calling any of the methods below manually might interfere with the integration of persistence into `Application`.

All relevant methods must be overwritten. This includes:

- `get_bot_data()`
- `update_bot_data()`
- `refresh_bot_data()`
- `get_chat_data()`

- `update_chat_data()`
- `refresh_chat_data()`
- `drop_chat_data()`
- `get_user_data()`
- `update_user_data()`
- `refresh_user_data()`
- `drop_user_data()`
- `get_callback_data()`
- `update_callback_data()`
- `get_conversations()`
- `update_conversation()`
- `flush()`

If you don't actually need one of those methods, a simple `pass` is enough. For example, if you don't store `bot_data`, you don't need `get_bot_data()`, `update_bot_data()` or `refresh_bot_data()`.

---

**Note:** You should avoid saving `telegram.Bot` instances. This is because if you change e.g. the bots token, this won't propagate to the serialized instances and may lead to exceptions.

To prevent this, the implementation may use `bot` to replace bot instances with a placeholder before serialization and insert `bot` back when loading the data. Since `bot` will be set when the process starts, this will be the up-to-date bot instance.

If the persistence implementation does not take care of this, you should make sure not to store any bot instances in the data that will be persisted. E.g. in case of `telegram.TelegramObject`, one may call `set_bot()` to ensure that shortcuts like `telegram.Message.reply_text()` are available.

---

This class is a `Generic` class and accepts three type variables:

1. The type of the second argument of `update_user_data()`, which must coincide with the type of the second argument of `refresh_user_data()` and the values in the dictionary returned by `get_user_data()`.
2. The type of the second argument of `update_chat_data()`, which must coincide with the type of the second argument of `refresh_chat_data()` and the values in the dictionary returned by `get_chat_data()`.
3. The type of the argument of `update_bot_data()`, which must coincide with the type of the argument of `refresh_bot_data()` and the return value of `get_bot_data()`.

Changed in version 20.0:

- The parameters and attributes `store_*_data` were replaced by `store_data`.
- `insert/replace_bot` was dropped. Serialization of bot instances now needs to be handled by the specific implementation - see above note.

#### Parameters

- **`store_data`** (*PersistenceInput*, optional) – Specifies which kinds of data will be saved by this persistence instance. By default, all available kinds of data will be saved.
- **`update_interval`** (`int` | `float`, optional) – The *Application* will update the persistence in regular intervals. This parameter specifies the time (in seconds) to wait between two consecutive runs of updating the persistence. Defaults to 60 seconds.

New in version 20.0.

**store\_data**

Specifies which kinds of data will be saved by this persistence instance.

Type `PersistenceInput`

**bot**

The bot associated with the persistence.

Type `telegram.Bot`

**abstract async drop\_chat\_data(chat\_id)**

Will be called by the `telegram.ext.Application`, when using `drop_chat_data()`.

New in version 20.0.

**Parameters** `chat_id` (`int`) – The chat id to delete from the persistence.

**abstract async drop\_user\_data(user\_id)**

Will be called by the `telegram.ext.Application`, when using `drop_user_data()`.

New in version 20.0.

**Parameters** `user_id` (`int`) – The user id to delete from the persistence.

**abstract async flush()**

Will be called by `telegram.ext.Application.stop()`. Gives the persistence a chance to finish up saving or close a database connection gracefully.

Changed in version 20.0: Changed this method into an `abstractmethod()`.

**abstract async get\_bot\_data()**

Will be called by `telegram.ext.Application` upon creation with a persistence object. It should return the `bot_data` if stored, or an empty `dict`. In the latter case, the `dict` should produce values corresponding to one of the following:

- `dict`
- The type from `telegram.ext.ContextTypes.bot_data` if `telegram.ext.ContextTypes` are used.

**Returns** The restored bot data.

**Return type** `Dict[int, dict | telegram.ext.ContextTypes.bot_data]`

**abstract async get\_callback\_data()**

Will be called by `telegram.ext.Application` upon creation with a persistence object. If callback data was stored, it should be returned.

New in version 13.6.

Changed in version 20.0: Changed this method into an `abstractmethod()`.

**Returns** The restored metadata or `None`, if no data was stored.

**Return type** `Optional[Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]]]`

**abstract async get\_chat\_data()**

Will be called by `telegram.ext.Application` upon creation with a persistence object. It should return the `chat_data` if stored, or an empty `dict`. In the latter case, the dictionary should produce values corresponding to one of the following:

- `dict`
- The type from `telegram.ext.ContextTypes.chat_data` if `telegram.ext.ContextTypes` is used.

Changed in version 20.0: This method may now return a `dict` instead of a `collections.defaultdict`

**Returns** The restored chat data.

**Return type** Dict[int, dict | `telegram.ext.ContextTypes.chat_data`]

**abstract async get\_conversations(name)**

Will be called by `telegram.ext.Application` when a `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler` is added if `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler.persistent` is `True`. It should return the conversations for the handler with `name` or an empty dict.

**Parameters** `name` (str) – The handlers name.

**Returns** The restored conversations for the handler.

**Return type** dict

**abstract async get\_user\_data()**

Will be called by `telegram.ext.Application` upon creation with a persistence object. It should return the `user_data` if stored, or an empty dict. In the latter case, the dictionary should produce values corresponding to one of the following:

- dict
- The type from `telegram.ext.ContextTypes.user_data` if `telegram.ext.ContextTypes` is used.

Changed in version 20.0: This method may now return a dict instead of a `collections.defaultdict`

**Returns** The restored user data.

**Return type** Dict[int, dict | `telegram.ext.ContextTypes.user_data`]

**abstract async refresh\_bot\_data(bot\_data)**

Will be called by the `telegram.ext.Application` before passing the `bot_data` to a callback. Can be used to update data stored in `bot_data` from an external source.

New in version 13.6.

Changed in version 20.0: Changed this method into an `abstractmethod()`.

**Parameters** `bot_data` (dict | `telegram.ext.ContextTypes.bot_data`) – The bot\_data.

**abstract async refresh\_chat\_data(chat\_id, chat\_data)**

Will be called by the `telegram.ext.Application` before passing the `chat_data` to a callback. Can be used to update data stored in `chat_data` from an external source.

New in version 13.6.

Changed in version 20.0: Changed this method into an `abstractmethod()`.

**Parameters**

- `chat_id` (int) – The chat ID this `chat_data` is associated with.
- `chat_data` (dict | `telegram.ext.ContextTypes.chat_data`) – The chat\_data of a single chat.

**abstract async refresh\_user\_data(user\_id, user\_data)**

Will be called by the `telegram.ext.Application` before passing the `user_data` to a callback. Can be used to update data stored in `user_data` from an external source.

New in version 13.6.

Changed in version 20.0: Changed this method into an `abstractmethod()`.

**Parameters**

- `user_id` (int) – The user ID this `user_data` is associated with.

- **user\_data** (dict | `telegram.ext.ContextTypes.user_data`) – The `user_data` of a single user.

**set\_bot**(*bot*)

Set the Bot to be used by this persistence instance.

**Parameters** *bot* (`telegram.Bot`) – The bot.

**Raises** **TypeError** – If `PersistenceInput.callback_data` is `True` and the *bot* is not an instance of `telegram.ext.ExtBot`.

**abstract async update\_bot\_data**(*data*)

Will be called by the `telegram.ext.Application` after a handler has handled an update.

**Parameters** *data* (dict | `telegram.ext.ContextTypes.bot_data`) – The `telegram.ext.Application.bot_data`.

**abstract async update\_callback\_data**(*data*)

Will be called by the `telegram.ext.Application` after a handler has handled an update.

New in version 13.6.

Changed in version 20.0: Changed this method into an `abstractmethod()`.

**Parameters** *data* (Optional[Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, Any]]], Dict[str, str]]) – The relevant data to restore `telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache`.

**abstract async update\_chat\_data**(*chat\_id, data*)

Will be called by the `telegram.ext.Application` after a handler has handled an update.

**Parameters**

- **chat\_id** (int) – The chat the data might have been changed for.
- **data** (dict | `telegram.ext.ContextTypes.chat_data`) – The `telegram.ext.Application.chat_data` [`chat_id`].

**abstract async update\_conversation**(*name, key, new\_state*)

Will be called when a `telegram.ext.ConversationHandler` changes states. This allows the storage of the new state in the persistence.

**Parameters**

- **name** (str) – The handler's name.
- **key** (tuple) – The key the state is changed for.
- **new\_state** (object) – The new state for the given key.

**property update\_interval**

Time (in seconds) that the `Application` will wait between two consecutive runs of updating the persistence.

New in version 20.0.

**Type** float

**abstract async update\_user\_data**(*user\_id, data*)

Will be called by the `telegram.ext.Application` after a handler has handled an update.

**Parameters**

- **user\_id** (int) – The user the data might have been changed for.
- **data** (dict | `telegram.ext.ContextTypes.user_data`) – The `telegram.ext.Application.user_data` [`user_id`].

### telegram.ext.PersistenceInput

```
class telegram.ext.PersistenceInput(bot_data=True, chat_data=True, user_data=True,
                                   callback_data=True)
```

Bases: `tuple`

Convenience wrapper to group boolean input for [BasePersistence](#).

#### Parameters

- **bot\_data** (`bool`, optional) – Whether the setting should be applied for `bot_data`. Defaults to `True`.
- **chat\_data** (`bool`, optional) – Whether the setting should be applied for `chat_data`. Defaults to `True`.
- **user\_data** (`bool`, optional) – Whether the setting should be applied for `user_data`. Defaults to `True`.
- **callback\_data** (`bool`, optional) – Whether the setting should be applied for `callback_data`. Defaults to `True`.

#### bot\_data

Whether the setting should be applied for `bot_data`.

Type `bool`

#### chat\_data

Whether the setting should be applied for `chat_data`.

Type `bool`

#### user\_data

Whether the setting should be applied for `user_data`.

Type `bool`

#### callback\_data

Whether the setting should be applied for `callback_data`.

Type `bool`

### telegram.ext.PicklePersistence

```
class telegram.ext.PicklePersistence(filepath, store_data=None, single_file=True, on_flush=False,
                                     update_interval=60, context_types=None)
```

Bases: `telegram.ext.BasePersistence`

Using python's builtin `pickle` for making your bot persistent.

**Attention:** The interface provided by this class is intended to be accessed exclusively by [Application](#). Calling any of the methods below manually might interfere with the integration of persistence into [Application](#).

---

**Note:** This implementation of [BasePersistence](#) uses the functionality of the `pickle` module to support serialization of bot instances. Specifically any reference to `bot` will be replaced by a placeholder before pickling and `bot` will be inserted back when loading the data.

---

Changed in version 20.0:

- The parameters and attributes `store_*_data` were replaced by `store_data`.

- The parameter and attribute `filename` were replaced by `filepath`.
- `filepath` now also accepts `pathlib.Path` as argument.

#### Parameters

- **`filepath`** (`str` | `pathlib.Path`) – The filepath for storing the pickle files. When `single_file` is `False` this will be used as a prefix.
- **`store_data`** (`PersistenceInput`, optional) – Specifies which kinds of data will be saved by this persistence instance. By default, all available kinds of data will be saved.
- **`single_file`** (`bool`, optional) – When `False` will store 5 separate files of `filename_user_data`, `filename_bot_data`, `filename_chat_data`, `filename_callback_data` and `filename_conversations`. Default is `True`.
- **`on_flush`** (`bool`, optional) – When `True` will only save to file when `flush()` is called and keep data in memory until that happens. When `False` will store data on any transaction *and* on call to `flush()`. Default is `False`.
- **`context_types`** (`telegram.ext.ContextTypes`, optional) – Pass an instance of `telegram.ext.ContextTypes` to customize the types used in the `context` interface. If not passed, the defaults documented in `telegram.ext.ContextTypes` will be used.  
New in version 13.6.
- **`update_interval`** (`int` | `float`, optional) – The `Application` will update the persistence in regular intervals. This parameter specifies the time (in seconds) to wait between two consecutive runs of updating the persistence. Defaults to 60 seconds.

New in version 20.0.

#### `filepath`

The filepath for storing the pickle files. When `single_file` is `False` this will be used as a prefix.

Type `str` | `pathlib.Path`

#### `store_data`

Specifies which kinds of data will be saved by this persistence instance.

Type `PersistenceInput`

#### `single_file`

Optional. When `False` will store 5 separate files of `filename_user_data`, `filename_bot_data`, `filename_chat_data`, `filename_callback_data` and `filename_conversations`. Default is `True`.

Type `bool`

#### `on_flush`

When `True` will only save to file when `flush()` is called and keep data in memory until that happens. When `False` will store data on any transaction *and* on call to `flush()`. Default is `False`.

Type `bool`, optional

#### `context_types`

Container for the types used in the `context` interface.

New in version 13.6.

Type `telegram.ext.ContextTypes`

#### `async drop_chat_data(chat_id)`

Will delete the specified key from the `chat_data` and depending on `on_flush` save the pickle file.

New in version 20.0.

Parameters **`chat_id`** (`int`) – The chat id to delete from the persistence.

**async drop\_user\_data**(*user\_id*)

Will delete the specified key from the `user_data` and depending on `on_flush` save the pickle file.

New in version 20.0.

**Parameters** *user\_id* (`int`) – The user id to delete from the persistence.

**async flush**()

Will save all data in memory to pickle file(s).

**async get\_bot\_data**()

Returns the `bot_data` from the pickle file if it exists or an empty object of type `dict | telegram.ext.ContextTypes.bot_data`.

**Returns** The restored bot data.

**Return type** `dict | telegram.ext.ContextTypes.bot_data`

**async get\_callback\_data**()

Returns the callback data from the pickle file if it exists or `None`.

New in version 13.6.

**Returns** The restored metadata or `None`, if no data was stored.

**Return type** `Optional[Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]]]`

**async get\_chat\_data**()

Returns the `chat_data` from the pickle file if it exists or an empty `dict`.

**Returns** The restored chat data.

**Return type** `Dict[int, dict]`

**async get\_conversations**(*name*)

Returns the conversations from the pickle file if it exists or an empty `dict`.

**Parameters** *name* (`str`) – The handlers name.

**Returns** The restored conversations for the handler.

**Return type** `dict`

**async get\_user\_data**()

Returns the `user_data` from the pickle file if it exists or an empty `dict`.

**Returns** The restored user data.

**Return type** `Dict[int, dict]`

**async refresh\_bot\_data**(*bot\_data*)

Does nothing.

New in version 13.6.

**See also:**

`telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_bot_data()`

**async refresh\_chat\_data**(*chat\_id*, *chat\_data*)

Does nothing.

New in version 13.6.

**See also:**

`telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_chat_data()`

**async refresh\_user\_data**(*user\_id*, *user\_data*)

Does nothing.

New in version 13.6.

**See also:**

`telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_user_data()`

**async update\_bot\_data**(*data*)

Will update the bot\_data and depending on `on_flush` save the pickle file.

**Parameters** *data* (dict | `telegram.ext.ContextTypes.bot_data`) – The `telegram.ext.Application.bot_data`.

**async update\_callback\_data**(*data*)

Will update the callback\_data (if changed) and depending on `on_flush` save the pickle file.

New in version 13.6.

**Parameters** *data* (Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]]) – The relevant data to restore `telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache`.

**async update\_chat\_data**(*chat\_id*, *data*)

Will update the chat\_data and depending on `on_flush` save the pickle file.

**Parameters**

- *chat\_id* (int) – The chat the data might have been changed for.
- *data* (dict) – The `telegram.ext.Application.chat_data` [chat\_id].

**async update\_conversation**(*name*, *key*, *new\_state*)

Will update the conversations for the given handler and depending on `on_flush` save the pickle file.

**Parameters**

- *name* (str) – The handler's name.
- *key* (tuple) – The key the state is changed for.
- *new\_state* (object) – The new state for the given key.

**async update\_user\_data**(*user\_id*, *data*)

Will update the user\_data and depending on `on_flush` save the pickle file.

**Parameters**

- *user\_id* (int) – The user the data might have been changed for.
- *data* (dict) – The `telegram.ext.Application.user_data` [user\_id].

## telegram.ext.DictPersistence

```
class telegram.ext.DictPersistence(store_data=None, user_data_json="", chat_data_json="",
                                   bot_data_json="", conversations_json="", callback_data_json="",
                                   update_interval=60)
```

Bases: `telegram.ext.BasePersistence`

Using Python's `dict` and `json` for making your bot persistent.

**Attention:** The interface provided by this class is intended to be accessed exclusively by `Application`. Calling any of the methods below manually might interfere with the integration of persistence into `Application`.

**Note:**

- Data managed by `DictPersistence` is in-memory only and will be lost when the bot shuts down. This is, because `DictPersistence` is mainly intended as starting point for custom persistence classes that need to JSON-serialize the stored data before writing them to file/database.
  - This implementation of `BasePersistence` does not handle data that cannot be serialized by `json.dumps()`.
- 

Changed in version 20.0: The parameters and attributes `store_*_data` were replaced by `store_data`.

**Parameters**

- `store_data` (`PersistenceInput`, optional) – Specifies which kinds of data will be saved by this persistence instance. By default, all available kinds of data will be saved.
- `user_data_json` (`str`, optional) – JSON string that will be used to reconstruct `user_data` on creating this persistence. Default is `""`.
- `chat_data_json` (`str`, optional) – JSON string that will be used to reconstruct `chat_data` on creating this persistence. Default is `""`.
- `bot_data_json` (`str`, optional) – JSON string that will be used to reconstruct `bot_data` on creating this persistence. Default is `""`.
- `conversations_json` (`str`, optional) – JSON string that will be used to reconstruct conversation on creating this persistence. Default is `""`.
- `callback_data_json` (`str`, optional) – Json string that will be used to reconstruct `callback_data` on creating this persistence. Default is `""`.

New in version 13.6.

- `update_interval` (`int` | `float`, optional) – The `Application` will update the persistence in regular intervals. This parameter specifies the time (in seconds) to wait between two consecutive runs of updating the persistence. Defaults to 60 seconds.

New in version 20.0.

**store\_data**

Specifies which kinds of data will be saved by this persistence instance.

Type `PersistenceInput`

**property bot\_data**

The `bot_data` as a dict.

Type `dict`

**property bot\_data\_json**

The `bot_data` serialized as a JSON-string.

Type `str`

**property callback\_data**

The metadata on the stored callback data.

New in version 13.6.

Type `Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]]`

**property callback\_data\_json**

The metadata on the stored callback data as a JSON-string.

New in version 13.6.

Type `str`

**property chat\_data**

The chat\_data as a dict.

Type `dict`

**property chat\_data\_json**

The chat\_data serialized as a JSON-string.

Type `str`

**property conversations**

The conversations as a dict.

Type `dict`

**property conversations\_json**

The conversations serialized as a JSON-string.

Type `str`

**async drop\_chat\_data(chat\_id)**

Will delete the specified key from the `chat_data`.

New in version 20.0.

**Parameters** `chat_id` (`int`) – The chat id to delete from the persistence.

**async drop\_user\_data(user\_id)**

Will delete the specified key from the `user_data`.

New in version 20.0.

**Parameters** `user_id` (`int`) – The user id to delete from the persistence.

**async flush()**

Does nothing.

New in version 20.0.

**See also:**

`telegram.ext.BasePersistence.flush()`

**async get\_bot\_data()**

Returns the bot\_data created from the bot\_data\_json or an empty `dict`.

**Returns** The restored bot data.

**Return type** `dict`

**async get\_callback\_data()**

Returns the callback\_data created from the callback\_data\_json or `None`.

New in version 13.6.

**Returns** The restored metadata or `None`, if no data was stored.

**Return type** `Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]]`

**async get\_chat\_data()**

Returns the chat\_data created from the chat\_data\_json or an empty `dict`.

**Returns** The restored chat data.

**Return type** `dict`

**async get\_conversations**(*name*)

Returns the conversations created from the `conversations_json` or an empty `dict`.

**Returns** The restored conversations data.

**Return type** `dict`

**async get\_user\_data**()

Returns the `user_data` created from the `user_data_json` or an empty `dict`.

**Returns** The restored user data.

**Return type** `dict`

**async refresh\_bot\_data**(*bot\_data*)

Does nothing.

New in version 13.6.

**See also:**

`telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_bot_data()`

**async refresh\_chat\_data**(*chat\_id*, *chat\_data*)

Does nothing.

New in version 13.6.

**See also:**

`telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_chat_data()`

**async refresh\_user\_data**(*user\_id*, *user\_data*)

Does nothing.

New in version 13.6.

**See also:**

`telegram.ext.BasePersistence.refresh_user_data()`

**async update\_bot\_data**(*data*)

Will update the `bot_data` (if changed).

**Parameters** *data* (`dict`) – The `telegram.ext.Application.bot_data`.

**async update\_callback\_data**(*data*)

Will update the `callback_data` (if changed).

New in version 13.6.

**Parameters** *data* (`Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]]`) – The relevant data to restore `telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache`.

**async update\_chat\_data**(*chat\_id*, *data*)

Will update the `chat_data` (if changed).

**Parameters**

- *chat\_id* (`int`) – The chat the data might have been changed for.
- *data* (`dict`) – The `telegram.ext.Application.chat_data` [`chat_id`].

**async update\_conversation**(*name*, *key*, *new\_state*)

Will update the conversations for the given handler.

**Parameters**

- *name* (`str`) – The handler's name.
- *key* (`tuple`) – The key the state is changed for.

- **new\_state** (`tuple` | `object`) – The new state for the given key.

**async update\_user\_data**(*user\_id*, *data*)

Will update the `user_data` (if changed).

**Parameters**

- **user\_id** (`int`) – The user the data might have been changed for.
- **data** (`dict`) – The `telegram.ext.Application.user_data` [*user\_id*].

**property user\_data**

The `user_data` as a `dict`.

Type `dict`

**property user\_data\_json**

The `user_data` serialized as a JSON-string.

Type `str`

## 10.2.13 Arbitrary Callback Data

### `telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache`

**class** `telegram.ext.CallbackDataCache`(*bot*, *maxsize*=1024, *persistent\_data*=None)

Bases: `object`

A custom cache for storing the callback data of a `telegram.ext.ExtBot`. Internally, it keeps two mappings with fixed maximum size:

- One for mapping the data received in callback queries to the cached objects
- One for mapping the IDs of received callback queries to the cached objects

The second mapping allows to manually drop data that has been cached for keyboards of messages sent via inline mode. If necessary, will drop the least recently used items.

New in version 13.6.

**Parameters**

- **bot** (`telegram.ext.ExtBot`) – The bot this cache is for.
- **maxsize** (`int`, optional) – Maximum number of items in each of the internal mappings. Defaults to 1024.
- **persistent\_data** (`Tuple[List[Tuple[str, float, Dict[str, object]]], Dict[str, str]]`, optional) – Data to initialize the cache with, as returned by `telegram.ext.BasePersistence.get_callback_data()`.

**bot**

The bot this cache is for.

Type `telegram.ext.ExtBot`

**maxsize**

maximum size of the cache.

Type `int`

**clear\_callback\_data**(*time\_cutoff*=None)

Clears the stored callback data.

**Parameters** **time\_cutoff** (`float` | `datetime.datetime`, optional) – Pass a UNIX timestamp or a `datetime.datetime` to clear only entries which are older. For timezone naive `datetime.datetime` objects, the default timezone of the bot will be used.

**clear\_callback\_queries()**

Clears the stored callback query IDs.

**drop\_data(callback\_query)**

Deletes the data for the specified callback query.

---

**Note:** Will *not* raise exceptions in case the callback data is not found in the cache. Will raise `KeyError` in case the callback query can not be found in the cache.

---

**Parameters** `callback_query` (`telegram.CallbackQuery`) – The callback query.

**Raises** `KeyError` – If the callback query can not be found in the cache

**static extract\_uuids(callback\_data)**

Extracts the keyboard uuid and the button uuid from the given `callback_data`.

**Parameters** `callback_data` (`str`) – The `callback_data` as present in the button.

**Returns** Tuple of keyboard and button uuid

**Return type** (`str`, `str`)

**property persistence\_data**

Tuple[List[Tuple[`str`, `float`, Dict[`str`, `object`]]], Dict[`str`, `str`]]: The data that needs to be persisted to allow caching callback data across bot reboots.

**process\_callback\_query(callback\_query)**

Replaces the data in the callback query and the attached messages keyboard with the cached objects, if necessary. If the data could not be found, `telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData` will be inserted. If `telegram.CallbackQuery.data` or `telegram.CallbackQuery.message` is present, this also saves the callback queries ID in order to be able to resolve it to the stored data.

---

**Note:** Also considers inserts data into the buttons of `telegram.Message.reply_to_message` and `telegram.Message.pinned_message` if necessary.

---

**Warning:** *In place*, i.e. the passed `telegram.CallbackQuery` will be changed!

**Parameters** `callback_query` (`telegram.CallbackQuery`) – The callback query.

**process\_keyboard(reply\_markup)**

Registers the reply markup to the cache. If any of the buttons have `callback_data`, stores that data and builds a new keyboard with the correspondingly replaced buttons. Otherwise, does nothing and returns the original reply markup.

**Parameters** `reply_markup` (`telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`) – The keyboard.

**Returns** The keyboard to be passed to Telegram.

**Return type** `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup`

**process\_message(message)**

Replaces the data in the inline keyboard attached to the message with the cached objects, if necessary. If the data could not be found, `telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData` will be inserted.

---

**Note:** Checks `telegram.Message.via_bot` and `telegram.Message.from_user` to check if the reply markup (if any) was actually sent by this cache's bot. If it was not, the message will be returned unchanged.

---

Note that this will fail for channel posts, as `telegram.Message.from_user` is `None` for those! In the corresponding reply markups the callback data will be replaced by `telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData`.

---

**Warning:**

- Does *not* consider `telegram.Message.reply_to_message` and `telegram.Message.pinned_message`. Pass them to this method separately.
- *In place*, i.e. the passed `telegram.Message` will be changed!

**Parameters** `message` (`telegram.Message`) – The message.

### `telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData`

**class** `telegram.ext.InvalidCallbackData(callback_data=None)`

Bases: `telegram.error.TelegramError`

Raised when the received callback data has been tempered with or deleted from cache.

New in version 13.6.

**Parameters** `callback_data` (`int`, optional) – The button data of which the callback data could not be found.

**callback\_data**

Optional. The button data of which the callback data could not be found.

**Type** `int`

## 10.3 Auxiliary modules

### 10.3.1 `telegram.constants` Module

This module contains several constants that are relevant for working with the Bot API.

Unless noted otherwise, all constants in this module were extracted from the [Telegram Bots FAQ](#) and [Telegram Bots API](#).

Changed in version 20.0: Since v20.0, most of the constants in this module are grouped into enums.

`telegram.constants.BOT_API_VERSION`

**6.0.** Telegram Bot API version supported by this version of *python-telegram-bot*. Also available as `telegram.bot_api_version`.

New in version 13.4.

**Type** `str`

`telegram.constants.SUPPORTED_WEBHOOK_PORTS`

[443, 80, 88, 8443]

**Type** `List[int]`

The following constants are related to specific classes or topics and are grouped into enums. If they are related to a specific class, then they are also available as attributes of those classes.

**class** telegram.constants.BotCommandScopeType(*value*)

Bases: `str`, `enum.Enum`

This enum contains the available types of `telegram.BotCommandScope`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `str` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**ALL\_CHAT\_ADMINISTRATORS** = 'all\_chat\_administrators'

The type of `telegram.BotCommandScopeAllChatAdministrators`.

Type `str`

**ALL\_GROUP\_CHATS** = 'all\_group\_chats'

The type of `telegram.BotCommandScopeAllGroupChats`.

Type `str`

**ALL\_PRIVATE\_CHATS** = 'all\_private\_chats'

The type of `telegram.BotCommandScopeAllPrivateChats`.

Type `str`

**CHAT** = 'chat'

The type of `telegram.BotCommandScopeChat`.

Type `str`

**CHAT\_ADMINISTRATORS** = 'chat\_administrators'

The type of `telegram.BotCommandScopeChatAdministrators`.

Type `str`

**CHAT\_MEMBER** = 'chat\_member'

The type of `telegram.BotCommandScopeChatMember`.

Type `str`

**DEFAULT** = 'default'

The type of `telegram.BotCommandScopeDefault`.

Type `str`

**class** telegram.constants.CallbackQueryLimit(*value*)

Bases: `enum.IntEnum`

This enum contains limitations for `telegram.CallbackQuery/telegram.Bot.answer_callback_query()`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `int` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**ANSWER\_CALLBACK\_QUERY\_TEXT\_LENGTH** = 200

Maximum number of characters for the text parameter of `telegram.Bot.answer_callback_query()`.

Type `int`

**class** telegram.constants.ChatAction(*value*)

Bases: `str`, `enum.Enum`

This enum contains the available chat actions for `telegram.Bot.send_chat_action()`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `str` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**CHOOSE\_STICKER** = 'choose\_sticker'

Chat action indicating that the bot is selecting a sticker.

Type `str`

**FIND\_LOCATION** = 'find\_location'

Chat action indicating that the bot is selecting a location.

Type `str`

**RECORD\_VIDEO** = 'record\_video'

Chat action indicating that the bot is recording a video.

Type `str`

**RECORD\_VIDEO\_NOTE** = 'record\_video\_note'

Chat action indicating that the bot is recording a video note.

Type `str`

**RECORD\_VOICE** = 'record\_voice'

Chat action indicating that the bot is recording a voice message.

Type `str`

**TYPING** = 'typing'

A chat indicating the bot is typing.

Type `str`

**UPLOAD\_DOCUMENT** = 'upload\_document'

Chat action indicating that the bot is uploading a document.

Type `str`

**UPLOAD\_PHOTO** = 'upload\_photo'

Chat action indicating that the bot is uploading a photo.

Type `str`

**UPLOAD\_VIDEO** = 'upload\_video'

Chat action indicating that the bot is uploading a video.

Type `str`

**UPLOAD\_VIDEO\_NOTE** = 'upload\_video\_note'

Chat action indicating that the bot is uploading a video note.

Type `str`

**UPLOAD\_VOICE** = 'upload\_voice'

Chat action indicating that the bot is uploading a voice message.

Type `str`

**class** telegram.constants.ChatID(*value*)

Bases: `enum.IntEnum`

This enum contains some special chat IDs. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `int` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**ANONYMOUS\_ADMIN = 1087968824**

User ID in groups for messages sent by anonymous admins.

---

**Note:** `telegram.Message.from_user` will contain this ID for backwards compatibility only. It's recommended to use `telegram.Message.sender_chat` instead.

---

Type `int`

**FAKE\_CHANNEL = 136817688**

User ID in groups when message is sent on behalf of a channel.

---

**Note:**

- `telegram.Message.from_user` will contain this ID for backwards compatibility only. It's recommended to use `telegram.Message.sender_chat` instead.
  - This value is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.
- 

Type `int`

**SERVICE\_CHAT = 777000**

Telegram service chat, that also acts as sender of channel posts forwarded to discussion groups.

---

**Note:** `telegram.Message.from_user` will contain this ID for backwards compatibility only. It's recommended to use `telegram.Message.sender_chat` instead.

---

Type `int`

**class telegram.constants.ChatInviteLinkLimit(value)**

Bases: `enum.IntEnum`

This enum contains limitations for `telegram.ChatInviteLink/telegram.Bot.create_chat_invite_link()/telegram.Bot.edit_chat_invite_link()`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `int` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**MEMBER\_LIMIT = 99999**

Maximum value allowed for the `member_limit` parameter of `telegram.Bot.create_chat_invite_link()` and `telegram.Bot.edit_chat_invite_link()`.

Type `int`

**NAME\_LENGTH = 32**

Maximum number of characters allowed for the `name` parameter of `telegram.Bot.create_chat_invite_link()` and `telegram.Bot.edit_chat_invite_link()`.

Type `int`

**class telegram.constants.ChatMemberStatus(value)**

Bases: `str, enum.Enum`

This enum contains the available states for `telegram.ChatMember`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `str` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**ADMINISTRATOR = 'administrator'**

A *telegram.ChatMember* who is administrator of the chat.

Type *str*

**BANNED = 'kicked'**

A *telegram.ChatMember* who was banned in the chat.

Type *str*

**LEFT = 'left'**

A *telegram.ChatMember* who has left the chat.

Type *str*

**MEMBER = 'member'**

A *telegram.ChatMember* who is a member of the chat.

Type *str*

**OWNER = 'creator'**

A *telegram.ChatMember* who is the owner of the chat.

Type *str*

**RESTRICTED = 'restricted'**

A *telegram.ChatMember* who was restricted in this chat.

Type *str*

**class telegram.constants.ChatType(value)**

Bases: *str*, *enum.Enum*

This enum contains the available types of *telegram.Chat*. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of *str* and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**CHANNEL = 'channel'**

A *telegram.Chat* that is a channel.

Type *str*

**GROUP = 'group'**

A *telegram.Chat* that is a group.

Type *str*

**PRIVATE = 'private'**

A *telegram.Chat* that is private.

Type *str*

**SENDER = 'sender'**

A *telegram.Chat* that represents the chat of a *telegram.User* sending an *telegram.InlineQuery*.

Type *str*

**SUPERGROUP = 'supergroup'**

A *telegram.Chat* that is a supergroup.

Type *str*

**class** telegram.constants.DiceEmoji(*value*)

Bases: `str`, `enum.Enum`

This enum contains the available emoji for `telegram.Dice/ telegram.Bot.send_dice()`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `str` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**BASKETBALL** = ''

A `telegram.Dice` with the emoji .

Type `str`

**BOWLING** = ''

A `telegram.Dice` with the emoji .

Type `str`

**DARTS** = ''

A `telegram.Dice` with the emoji .

Type `str`

**DICE** = ''

A `telegram.Dice` with the emoji .

Type `str`

**FOOTBALL** = ''

A `telegram.Dice` with the emoji .

Type `str`

**SLOT\_MACHINE** = ''

A `telegram.Dice` with the emoji .

Type `str`

**class** telegram.constants.FileSizeLimit(*value*)

Bases: `enum.IntEnum`

This enum contains limitations regarding the upload and download of files. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `int` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**FILESIZE\_DOWNLOAD** = 20000000

Bots can download files of up to 20MB in size.

Type `int`

**FILESIZE\_UPLOAD** = 50000000

Bots can upload non-photo files of up to 50MB in size.

Type `int`

**PHOTOSIZE\_UPLOAD** = 10000000

Bots can upload photo files of up to 10MB in size.

Type `int`

**class** telegram.constants.FloodLimit(*value*)

Bases: `enum.IntEnum`

This enum contains limitations regarding flood limits. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `int` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**MESSAGES\_PER\_MINUTE\_PER\_GROUP = 20**

The number of messages that can roughly be sent to a particular group within one minute.

Type `int`

**MESSAGES\_PER\_SECOND = 30**

The number of messages that can roughly be sent in an interval of 30 seconds across all chats.

Type `int`

**MESSAGES\_PER\_SECOND\_PER\_CHAT = 1**

The number of messages that can be sent per second in a particular chat. Telegram may allow short bursts that go over this limit, but eventually you'll begin receiving 429 errors.

Type `int`

**class telegram.constants.InlineKeyboardMarkupLimit(value)**

Bases: `enum.IntEnum`

This enum contains limitations for `telegram.InlineKeyboardMarkup/ telegram.Bot.send_message()` & friends. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `int` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**BUTTONS\_PER\_ROW = 8**

Maximum number of buttons that can be attached to a message per row.

---

**Note:** This value is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

Type `int`

**TOTAL\_BUTTON\_NUMBER = 100**

Maximum number of buttons that can be attached to a message.

---

**Note:** This value is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

Type `int`

**class telegram.constants.InlineQueryLimit(value)**

Bases: `enum.IntEnum`

This enum contains limitations for `telegram.InlineQuery/ telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `int` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**RESULTS = 50**

Maximum number of results that can be passed to `telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()`.

Type `int`

**SWITCH\_PM\_TEXT\_LENGTH = 64**

Maximum number of characters for the `switch_pm_text` parameter of `telegram.Bot.answer_inline_query()`.

Type `int`

**class** telegram.constants.**InlineQueryResultType**(*value*)

Bases: `str`, `enum.Enum`

This enum contains the available types of `telegram.InlineQueryResult`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `str` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**ARTICLE** = 'article'

Type of `telegram.InlineQueryResultArticle`.

Type `str`

**AUDIO** = 'audio'

Type of `telegram.InlineQueryResultAudio` and `telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedAudio`.

Type `str`

**CONTACT** = 'contact'

Type of `telegram.InlineQueryResultContact`.

Type `str`

**DOCUMENT** = 'document'

Type of `telegram.InlineQueryResultDocument` and `telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedDocument`.

Type `str`

**GAME** = 'game'

Type of `telegram.InlineQueryResultGame`.

Type `str`

**GIF** = 'gif'

Type of `telegram.InlineQueryResultGif` and `telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedGif`.

Type `str`

**LOCATION** = 'location'

Type of `telegram.InlineQueryResultLocation`.

Type `str`

**MPEG4GIF** = 'mpeg4\_gif'

Type of `telegram.InlineQueryResultMpeg4Gif` and `telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedMpeg4Gif`.

Type `str`

**PHOTO** = 'photo'

Type of `telegram.InlineQueryResultPhoto` and `telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedPhoto`.

Type `str`

**STICKER** = 'sticker'

Type of and `telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedSticker`.

Type `str`

**VENUE** = 'venue'

Type of `telegram.InlineQueryResultVenue`.

Type `str`

**VIDEO = 'video'**

Type of `telegram.InlineQueryResultVideo` and `telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVideo`.

Type `str`

**VOICE = 'voice'**

Type of `telegram.InlineQueryResultVoice` and `telegram.InlineQueryResultCachedVoice`.

Type `str`

**class telegram.constants.InputMediaType(value)**

Bases: `str`, `enum.Enum`

This enum contains the available types of `telegram.InputMedia`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `str` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**ANIMATION = 'animation'**

Type of `telegram.InputMediaAnimation`.

Type `str`

**AUDIO = 'audio'**

Type of `telegram.InputMediaAudio`.

Type `str`

**DOCUMENT = 'document'**

Type of `telegram.InputMediaDocument`.

Type `str`

**PHOTO = 'photo'**

Type of `telegram.InputMediaPhoto`.

Type `str`

**VIDEO = 'video'**

Type of `telegram.InputMediaVideo`.

Type `str`

**class telegram.constants.LocationLimit(value)**

Bases: `enum.IntEnum`

This enum contains limitations for `telegram.Location/ telegram.Bot.send_location()`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `int` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**HEADING = 360**

Maximum value allowed for the direction in which the user is moving, in degrees.

Type `int`

**HORIZONTAL\_ACCURACY = 1500**

Maximum radius of uncertainty for the location, measured in meters.

Type `int`

**PROXIMITY\_ALERT\_RADIUS = 100000**

Maximum distance for proximity alerts about approaching another chat member, in meters.

Type `int`

**class** telegram.constants.MaskPosition(*value*)

Bases: `str`, `enum.Enum`

This enum contains the available positions for `telegram.MaskPosition`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `str` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**CHIN** = 'chin'

Mask position for a sticker on the chin.

Type `str`

**EYES** = 'eyes'

Mask position for a sticker on the eyes.

Type `str`

**FOREHEAD** = 'forehead'

Mask position for a sticker on the forehead.

Type `str`

**MOUTH** = 'mouth'

Mask position for a sticker on the mouth.

Type `str`

**class** telegram.constants.MenuButtonType(*value*)

Bases: `str`, `enum.Enum`

This enum contains the available types of `telegram.MenuButton`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `str` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**COMMANDS** = 'commands'

The type of `telegram.MenuButtonCommands`.

Type `str`

**DEFAULT** = 'default'

The type of `telegram.MenuButtonDefault`.

Type `str`

**WEB\_APP** = 'web\_app'

The type of `telegram.MenuButtonWebApp`.

Type `str`

**class** telegram.constants.MessageAttachmentType(*value*)

Bases: `str`, `enum.Enum`

This enum contains the available types of `telegram.Message` that can be seen as attachment. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `str` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**ANIMATION** = 'animation'

Messages with `telegram.Message.animation`.

Type `str`

**AUDIO** = 'audio'

Messages with `telegram.Message.audio`.

Type `str`

**CONTACT = 'contact'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.contact*.

Type *str*

**DICE = 'dice'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.dice*.

Type *str*

**DOCUMENT = 'document'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.document*.

Type *str*

**GAME = 'game'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.game*.

Type *str*

**INVOICE = 'invoice'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.invoice*.

Type *str*

**LOCATION = 'location'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.location*.

Type *str*

**PASSPORT\_DATA = 'passport\_data'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.passport\_data*.

Type *str*

**PHOTO = 'photo'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.photo*.

Type *str*

**POLL = 'poll'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.poll*.

Type *str*

**STICKER = 'sticker'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.sticker*.

Type *str*

**SUCCESSFUL\_PAYMENT = 'successful\_payment'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.successful\_payment*.

Type *str*

**VENUE = 'venue'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.venue*.

Type *str*

**VIDEO = 'video'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.video*.

Type *str*

**VIDEO\_NOTE** = 'video\_note'

Messages with `telegram.Message.video_note`.

Type `str`

**VOICE** = 'voice'

Messages with `telegram.Message.voice`.

Type `str`

**class** telegram.constants.MessageEntityType(*value*)

Bases: `str`, `enum.Enum`

This enum contains the available types of `telegram.MessageEntity`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `str` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**BOLD** = 'bold'

Message entities representing bold text.

Type `str`

**BOT\_COMMAND** = 'bot\_command'

Message entities representing a bot command.

Type `str`

**CASHTAG** = 'cashtag'

Message entities representing a cashtag.

Type `str`

**CODE** = 'code'

Message entities representing monowidth string.

Type `str`

**EMAIL** = 'email'

Message entities representing a email.

Type `str`

**HASHTAG** = 'hashtag'

Message entities representing a hashtag.

Type `str`

**ITALIC** = 'italic'

Message entities representing italic text.

Type `str`

**MENTION** = 'mention'

Message entities representing a mention.

Type `str`

**PHONE\_NUMBER** = 'phone\_number'

Message entities representing a phone number.

Type `str`

**PRE** = 'pre'

Message entities representing monowidth block.

Type `str`

**SPOILER = 'spoiler'**

Message entities representing spoiler text.

Type `str`

**STRIKETHROUGH = 'strikethrough'**

Message entities representing strikethrough text.

Type `str`

**TEXT\_LINK = 'text\_link'**

Message entities representing clickable text URLs.

Type `str`

**TEXT\_MENTION = 'text\_mention'**

Message entities representing text mention for users without usernames.

Type `str`

**UNDERLINE = 'underline'**

Message entities representing underline text.

Type `str`

**URL = 'url'**

Message entities representing a url.

Type `str`

**class telegram.constants.MessageLimit(value)**

Bases: `enum.IntEnum`

This enum contains limitations for `telegram.Message/ telegram.Bot.send_message()` & friends. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `int` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**CAPTION\_LENGTH = 1024**

Maximum number of characters for a message caption.

Type `int`

**MESSAGE\_ENTITIES = 100**

Maximum number of entities that can be displayed in a message. Further entities will simply be ignored by Telegram.

---

**Note:** This value is undocumented and might be changed by Telegram.

---

Type `int`

**TEXT\_LENGTH = 4096**

Maximum number of characters for a text message.

Type `int`

**class telegram.constants.MessageType(value)**

Bases: `str, enum.Enum`

This enum contains the available types of `telegram.Message` that can be seen as attachment. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `str` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**ANIMATION = 'animation'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.animation*.

Type *str*

**AUDIO = 'audio'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.audio*.

Type *str*

**CHANNEL\_CHAT\_CREATED = 'channel\_chat\_created'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.channel\_chat\_created*.

Type *str*

**CONTACT = 'contact'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.contact*.

Type *str*

**DELETE\_CHAT\_PHOTO = 'delete\_chat\_photo'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.delete\_chat\_photo*.

Type *str*

**DICE = 'dice'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.dice*.

Type *str*

**DOCUMENT = 'document'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.document*.

Type *str*

**GAME = 'game'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.game*.

Type *str*

**GROUP\_CHAT\_CREATED = 'group\_chat\_created'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.group\_chat\_created*.

Type *str*

**INVOICE = 'invoice'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.invoice*.

Type *str*

**LEFT\_CHAT\_MEMBER = 'left\_chat\_member'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.left\_chat\_member*.

Type *str*

**LOCATION = 'location'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.location*.

Type *str*

**MESSAGE\_AUTO\_DELETE\_TIMER\_CHANGED = 'message\_auto\_delete\_timer\_changed'**

Messages with *telegram.Message.message\_auto\_delete\_timer\_changed*.

Type *str*

**MIGRATE\_FROM\_CHAT\_ID** = 'migrate\_from\_chat\_id'  
Messages with *telegram.Message.migrate\_from\_chat\_id*.  
Type *str*

**MIGRATE\_TO\_CHAT\_ID** = 'migrate\_to\_chat\_id'  
Messages with *telegram.Message.migrate\_to\_chat\_id*.  
Type *str*

**NEW\_CHAT\_MEMBERS** = 'new\_chat\_members'  
Messages with *telegram.Message.new\_chat\_members*.  
Type *str*

**NEW\_CHAT\_PHOTO** = 'new\_chat\_photo'  
Messages with *telegram.Message.new\_chat\_photo*.  
Type *str*

**NEW\_CHAT\_TITLE** = 'new\_chat\_title'  
Messages with *telegram.Message.new\_chat\_title*.  
Type *str*

**PASSPORT\_DATA** = 'passport\_data'  
Messages with *telegram.Message.passport\_data*.  
Type *str*

**PHOTO** = 'photo'  
Messages with *telegram.Message.photo*.  
Type *str*

**PINNED\_MESSAGE** = 'pinned\_message'  
Messages with *telegram.Message.pinned\_message*.  
Type *str*

**POLL** = 'poll'  
Messages with *telegram.Message.poll*.  
Type *str*

**PROXIMITY\_ALERT\_TRIGGERED** = 'proximity\_alert\_triggered'  
Messages with *telegram.Message.proximity\_alert\_triggered*.  
Type *str*

**STICKER** = 'sticker'  
Messages with *telegram.Message.sticker*.  
Type *str*

**SUCCESSFUL\_PAYMENT** = 'successful\_payment'  
Messages with *telegram.Message.successful\_payment*.  
Type *str*

**SUPERGROUP\_CHAT\_CREATED** = 'supergroup\_chat\_created'  
Messages with *telegram.Message.supergroup\_chat\_created*.  
Type *str*

**TEXT** = 'text'

Messages with `telegram.Message.text`.

Type `str`

**VENUE** = 'venue'

Messages with `telegram.Message.venue`.

Type `str`

**VIDEO** = 'video'

Messages with `telegram.Message.video`.

Type `str`

**VIDEO\_CHAT\_ENDED** = 'video\_chat\_ended'

Messages with `telegram.Message.video_chat_ended`.

Type `str`

**VIDEO\_CHAT\_PARTICIPANTS\_INVITED** = 'video\_chat\_participants\_invited'

Messages with `telegram.Message.video_chat_participants_invited`.

Type `str`

**VIDEO\_CHAT\_SCHEDULED** = 'video\_chat\_scheduled'

Messages with `telegram.Message.video_chat_scheduled`.

Type `str`

**VIDEO\_CHAT\_STARTED** = 'video\_chat\_started'

Messages with `telegram.Message.video_chat_started`.

Type `str`

**VIDEO\_NOTE** = 'video\_note'

Messages with `telegram.Message.video_note`.

Type `str`

**VOICE** = 'voice'

Messages with `telegram.Message.voice`.

Type `str`

**class** telegram.constants.ParseMode(*value*)

Bases: `str`, `enum.Enum`

This enum contains the available parse modes. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `str` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**HTML** = 'HTML'

HTML parse mode.

Type `str`

**MARKDOWN** = 'Markdown'

Markdown parse mode.

---

**Note:** `MARKDOWN` is a legacy mode, retained by Telegram for backward compatibility. You should use `MARKDOWN_V2` instead.

---

Type `str`

**MARKDOWN\_V2 = 'MarkdownV2'**

Markdown parse mode version 2.

Type `str`

**class telegram.constants.PollLimit(value)**

Bases: `enum.IntEnum`

This enum contains limitations for `telegram.Poll/ telegram.Bot.send_poll()`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `int` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**OPTION\_LENGTH = 100**

Maximum number of characters for each option for the poll.

Type `str`

**OPTION\_NUMBER = 10**

Maximum number of available options for the poll.

Type `str`

**QUESTION\_LENGTH = 300**

Maximum number of characters of the polls question.

Type `str`

**class telegram.constants.PollType(value)**

Bases: `str, enum.Enum`

This enum contains the available types for `telegram.Poll/ telegram.Bot.send_poll()`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `str` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**QUIZ = 'quiz'**

quiz polls.

Type `str`

**REGULAR = 'regular'**

regular polls.

Type `str`

**class telegram.constants.UpdateType(value)**

Bases: `str, enum.Enum`

This enum contains the available types of `telegram.Update`. The enum members of this enumeration are instances of `str` and can be treated as such.

New in version 20.0.

**CALLBACK\_QUERY = 'callback\_query'**

Updates with `telegram.Update.callback_query`.

Type `str`

**CHANNEL\_POST = 'channel\_post'**

Updates with `telegram.Update.channel_post`.

Type `str`

**CHAT\_JOIN\_REQUEST = 'chat\_join\_request'**

Updates with `telegram.Update.chat_join_request`.

Type `str`

**CHAT\_MEMBER** = 'chat\_member'  
Updates with `telegram.Update.chat_member`.  
Type `str`

**CHOSEN\_INLINE\_RESULT** = 'chosen\_inline\_result'  
Updates with `telegram.Update.chosen_inline_result`.  
Type `str`

**EDITED\_CHANNEL\_POST** = 'edited\_channel\_post'  
Updates with `telegram.Update.edited_channel_post`.  
Type `str`

**EDITED\_MESSAGE** = 'edited\_message'  
Updates with `telegram.Update.edited_message`.  
Type `str`

**INLINE\_QUERY** = 'inline\_query'  
Updates with `telegram.Update.inline_query`.  
Type `str`

**MESSAGE** = 'message'  
Updates with `telegram.Update.message`.  
Type `str`

**MY\_CHAT\_MEMBER** = 'my\_chat\_member'  
Updates with `telegram.Update.my_chat_member`.  
Type `str`

**POLL** = 'poll'  
Updates with `telegram.Update.poll`.  
Type `str`

**POLL\_ANSWER** = 'poll\_answer'  
Updates with `telegram.Update.poll_answer`.  
Type `str`

**PRE\_CHECKOUT\_QUERY** = 'pre\_checkout\_query'  
Updates with `telegram.Update.pre_checkout_query`.  
Type `str`

**SHIPPING\_QUERY** = 'shipping\_query'  
Updates with `telegram.Update.shipping_query`.  
Type `str`

### 10.3.2 telegram.error Module

This module contains classes that represent Telegram errors.

Changed in version 20.0: Replaced `Unauthorized` by `Forbidden`.

**exception** `telegram.error.BadRequest`(*message*)

Bases: `telegram.error.NetworkError`

Raised when Telegram could not process the request correctly.

**exception** telegram.error.ChatMigrated(*new\_chat\_id*)

Bases: [telegram.error.TelegramError](#)

Raised when the requested group chat migrated to supergroup and has a new chat id.

**Parameters** *new\_chat\_id* (*int*) – The new chat id of the group.

**exception** telegram.error.Conflict(*message*)

Bases: [telegram.error.TelegramError](#)

Raised when a long poll or webhook conflicts with another one.

**exception** telegram.error.Forbidden(*message*)

Bases: [telegram.error.TelegramError](#)

Raised when the bot has not enough rights to perform the requested action.

Changed in version 20.0: This class was previously named Unauthorized.

**exception** telegram.error.InvalidToken(*message=None*)

Bases: [telegram.error.TelegramError](#)

Raised when the token is invalid.

**Parameters** *message* (*str*, optional) – Any additional information about the exception.

New in version 20.0.

**exception** telegram.error.NetworkError(*message*)

Bases: [telegram.error.TelegramError](#)

Base class for exceptions due to networking errors.

**exception** telegram.error.PassportDecryptionError(*message*)

Bases: [telegram.error.TelegramError](#)

Something went wrong with decryption.

Changed in version 20.0: This class was previously named TelegramDecryptionError and was available via telegram.TelegramDecryptionError.

**exception** telegram.error.RetryAfter(*retry\_after*)

Bases: [telegram.error.TelegramError](#)

Raised when flood limits were exceeded.

**Parameters** *retry\_after* (*int*) – Time in seconds, after which the bot can retry the request.

**exception** telegram.error.TelegramError(*message*)

Bases: [Exception](#)

Base class for Telegram errors.

**exception** telegram.error.TimedOut(*message=None*)

Bases: [telegram.error.NetworkError](#)

Raised when a request took too long to finish.

**Parameters** *message* (*str*, optional) – Any additional information about the exception.

New in version 20.0.

### 10.3.3 telegram.helpers Module

This module contains convenience helper functions.

Changed in version 20.0: Previously, the contents of this module were available through the (no longer existing) module `telegram.utils.helpers`.

`telegram.helpers.create_deep_linked_url(bot_username, payload=None, group=False)`

Creates a deep-linked URL for this `bot_username` with the specified `payload`. See <https://core.telegram.org/bots#deep-linking> to learn more.

The `payload` may consist of the following characters: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, \_, -

---

**Note:** Works well in conjunction with `CommandHandler("start", callback, filters=filters.Regex('payload'))`

---

---

#### Examples

```
create_deep_linked_url(bot.get_me().username, "some-params")
```

---

#### Parameters

- `bot_username` (`str`) – The username to link to
- `payload` (`str`, optional) – Parameters to encode in the created URL
- `group` (`bool`, optional) – If `True` the user is prompted to select a group to add the bot to. If `False`, opens a one-on-one conversation with the bot. Defaults to `False`.

**Returns** An URL to start the bot with specific parameters

**Return type** `str`

`telegram.helpers.effective_message_type(entity)`

Extracts the type of message as a string identifier from a `telegram.Message` or a `telegram.Update`.

**Parameters** `entity` (`telegram.Update` | `telegram.Message`) – The update or message to extract from.

#### Returns

One of `telegram.constants.MessageType` if the `entity` contains a message that matches one of those types. `None` otherwise.

**Return type** `str` | `None`

`telegram.helpers.escape_markdown(text, version=1, entity_type=None)`

Helper function to escape telegram markup symbols.

#### Parameters

- `text` (`str`) – The text.
- `version` (`int` | `str`) – Use to specify the version of telegrams Markdown. Either 1 or 2. Defaults to 1.
- `entity_type` (`str`, optional) – For the entity types `'pre'`, `'code'` and the link part of `'text_link'`, only certain characters need to be escaped in `'MarkdownV2'`. See the official API documentation for details. Only valid in combination with `version=2`, will be ignored else.

`telegram.helpers.mention_html(user_id, name)`

**Parameters**

- **`user_id`** (`int`) – The user’s id which you want to mention.
- **`name`** (`str`) – The name the mention is showing.

**Returns** The inline mention for the user as HTML.

**Return type** `str`

`telegram.helpers.mention_markdown(user_id, name, version=1)`

**Parameters**

- **`user_id`** (`int`) – The user’s id which you want to mention.
- **`name`** (`str`) – The name the mention is showing.
- **`version`** (`int` | `str`) – Use to specify the version of Telegram’s Markdown. Either 1 or 2. Defaults to 1.

**Returns** The inline mention for the user as Markdown.

**Return type** `str`

### 10.3.4 telegram.request Module

New in version 20.0.

#### telegram.request.BaseRequest

**class** `telegram.request.BaseRequest`

Bases: `contextlib.AbstractAsyncContextManager`, `abc.ABC`

Abstract interface class that allows python-telegram-bot to make requests to the Bot API. Can be implemented via different asyncio HTTP libraries. An implementation of this class must implement all abstract methods and properties.

Instances of this class can be used as asyncio context managers, where

```
async with request_object:
    # code
```

is roughly equivalent to

```
try:
    await request_object.initialize()
    # code
finally:
    await request_object.shutdown()
```

New in version 20.0.

**DEFAULT\_NONE = None**

A special object that indicates that an argument of a function was not explicitly passed. Used for the timeout parameters of `post()` and `do_request()`.

---

#### Example

When calling `request.post(url)`, request should use the default timeouts set on initialization. When calling `request.post(url, connect_timeout=5, read_timeout=None)`, request should use 5 for the connect timeout and `None` for the read timeout.

Use `if parameter is (not) BaseRequest.DEFAULT_NONE:` to check if the parameter was set.

---

Type `object`

`USER_AGENT = 'python-telegram-bot v20.0a0 (https://python-telegram-bot.org)'`

A description that can be used as user agent for requests made to the Bot API.

Type `str`

**abstract async** `do_request(url, method, request_data=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None)`

Makes a request to the Bot API. Must be implemented by a subclass.

**Warning:** This method will be called by `post()` and `retrieve()`. It should *not* be called manually.

#### Parameters

- `url` (`str`) – The URL to request.
- `method` (`str`) – HTTP method (i.e. 'POST', 'GET', etc.).
- `request_data` (`telegram.request.RequestData`, optional) – An object containing information about parameters and files to upload for the request.
- `read_timeout` (`float` | `None`, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a response from Telegram's server instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `write_timeout` (`float` | `None`, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a write operation to complete (in terms of a network socket; i.e. POSTing a request or uploading a file) instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `connect_timeout` (`float` | `None`, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection attempt to a server to succeed instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.
- `pool_timeout` (`float` | `None`, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection to become available instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to `DEFAULT_NONE`.

**Returns** The HTTP return code & the payload part of the server response.

**Return type** `Tuple[int, bytes]`

**abstract async** `initialize()`

Initialize resources used by this class. Must be implemented by a subclass.

**async** `post(url, request_data=None, read_timeout=None, write_timeout=None, connect_timeout=None, pool_timeout=None)`

Makes a request to the Bot API handles the return code and parses the answer.

**Warning:** This method will be called by the methods of `telegram.Bot` and should *not* be called manually.

#### Parameters

- `url` (`str`) – The URL to request.

- **request\_data** (*telegram.request.RequestData*, optional) – An object containing information about parameters and files to upload for the request.
- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a response from Telegram’s server instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a write operation to complete (in terms of a network socket; i.e. POSTing a request or uploading a file) instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection attempt to a server to succeed instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection to become available instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.

**Returns** The JSON response of the Bot API.

**Return type** Dict[str, ...]

**async retrieve**(*url*, *read\_timeout=None*, *write\_timeout=None*, *connect\_timeout=None*, *pool\_timeout=None*)

Retrieve the contents of a file by its URL.

**Warning:** This method will be called by the methods of *telegram.Bot* and should *not* be called manually.

#### Parameters

- **url** (*str*) – The web location we want to retrieve.
- **read\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a response from Telegram’s server instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **write\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a write operation to complete (in terms of a network socket; i.e. POSTing a request or uploading a file) instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **connect\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection attempt to a server to succeed instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.
- **pool\_timeout** (*float* | *None*, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection to become available instead of the time specified during creating of this object. Defaults to *DEFAULT\_NONE*.

**Returns** The files contents.

**Return type** *bytes*

**abstract async shutdown**()

Stop & clear resources used by this class. Must be implemented by a subclass.

## telegram.request.RequestData

**class** telegram.request.RequestData(parameters=None)

Bases: [object](#)

Instances of this class collect the data needed for one request to the Bot API, including all parameters and files to be sent along with the request.

New in version 20.0.

**Warning:** How exactly instances of this will be created should be considered an implementation detail and not part of PTBs public API. Users should exclusively rely on the documented attributes, properties and methods.

### contains\_files

Whether this object contains files to be uploaded via multipart/form-data.

Type [bool](#)

### property json\_parameters

Gives the parameters as mapping of parameter name to the respective JSON encoded value.

### property json\_payload

The parameters as UTF-8 encoded JSON payload.

### property multipart\_data

Gives the files contained in this object as mapping of part name to encoded content.

### property parameters

Gives the parameters as mapping of parameter name to the parameter value, which can be a single object of type [int](#), [float](#), [str](#) or [bool](#) or any (possibly nested) composition of lists, tuples and dictionaries, where each entry, key and value is of one of the mentioned types.

### parametrized\_url(url, encode\_kwargs=None)

Shortcut for attaching the return value of [url\\_encoded\\_parameters\(\)](#) to the *url*.

#### Parameters

- *url* ([str](#)) – The URL the parameters will be attached to.
- *encode\_kwargs* (Dict[[str](#), any], optional) – Additional keyword arguments to pass along to [urllib.parse.urlencode\(\)](#).

### url\_encoded\_parameters(encode\_kwargs=None)

Encodes the parameters with [urllib.parse.urlencode\(\)](#).

Parameters *encode\_kwargs* (Dict[[str](#), any], optional) – Additional keyword arguments to pass along to [urllib.parse.urlencode\(\)](#).

## telegram.request.HTTPXRequest

**class** telegram.request.HTTPXRequest(connection\_pool\_size=1, proxy\_url=None, read\_timeout=5.0, write\_timeout=5.0, connect\_timeout=5.0, pool\_timeout=1.0)

Bases: [telegram.request.BaseRequest](#)

Implementation of [BaseRequest](#) using the library [httpx](#).

New in version 20.0.

#### Parameters

- **connection\_pool\_size** (`int`, optional) – Number of connections to keep in the connection pool. Defaults to 1.

---

**Note:** Independent of the value, one additional connection will be reserved for `telegram.Bot.get_updates()`.

---

- **proxy\_url** (`str`, optional) – The URL to the proxy server. For example 'http://127.0.0.1:3128' or 'socks5://127.0.0.1:3128'. Defaults to `None`.

---

**Note:**

- The proxy URL can also be set via the environment variables `HTTPS_PROXY` or `ALL_PROXY`. See [the docs of httpx](#) for more info.
  - For Socks5 support, additional dependencies are required. Make sure to install PTB via **pip install python-telegram-bot[socks]** in this case.
  - Socks5 proxies can not be set via environment variables.
- 

- **read\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a response from Telegram's server. This value is used unless a different value is passed to `do_request()`. Defaults to 5.
- **write\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a write operation to complete (in terms of a network socket; i.e. POSTing a request or uploading a file). This value is used unless a different value is passed to `do_request()`. Defaults to 5.
- **connect\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection attempt to a server to succeed. This value is used unless a different value is passed to `do_request()`. Defaults to 5.
- **pool\_timeout** (`float` | `None`, optional) – If passed, specifies the maximum amount of time (in seconds) to wait for a connection to become available. This value is used unless a different value is passed to `do_request()`. Defaults to 1.

**Warning:** With a finite pool timeout, you must expect `telegram.error.TimedOut` exceptions to be thrown when more requests are made simultaneously than there are connections in the connection pool!

**async do\_request**(`url`, `method`, `request_data=None`, `read_timeout=None`, `write_timeout=None`, `connect_timeout=None`, `pool_timeout=None`)

See `BaseRequest.do_request()`.

**async initialize**()

See `BaseRequest.initialize()`.

**async shutdown**()

See `BaseRequest.shutdown()`.

### 10.3.5 telegram.warnings Module

This module contains classes used for warnings issued by this library.

New in version 20.0.

**exception** telegram.warnings.PTBDeprecationWarning

Bases: [telegram.warnings.PTBUserWarning](#), [DeprecationWarning](#)

Custom warning class for deprecations in this library.

Changed in version 20.0: Renamed TelegramDeprecationWarning to PTBDeprecationWarning.

**exception** telegram.warnings.PTBRuntimeWarning

Bases: [telegram.warnings.PTBUserWarning](#), [RuntimeWarning](#)

Custom runtime warning class used for warnings in this library.

New in version 20.0.

**exception** telegram.warnings.PTBUserWarning

Bases: [UserWarning](#)

Custom user warning class used for warnings in this library.

New in version 20.0.

## 10.4 Changelog

### 10.4.1 Version 20.0a0

*Released 2022-05-06*

This is the technical changelog for version 20.0a0. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel [@pythontelegrambotchannel](#).

#### Major Changes:

- Refactor Initialization of Persistence Classes (#2604)
- Drop Non-CallbackContext API (#2617)
- Remove `__dict__` from `__slots__` and drop Python 3.6 (#2619, #2636)
- Move and Rename TelegramDecryptionError to `telegram.error.PassportDecryptionError` (#2621)
- Make BasePersistence Methods Abstract (#2624)
- Remove `day_is_strict` argument of `JobQueue.run_monthly` (#2634 by [iota-008](#))
- Move Defaults to `telegram.ext` (#2648)
- Remove Deprecated Functionality (#2644, #2740, #2745)
- Overhaul of Filters (#2759, #2922)
- Switch to asyncio and Refactor PTBs Architecture (#2731)
- Improve `Job.__getattr__` (#2832)
- Remove `telegram.ReplyMarkup` (#2870)
- Persistence of Bots: Refactor Automatic Replacement and Integration with TelegramObject (#2893)

### New Features:

- Introduce Builder Pattern (#2646)
- Add `Filters.update.edited` (#2705 by PhilippFr)
- Introduce Enums for `telegram.constants` (#2708)
- Accept File Paths for `private_key` (#2724)
- Associate Jobs with `chat/user_id` (#2731)
- Convenience Functionality for `ChatInviteLinks` (#2782)
- Add `Dispatcher.add_handlers` (#2823)
- Improve Error Messages in `CommandHandler.__init__` (#2837)
- `Defaults.protect_content` (#2840)
- Add `Dispatcher.migrate_chat_data` (#2848 by DonalDuck004)
- Add Method `drop_chat/user_data` to `Dispatcher` and `Persistence` (#2852)
- Add methods `ChatPermissions.{all, no}_permissions` ([#2948]
- Full Support for API 6.0 (#2956)(<https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/pull/2948>))
- Add Python 3.10 to Test Suite (#2968)

### Bug Fixes & Minor Changes:

- Improve Type Hinting for `CallbackContext` (#2587 by revolter)
- Fix Signatures and Improve `test_official` (#2643)
- Refine `Dispatcher.dispatch_error` (#2660)
- Make `InlineQuery.answer` Raise `ValueError` (#2675)
- Improve Signature Inspection for Bot Methods (#2686)
- Introduce `TelegramObject.set/get_bot` (#2712 by zpavloudis)
- Improve Subscription of `TelegramObject` (#2719 by SimonDamberg)
- Use Enums for Dynamic Types & Rename Two Attributes in `ChatMember` (#2817)
- Return Plain Dicts from `BasePersistence.get_*_data` (#2873)
- Fix a Bug in `ChatMemberUpdated.difference` (#2947)
- Update Dependency Policy (#2958)

### Internal Restructurings & Improvements:

- Add User Friendly Type Check For Init Of `{Inline, Reply}KeyboardMarkup` (#2657)
- Warnings Overhaul (#2662)
- Clear Up Import Policy (#2671)
- Mark Internal Modules As Private (#2687 by kencx)
- Handle Filepaths via the `pathlib` Module (#2688 by eldbud)
- Refactor MRO of `InputMedia*` and Some File-Like Classes (#2717 by eldbud)
- Update Exceptions for Immutable Attributes (#2749)
- Refactor Warnings in `ConversationHandler` (#2755, #2784)

- Use `__all__` Consistently (#2805)

#### CI, Code Quality & Test Suite Improvements:

- Add Custom `pytest` Marker to Ease Development (#2628)
- Pass Failing Jobs to Error Handlers (#2692)
- Update Notification Workflows (#2695)
- Use Error Messages for `pylint` Instead of Codes (#2700 by Piraty)
- Make Tests Agnostic of the CWD (#2727 by eldbud)
- Update Code Quality Dependencies (#2748)
- Improve Code Quality (#2783)
- Update `pre-commit` Settings & Improve a Test (#2796)
- Improve Code Quality & Test Suite (#2843)
- Fix failing animation tests (#2865)
- Update and Expand Tests & pre-commit Settings and Improve Code Quality (#2925)
- Extend Code Formatting With Black (#2972)
- Update Workflow Permissions (#2984)
- Adapt Tests to Changed `Bot.get_file` Behavior (#2995)

#### Documentation Improvements:

- Doc Fixes (#2597)
- Add Code Comment Guidelines to Contribution Guide (#2612)
- Add Cross-References to External Libraries & Other Documentation Improvements (#2693, #2691 by joesinghh, #2739 by eldbud)
- Use Furo Theme, Make Parameters Referenceable, Add Documentation Building to CI, Improve Links to Source Code & Other Improvements (#2856, #2798, #2854, #2841)
- Documentation Fixes & Improvements (#2822)
- Replace `git.io` Links (#2872 by murugu-21)
- Overhaul Readmes, Update RTD Startpage & Other Improvements (#2969)

### 10.4.2 Version 13.11

*Released 2022-02-02*

This is the technical changelog for version 13.11. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel [@pythontelegrambotchannel](#).

#### Major Changes:

- Full Support for Bot API 5.7 (#2881)

### 10.4.3 Version 13.10

*Released 2022-01-03*

This is the technical changelog for version 13.10. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel [@pythontelegrambotchannel](#).

**Major Changes:**

- Full Support for API 5.6 (#2835)

**Minor Changes & Doc fixes:**

- Update Copyright to 2022 (#2836)
- Update Documentation of BotCommand (#2820)

### 10.4.4 Version 13.9

*Released 2021-12-11*

This is the technical changelog for version 13.9. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel [@pythontelegrambotchannel](#).

**Major Changes:**

- Full Support for Api 5.5 (#2809)

**Minor Changes**

- Adjust Automated Locking of Inactive Issues (#2775)

### 10.4.5 Version 13.8.1

*Released 2021-11-08*

This is the technical changelog for version 13.8.1. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel [@pythontelegrambotchannel](#).

**Doc fixes:**

- Add ChatJoinRequest(Handler) to Docs (#2771)

### 10.4.6 Version 13.8

*Released 2021-11-08*

This is the technical changelog for version 13.8. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel [@pythontelegrambotchannel](#).

**Major Changes:**

- Full support for API 5.4 (#2767)

**Minor changes, CI improvements, Doc fixes and Type hinting:**

- Create Issue Template Forms (#2689)
- Fix camelCase Functions in ExtBot (#2659)
- Fix Empty Captions not Being Passed by Bot.copy\_message (#2651)
- Fix Setting Thumbs When Uploading A Single File (#2583)
- Fix Bug in BasePersistence.insert/replace\_bot for Objects with \_\_dict\_\_ not in \_\_slots\_\_ (#2603)

## 10.4.7 Version 13.7

*Released 2021-07-01*

This is the technical changelog for version 13.7. More elaborate release notes can be found in the news channel [@pythontelegrambotchannel](#).

### Major Changes:

- Full support for Bot API 5.3 ([#2572](#))

### Bug Fixes:

- Fix Bug in `BasePersistence.insert/replace_bot` for Objects with `__dict__` in their slots ([#2561](#))
- Remove Incorrect Warning About Defaults and `ExtBot` ([#2553](#))

### Minor changes, CI improvements, Doc fixes and Type hinting:

- Type Hinting Fixes ([#2552](#))
- Doc Fixes ([#2551](#))
- Improve Deprecation Warning for `__slots__` ([#2574](#))
- Stabilize CI ([#2575](#))
- Fix Coverage Configuration ([#2571](#))
- Better Exception-Handling for `BasePersistence.replace/insert_bot` ([#2564](#))
- Remove Deprecated `pass_args` from Deeplinking Example ([#2550](#))

## 10.4.8 Version 13.6

*Released 2021-06-06*

### New Features:

- Arbitrary `callback_data` ([#1844](#))
- Add `ContextTypes` & `BasePersistence.refresh_user/chat/bot_data` ([#2262](#))
- Add `Filters.attachment` ([#2528](#))
- Add `pattern` Argument to `ChosenInlineResultHandler` ([#2517](#))

### Major Changes:

- Add `slots` ([#2345](#))

### Minor changes, CI improvements, Doc fixes and Type hinting:

- Doc Fixes ([#2495](#), [#2510](#))
- Add `max_connections` Parameter to `Updater.start_webhook` ([#2547](#))
- Fix for `Promise.done_callback` ([#2544](#))
- Improve Code Quality ([#2536](#), [#2454](#))
- Increase Test Coverage of `CallbackQueryHandler` ([#2520](#))
- Stabilize CI ([#2522](#), [#2537](#), [#2541](#))
- Fix `send_phone_number_to_provider` argument for `Bot.send_invoice` ([#2527](#))
- Handle Classes as Input for `BasePersistence.replace/insert_bot` ([#2523](#))
- Bump Tornado Version and Remove Workaround from [#2067](#) ([#2494](#))

## 10.4.9 Version 13.5

*Released 2021-04-30*

### Major Changes:

- Full support of Bot API 5.2 (#2489).

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**Note:** The `start_parameter` argument of `Bot.send_invoice` and the corresponding shortcuts is now optional, so the order of parameters had to be changed. Make sure to update your method calls accordingly.

---

- Update `ChatActions`, Deprecating `ChatAction.RECORD_AUDIO` and `ChatAction.UPLOAD_AUDIO` (#2460)

### New Features:

- Convenience Utilities & Example for Handling `ChatMemberUpdated` (#2490)
- `Filters.forwarded_from` (#2446)

### Minor changes, CI improvements, Doc fixes and Type hinting:

- Improve Timeouts in `ConversationHandler` (#2417)
- Stabilize CI (#2480)
- Doc Fixes (#2437)
- Improve Type Hints of Data Filters (#2456)
- Add Two `UserWarnings` (#2464)
- Improve Code Quality (#2450)
- Update Fallback Test-Bots (#2451)
- Improve Examples (#2441, #2448)

## 10.4.10 Version 13.4.1

*Released 2021-03-14*

### Hot fix release:

- Fixed a bug in `setup.py` (#2431)

## 10.4.11 Version 13.4

*Released 2021-03-14*

### Major Changes:

- Full support of Bot API 5.1 (#2424)

### Minor changes, CI improvements, doc fixes and type hinting:

- Improve `Updater.set_webhook` (#2419)
- Doc Fixes (#2404)
- Type Hinting Fixes (#2425)
- Update pre-commit Settings (#2415)
- Fix Logging for Vendored `urllib3` (#2427)
- Stabilize Tests (#2409)

### 10.4.12 Version 13.3

*Released 2021-02-19*

#### Major Changes:

- Make cryptography Dependency Optional & Refactor Some Tests (#2386, #2370)
- Deprecate MessageQueue (#2393)

#### Bug Fixes:

- Refactor Defaults Integration (#2363)
- Add Missing telegram.SecureValue to init and Docs (#2398)

#### Minor changes:

- Doc Fixes (#2359)

### 10.4.13 Version 13.2

*Released 2021-02-02*

#### Major Changes:

- Introduce python-telegram-bot-raw (#2324)
- Explicit Signatures for Shortcuts (#2240)

#### New Features:

- Add Missing Shortcuts to Message (#2330)
- Rich Comparison for Bot (#2320)
- Add run\_async Parameter to ConversationHandler (#2292)
- Add New Shortcuts to Chat (#2291)
- Add New Constant MAX\_ANSWER\_CALLBACK\_QUERY\_TEXT\_LENGTH (#2282)
- Allow Passing Custom Filename For All Media (#2249)
- Handle Bytes as File Input (#2233)

#### Bug Fixes:

- Fix Escaping in Nested Entities in Message Properties (#2312)
- Adjust Calling of Dispatcher.update\_persistence (#2285)
- Add quote kwarg to Message.reply\_copy (#2232)
- ConversationHandler: Docs & edited\_channel\_post behavior (#2339)

#### Minor changes, CI improvements, doc fixes and type hinting:

- Doc Fixes (#2253, #2225)
- Reduce Usage of typing.Any (#2321)
- Extend Deeplinking Example (#2335)
- Add pyupgrade to pre-commit Hooks (#2301)
- Add PR Template (#2299)
- Drop Nightly Tests & Update Badges (#2323)
- Update Copyright (#2289, #2287)
- Change Order of Class DocStrings (#2256)

- Add macOS to Test Matrix (#2266)
- Start Using Versioning Directives in Docs (#2252)
- Improve Annotations & Docs of Handlers (#2243)

### 10.4.14 Version 13.1

*Released 2020-11-29*

#### Major Changes:

- Full support of Bot API 5.0 (#2181, #2186, #2190, #2189, #2183, #2184, #2188, #2185, #2192, #2196, #2193, #2223, #2199, #2187, #2147, #2205)

#### New Features:

- Add Defaults.run\_async (#2210)
- Improve and Expand CallbackQuery Shortcuts (#2172)
- Add XOR Filters and make Filters.name a Property (#2179)
- Add Filters.document.file\_extension (#2169)
- Add Filters.caption\_regex (#2163)
- Add Filters.chat\_type (#2128)
- Handle Non-Binary File Input (#2202)

#### Bug Fixes:

- Improve Handling of Custom Objects in BasePersistence.insert/replace\_bot (#2151)
- Fix bugs in replace/insert\_bot (#2218)

#### Minor changes, CI improvements, doc fixes and type hinting:

- Improve Type hinting (#2204, #2118, #2167, #2136)
- Doc Fixes & Extensions (#2201, #2161)
- Use F-Strings Where Possible (#2222)
- Rename kwargs to \_kwargs where possible (#2182)
- Comply with PEP561 (#2168)
- Improve Code Quality (#2131)
- Switch Code Formatting to Black (#2122, #2159, #2158)
- Update Wheel Settings (#2142)
- Update timerbot.py to v13.0 (#2149)
- Overhaul Constants (#2137)
- Add Python 3.9 to Test Matrix (#2132)
- Switch Codecov to GitHub Action (#2127)
- Specify Required pytz Version (#2121)

## 10.4.15 Version 13.0

*Released 2020-10-07*

For a detailed guide on how to migrate from v12 to v13, see [this wiki page](#).

### Major Changes:

- Deprecate old-style callbacks, i.e. set `use_context=True` by default (#2050)
- Refactor Handling of Message VS Update Filters (#2032)
- Deprecate `Message.default_quote` (#1965)
- Refactor persistence of Bot instances (#1994)
- Refactor `JobQueue` (#1981)
- Refactor handling of kwargs in Bot methods (#1924)
- Refactor `Dispatcher.run_async`, deprecating the `@run_async` decorator (#2051)

### New Features:

- Type Hinting (#1920)
- Automatic Pagination for `answer_inline_query` (#2072)
- `Defaults.tzinfo` (#2042)
- Extend rich comparison of objects (#1724)
- Add `Filters.via_bot` (#2009)
- Add missing shortcuts (#2043)
- Allow `DispatcherHandlerStop` in `ConversationHandler` (#2059)
- Make Errors picklable (#2106)

### Minor changes, CI improvements, doc fixes or bug fixes:

- Fix Webhook not working on Windows with Python 3.8+ (#2067)
- Fix setting thumbs with `send_media_group` (#2093)
- Make `MessageHandler` filter for `Filters.update` first (#2085)
- Fix `PicklePersistence.flush()` with only `bot_data` (#2017)
- Add test for clean argument of `Updater.start_polling/webhook` (#2002)
- Doc fixes, refinements and additions (#2005, #2008, #2089, #2094, #2090)
- CI fixes (#2018, #2061)
- Refine `pollbot.py` example (#2047)
- Refine Filters in examples (#2027)
- Rename echobot examples (#2025)
- Use Lock-Bot to lock old threads (#2048, #2052, #2049, #2053)

### 10.4.16 Version 12.8

*Released 2020-06-22*

#### Major Changes:

- Remove Python 2 support (#1715)
- Bot API 4.9 support (#1980)
- IDs/Username of `Filters.user` and `Filters.chat` can now be updated (#1757)

#### Minor changes, CI improvements, doc fixes or bug fixes:

- Update contribution guide and stale bot (#1937)
- Remove `NullHandlers` (#1913)
- Improve and expand examples (#1943, #1995, #1983, #1997)
- Doc fixes (#1940, #1962)
- Add `User.send_poll()` shortcut (#1968)
- Ignore private attributes in `TelegramObject.to_dict()` (#1989)
- Stabilize CI (#2000)

### 10.4.17 Version 12.7

*Released 2020-05-02*

#### Major Changes:

- Bot API 4.8 support. **Note:** The `Dice` object now has a second positional argument `emoji`. This is relevant, if you instantiate `Dice` objects manually. (#1917)
- Added `tzinfo` argument to `helpers.from_timestamp`. It now returns a timezone aware object. This is relevant for `Message.{date, forward_date, edit_date}`, `Poll.close_date` and `ChatMember.until_date` (#1621)

#### New Features:

- New method `run_monthly` for the `JobQueue` (#1705)
- `Job.next_t` now gives the datetime of the jobs next execution (#1685)

#### Minor changes, CI improvements, doc fixes or bug fixes:

- Stabilize CI (#1919, #1931)
- Use ABCs `@abstractmethod` instead of raising `NotImplementedError` for `Handler`, `BasePersistence` and `BaseFilter` (#1905)
- Doc fixes (#1914, #1902, #1910)

### 10.4.18 Version 12.6.1

*Released 2020-04-11*

#### Bug fixes:

- Fix serialization of `reply_markup` in media messages (#1889)

### 10.4.19 Version 12.6

Released 2020-04-10

#### Major Changes:

- Bot API 4.7 support. **Note:** In `Bot.create_new_sticker_set` and `Bot.add_sticker_to_set`, the order of the parameters had be changed, as the `png_sticker` parameter is now optional. (#1858)

#### Minor changes, CI improvements or bug fixes:

- Add tests for `switch_inline_query(_current_chat)` with empty string (#1635)
- Doc fixes (#1854, #1874, #1884)
- Update issue templates (#1880)
- Favor concrete types over “Iterable” (#1882)
- Pass last valid `CallbackContext` to `TIMEOUT` handlers of `ConversationHandler` (#1826)
- Tweak handling of persistence and update persistence after job calls (#1827)
- Use `checkout@v2` for GitHub actions (#1887)

### 10.4.20 Version 12.5.1

Released 2020-03-30

#### Minor changes, doc fixes or bug fixes:

- Add missing docs for `PollHandler` and `PollAnswerHandler` (#1853)
- Fix wording in `Filters` docs (#1855)
- Reorder tests to make them more stable (#1835)
- Make `ConversationHandler` attributes immutable (#1756)
- Make `PrefixHandler` attributes `command` and `prefix` editable (#1636)
- Fix UTC as default `tzinfo` for `Job` (#1696)

### 10.4.21 Version 12.5

Released 2020-03-29

#### New Features:

- `Bot.link` gives the `t.me` link of the bot (#1770)

#### Major Changes:

- Bot API 4.5 and 4.6 support. (#1508, #1723)

#### Minor changes, CI improvements or bug fixes:

- Remove legacy CI files (#1783, #1791)
- Update pre-commit config file (#1787)
- Remove builtin names (#1792)
- CI improvements (#1808, #1848)
- Support Python 3.8 (#1614, #1824)
- Use stale bot for auto closing stale issues (#1820, #1829, #1840)
- Doc fixes (#1778, #1818)

- Fix typo in `edit_message_media` (#1779)
- In examples, answer CallbackQueries and use `edit_message_text` shortcut (#1721)
- Revert accidental change in vendored urllib3 (#1775)

## 10.4.22 Version 12.4.2

*Released 2020-02-10*

### Bug Fixes

- Pass correct `parse_mode` to `InlineResults` if `bot.defaults` is `None` (#1763)
- Make sure PP can read files that dont have `bot_data` (#1760)

## 10.4.23 Version 12.4.1

*Released 2020-02-08*

This is a quick release for #1744 which was accidently left out of v12.4.0 though mentioned in the release notes.

## 10.4.24 Version 12.4.0

*Released 2020-02-08*

### New features:

- Set default values for arguments appearing repeatedly. We also have a [wiki page for the new defaults](#). (#1490)
- Store data in `CallbackContext.bot_data` to access it in every callback. Also persists. (#1325)
- `Filters.poll` allows only messages containing a poll (#1673)

### Major changes:

- `Filters.text` now accepts messages that start with a slash, because `CommandHandler` checks for `MessageEntity.BOT_COMMAND` since v12. This might lead to your `MessageHandlers` receiving more updates than before (#1680).
- `Filters.command` now checks for `MessageEntity.BOT_COMMAND` instead of just a leading slash. Also by `Filters.command(False)` you can now filter for messages containing a command *anywhere* in the text (#1744).

### Minor changes, CI improvements or bug fixes:

- Add `dispatcher` argument to `Updater` to allow passing a customized `Dispatcher` (#1484)
- Add missing names for `Filters` (#1632)
- Documentation fixes (#1624, #1647, #1669, #1703, #1718, #1734, #1740, #1642, #1739, #1746)
- CI improvements (#1716, #1731, #1738, #1748, #1749, #1750, #1752)
- Fix spelling issue for `encode_conversations_to_json` (#1661)
- Remove double assignement of `Dispatcher.job_queue` (#1698)
- Expose dispatcher as property for `CallbackContext` (#1684)
- Fix `None` check in `JobQueue._put()` (#1707)
- Log datetimes correctly in `JobQueue` (#1714)
- Fix false `Message.link` creation for private groups (#1741)
- Add option `--with-upstream-urllib3` to `setup.py` to allow using non-vendored version (#1725)

- Fix persistence for nested `ConversationHandlers` (#1679)
- Improve handling of non-decodable server responses (#1623)
- Fix download for files without `file_path` (#1591)
- `test_webhook_invalid_posts` is now considered flaky and retried on failure (#1758)

### 10.4.25 Version 12.3.0

*Released 2020-01-11*

#### New features:

- `Filters.caption` allows only messages with caption (#1631).
- Filter for exact messages/captions with new capability of `Filters.text` and `Filters.caption`. Especially useful in combination with `ReplyKeyboardMarkup`. (#1631).

#### Major changes:

- Fix inconsistent handling of naive datetimes (#1506).

#### Minor changes, CI improvements or bug fixes:

- Documentation fixes (#1558, #1569, #1579, #1572, #1566, #1577, #1656).
- Add mutex protection on `ConversationHandler` (#1533).
- Add `MAX_PHOTOSIZE_UPLOAD` constant (#1560).
- Add args and kwargs to `Message.forward()` (#1574).
- Transfer to GitHub Actions CI (#1555, #1556, #1605, #1606, #1607, #1612, #1615, #1645).
- Fix deprecation warning with Py3.8 by vendored `urllib3` (#1618).
- Simplify assignments for optional arguments (#1600)
- Allow private groups for `Message.link` (#1619).
- Fix wrong signature call for `ConversationHandler.TIMEOUT` handlers (#1653).

### 10.4.26 Version 12.2.0

*Released 2019-10-14*

#### New features:

- Nested `ConversationHandlers` (#1512).

#### Minor changes, CI improvements or bug fixes:

- Fix CI failures due to non-backward compat attrs dependency (#1540).
- `travis.yaml`: `TEST_OFFICIAL` removed from `allowed_failures`.
- Fix typos in examples (#1537).
- Fix `Bot.to_dict` to use proper `first_name` (#1525).
- Refactor `test_commandhandler.py` (#1408).
- Add Python 3.8 (RC version) to Travis testing matrix (#1543).
- `test_bot.py`: Add `to_dict` test (#1544).
- Flake config moved into `setup.cfg` (#1546).

### 10.4.27 Version 12.1.1

*Released 2019-09-18*

#### Hot fix release

Fixed regression in the vendored urllib3 (#1517).

### 10.4.28 Version 12.1.0

*Released 2019-09-13*

#### Major changes:

- Bot API 4.4 support (#1464, #1510)
- Add `get_file` method to `Animation` & `ChatPhoto`. Add, `get_small_file` & `get_big_file` methods to `ChatPhoto` (#1489)
- Tools for deep linking (#1049)

#### Minor changes and/or bug fixes:

- Documentation fixes (#1500, #1499)
- Improved examples (#1502)

### 10.4.29 Version 12.0.0

*Released 2019-08-29*

Well... This felt like decades. But here we are with a new release.

Expect minor releases soon (mainly complete Bot API 4.4 support)

#### Major and/or breaking changes:

- Context based callbacks
- Persistence
- PrefixHandler added (Handler overhaul)
- Deprecation of RegexHandler and `edited_messages`, `channel_post`, etc. arguments (Filter overhaul)
- Various ConversationHandler changes and fixes
- Bot API 4.1, 4.2, 4.3 support
- Python 3.4 is no longer supported
- Error Handler now handles all types of exceptions (#1485)
- Return UTC from `from_timestamp()` (#1485)

See the wiki page at <https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/wiki/Transition-guide-to-Version-12.0> for a detailed guide on how to migrate from version 11 to version 12.

### Context based callbacks (#1100)

- Use of `pass_` in handlers is deprecated.
- Instead use `use_context=True` on `Updater` or `Dispatcher` and change callback from `(bot, update, others...)` to `(update, context)`.
- This also applies to error handlers `Dispatcher.add_error_handler` and `JobQueue` jobs (change `(bot, job)` to `(context)` here).
- For users with custom handlers subclassing `Handler`, this is mostly backwards compatible, but to use the new context based callbacks you need to implement the new `collect_additional_context` method.
- Passing `bot` to `JobQueue.__init__` is deprecated. Use `JobQueue.set_dispatcher` with a dispatcher instead.
- `Dispatcher` makes sure to use a single *CallbackContext* for a entire update. This means that if an update is handled by multiple handlers (by using the group argument), you can add custom arguments to the *CallbackContext* in a lower group handler and use it in higher group handler. NOTE: Never use with `@run_async`, see docs for more info. (#1283)
- If you have custom handlers they will need to be updated to support the changes in this release.
- Update all examples to use context based callbacks.

### Persistence (#1017)

- Added `PicklePersistence` and `DictPersistence` for adding persistence to your bots.
- `BasePersistence` can be subclassed for all your persistence needs.
- Add a new example that shows a persistent `ConversationHandler` bot

### Handler overhaul (#1114)

- `CommandHandler` now only triggers on actual commands as defined by telegram servers (everything that the clients mark as a tabable link).
- `PrefixHandler` can be used if you need to trigger on prefixes (like all messages starting with a “/” (old `CommandHandler` behaviour) or even custom prefixes like “#” or “!”).

### Filter overhaul (#1221)

- `RegexHandler` is deprecated and should be replaced with a `MessageHandler` with a regex filter.
- Use update filters to filter update types instead of arguments (`message_updates`, `channel_post_updates` and `edited_updates`) on the handlers.
- Completely remove `allow_edited` argument - it has been deprecated for a while.
- `data_filters` now exist which allows filters that return data into the callback function. This is how the regex filter is implemented.
- All this means that it no longer possible to use a list of filters in a handler. Use bitwise operators instead!

## ConversationHandler

- Remove `run_async_timeout` and `timed_out_behavior` arguments (#1344)
- Replace with `WAITING` constant and behavior from states (#1344)
- Only emit one warning for multiple `CallbackQueryHandlers` in a `ConversationHandler` (#1319)
- Use `warnings.warn` for `ConversationHandler` warnings (#1343)
- Fix unresolvable promises (#1270)

## Bug fixes & improvements

- Handlers should be faster due to deduped logic.
- Avoid compiling compiled regex in regex filter. (#1314)
- Add missing `left_chat_member` to `Message.MESSAGE_TYPES` (#1336)
- Make custom timeouts actually work properly (#1330)
- Add convenience classmethods (`from_button`, `from_row` and `from_column`) to `InlineKeyboardMarkup`
- Small typo fix in `setup.py` (#1306)
- Add Conflict error (HTTP error code 409) (#1154)
- Change `MAX_CAPTION_LENGTH` to 1024 (#1262)
- Remove some unnecessary clauses (#1247, #1239)
- Allow filenames without dots in them when sending files (#1228)
- Fix uploading files with unicode filenames (#1214)
- Replace `http.server` with `Tornado` (#1191)
- Allow `SOCKSConnection` to parse username and password from URL (#1211)
- Fix for arguments in `passport/data.py` (#1213)
- Improve message entity parsing by adding `text_mention` (#1206)
- Documentation fixes (#1348, #1397, #1436)
- Merged filters short-circuit (#1350)
- Fix webhook listen with `tornado` (#1383)
- Call `task_done()` on update queue after update processing finished (#1428)
- Fix `send_location()` - latitude may be 0 (#1437)
- Make `MessageEntity` objects comparable (#1465)
- Add prefix to thread names (#1358)

## Buf fixes since v12.0.0b1

- Fix setting bot on `ShippingQuery` (#1355)
- Fix `_trigger_timeout()` missing 1 required positional argument: `'job'` (#1367)
- Add missing `message.text` check in `PrefixHandler` `check_update` (#1375)
- Make updates persist even on `DispatcherHandlerStop` (#1463)
- `Dispatcher` force updating persistence object's chat data attribute (#1462)

## Internal improvements

- Finally fix our CI builds mostly (too many commits and PRs to list)
- Use multiple bots for CI to improve testing times significantly.
- Allow pypy to fail in CI.
- Remove the last CamelCase CheckUpdate methods from the handlers we missed earlier.
- test\_official is now executed in a different job

### 10.4.30 Version 11.1.0

*Released 2018-09-01*

Fixes and updates for Telegram Passport: (#1198)

- Fix passport decryption failing at random times
- Added support for middle names.
- Added support for translations for documents
- Add errors for translations for documents
- Added support for requesting names in the language of the user's country of residence
- Replaced the payload parameter with the new parameter nonce
- Add hash to EncryptedPassportElement

### 10.4.31 Version 11.0.0

*Released 2018-08-29*

Fully support Bot API version 4.0! (also some bugfixes :))

Telegram Passport (#1174):

- **Add full support for telegram passport.**
  - New types: PassportData, PassportFile, EncryptedPassportElement, EncryptedCredentials, PassportElementError, PassportElementErrorDataField, PassportElementErrorFrontSide, PassportElementErrorReverseSide, PassportElementErrorSelfie, PassportElementErrorFile and PassportElementErrorFiles.
  - New bot method: set\_passport\_data\_errors
  - New filter: Filters.passport\_data
  - Field passport\_data field on Message
  - PassportData can be easily decrypted.
  - PassportFiles are automatically decrypted if originating from decrypted PassportData.
- See new passportbot.py example for details on how to use, or go to [our telegram passport wiki page](#) for more info
- NOTE: Passport decryption requires new dependency *cryptography*.

Inputfile rework (#1184):

- Change how Inputfile is handled internally
- This allows support for specifying the thumbnails of photos and videos using the thumb= argument in the different send\_ methods.
- Also allows Bot.send\_media\_group to actually finally send more than one media.

- Add thumb to Audio, Video and Videonote
- Add Bot.edit\_message\_media together with InputMediaAnimation, InputMediaAudio, and InputMediaDocument.

Other Bot API 4.0 changes:

- Add forusquare\_type to Venue, InlineQueryResultVenue, InputVenueMessageContent, and Bot.send\_venue. (#1170)
- Add vCard support by adding vcard field to Contact, InlineQueryResultContact, InputContactMessageContent, and Bot.send\_contact. (#1166)
- **Support new message entities: CASHTAG and PHONE\_NUMBER. (#1179)**
  - Cashtag seems to be things like *\$USD* and *\$GBP*, but it seems telegram doesn't currently send them to bots.
  - Phone number also seems to have limited support for now
- Add Bot.send\_animation, add width, height, and duration to Animation, and add Filters.animation. (#1172)

Non Bot API 4.0 changes:

- Minor integer comparison fix (#1147)
- Fix Filters.regex failing on non-text message (#1158)
- Fix ProcessLookupError if process finishes before we kill it (#1126)
- Add t.me links for User, Chat and Message if available and update User.mention\_\* (#1092)
- Fix mention\_markdown/html on py2 (#1112)

### 10.4.32 Version 10.1.0

*Released 2018-05-02*

Fixes changing previous behaviour:

- Add urllib3 fix for socks5h support (#1085)
- Fix send\_sticker() timeout=20 (#1088)

Fixes:

- Add a caption\_entity filter for filtering caption entities (#1068)
- Inputfile encode filenames (#1086)
- InputFile: Fix proper naming of file when reading from subprocess.PIPE (#1079)
- Remove pytest-catchlog from requirements (#1099)
- Documentation fixes (#1061, #1078, #1081, #1096)

### 10.4.33 Version 10.0.2

*Released 2018-04-17*

Important fix:

- Handle utf8 decoding errors (#1076)

New features:

- Added Filter.regex (#1028)
- Filters for Category and file types (#1046)
- Added video note filter (#1067)

Fixes:

- Fix in telegram.Message (#1042)
- Make chat\_id a positional argument inside shortcut methods of Chat and User classes (#1050)
- Make Bot.full\_name return a unicode object. (#1063)
- CommandHandler faster check (#1074)
- Correct documentation of Dispatcher.add\_handler (#1071)
- Various small fixes to documentation.

### 10.4.34 Version 10.0.1

*Released 2018-03-05*

Fixes:

- Fix conversationhandler timeout (PR #1032)
- Add missing docs utils (PR #912)

### 10.4.35 Version 10.0.0

*Released 2018-03-02*

Non backward compatible changes and changed defaults

- JobQueue: Remove deprecated prevent\_autostart & put() (PR #1012)
- Bot, Updater: Remove deprecated network\_delay (PR #1012)
- Remove deprecated Message.new\_chat\_member (PR #1012)
- Retry bootstrap phase indefinitely (by default) on network errors (PR #1018)

New Features

- Support v3.6 API (PR #1006)
- User.full\_name convinience property (PR #949)
- Add `send_phone_number_to_provider` and `send_email_to_provider` arguments to `send_invoice` (PR #986)
- Bot: Add shortcut methods `reply_{markdown,html}` (PR #827)
- Bot: Add shortcut method `reply_media_group` (PR #994)
- Added `utils.helpers.effective_message_type` (PR #826)
- Bot.get\_file now allows passing a file in addition to file\_id (PR #963)
- Add `.get_file()` to Audio, Document, PhotoSize, Sticker, Video, VideoNote and Voice (PR #963)
- Add `.send_*`() methods to User and Chat (PR #963)
- Get jobs by name (PR #1011)
- Add Message caption html/markdown methods (PR #1013)
- File.download\_as\_bytearray - new method to get a d/led file as bytearray (PR #1019)
- File.download(): Now returns a meaningful return value (PR #1019)
- Added conversation timeout in ConversationHandler (PR #895)

Changes

- Store bot in PreCheckoutQuery (PR #953)

- Updater: Issue INFO log upon received signal (PR #951)
- JobQueue: Thread safety fixes (PR #977)
- WebhookHandler: Fix exception thrown during error handling (PR #985)
- Explicitly check update.effective\_chat in ConversationHandler.check\_update (PR #959)
- Updater: Better handling of timeouts during get\_updates (PR #1007)
- Remove unnecessary to\_dict() (PR #834)
- CommandHandler - ignore strings in entities and “/” followed by whitespace (PR #1020)
- Documentation & style fixes (PR #942, PR #956, PR #962, PR #980, PR #983)

### 10.4.36 Version 9.0.0

*Released 2017-12-08*

Breaking changes (possibly)

- Drop support for python 3.3 (PR #930)

New Features

- Support Bot API 3.5 (PR #920)

Changes

- Fix race condition in dispatcher start/stop (#887)
- Log error trace if there is no error handler registered (#694)
- Update examples with consistent string formatting (#870)
- Various changes and improvements to the docs.

### 10.4.37 Version 8.1.1

*Released 2017-10-15*

- Fix Commandhandler crashing on single character messages (PR #873).

### 10.4.38 Version 8.1.0

*Released 2017-10-14*

New features - Support Bot API 3.4 (PR #865).

Changes - MessageHandler & RegexHandler now consider channel\_updates. - Fix command not recognized if it is directly followed by a newline (PR #869). - Removed Bot.\_message\_wrapper (PR #822). - Unitests are now also running on AppVeyor (Windows VM). - Various unittest improvements. - Documentation fixes.

### 10.4.39 Version 8.0.0

*Released 2017-09-01*

New features

- Fully support Bot Api 3.3 (PR #806).
- DispatcherHandlerStop (see docs).
- Regression fix for text\_html & text\_markdown (PR #777).
- Added effective\_attachment to message (PR #766).

Non backward compatible changes

- Removed Botan support from the library (PR #776).
- Fully support Bot Api 3.3 (PR #806).
- Remove de\_json() (PR #789).

Changes

- Sane defaults for tcp socket options on linux (PR #754).
- Add RESTRICTED as constant to ChatMember (PR #761).
- Add rich comparison to CallbackQuery (PR #764).
- Fix get\_game\_high\_scores (PR #771).
- Warn on small con\_pool\_size during custom initialization of Updater (PR #793).
- Catch exceptions in error handler for errors that happen during polling (PR #810).
- For testing we switched to pytest (PR #788).
- Lots of small improvements to our tests and documentation.

### 10.4.40 Version 7.0.1

*Released 2017-07-28*

- Fix TypeError exception in RegexHandler (PR #751).
- Small documentation fix (PR #749).

### 10.4.41 Version 7.0.0

*Released 2017-07-25*

- Fully support Bot API 3.2.
- New filters for handling messages from specific chat/user id (PR #677).
- Add the possibility to add objects as arguments to send\_\* methods (PR #742).
- Fixed download of URLs with UTF-8 chars in path (PR #688).
- Fixed URL parsing for Message text properties (PR #689).
- Fixed args dispatching in MessageQueue's decorator (PR #705).
- Fixed regression preventing IPv6 only hosts from connecting to Telegram servers (Issue #720).
- ConversationHandler - check if a user exist before using it (PR #699).
- Removed deprecated telegram.Emoji.
- Removed deprecated Botan import from utils (Botan is still available through contrib).

- Removed deprecated `ReplyKeyboardHide`.
- Removed deprecated `edit_message` argument of `bot.set_game_score`.
- Internal restructure of files.
- Improved documentation.
- Improved unittests.

#### 10.4.42 Pre-version 7.0

##### 2017-06-18

*Released 6.1.0*

- Fully support Bot API 3.0
- Add more fine-grained filters for status updates
- Bug fixes and other improvements

##### 2017-05-29

*Released 6.0.3*

- Faulty PyPI release

##### 2017-05-29

*Released 6.0.2*

- Avoid confusion with user's `urllib3` by renaming vendored `urllib3` to `ptb_urllib3`

##### 2017-05-19

*Released 6.0.1*

- Add support for `User.language_code`
- Fix `Message.text_html` and `Message.text_markdown` for messages with emoji

##### 2017-05-19

*Released 6.0.0*

- Add support for Bot API 2.3.1
- Add support for `deleteMessage` API method
- New, simpler API for `JobQueue` - <https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/pull/484>
- Download files into file-like objects - <https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/pull/459>
- Use vendor `urllib3` to address issues with timeouts - The default timeout for messages is now 5 seconds. For sending media, the default timeout is now 20 seconds.
- String attributes that are not set are now `None` by default, instead of empty strings
- Add `text_markdown` and `text_html` properties to `Message` - <https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/pull/507>
- Add support for Socks5 proxy - <https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/pull/518>
- Add support for filters in `CommandHandler` - <https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/pull/536>
- Add the ability to invert (not) filters - <https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/pull/552>
- Add `Filters.group` and `Filters.private`

- Compatibility with GAE via `urllib3.contrib` package - <https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/pull/583>
- Add equality rich comparison operators to telegram objects - <https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/pull/604>
- Several bugfixes and other improvements
- Remove some deprecated code

#### **2017-04-17**

*Released 5.3.1*

- Hotfix release due to bug introduced by `urllib3` version 1.21

#### **2016-12-11**

*Released 5.3*

- Implement API changes of November 21st (Bot API 2.3)
- `JobQueue` now supports `datetime.timedelta` in addition to seconds
- `JobQueue` now supports running jobs only on certain days
- New `Filters.reply` filter
- Bugfix for `Message.edit_reply_markup`
- Other bugfixes

#### **2016-10-25**

*Released 5.2*

- Implement API changes of October 3rd (games update)
- Add `Message.edit_*` methods
- Filters for the `MessageHandler` can now be combined using bitwise operators (`&` and `|`)
- Add a way to save user- and chat-related data temporarily
- Other bugfixes and improvements

#### **2016-09-24**

*Released 5.1*

- Drop Python 2.6 support
- Deprecate `telegram.Emoji`
- Use `ujson` if available
- Add instance methods to `Message`, `Chat`, `User`, `InlineQuery` and `CallbackQuery`
- RegEx filtering for `CallbackQueryHandler` and `InlineQueryHandler`
- New `MessageHandler` filters: `forwarded` and `entity`
- Add `Message.get_entity` to correctly handle UTF-16 codepoints and `MessageEntity` offsets
- Fix bug in `ConversationHandler` when first handler ends the conversation
- Allow multiple `Dispatcher` instances
- Add `ChatMigrated` Exception
- Properly split and handle arguments in `CommandHandler`

#### **2016-07-15**

*Released 5.0*

- Rework `JobQueue`

- Introduce `ConversationHandler`
- Introduce `telegram.constants` - <https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-bot/pull/342>

#### **2016-07-12**

*Released 4.3.4*

- Fix proxy support with `urllib3` when proxy requires auth

#### **2016-07-08**

*Released 4.3.3*

- Fix proxy support with `urllib3`

#### **2016-07-04**

*Released 4.3.2*

- Fix: Use `timeout` parameter in all API methods

#### **2016-06-29**

*Released 4.3.1*

- Update wrong requirement: `urllib3>=1.10`

#### **2016-06-28**

*Released 4.3*

- Use `urllib3.PoolManager` for connection re-use
- Rewrite `run_async` decorator to re-use threads
- New requirements: `urllib3` and `certifi`

#### **2016-06-10**

*Released 4.2.1*

- Fix `CallbackQuery.to_dict()` bug (thanks to @jlmadurga)
- Fix `editMessageText` exception when receiving a `CallbackQuery`

#### **2016-05-28**

*Released 4.2*

- Implement Bot API 2.1
- Move `botan` module to `telegram.contrib`
- New exception type: `BadRequest`

#### **2016-05-22**

*Released 4.1.2*

- Fix `MessageEntity` decoding with Bot API 2.1 changes

#### **2016-05-16**

*Released 4.1.1*

- Fix deprecation warning in `Dispatcher`

#### **2016-05-15**

*Released 4.1*

- Implement API changes from May 6, 2016
- Fix bug when `start_polling` with `clean=True`

- Methods now have snake\_case equivalent, for example `telegram.Bot.send_message` is the same as `telegram.Bot.sendMessage`

#### 2016-05-01

*Released 4.0.3*

- Add missing attribute `location` to `InlineQuery`

#### 2016-04-29

*Released 4.0.2*

- Bugfixes
- `KeyboardReplyMarkup` now accepts `str` again

#### 2016-04-27

*Released 4.0.1*

- Implement Bot API 2.0
- Almost complete recode of `Dispatcher`
- Please read the [Transition Guide to 4.0](#)
- **Changes from 4.0rc1**
  - The syntax of filters for `MessageHandler` (upper/lower cases)
  - Handler groups are now identified by `int` only, and ordered
- **Note:** v4.0 has been skipped due to a PyPI accident

#### 2016-04-22

*Released 4.0rc1*

- Implement Bot API 2.0
- Almost complete recode of `Dispatcher`
- Please read the [Transistion Guide to 4.0](#)

#### 2016-03-22

*Released 3.4*

- Move `Updater`, `Dispatcher` and `JobQueue` to new `telegram.ext` submodule (thanks to @rahiel)
- Add `disable_notification` parameter (thanks to @aidarbiktimirov)
- Fix bug where commands sent by Telegram Web would not be recognized (thanks to @shelomentsevd)
- Add option to skip old updates on bot startup
- Send files from `BufferedReader`

#### 2016-02-28

*Released 3.3*

- Inline bots
- Send any file by URL
- Specialized exceptions: `Unauthorized`, `InvalidToken`, `NetworkError` and `TimedOut`
- Integration for botan.io (thanks to @ollmer)
- HTML Parsemode (thanks to @jlmadurga)
- Bugfixes and under-the-hood improvements

**Very special thanks to Noam Meltzer (@tsnoam) for all of his work!**

#### **2016-01-09**

*Released 3.3b1*

- Implement inline bots (beta)

#### **2016-01-05**

*Released 3.2.0*

- Introducing JobQueue (original author: @franciscod)
- Streamlining all exceptions to TelegramError (Special thanks to @tsnoam)
- Proper locking of Updater and Dispatcher start and stop methods
- Small bugfixes

#### **2015-12-29**

*Released 3.1.2*

- Fix custom path for file downloads
- Don't stop the dispatcher thread on uncaught errors in handlers

#### **2015-12-21**

*Released 3.1.1*

- Fix a bug where asynchronous handlers could not have additional arguments
- Add groups and groupdict as additional arguments for regex-based handlers

#### **2015-12-16**

*Released 3.1.0*

- The chat-field in Message is now of type Chat. (API update Oct 8 2015)
- Message now contains the optional fields supergroup\_chat\_created, migrate\_to\_chat\_id, migrate\_from\_chat\_id and channel\_chat\_created. (API update Nov 2015)

#### **2015-12-08**

*Released 3.0.0*

- Introducing the Updater and Dispatcher classes

#### **2015-11-11**

*Released 2.9.2*

- Error handling on request timeouts has been improved

#### **2015-11-10**

*Released 2.9.1*

- Add parameter network\_delay to Bot.getUpdates for slow connections

#### **2015-11-10**

*Released 2.9*

- Emoji class now uses bytes\_to\_native\_str from future 3rd party lib
- Make user\_from optional to work with channels
- Raise exception if Telegram times out on long-polling

*Special thanks to @jh0ker for all hard work*

#### **2015-10-08**

*Released 2.8.7*

- Type as optional for GroupChat class

#### **2015-10-08**

*Released 2.8.6*

- Adds type to User and GroupChat classes (pre-release Telegram feature)

#### **2015-09-24**

*Released 2.8.5*

- Handles HTTP Bad Gateway (503) errors on request
- Fixes regression on Audio and Document for unicode fields

#### **2015-09-20**

*Released 2.8.4*

- getFile and File.download is now fully supported

#### **2015-09-10**

*Released 2.8.3*

- Moved Bot.\_requestURL to its own class (telegram.utils.request)
- Much better, such wow, Telegram Objects tests
- Add consistency for str properties on Telegram Objects
- Better design to test if chat\_id is invalid
- Add ability to set custom filename on Bot.sendDocument(..., filename='')
- Fix Sticker as InputFile
- Send JSON requests over urlencoded post data
- Markdown support for Bot.sendMessage(..., parse\_mode=ParseMode.MARKDOWN)
- Refactor of TelegramError class (no more handling IOError or URLError)

#### **2015-09-05**

*Released 2.8.2*

- Fix regression on Telegram ReplyMarkup
- Add certificate to is\_inputfile method

#### **2015-09-05**

*Released 2.8.1*

- Fix regression on Telegram objects with thumb properties

#### **2015-09-04**

*Released 2.8*

- TelegramError when chat\_id is empty for send\* methods
- setWebhook now supports sending self-signed certificate
- Huge redesign of existing Telegram classes
- Added support for PyPy
- Added docstring for existing classes

**2015-08-19***Released 2.7.1*

- Fixed JSON serialization for message

**2015-08-17***Released 2.7*

- Added support for Voice object and `sendVoice` method
- Due backward compatibility performer or/and title will be required for `sendAudio`
- Fixed JSON serialization when forwarded message

**2015-08-15***Released 2.6.1*

- Fixed parsing image header issue on < Python 2.7.3

**2015-08-14***Released 2.6.0*

- Depreciation of `require_authentication` and `clearCredentials` methods
- Giving AUTHORS the proper credits for their contribution for this project
- `Message.date` and `Message.forward_date` are now `datetime` objects

**2015-08-12***Released 2.5.3*

- `telegram.Bot` now supports to be unpickled

**2015-08-11***Released 2.5.2*

- New changes from Telegram Bot API have been applied
- `telegram.Bot` now supports to be pickled
- Return empty `str` instead `None` when `message.text` is empty

**2015-08-10***Released 2.5.1*

- Moved from GPLv2 to LGPLv3

**2015-08-09***Released 2.5*

- Fixes logging calls in API

**2015-08-08***Released 2.4*

- Fixes `Emoji` class for Python 3
- PEP8 improvements

**2015-08-08***Released 2.3*

- Fixes `ForceReply` class
- Remove `logging.basicConfig` from library

## 2015-07-25

*Released 2.2*

- Allows debug=True when initializing telegram.Bot

## 2015-07-20

*Released 2.1*

- Fix to\_dict for Document and Video

## 2015-07-19

*Released 2.0*

- Fixes bugs
- Improves \_\_str\_\_ over to\_json()
- Creates abstract class TelegramObject

## 2015-07-15

*Released 1.9*

- Python 3 officially supported
- PEP8 improvements

## 2015-07-12

*Released 1.8*

- Fixes crash when replying an unicode text message (special thanks to JRoot3D)

## 2015-07-11

*Released 1.7*

- Fixes crash when username is not defined on chat (special thanks to JRoot3D)

## 2015-07-10

*Released 1.6*

- Improvements for GAE support

## 2015-07-10

*Released 1.5*

- Fixes randomly unicode issues when using InputFile

## 2015-07-10

*Released 1.4*

- requests lib is no longer required
- Google App Engine (GAE) is supported

## 2015-07-10

*Released 1.3*

- Added support to setWebhook (special thanks to macrojames)

## 2015-07-09

*Released 1.2*

- CustomKeyboard classes now available
- Emojis available
- PEP8 improvements

**2015-07-08***Released 1.1*

- PyPi package now available

**2015-07-08***Released 1.0*

- Initial checkin of python-telegram-bot

## 10.5 How To Contribute

Every open source project lives from the generous help by contributors that sacrifice their time and `python-telegram-bot` is no different. To make participation as pleasant as possible, this project adheres to the [Code of Conduct](#) by the Python Software Foundation.

### 10.5.1 Setting things up

1. Fork the `python-telegram-bot` repository to your GitHub account.
2. Clone your forked repository of `python-telegram-bot` to your computer:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/<your username>/python-telegram-bot --recursive
$ cd python-telegram-bot
```

3. Add a track to the original repository:

```
$ git remote add upstream https://github.com/python-telegram-bot/python-telegram-
↪ bot
```

4. Install dependencies:

```
$ pip install -r requirements.txt -r requirements-dev.txt
```

5. Install pre-commit hooks:

```
$ pre-commit install
```

### 10.5.2 Finding something to do

If you already know what you'd like to work on, you can skip this section.

If you have an idea for something to do, first check if it's already been filed on the [issue tracker](#). If so, add a comment to the issue saying you'd like to work on it, and we'll help you get started! Otherwise, please file a new issue and assign yourself to it.

Another great way to start contributing is by writing tests. Tests are really important because they help prevent developers from accidentally breaking existing code, allowing them to build cool things faster. If you're interested in helping out, let the development team know by posting to the [Telegram group](#), and we'll help you get started.

That being said, we want to mention that we are very hesitant about adding new requirements to our projects. If you intend to do this, please state this in an issue and get a verification from one of the maintainers.

### 10.5.3 Instructions for making a code change

The central development branch is `master`, which should be clean and ready for release at any time. In general, all changes should be done as feature branches based off of `master`.

If you want to do solely documentation changes, base them and PR to the branch `doc-fixes`. This branch also has its own [RTD build](#).

Here's how to make a one-off code change.

1. **Choose a descriptive branch name.** It should be lowercase, hyphen-separated, and a noun describing the change (so, `fuzzy-rules`, but not `implement-fuzzy-rules`). Also, it shouldn't start with `hotfix` or `release`.
2. **Create a new branch with this name, starting from master.** In other words, run:

```
$ git fetch upstream
$ git checkout master
$ git merge upstream/master
$ git checkout -b your-branch-name
```

3. **Make a commit to your feature branch.** Each commit should be self-contained and have a descriptive commit message that helps other developers understand why the changes were made.

- You can refer to relevant issues in the commit message by writing, e.g., “#105”.
- Your code should adhere to the [PEP 8 Style Guide](#), with the exception that we have a maximum line length of 99.
- Provide static typing with signature annotations. The documentation of [MyPy](#) will be a good start, the cheat sheet is [here](#). We also have some custom type aliases in `telegram._utils.types`.
- Document your code. This step is pretty important to us, so it has its own [section](#).
- For consistency, please conform to [Google Python Style Guide](#) and [Google Python Style Docstrings](#).
- The following exceptions to the above (Google's) style guides applies:
  - Documenting types of global variables and complex types of class members can be done using the Sphinx docstring convention.
- In addition, PTB uses the [Black](#) coder formatting. Plugins for Black exist for some [popular editors](#). You can use those instead of manually formatting everything.
- Please ensure that the code you write is well-tested.
  - In addition to that, we provide the `dev` marker for `pytest`. If you write one or multiple tests and want to run only those, you can decorate them via `@pytest.mark.dev` and then run it with minimal overhead with `pytest . /path/to/test_file.py -m dev`.
- Don't break backward compatibility.
- Add yourself to the [AUTHORS.rst](#) file in an alphabetical fashion.
- Before making a commit ensure that all automated tests still pass:

```
$ pytest -v
```

To run `test_official` (particularly useful if you made API changes), run

```
$ export TEST_OFFICIAL=true
```

prior to running the tests.

- If you want run style & type checks before committing run

```
$ pre-commit run -a
```

- To actually make the commit (this will trigger tests style & type checks automatically):

```
$ git add your-file-changed.py
```

- Finally, push it to your GitHub fork, run:

```
$ git push origin your-branch-name
```

#### 4. When your feature is ready to merge, create a pull request.

- Go to your fork on GitHub, select your branch from the dropdown menu, and click “New pull request”.
- Add a descriptive comment explaining the purpose of the branch (e.g. “Add the new API feature to create inline bot queries.”). This will tell the reviewer what the purpose of the branch is.
- Click “Create pull request”. An admin will assign a reviewer to your commit.

#### 5. Address review comments until all reviewers give LGTM (‘looks good to me’).

- When your reviewer has reviewed the code, you’ll get a notification. You’ll need to respond in two ways:
  - Make a new commit addressing the comments you agree with, and push it to the same branch. Ideally, the commit message would explain what the commit does (e.g. “Fix lint error”), but if there are lots of disparate review comments, it’s fine to refer to the original commit message and add something like “(address review comments)”.
  - In order to keep the commit history intact, please avoid squashing or amending history and then force-pushing to the PR. Reviewers often want to look at individual commits.
  - In addition, please reply to each comment. Each reply should be either “Done” or a response explaining why the corresponding suggestion wasn’t implemented. All comments must be resolved before LGTM can be given.
- Resolve any merge conflicts that arise. To resolve conflicts between ‘your-branch-name’ (in your fork) and ‘master’ (in the python-telegram-bot repository), run:

```
$ git checkout your-branch-name
$ git fetch upstream
$ git merge upstream/master
$ ...[fix the conflicts]...
$ ...[make sure the tests pass before committing]...
$ git commit -a
$ git push origin your-branch-name
```

- At the end, the reviewer will merge the pull request.

#### 6. Tidy up! Delete the feature branch from both your local clone and the GitHub repository:

```
$ git branch -D your-branch-name
$ git push origin --delete your-branch-name
```

#### 7. Celebrate. Congratulations, you have contributed to python-telegram-bot!

## 10.5.4 Documenting

The documentation of this project is separated in two sections: User facing and dev facing.

User facing docs are hosted at [RTD](#). They are the main way the users of our library are supposed to get information about the objects. They don't care about the internals, they just want to know what they have to pass to make it work, what it actually does. You can/should provide examples for non obvious cases (like the `Filter` module), and notes/warnings.

Dev facing, on the other side, is for the devs/maintainers of this project. These doc strings don't have a separate documentation site they generate, instead, they document the actual code.

### User facing documentation

We use `sphinx` to generate static HTML docs. To build them, first make sure you have the required dependencies:

```
$ pip install -r docs/requirements-docs.txt
```

then run the following from the PTB root directory:

```
$ make -C docs html
```

or, if you don't have `make` available (e.g. on Windows):

```
$ sphinx-build docs/source docs/build/html
```

Once the process terminates, you can view the built documentation by opening `docs/build/html/index.html` with a browser.

- Add `.. versionadded:: version`, `.. versionchanged:: version` or `.. deprecated:: version` to the associated documentation of your changes, depending on what kind of change you made. This only applies if the change you made is visible to an end user. The directives should be added to class/method descriptions if their general behaviour changed and to the description of all arguments & attributes that changed.

### Dev facing documentation

We adhere to the [CSI](#) standard. This documentation is not fully implemented in the project, yet, but new code changes should comply with the *CSI* standard. The idea behind this is to make it very easy for you/a random maintainer or even a totally foreign person to drop anywhere into the code and more or less immediately understand what a particular line does. This will make it easier for new to make relevant changes if said lines don't do what they are supposed to.

## 10.5.5 Style commandments

### Assert comparison order

Assert statements should compare in **actual == expected** order. For example (assuming `test_call` is the thing being tested):

```
# GOOD
assert test_call() == 5

# BAD
assert 5 == test_call()
```

## Properly calling callables

Methods, functions and classes can specify optional parameters (with default values) using Python's keyword arg syntax. When providing a value to such a callable we prefer that the call also uses keyword arg syntax. For example:

```
# GOOD
f(0, optional=True)

# BAD
f(0, True)
```

This gives us the flexibility to re-order arguments and more importantly to add new required arguments. It's also more explicit and easier to read.

## Properly defining optional arguments

It's always good to not initialize optional arguments at class creation, instead use `**kwargs` to get them. It's well known Telegram API can change without notice, in that case if a new argument is added it won't break the API classes. For example:

```
# GOOD
def __init__(self, id, name, last_name=None, **kwargs):
    self.last_name = last_name

# BAD
def __init__(self, id, name, last_name=None):
    self.last_name = last_name
```

# 10.6 Contributor Covenant Code of Conduct

## 10.6.1 Our Pledge

In the interest of fostering an open and welcoming environment, we as contributors and maintainers pledge to making participation in our project and our community a harassment-free experience for everyone, regardless of age, body size, disability, ethnicity, gender identity and expression, level of experience, nationality, personal appearance, race, religion, or sexual identity and orientation.

## 10.6.2 Our Standards

Examples of behavior that contributes to creating a positive environment include:

- Using welcoming and inclusive language
- Being respectful of differing viewpoints and experiences
- Gracefully accepting constructive criticism
- Focusing on what is best for the community
- Showing empathy towards other community members

Examples of unacceptable behavior by participants include:

- The use of sexualized language or imagery and unwelcome sexual attention or advances
- Publication of any content supporting, justifying or otherwise affiliating with terror and/or hate towards others

- Trolling, insulting/derogatory comments, and personal or political attacks
- Public or private harassment
- Publishing others' private information, such as a physical or electronic address, without explicit permission
- Other conduct which could reasonably be considered inappropriate in a professional setting

### 10.6.3 Our Responsibilities

Project maintainers are responsible for clarifying the standards of acceptable behavior and are expected to take appropriate and fair corrective action in response to any instances of unacceptable behavior.

Project maintainers have the right and responsibility to remove, edit, or reject comments, commits, code, wiki edits, issues, and other contributions that are not aligned to this Code of Conduct, or to ban temporarily or permanently any contributor for other behaviors that they deem inappropriate, threatening, offensive, or harmful.

### 10.6.4 Scope

This Code of Conduct applies both within project spaces and in public spaces when an individual is representing the project or its community. Examples of representing a project or community include using an official project e-mail address, posting via an official social media account, or acting as an appointed representative at an online or offline event. Representation of a project may be further defined and clarified by project maintainers.

### 10.6.5 Enforcement

Instances of abusive, harassing, or otherwise unacceptable behavior may be reported by contacting the project team at [devs@python-telegram-bot.org](mailto:devs@python-telegram-bot.org). The project team will review and investigate all complaints, and will respond in a way that it deems appropriate to the circumstances. The project team is obligated to maintain confidentiality with regard to the reporter of an incident. Further details of specific enforcement policies may be posted separately.

Project maintainers who do not follow or enforce the Code of Conduct in good faith may face temporary or permanent repercussions as determined by other members of the project's leadership.

### 10.6.6 Attribution

This Code of Conduct is adapted from the [Contributor Covenant](http://contributor-covenant.org/version/1/4), version 1.4, available at <http://contributor-covenant.org/version/1/4>.

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